"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

THE WEATHER
Fair today; Thursday increasing cloudiness; northwest winds.
For full weather report see Page 21.

VOL. LXVII...NO. 21,963. NEW YORK, WEDNESDAY, MARCH 13, 1918.—TWENTY-TWO PAGES. TWO CENTS In Greater New York and Within Commuting Distance. THREE CENTS Elsewhere.

ASSEMBLY VOTES FOR REFERENDUM ON PROHIBITION

Substitute for Ratification Is Adopted, 84 to 64, After Sudden Shift of Strength.

PUT UP TO THE PEOPLE

Proposal to Defer Action on Issue Indefinitely Is Defeated First, 97 to 50.

NOT BEATEN YET, SAY 'DRYS'

Measure Must Come Up Again for Final Vote—Veto by Whitman Possible.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, March 12.—After an all-day battle that will live in legislative history, the Assembly early this evening, by a vote of 84 to 64, went on record as opposed to ratification of the Federal prohibition amendment until the people of the State have had their say, a resolution for a referendum at the polls being passed.

By adroit strategy the lawmakers of the lower house, while refusing to bow to the demand of the "drys" for immediate ratification of the Federal amendment, managed to make a record into which can be read nothing but an honest intent to let the voters render their verdict on a vital question which the present Legislature was compelled to approach without any popular mandate to guide its course of action.

Before the final vote was taken the Assembly, by a vote of 97 to 50, defeated a proposal to postpone indefinitely Assembly action on ratification. Thus the Assembly, by what fell only three votes short of a two-thirds majority, effectively refuted the charge of the "dry" advocates that the proposal for a referendum had been projected with a view to preventing legislation making for prohibition.

When the Assembly went into session this morning the "wets" unquestionably had it in their power to defeat ratification of the Federal amendment, and, this done, adopt any course which they chose. The "dry" strength of ninety-one votes in the lower house, which was demonstrated in the preliminary skirmish on the Federal amendment last week, had dwindled to sixty-nine votes when the opening gavel fell in the Assembly today. The defection from the "drys" had occurred over the week-end.

Sweet Goes On Record.

Assemblyman Simon L. Adler, leader of the Republican majority in the House, made the motion to postpone action on the Federal amendment indefinitely. Speaker Sweet, for the first time in the five years he has been Speaker, surrendered the gavel to participate in debate on the floor of the Assembly. He aggressively opposed the motion of the floor leader of his own party and urged the Assembly to face the situation with courage and vote either for or against ratification, announcing that personally he intended to vote to ratify.

It is inconceivable that the effect could have been wholly lost on the audience, composed largely of members of the Women's Christian Temperance Union and other persons who have been prominent at the Capitol as advocates of national prohibition. Speaker Sweet, by the part he played, paved the way for his own entry into the Republican primaries, if called upon to oppose Governor Whitman and prohibition, as some stanch "dry" advocates seem to believe, should be a dominant issue in the Fall campaign.

Governor Whitman will hold the veto power over the measure providing for an advisory referendum on the Federal amendment this Fall, should this, as is likely, be passed by the Senate, too.

The Assembly started out by debating the Hill-McNab resolution, reported by its Judiciary Commitee, which provided for ratification of the Federal amendment. While the debate was in progress Assemblyman H. Edmund McHold, Republican of Watertown, offered an amendment providing for a referendum this Fall to guide the 1919 Legislature and converting the resolution into a legislative bill, which, after it has passed through the legislative mill, must be sent to the Governor for approval.

Responsibility the Governor's.

So amended, the bill was passed. Should the Governor veto the bill, it would not help the prohibition cause, and, as some of the Republican lawmakers put it, the responsibility for preventing an expression at the polls on the question would rest with him.

Governor Whitman, when asked tonight what his attitude was toward the action of the Assembly, said:

"I am for the immediate ratification of the Federal prohibition amendment."

The Governor declined to make any additional comment.

There have been indications, besides the statement made tonight, that Governor Whitman would veto any proposal for an advisory referendum. Such action, of course, would dispose of the question for the time being to the perfect satisfaction of the "wets." Some of the Republican leaders who have opposed immediate ratification, however, are unwilling to have it rest that way. They are determined to give convincing demonstration to the people of their sincerity in declaring their willingness to have the voters decide what shall be done.

It may be stated on good authority that Senate Leader Elon R. Brown will press for a favorable report by the Senate Committee on Taxation and Retrenchment on the proposed amendment to the State Constitution making the State "bone dry." This measure, in the event of favorable action by the present Legislature and that of next year, would be submitted to a referendum in 1919, an off year, with no alien issue to confound the voters in reaching a decision.

After acting, the Assembly ordered

Continued on Page Five.

Germans, in Revenge, Annul Trade with Norway

LONDON, March 12.—All contracts with Norway have been annulled by the German Central Purchasing Company from March 16, according to a Bergen dispatch to the Tidens Tegn of Christiania, as quoted in an Exchange Telegraph dispatch from Copenhagen.

The reason for this action, the dispatch says, is that the Norwegian agreement with America provides for the exportation of only 48,000 tons of fish yearly to Germany. The company's office at Bergen has been closed.

The action of the German Central Purchasing Company, a semi-official concern, is in line with the recently adopted policy of menace toward the Scandinavian countries which has followed German ascendancy in Finland. A recent London dispatch stated that, having strengthened herself in the north, Germany apparently planned to overawe the Scandinavian nations and make the Baltic a German lake.

BAKER HEARTENS FRENCH PEOPLE

Says "We Are Committed with All Our Resources to Winning of the War."

OFF FOR AMERICAN FRONT

Secretary Sees Poincare, Joffre, and Clemenceau—Two Submarine Alarms on Voyage.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, March 11.—Secretary Baker has made a most favorable impression on the French press, whose representatives he received this afternoon with American and British correspondents.

Although it was officially announced beforehand that none of the Secretary's remarks might be quoted save what were contained in a multigraphed statement issued to every one, he willingly answered various questions after first expressing his pleasure at receiving newspaper men, which he declared reminded him of his daily contact with the press at Washington. In this case he was protected by the vigilant eyes and ears of one ex-chief censor and one active assistant censor, so that the danger of possible indiscretion was thoroughly averted.

The French journalists were greatly struck by Mr. Baker's youthful appearance, which more than one contrasted with the great ages of such French statesmen as Clemenceau and Ribot. The enthusiasm of the Intransigeant's reporter as a writer appears to have outrun his accuracy, as in a laudatory article he refers to the Secretary as "a lawyer who speaks Greek, Latin, German, and French." As regards the latter language it may be said on the best authority that the Intransigeant statement is an exaggeration.

Poses for a Flashlight.

Like Colonel House, Secretary Baker posed readily for a flashlight photograph, whose somewhat unexpected pop and flameburst produced a nervous start among the onlookers, (the Secretary himself never blinked,) and immediately led to the question whether he had yet visited localities damaged in Friday's air raid, a pilgrimage duly performed by a greater part of the city's population yesterday afternoon. But Mr. Baker had been too busy for anything of the sort. Since his arrival at 6:30 o'clock this morning he has had a long talk with General Pershing and paid calls on Premier Clemenceau and Marshal Joffre.

According to members of his entourage the ocean trip, though rough at the outset, was uneventful and devoid of risk. The Intransigeant states that a cruiser bearing the Secretary was accompanied by a convoy carrying 10,000 men, and that there were twice alarms of submarines, the first proving nothing worse than a piece of half-submerged driftwood, while the second menace was scared away by a strong contingent of seaplanes and dirigibles sent out from port when its presence in the vicinity was signalled.

The Liberté voices French satisfaction at the Secretary's arrival as yet further proof that America intends to throw all her strength on the western front to counteract the effect of the Russian débacle in the east. The article concludes:

"The presence of the American War Minister also proves that our allies are not thinking about peace negotiations which at this moment would be vain and premature, but of war."

Mr. Baker leaves Paris tomorrow for a tour of inspection of the American lines of communication and the military zone.

Baker Issues a Statement.

By The Associated Press.

PARIS, March 12.—Secretary Baker, when he met American, English, and French newspaper men yesterday gave out this statement concerning his visit to France:

"Our purpose in visiting France is to confer with General Pershing, to visit the American expeditionary force, and inspect its lines of transportation and its storage and supply systems, in order that we in America can more effectively support our own army and the armies of our allies.

"Of course, any visit to France at this time is a pilgrimage to the very shrine of heroism, and it will be an inspiration actually to see the great com-

Continued on Page Three.

CHU CHIN CHOW—CENTURY THEATRE 8th Big Month—Biggest Success in N. Y. Every Eve, 8—Pop. $1 Mat. Today.—Advt.

AMERICANS RAID GERMAN TRENCHES NEAR LUNEVILLE

Enter the Enemy's Lines Behind a Barrage and Find Front Positions Evacuated.

VICTORS ON TOUL FRONT

First All-American Force Runs 300 Yards Into the Foe's Intrenchments.

KILL A NUMBER OF GERMANS

Raiders Bring Back Much Material and Information, but Take No Prisoners.

WITH THE AMERICAN ARMY IN FRANCE, March 11, (Associated Press.)—The American troops east of Luneville (near Lorraine border) have again raided the German positions. Early this morning, after a brief artillery preparation, one platoon moved across No Man's Land behind a barrage, entered the enemy lines, and penetrated some distance with the object of ascertaining whether the German trenches were still evacuated. The platoon found they were evacuated and then returned without a single casualty. The German artillery feebly engaged in counterbattery work against the American guns during the operation.

Sergeant Walsh, one of the heroes of the German raid on the Toul sector, who later received the Cross of War with Palm from Premier Clemenceau, has been selected as orderly to Secretary Baker. Walsh, who is 47 years of age, left the billet town where his regiment has been quartered since its relief from the trenches after receiving the hearty congratulations of officers and men.

PARIS, March 12.—An American detachment in the Woevre region has successfully carried out a surprise attack on German trenches south of Richecourt, says the French official communication issued today. Richecourt is northwest of Toul and a short distance northeast of Xivray.

TOUL RAID A BIG SUCCESS.

Americans Exceeded Objectives, Finding Foe's Positions Wrecked.

WITH THE AMERICAN ARMY IN FRANCE, March 11, (Associated Press.)—An American raiding party entered the German trenches along the Toul sector at 6 o'clock this morning, after an artillery bombardment of forty-five minutes, and brought back much material and information, but captured no prisoners. It was the first raid undertaken by the Americans without the aid of the French.

The raid was highly successful, as the enemy withdrew many men from the front line when the bombardment indicated that a raid might follow. The raiders reported that American gunfire had created destruction in the German positions and had torn gaps in the enemy barbed wire entanglements. The German batteries came into action, but accomplished nothing toward disturbing the progress of the raid.

The Americans entered the enemy trenches behind one side of a "box" barrage which moved forward in front of them. They found numerous Germans hiding in the dugouts. In the hand-to-hand fighting which followed a number of the enemy were killed and wounded and left in the trenches.

Going far beyond their objective, the raiders penetrated the German line 300 yards. A few fights developed on the way, but the Germans were driven off. The Americans failed to find most of the Germans who had been withdrawn hurriedly from the front line, although they searched for them.

In the hand-to-hand fighting the Americans used their automatic pistols and rifles. During the raid the American machine guns placed a barrage in the enemy back areas in order to prevent a counterattack.

The Americans fought so fast and did their work so quickly that the medical men who accompanied them had little to do. Every American who left the front line returned.

On their way back the Americans encountered a German listening post, which fired at them. In less time than it takes to tell it the Germans in the post were silenced.

The Americans reached their own lines without one German shell having fallen anywhere near them, for it was all over so quickly that the German batteries did not have a good chance to get into action. The Americans were inside the enemy lines for fifteen minutes.

GREAT WAREHOUSES READY FOR PERSHING

Nineteen at One Station Have 95,000-Ton Capacity—Camouflage Studio Operating.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, March 12.—I have just returned from a 400-mile trip along the lines of communications from the American front to the coast, eighty miles of which I traveled on an American special train, which runs daily.

Remarkable progress has been made, by the American engineers in constructing tracks and building warehouses and ordnance depots, despite the difficulties of transporting all the materials from America. The advance regulating station has nineteen ware-

Continued on Page Three.

Increasing Crime is Alarming Germany; 300 Burglar Claims Daily on One Firm

By GEORGE RENWICK.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

AMSTERDAM, March 11.—The great and increasing insecurity of life and property, in Berlin in particular and in general throughout Germany, is a subject attracting an enormous amount of attention in the German press. I have on several occasions referred to it. And the latest evidence is that the conditions are getting worse instead of better.

A band of former jailbirds and deserters appears to be terrorizing the suburbs of the capital, and the reduced police forces seem powerless to deal with the situation.

The head of one of the great Berlin insurance firms tells a representative of the Berlin Tageblatt that his concern has lately had to deal with 300 cases daily of burglary or housebreaking. The total figure of the crimes of that kind must therefore be enormous, as that is only the number of cases coming under the notice of one firm, and all persons, naturally, are not insured.

So great are the calls on the insurance companies, the same article says, that they have brought about a very serious financial situation. Most of the insurances were taken out under ordinary conditions, and the amounts which have to be paid now are very much greater than was anticipated, owing to the enormous rise in the prices of household articles which have to be replaced.

"No suburb is safe," added the insurance official interviewed. "The houses even of the War Minister and the General commanding the garrison have been broken into."

Most of the criminals appear to be refugees driven into the city from Galicia and other territories in the east, while deserters find their uniforms of great assistance in allaying suspicion. Owing to the demands of the army, the night watchmen are mostly old men who are easily overpowered.

Meanwhile the papers report a great number of very serious crimes. One tells of a robbery in which the thieves made off with 200,000 marks in coin. In another case a train between Duisberg and Oberhausen was attacked by an armed gang and robbed. Food cards are stolen by wholesale all over the country, while in another case mentioned in Saturday's Berlin papers the thieves walked into a large Berlin shop in broad daylight and got away with $25,000 worth of booty.

WILL RUSH TROOPS ACROSS TO FRANCE

War Department Redoubling Its Efforts on French Request, It Is Said.

NATIONAL ARMY GOING SOON

Second Draft Call of 800,000 Men Imminent—95,000 May Be Mobilized This Month.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, March 12.—Every available energy is being utilized by the War Department to speed the movement of troops to France.

Almost simultaneously with this indication from official quarters today, Major General Crowder, the Provost Marshal General, announced that the next selective draft call would be for 800,000 men, and that 95,000 of these would be mobilized during five days beginning on March 20. The 800,000 will be called to the colors gradually during the year.

A report was current in Washington today that the French military authorities had made a new and earnest appeal to this country to employ more haste in the movement of troops abroad. Maj. Gen. Peyton C. March, Acting Chief of Staff, was asked for confirmation of the report, but he refrained from saying whether the French Government had or had not made such an appeal. He indicated, however, that the War Department had adopted the policy of moving troops to France as rapidly as possible, regardless of whether such an appeal had or had not been received.

"Our present policy," said General March, "is to speed to the absolute limit of our ability the movement of units to France, and that policy will be carried forward steadily."

National Army May Go.

General March was asked concerning reports that some of the national army divisions soon would be sent to France. He said that he had received reports from inspectors stating that rapid progress was being made in whipping the national army into shape, that a fine body of soldiers was being developed, and that some of these units were reported as having almost reached the limit of their training here.

General Crowder in announcing the draft of 800,000 men said that this number would cover the second increment of 500,000 men authorized under the existing law and would allow 300,000 for reserve training units and special and technical troops.

The 800,000 are to be called from week to week and month to month, in small groups, on the theory that it will be unwise to draw large bodies of men from civil life before the army can assimilate them and while the crop-raising period is on. All these men will be called from Class 1.

The order for 95,000 men to be mobilized beginning March 20 covers troops from every State except Iowa and Minnesota. It will complete the first call to the colors fro mthe various States—except Iowa and Minnesota—and will mark the first movement of troops under the second call.

The allotment for New York under the call for 95,000 men is 12,288. This will more than complete New York's quota under the first draft. Pennsylvania is to send 7,828, New Jersey, 4,275, and Connecticut, 903.

General Crowder's Statement.

General Crowder issued the following announcement regarding the second call:

"The next national quota will be announced and apportioned among the several States as soon as pending legislation authorizing a change in the basis of computation is enacted by Congress. The number that will be assumed as a basis for computation will be 800,000, which is well within the authorization of Clause 4 of Section 1 of the Selective Service act, of a second increment of 500,000 men, increased by the recruit training units authorized by Clause 5 of said Section 1, and by the special and technical troops authorized by Section 2 of said act. It cannot now be announced what the total number to be called to the colors each month will be, but it may be stated that no more men will be called than can be properly accommodated and promptly assimilated.

"There are difficulties confronting the nation in the supply of labor appurtenant to agriculture. Class 1, from which new levies are to be withdrawn, will contain

Continued on Page Three.

Rest and be well at Grove Park Inn, Asheville, N. C. Finest resort in the world. No invalids, no children under ten.—Advt.

$400,000,000 PLAN FOR WAR BUILDINGS

Great Warehouses to Hasten Shipments Will Be Erected at Ports and in Interior.

POWDER AND GAS PLANTS

Contractors' Profits to be Cut 1% and Limited to a Total of $250,000.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, March 12.—The United States Government is planning to spend approximately $400,000,000 by the end of the year for construction work which is considered essential to put the nation on a wartime basis, and prepare it to equip the army and navy and build up a huge emergency supply. This sum is in addition to the $200,000,000 or more which has been spent already in the construction of the sixteen cantonments and other work which is now completed, except for some minor details. In general outline the $400,000,000 will be spent as follows:

For thirty-one storage warehouses in the interior manufacturing districts of the East and Middle West, $100,000,000.

Development of six distribution points or ports on the Atlantic seaboard, including additional dockage and storage facilities, $90,000,000.

Two Government-owned powder plants, $100,000,000.

Buildings made necessary by the increased activities of the Signal Corps, $50,000,000.

Other construction, including large plants for the manufacture of gases and the elements which go to make up high explosives, $60,000,000.

The prospective developments at the ports will be one of the most important features of the program. It is the purpose to create a situation by the perfecting of terminal facilities and the erection of huge warehouses which will make it possible to load and dispatch all ships promptly and thus avoid delays which in the past have decreased the tonnage efficiency at times as much as 30 per cent. Most of this work will be done at Northern ports.

In connection with the Government's plans, it was stated today that the general contracting business of peace times, which had involved annual expenditures of approximately $2,000,000,000, has been reduced to only 4 per cent. of the normal in order to concentrate on the wartime activities. As a result of this, applications for contracts on Government work have been received from not less than 1,400 contracting firms, of which 600 are known to be capable of handling either large or small contracts in a satisfactory manner.

The contracts to be let, exclusive of the two big $50,000,000 Government-owned powder plants, average about $1,500,000, thus creating a situation where there are from ten to fifteen contractors for each contract in prospect.

All of the new wartime construction work as outlined is to be done under the fee system, which was put in effect by the cantonment division created by the War Department, when the problem of housing the new army was faced by the Government. It is estimated now that the cost to the Government will be approximately 1 per cent. less on the average than the cost on work accomplished last year.

Working in close co-operation with the cantonment division is the Emergency Construction Division of the War Industries Board of the Council of National Defense, of which Major W. A. Starrett is chief. The Emergency Construction Division has made a careful survey and is prepared to submit its recommendations. Major Starrett said today:

"The percentage contract has been a success in its details. It was well conceived, because it gave the contractor a fair, but only a fair, profit; because it obtained for the Government at a minimum cost a service that the contractor was able to render and which the Government was in no position to render itself.

"The question has often been asked whether the compensation is not high. The answer is that it is much lower than the average peacetime compensation for similar service. The contract, as it is now in force, pays 7 per cent. for small operations, (under $100,000,) scaling down to 2½ per cent. on very large ones, with only 2½ per cent. allowed on subcontracts, and the limit of fee on any one contract, however large, of $250,000. Out of this fee the contractor has to pay his own everhead costs, and, therefore, the fee is not all profit by any means."

100 DIE IN PARIS FROM GERMAN RAID; 66 SUFFOCATED

Mad Rush for the Subway to Avoid Air Danger Causes Most Casualties.

34 ARE KILLED BY BOMBS

Baker and Bliss Driven to Cellar —Secretary Denounces Foe's Savagery.

BRITISH BOMB COBLENZ

Much Havoc Wrought by Ton of Bombs—New German Raid on England.

PARIS, March 12.—Nine squadrons of German airplanes, aggregating nearly sixty units, took part in last night's attack on Paris and dropped bombs which demolished and set fire to several buildings in the city and the suburbs. Four of the raiding machines were brought down.

Thirty-four persons were killed and seventy-nine others were injured, eighty-eight of the casualties being in Paris. In addition to the bomb victims sixty-six persons were suffocated through crowding in a panic into a Metropolitan (subway) Railway entrance to take refuge from the raiders. These were for the most part women and children.

A fog which had covered the city in the morning settled down again in the early evening. It was thick enough to cause the general belief that there was little chance that the Germans would attempt an air raid. This belief, however, was shattered at 9:10 o'clock, when the warning was sounded of the approach of hostile aircraft. The raid ended shortly after midnight. The official report of it says:

According to the first news, nearly sixty enemy airplanes succeeded in crossing our lines. Thanks to the curtain fire which our artillery maintained throughout the raid with great intensity, a certain number of the machines failed to reach their objectives. Nevertheless numerous bombs were dropped on Paris and its suburbs. Several buildings were demolished and took fire.

Baker and Bliss Take to Cellar.

Secretary Baker was in conference with General Tasker H. Bliss, the American Chief of Staff, in a hotel suite when the air alarm was sounded. Secretary Baker was not disturbed by the noise of the sirens or the barrage of the anti-aircraft guns, but the hotel management, fearing for the safety of himself and his party, persuaded the members to descend to the wine cellar.

Mr. Baker and General Bliss continued their conference in the cellar, where later they were joined by Major Gen. William M. Black.

Secretary Baker made this statement today concerning the air raid:

"It was my first experience of the actualities of war and a revelation of the methods inaugurated by an enemy who wages the same war against women and children as against soldiers.

"If his objects are to damage property, the results are trifling when compared with his efforts. If his objects are to weaken the people's morale the reply is given by the superb conduct of the people of Paris.

"Moreover, aerial raids on towns, which are counterpart of the pitiless submarine war and the attacks against American rights, are the very explanation of the reasons why America entered the war. We are sending our soldiers to Europe to fight until the world is delivered from these horrors."

One of the raiding machines, a Gotha, which was brought down in flames, fell on a spot three miles from Château Thierry, (fifty-eight miles east northeast of the capital.) A captain who was on board and was taken prisoner with the crew belongs to the Third Squadron of the German Seventh Army.

This was the second aerial attack on Paris of the last few days, thirteen persons having been killed and fifty wounded in the raid last Friday night.

Berlin Boasts of Success.

BERLIN, March 12, (via London.)—Paris was "copiously bombed" last night by German aircraft says today's War Office report. The text of the announcement reads:

In retaliation for enemy aerial attacks on March 9 and 10 on Stuttgart, Esslingen, Umterturkheim, and Mainz our aviators last night copiously and successfully bombed Paris.

COBLENZ ATTACKED BY BRITISH AIR FLEET

A Ton of Bombs Dropped on City —Yorkshire Is Raided by German Aviators.

LONDON, March 12.—British aviators have dropped a ton of bombs on the town of Coblenz, capital of the Rhine Province of Prussia, according to an official communication issued tonight, which reads:

On Monday we made the third daylight raid on Germany in four days. On this occasion factories, stations and barracks at Coblenz were attacked, and over a ton of bombs were dropped.

Bursts were seen on all the ob-

Continued on Page Two.

ARE YOU RUN DOWN?
DEWEY'S "DEW-OL," a nerve tonic. (Fort, Olive Oil and Hypophosphite.) 128 Fulton St., or Liggett-Rhea-Hagaman.—Advt.

New German Peace Offer Coming at Once, Swiss Hear

LONDON, March 12.—According to The Morning Post's Berne correspondent, preparations are being made through the German newspapers and German press agents for a new political move.

The correspondent says that it is possible a fresh peace move is contemplated on the basis of the status quo prior to the war in the west and recognition of the present status in the east.

PETROGRAD SOON WILL BE A DESERT

Gloom and Foreboding Enshroud the Silent Capital as Population Abandons It.

FOOD SUPPLY ALL DIVIDED

Horses Still Remaining Die in Streets—Little News Comes from Outside World.

By HAROLD WILLIAMS.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PETROGRAD, March 10.—For the last few months a muffled bell has been tolling in the whirlwind, and in the knell one heard the echo of the grim prophecy of the Old Believers to Peter the Great: "St. Petersburg will be a desert." Perhaps this is mere fancy, perhaps after the catastrophe and deluge St. Petersburg will shine forth again in pride and glory; but today there is inexpressible sadness in this once imperial city.

The streets are very quiet now. They have never been so quiet since the beginning of the war, and in the evenings the stillness of the dimly lighted thoroughfares is fraught with foreboding. The turbulent emotions of the year of revolution are exhausted; the fever is slackening, the pulse of life is very low, and the depression and foreboding are inarticulate. They cannot be summed up as dread of any definite calamity, as fear of the Germans, as fears of unrestrained anarchy. They are gloomier, because they are inarticulate, because they come of a sense of emptiness, of the ebbing away of life.

There has been a great exodus. The Government is migrating to Moscow, and has let fall hints that Moscow is to be proclaimed the capital. The Council of People's Commissaries will have its seat in the Kremlin. Lenine will sit in the seat of the predecessors of Peter the Great and the Neva will be deserted. The Ministries have nearly completed their evacuation. Tons of goods have been dispatched south and east, and tonight or tomorrow night those members of the Government who still remain will leave for Moscow.

The power is leaving Petrograd, and the population, seized by vague alarm, has been flocking out of the city. Day after day a queue of many thousands waited on the Nevsky Prospect for permits to leave the city. Day after day overcrowded trains moved off south and east, soldiers in the forefront, and dismissed workmen and all that miscellaneous mass of humanity that is afraid of starvation, afraid of unemployment, afraid of the invader, of unknown calamities. Many thousands who could not go by trains went off on foot through the snow, and many who had ready money to spare hired sledges and went driving off on a pilgrimage into the depths of Russia.

No Outward Sign of Panic.

Yet there was no noise, no outward sign of panic. There was a strange hush about it all, a sad and patient resignation, as though in the presence of an unintelligible, inexorable fate; and those who remain go wandering about the streets, vaguely, hopelessly, asking for an explanation of the life that has grown meaningless.

There are provisions. Somehow the city still lives from hand to mouth, with a curious ingenuity. This week the refrigerators were emptied and their contents allotted among the population as a parting gift, so that for a few hours they had plenty of flour and dried vegetables and fed on frozen goose. And supply trains still come in irregularly and in driblets, but still they come. The street cars have no stores of fuel, but from time to time they buy remnants from factories that are closing down, and so struggle along with interruptions. Half the cabmen have gone home to their villages, often selling their horses for meat before they go, for horse meat is now a recognized article of diet, even in many families that were once well to do, and the horses that remain are dying. Day after day one sees them fall in the street and gathering round them a doleful crowd of idle onlookers. They die, and their bodies lie in the snow unburied for many days. Most of the big theatres are deserted, and it is the easiest thing in the world now to get tickets for the once crowded opera.

In the night one hears shots, unintelligible fusillades. A few nights ago there was a rattle of rifles in my neighborhood and in the morning passersby found the bodies of six young men, students, as I afterward discovered, shot, heaven knows why.

All goods, sledges, and motor cars and lorries have been requisitioned for the evacuation, and their movements for the last week have constituted al-

Continued on Page Two.

WHITE SULPHUR SPRINGS, W. Va. The Greenbrier, European plan. Wonderful curative waters. N. Y. Office, The Plaza.—Advt.

JAPAN IN PARLEY WITH SIBERIANS; TOKIO SEES CRISIS

Premier Promises the Situation Will Be Handled with the "Utmost Care."

CHINESE WARN BOLSHEVIKI

Invasion of Manchuria Will Mean War, Commander at Harbin Tells Them.

SEMENOFF'S ARMY RETIRES

Driven Over Border by Superior Force of Reds Believed to be Aided by Germans.

LONDON, Wednesday, March 13.—"According to reports from Tokio," says a dispatch to the Exchange Telegraph from Tien Tsin dated Monday, "an important dispatch from London regarding Siberia caused an immediate meeting of the Foreign Advisory Council. It is expected that a reply to the dispatch will be sent following the Premier's report to the Emperor."

An earlier dispatch from Tien Tsin to the same agency, sent last Saturday, says it was reported unofficially from Tokio that negotiations were going on between the Japanese and Siberian Governments, and that the Japanese newspapers considered the situation acute.

Replying on Friday to a question in the Japanese House of Representatives, Premier Terauchi, according to a Reuter dispatch from Shanghai carrying Tokio advices, said that Japan had not yet reached a decision regarding the dispatch of troops to Siberia. The Government, said the Premier, would take the utmost care and precaution in dealing with "this momentous situation."

Another dispatch received from Tokio through the same channels, says that Foreign Minister Motono, replying to a question in the Diet, stated that no request that troops be sent to Siberia had been received from Japan's allies. An exchange of views was proceeding.

The Opposition leader favored the sending of troops, but expressed the fear that the presence of Japanese in Siberia might drive Russia toward Germany unless the greatest precautions were taken.

The subject of Japan's intervention in Siberia is to be raised in the House of Commons Thursday by H. B. Lees-Smith, member for Northampton, when A. J. Balfour, Secretary for Foreign Affairs, is expected to reply.

Bolsheviki Must Not Pass.

The Chinese commander at Harbin, Manchuria, has warned the leader of the Bolshevist forces in Siberia that the invasion of Chinese territory will be considered an act of war, according to Harbin advices, under Saturday's date, forwarded by Reuter's Peking correspondent.

The forces of General Semenoff, the anti-Bolshevist leader in Siberia, are regarded as representing the army of the Russian Provisional Government recognized by China, the dispatch explains.

Reuter's Shanghai correspondent, in a dispatch dated Saturday, says that the Irkutsk Bolsheviki telegraphed the Chinese authorities at a Manchurian border station that there was no intention to show unfriendliness toward China and that the Bolshevist forces were only attacking the rebel General Semenoff. The Chinese replied that, China's relations with Russia not having been impaired, the Chinese were unable to consider General Semenoff a rebel.

Cossacks have arrested the Bolshevist leaders at Blagovieshtchensk, capital of Amur Province, and have disarmed the Bolshevist forces there.

HARBIN, Manchuria, March 12.—General Semenoff, the anti-Bolshevist leader in Siberia, has retreated into Manchuria before the advance of a superior Bolshevist force, according to advices from the border. The accuracy of the Bolshevist fire during the fighting is taken to indicate the co-operation of former German prisoners.

General Semenoff brought his dead and wounded with him in his retirement. Nurses and a supporting detachment are to leave Harbin tonight. General Semenoff's munitions are reported exhausted, as well as the funds at his disposal.

Officials of the Allies at Harbin agree that the situation in Siberia is growing worse. Every plan proposed for the amelioration of conditions meets with opposition or apathy, they say, while 50 per cent. of the railway workmen in Manchuria are now Bolshevist in affiliation, whereas a month ago the percentage was insignificant. Yesterday the workmen refused to move guns and trains to the aid of General Semenoff and were planning the destruction of the supply outfit. Loyal Cossacks, however, forced the movement of the relief trains.

Reds in Pro-German Propaganda.

Reliable observers, according to reports received by The Associated Press correspondent, have found that there is a widespread pro-German propaganda, with speechmaking by Bolshevist orators among the workmen, with never a word of a pro-Ally nature.

The American Consul at Harbin has distributed 15,000 copies of President Wilson's speeches, and a similar number have been scattered by the Consul at Vladivostok. All concerned agree that a more effective allied propaganda is essential.

The growth of Bolshevism is said by some of the investigators to be due in a measure to fear of the Japanese, with disbelief in the sincerity of Americans

friendship as another factor. They report that statements have been heard among the propagandists that any class of Germans was preferable to the Japanese, and the idea appears illusory to many that the Bolsheviki will oppose German influences.

Conflicting reports have reached here regarding the plans of the American, Japanese, and other Ambassadors now at Vologda. According to the understanding in Harbin, they were to proceed to Vladivostok, traveling by way of the Amur Railway from Karimskaya, where eastbound traffic is now being transferred, because of the destruction of the Manchurian Railway between the Manchurian border and Chita, in the Trans-Baikal.

The Ambassadors were expected in Vladivostok about March 14, it has been understood here, but a rumor that they were being detained by the Bolsheviki has been current.

WASHINGTON, March 12.—A cablegram from Ambassador Francis at Vologda which said nothing of any intention to move the American Embassy staff further east apparently disposed of reports that the Ambassador was preparing to leave there.

CAPTURE BOLSHEVIST RADA.

Ukrainian and German Troops Finally Victorious at Kiev.

LONDON, March 12.—Ukrainian and Saxon troops have arrested the members of the Maximalist Aada at Kiev, according to a Central News dispatch from Zurich.

PRESSED RUMANIA EARLY.

Germany Sought to Force Her to Fight Russia at Start of War.

LONDON, March 11.—According to diplomatic documents printed in Russian papers, Austria and Germany as early as August 3, 1914, demanded that Rumania should declare war on Russia, guaranteeing her against attack by Bulgaria and offering her Bessarabia and the Timok Valley.

Learning of this, Sergius Sazonoff (then Russian Foreign Minister) suggested that Rumania should observe a benevolent neutrality, and in return offered her those portions of Austro-German territory with Rumanian populations which she could occupy when she thought fit.

Finally, in December, 1914, the Rumanian Premier, J. C. Bratiano, decided to intervene actively in conjunction with the Entente. He was, however, obliged to defer action owing to the unpreparedness of the Rumanian Army and the difficulties attending a campaign.

NO CREWS ON RUSSIAN FLEET.

Only Dreadnoughts to Quit Finland —Ships in Neva Dismantled.

LONDON, March 12.—The whole Russian Baltic fleet is lying at Helsingfors, Finland, the Petrograd correspondent of The Times cables, but the crews have melted away, only a watch being left for each ship. The dreadnoughts will soon sail for Kronstadt, but the remainder of the fleet will remain in Finland.

The correspondent also says that all movable articles from the cruisers Aurora and Diana, lying in the Neva River, (on which Petrograd is situated,) have been carried away by sailors. (The Aurora and Diana are sister ships of 6,731 tons displacement, built in 1896.)

A Russian wireless statement has been received here signed by M. Tchitcherin, who for a time was held in prison in England for circulating seditious propaganda, and was later reported to have become Bolshevist Commissioner for Foreign Affairs. The message was addressed to the German, Austro-Hungarian, Bulgarian, and Turkish Governments, and read:

"In the Baltic the Russian transport ships Russ, Nitava, Pallada, Merkury, Lelch, Okean, Diana, and Zhulash have been placed under the Red Cross flag, and will be used exclusively in that service."

NEW POST FOR TROTZKY.

Chosen to Head Petrograd Military Revolutionary Committee.

PETROGRAD, March 11.—In consequence of the departure of the Government Commissaries to Moscow, a special Petrograd Military Revolutionary Committee of seven members has been formed, with Leon Trotzky as President. Another committee of ten members, representing the Council of Commissaries, also will be formed, with Mr. Zinovieff, a Lenine adherent, as President.

The neutral legations have decided to remain in Petrograd.

The typhus epidemic in Petrograd is increasing. The anathema against the Bolsheviki pronounced by Dr. Tikhon, Patriarch of All-Russia and Metropolitan of Moscow, was read in all the churches Sunday.

The Germans advancing on Odessa are meeting with determined resistance along the Slobodka-Tznamenka line.

Reports received here say that Austria is isolating all prisoners of war who have returned in order to prevent propaganda.

FOR BALTIC-BLACK SEA LINK

German Proposal for Canal Through Western Russia and Ukraine.

COPENHAGEN, Monday, March 11.—The commercial agreement between Germany and Russia will contain plans for the construction of a canal which would form the connecting link of a waterway between the Baltic and the Black Sea, according to a Berlin dispatch to the Politiken. The cost is estimated at 20,000,000 marks, and German financiers, it is said, are ready to provide the money.

Civic Forum Meeting on Russia.

At the meeting on Russia under the auspices of the Civic Forum this evening in Carnegie Hall A. J. Sack of the Russian Information Bureau will comment on the Soviet Congress which met in Moscow yesterday and will present any additional information which may come to him through independent channels.

BIG GERMAN RAID FAILS AT LAVENTIE

Assailants of Portuguese Are Caught in Flanking Machine Gun Fire.

ABANDON MANY DEAD

Berlin Reports That the Heavy British Guns Are Shelling Cambrai.

LONDON, March 12.—A large German raiding party, attacking positions of the Portuguese troops inear Laventie, was caught by machine gun fire from the front and on both flanks and suffered heavy casualties this morning, according to the British official communication issued tonight. Numerous dead and wounded Germans were left in No Man's Land when the main body took to flight.

The text of the communication follows:

This morning, after a heavy bombardment, a large hostile raiding party attacked Portuguese positions southeast of Laventie on a front of about 700 yards. The raid was completely repulsed.

The hostile infantry was caught by machine gun fire from the front and on both flanks and suffered heavy losses, both when endeavoring to cross our wire and when retiring through our artillery barrage. Many dead or wounded Germans were left in No Man's Land. Several prisoners remained in the hands of the Portuguese.

One of our posts east of Zonnebeke was raided by the enemy early this morning. A few of our men are missing. Hostile raids attempted at the same hour against three of our posts south of this point were successfully repulsed.

There was some artillery activity on both sides today at different points between Havrincourt and the Scarpe. The hostile artillery also has been active southwest of La Bassée and against back areas in the neighborhood of of Vierstraat, South of Ypres, and in the Passchendale sector

"Australian troops carried out successful raids during the night upon hostile posts east and northeast of Messines," says the noon War Office report. "A number of Germans were killed, and a few prisoners were taken by us. Our casualties were light.

"The artillery was active on both sides during the night southeast of Armentières and east and northeast of Ypres."

PARIS, March 12.—"Heavy artillery fighting occurred in front of La Pompelle and in the region of Avocourt," says the noon official communication today. "In Lorraine we repulsed a strong raid in the region of Moncel. The enemy suffered severe losses and left ten prisoners, including one officer, in our hands.

"On the remainder of the front the night was calm."

"In a successful raid north of Dixmude we took a number of prisoners," says yesterday's official Belgian report. "Well-placed barrages enabled us to check two enemy attacks against our advanced posts, one north of Dixmude, the other in the direction of St. Georges. These failures prompted the enemy to open a heavy artillery fire, especially with gas shells, but our artillery held his batteries in check."

BERLIN, March 12, (via London.)—Cambrai has been bombarded by long range British guns, according to today's Army Headquarters report. Several shots from British artillery of the heaviest calibre fell in the town. The statement reads:

The enemy artillery developed lively activity in the early morning at many points, especially between the Lys and the Scarpe. In the evening the artillery duel was frequently revived. There were minor infantry engagements at positions opposing each other.

The British artillery was directed against villages in the rear and claimed numerous victims among the French population. Cambrai also received several shots of the heaviest calibre.

Elsewhere nothing new occurred.

BRITISH GUNNERS FIRE AT HINT OF AN ATTACK

Germans, Equally Vigilant, Increase Their Artillery Activity on the Arras Front.

By PHILIP GIBBS.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

WAR CORRESPONDENTS' HEADQUARTERS, March 11.—The enemy's gunfire is increasing in violence along some sectors of the front, and he has been shelling heavily about Armentières, Neuve Chapelle, Fleurbaix, and other parts in the centre of the British line; but, apart from a few raids on outposts, no infantry action has followed his efforts which were frustrated on Friday and Saturday at Houthulst Forest and Polderhoek. But his guns are tuning up, and the weather is so fine and bright that he may be tempted to take advantage of it.

The British troops are on the alert all along the line and send up warning rockets when there is any sign of a movement in No Man's Land. The S O S signal went up this morning south of Armentières, and the British guns answered it with a protective barrage of intense fire, and so far the enemy has not left his trenches there.

A few days ago there was a similar incident south of St. Quentin. The quiet of this part of the line was suddenly broken by red rockets flaming out above the folds of earth where both sides hold outposts in view of the great cathedral. Something had startled the enemy, and his infantry were calling for guns by firing clusters of fireballs. Further along the line a German patrol party seen crawling across No Man's Land was the cause of signals going up in the British lines, and the gunners on both sides saw rockets, and messages were telephoned through to batteries and groups. The country was swept with fire, and for two hours there was a storm of shells from the British and the German guns. Then it died down, for no masses of field-gray men moved into the open, and no men in khaki went over the top. It was a false alarm on both sides, but it showed the vigilance of the outposts and the power of the guns which lie low and say nothing for most days of the week.

I have been in that part of the line below St. Quentin for two or three days. Here, as all along the front, every man is watching for the least sign of an attack; but I found among the British a kind of incredulity that "old Fritz" would try any monkey tricks against their front because of the natural strength of their positions and the completeness of their defensive preparations. They are not worrying before it is time to worry, and they are confident that if the enemy makes a big attack he will be mowed down on his way and pay a frightful price for any gain of ground. It is in that spirit that the British armies wait.

GERMAN DEPOTS BOMBED.

Ten German Machines Destroyed and Seven Disabled by British.

LONDON, March 12.—An official statement on aerial operations on the front says:

There has been poor visibility, but over 500 bombs have been dropped on sidings and ammunition depots at Aulnoye, southeast of Maubeauge, and other depots south of Valenciennes, southeast of Cambrai and south of Douai.

In the air fighting, ten enemy machines were brought down and seven others were disabled. A German observation balloon also was brought down in flames. Two British machines are missing.

In night bombing, 200 bombs were dropped on sidings and ammunition dump northeast of St. Quentin. The enemy also dropped a few bombs during the night, but lost a four-seater machine, which landed in our lines, the occupants being taken prisoner.

Gifford to Direct Aircraft Work.

WASHINGTON, March 12.—Walter S. Gifford, Director of the Council of National Defense, today became director also of the Aircraft Board, to deal with problems of organization and administration. In Mr. Gifford's absence administrative duties of the council will fall on Grosvenor B. Clarkson, Secretary.

ASQUITH REASSURED BY PREMIER'S SPEECH

But Urged Him to Free Himself of Any Suspicious Press Connections.

GEORGE DEFENDS HIS ACTS

Agrees That Government Attache Who Inspires Attacks on Officials Should Be Condemned.

LONDON, March 11. (Delayed.)—After Premier Lloyd George had made his address in the House of Commons today, concerning the relations between the Government and the press, repudiating the suggestion that he or any official on his staff was responsible for newspaper attacks on Admirals and Generals, ex-Premier Asquith said that the Premier's statements were more reassuring than those hitherto given. He contended, however, that press attacks during the war against soldiers and sailors in positions of public responsibility had been highly reprehensible. In all friendly sincerity toward the Government, he wished to say that under the existing abnormal conditions it was of the utmost importance that the Government should be free even of the suspicion of direct association with the operations of the press.

In the course of his speech Mr. Asquith made the revelation that at the time of the press attacks on Lord Kitchener, although Kitchener was unconcerned by them, he himself, (Mr. Asquith was then Premier,) felt the position so keenly that he recommended that the King confer the Order of the Garter on Kitchener at the earliest possible time. This the King did.

In reply to the remarks made during the debate, Lloyd George said that after he had made his explanation there had been no real challenge respecting the Government's action. He accepted all the principles laid down by Mr. Asquith, but the real point was that no one ventured to contend that newspaper proprietors must be excluded from the Government. He referred to France, where the Premier and Foreign Minister were both distinguished journalists, and to Italy, where probably one of the most powerful members of the Government was in control of newspapers. The whole point was whether the newspaper proprietors selected for public office in England were fitted for the work or not. It was not extravagant, he asserted, to say that, viewed as a news organizer, Lord Northcliffe was a man of genius. He was confident that Lords Northcliffe and Beaverbrook would do the work allotted to them as well as any other four men put together.

The Premier agreed that no language was too strong for the condemnation of any member of the Government who inspired attacks on officials. It was equally vital that officials should not employ the press to attack the Government. He expressed the hope that after this discussion the men concerned would be permitted to get on in peace with their difficult and delicate tasks.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, March 12.—The Parliamentary correspondent of the Daily Chronicle writes:

"Austen Chamberlain's frank but not unfriendly speech on the relations of Government and press has revived speculation as to his political future. He was regarded a little while ago as a prospective member of the present War Cabinet. Neither his speech yesterday nor that which he delivered three weeks ago, when he first criticised the press affiliations of the Government, need be regarded as an obstacle to his joining it. Mr. Chamberlain has added greatly to his reputation in the last fifteen months and is undoubtedly one of the political personages of whom serious account must be taken.

"He would bring a real accession of strength to the Cabinet, and he would be invaluable as coadjutor with Bonar Law at the Treasury.

"The speech of the debate yesterday was that of Spencer Leigh Hughes. It coruscated with jewels of wit and wisdom, and during its delivery the House rang with frequent peals of unrestrained laughter. A man who in this time of sorrow and tension can gladden the hearts of his fellowmen by unforced mirthfulness is a public benefactor. Seldom has the House of Commons heard such clever badinage and witty raillery as came from Mr. Hughes this afternoon. There was bite and pith in his speech as well as wit and humor. One effect of it was to reduce events to their proper proportions and to take all the lightning out of the atmosphere. Whether consciously or not, Mr. Hughes did a real service to the Government. No one enjoyed his speech more than the Prime Minister. If they read it, Lord Northcliffe's and Lord Beaverbrook's enjoyment of it will probably be more qualified."

BRITISH FLIERS OUT OF JAIL.

Threat of Reprisal by England Brings Germany to Terms.

LONDON, Monday, March 11.—It was officially announced tonight that the German Government has released from special imprisonment the British Lieutenants, Scholtz and Wookey, the two airmen who some time ago were sentenced to prison for distributing propaganda in Germany by dropping printed matter from airplanes over German territory.

The release was due to a threat by the British Government to take reprisals unless the airmen ceased to be subjected to unusually harsh treatment.

It is understood that the British Government had selected two German airmen of "high family" who were to have been imprisoned under special conditions as a reprisal.

FINNISH PREMIER ESCAPES TO BERLIN

Red Guards Retreat from Helsingfors to the Fortress of Sveaborg.

LONDON, March 12.—A dispatch to the Exchange Telegraph, from Copenhagen, dated Monday, says:

"The Finnish Premier, Judge Svinhufvud, has arrived in Berlin, having made his escape from Helsingfors, where it is reported the Red Guards have now moved their headquarters to the Sveaborg fortress, indicating that they are unable to defend the capital.

"M. Lindhagen, the Mayor of Stockholm, who is in Helsingfors, reports that the Red Guards have rejected mediation by Sweden."

STOCKHOLM, March 11.—The Red Guard contingents in Helsingfors are becoming more violent in their activities, according to a dispatch to the Tidningen from Vasa, Finland.

"They are proceeding in quite a deliberate manner," adds the dispatch, "choosing their victims from among the intellectual classes, assassinating principally the clergy and landed proprietors. All the Agricultural Commissioners except one have been killed."

The Norwegian Government is sending the cruiser Frithjof to Tromsoe, with a landing party, according to a Christiania dispatch to the Dagens Nyheter. Its action, the message states, is taken in view of the spread of Bolshevist revolutionary agitation among the fishermen in the extreme north of Norway who desire a closer connection with Northern Russia. A large meeting for discussion of this subject is said to have been arranged.

PRESS ON IN PALESTINE.

British Continue Their Northern Advance West of the Jordan.

LONDON, March 12.—The British in Palestine are continuing their northward progress. An additional advance on both sides of the Jerusalem-Nablus road is reported in an official statement given out this evening, which reads:

On Sunday night and Monday a further advance was made astride the Jerusalem-Nablus road. Considerable casualties were inflicted upon the enemy, and several machine guns were captured.

Unfavorable weather prevented air co-operation.

TRACE CAPTIVE AMERICANS.

Chinese Soldiers Have Surrounded The Bandits Who Hold Them.

PEKING, March 12.—The whereabouts of Pursell and Nyl, American engineers, has been learned and the bandits who kidnapped them last week near Yeh-Sien, Province of Hunan, have been surrounded by Chinese soldiers.

A Peking dispatch dated March 8 reported the capture of the engineers by Chinese bandits while an engineering party was on its way to inspect a proposed railway site in Hunan.

HITCHCOCK TAKEN UNHURT.

Word Reaches Relatives That He Is Not Wounded in Combat.

Corporal Thomas Hitchcock, Jr., the seventeen-year-old aviator who was captured by the Germans last week while flying in a French squadron, was not wounded in the combat.

The information that young Hitchcock had escaped unhurt was cabled yesterday to Westbury, L. I., by a relative named Dubois. The cable said that the French military authorities had learned that young Hitchcock was a prisoner in Germany, but without wounds. A previous dispatch to the family reported that young Hitchcock was seen last by his comrades as he disappeared toward the German lines in pursuit of an enemy airplane.

Captain and Mrs. Hitchcock had not returned yesterday to their home in Westbury from Aiken, but the cable was forwarded to them there.

SERIOUS RIOTS IN GRATZ.

Mob Demanding Bread Breaks Windows and Plunders Shops.

ZURICH, March 11, (Delayed.)—Serious bread riots occurred in Gratz, the capital of the Austro-Hungarian crownland of Styria, last Wednesday. After sending a deputation to the authorities to complain of the scarcity and poor quality of the bread supplied a mob collected in the streets, smashed windows and plundered shops.

The police were powerless to prevent the disorders. The property damage is reported to have been serious.

COBLENZ ATTACKED BY BRITISH AIR FLEET

Continued from Page One.

jectives, causing two fires, and a hit on a building in the southwest corner of the town created a very large explosion.

Few enemy machines were encountered. All of our machines returned safely.

Field Marshal Lord French, commander of the home forces, reports that one or two German airships attacked the Yorkshire coast late this evening. A few bombs are reported to have fallen a short distance inland. No reports of casualties or damage have yet been received.

Coblenz, which is situated in one of the finest sections of the Rhine, has a population of nearly 50,000. It is a strongly fortified town, and on the opposite bank of the Rhine on a lofty, rocky eminence is the Fortress of Ehrenbreitstein, which has been considered almost impregnable.

The town does a large trade by water and rail. Its manufactures include pianos, paper goods, and machinery. There also is some shipbuilding done there.

MRS. FORD'S ESTATE RAISES KNOTTY POINT

Former Husband Asks Whether Poet or Son Perished First in Air Raid.

LONDON, March 12.—Two bombs were dropped together on the house of Mrs. Lena Guilbert Ford, the American poet who was killed in the air raid last week, and on the adjoining dwelling, an army expert testified at the inquest today. The bombs exploded simultaneously.

The Coroner's jury found the death of Mrs. Ford, best known as author of the war song, "Keep the Home Fires Burning," and that of her son, Walter, was due to "suffocation from the collapse of a house caused by the explosion of bombs from a hostile aircraft."

A surprise was sprung at the inquest when an attorney appeared representing Mrs. Ford's husband. It then developed that she was the divorced wife of Dr. Harry Hale Ford. His attorney examined the witnesses carefully in an effort to establish whether Mrs. Ford or her son died first. This was developed as an important point, as all her property was left to her son, and if she was first to die it will revert to his father.

Dr. Edward Wright, who was in charge of the medical work at the scene, said it was very difficult to state which had died first. After he had called for testimony from the Royal Engineers who had worked on the wreckage regarding the quantity and position of the debris found around the two bodies, he expressed the opinion that the son had died first, as the wreckage was denser around him and pressed so closely about his face and body it was impossible that he could have long survived.

It was testified that Mrs. Ford had suffered from heart disease, but the physician said this did not contribute to her death.

The American Consulate was represented by Richard Westacott, Vice Consul.

An English maid, Annie Coxall, by a remarkable display of courage, saved the life of Mrs. Ford's mother, Mrs. Brown, 86 years of age, though the latter was quite seriously injured, and the King and Queen sought her out at the scene of the explosion Saturday and expressed their warm admiration for her "heroic behavior."

The maid, who is a strong English country girl of 22, amid the sound of splintering timbers and crashing brickwork, ran up the narrow basement stairs, her first thought being for the safety of the aged Mrs. Brown, to whom she was deeply attached. She found her half out of bed, bewildered in the midst of a cloud of falling plaster, and dragged her through the collapsing walls down the stone stairs and into the basement bedroom.

It was evident that the whole weight of the walls and upper floors would soon crash into the cellar, and the maid, with nimble wit, half carried her charge and laid her on the floor close to the wall, pulling the narrow cotbed over her as a protection and placing upon this two heavy oak doors in a slanting position, which she hoped would deflect the falling debris.

Failing to reach the upper part of the house again in answer to the cries of Mrs. Ford and her son, which she heard again and again, she had barely time to crawl under the bed beside Mrs. Brown when the final collapse came. The little iron bed and the oak doors served their purpose. The aged woman and the maid were almost suffocated, but two hours later they were rescued by constables and members of the Red Cross.

OUR RED CROSS SAVED 50 WOMEN FROM RAID

Rushed Maternity Cases from Bombarded Nancy Hospital to Ours at Toul.

PARIS, March 11, (Delayed.)—Fifty maternity cases in a Nancy hospital were removed by the American Red Cross in quick time after a recent air raid on the city. One bomb dropped on the roof of the hospital and fell between two occupied beds. It failed to explode.

The French hospital authorities then made a request of the American Red Cross hospital at Toul, fifteen miles away, to remove all the patients. Dr. Maynard Ladd, in charge of the American hospital, provided facilities and received all the patients within twenty-four hours. Dr. Robert G. Sharp remained on duty for twenty-four hours, and all the nurses worked overtime to meet the emergency. Many of the maternity patients were in a critical state when they reached the Red Cross hospital, due to the excitement through which they had passed.

The Red Cross hospital to which the patients were taken is occupied by 500 refugee children and their mothers.

14,120 NON-FIGHTERS OF BRITAIN KILLED

Toll Taken by U-Boats and German Air Raiders of Women, Children, and the Aged.

According to the latest official British returns, the number of noncombatants of Great Britain, including women and children, killed by the German U-boats during the war, has been 12,836. No statistics are available of the number of those who have been injured or broken in health by their experiences in these outrages. The figure given does not include a large number of neutral subjects who lost their lives in this way.

The noncombatants, including women and children, who had lost their lives in air raids numbered up to Feb. 13 1,284. The number of those injured was 3,105.

The total number of noncombatants killed in these two ways by the Germans during the war was 14,120 up to Feb. 6.

EIGHT KILLED IN MAINZ RAID.

British Airmen Caused No Military Damage, Germans Assert.

AMSTERDAM, March 11.—A telegram from Frankfort-on-the-Main asserts that as a result of a British daylight raid on Mainz last Saturday three soldiers, four women, and one child were killed and many other persons were injured.

No military damage was done, it is declared.

20 BOMBS FELL IN NAPLES.

But Did No Damage of a Military Nature—Some Civilians Killed.

ROME, March 11, (Delayed.)—No damage of a military nature was caused by the attack on Naples early today by enemy aviators, it is announced officially. The raid was made at 1 o'clock this morning. About twenty bombs were dropped, almost all of them striking private houses. In addition to the seven victims in the Hospital of the Little Sisters, several other civilians were killed or wounded.

PETROGRAD SOON WILL BE A DESERT

Continued from Page One.

most the sole traffic of this once great industrial centre, and in the settled gloom there is no place left for excitement, for panic, for sudden flashes of fear or anger. People talk and speculate, but they know that their words are vain and they speak wearily, indifferently, of loss and pain and death.

There is little news from the outside world. Of the fate of relatives and friends no word comes, or rumors filter through that have no worth or meaning. We know little of what Russia is thinking and doing. In Finland there is an indeterminate barrier of civil war. Near Kiev the Ukrainians, abandoned for the moment by the Germans, are hard pressed by the Bolshevist troops. General Alexieff's force seems to have retreated to somewhere near the neighborhood of Tsaritsyn, and in various parts of Cossack territory Cossack detachments are carrying on guerrilla warfare. From the east come vague rumors that are regarded here as portents of Japanese intervention.

Most of the British colony have left and the few Englishmen who still remain ask one another when and where they are going. The Embassy is now occupied by the Consulate, and if there is one word of which the Consulate is utterly weary it is passports. Petrograd is becoming a desert.

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As Good as a 10c. Cigar, and You Can Prove It.

S. MONDAY & SONS

Smith's busy day

"Yesterday," said Smith as we sat at luncheon, "the man who is said to be the greatest salesman of life insurance in the world, H. B. Rosen, told me all his selling secrets; the same afternoon Elmer R. Murphey gossiped with me about his trip to Japan and told me what goods can be exported there." Smith toyed with the celery a moment and continued: "Just before that Professor Heilman had analyzed for me the matter of maintaining profits in 1918. Then there are the remarkable cases of the president of the National Biscuit Company and the president of the Mutual Film Corporation; each man got where he is in a totally different way, as they described to me yesterday. A coal expert gave me some splendid ways we can save our fuel; a girl librarian showed me how technical books make money in an office. Meanwhile I had a couple of hundred or so different commodities and devices explained—"

"Stop! Stop!" I cried. "You might do all that in a month, but not in a day. What do you mean?"

"I read SYSTEM," answered Smith.

Lots of busy men besides Smith are having "commodities and devices explained" to them via SYSTEM'S advertising pages

Important Notice!

To Business Executives:

Russian conditions compel us to offer subject to prior sale, the following motor trucks contracted for in Russia and built by one of America's foremost manufacturers:

30—3½ Ton Motor Trucks
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GOVERNMENT TO RUN EXPRESS LINES SOON

With Earnings Dropping, Companies Want to be Taken Over and Income Guaranteed.

WASHINGTON, March 12.—Government control probably will be extended shortly to the leading express companies, it was officially intimated today by the Railroad Administration. The companies that would be affected are the Adams, American, Wells-Fargo, Southern, Great Northern, Northern, Canadian, and Western.

Most express company earnings last year were far below the year before, and some, notably the Adams, recorded an actual deficit in the latter months. Government operation and compensation on the basis of the average earnings for the last three years is sought by most companies. Since the Government took over the railroads, representatives of the companies have conferred repeatedly with Railroad Administration officials, urging that the Government take over their interests.

Some decision probably will be reached within ten days. Action has been delayed by discussions of the proper basis of compensation.

An application by the express companies for a 10 per cent. increase in rates is pending before the Interstate Commerce Commission.

MOVE BY GERMANS TO FIGHT PROFITEERS

Centrists and National Liberals Win Socialists in Demand for Seizures.

FOR MILITARY SUPERVISION

Government Cool Toward Proposition and No Definite Policy Is Announced.

By GEORGE RENWICK.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

AMSTERDAM, March 12.—The Daimler Motor Company scandal was again the subject of debate in the Main Committee of the Reichstag Saturday.

The Socialists, Centrists, and National Liberals put forward a demand that the Government should militarize all works which, by charging exaggerated prices for articles required by the army and navy, did damage to the interests of the country, and that those works, while under military supervision, should charge such prices as would provide a dividend of 5 per cent. Other motions demanded various precautions against a recurrence of such profiteering scandals. The Government's attitude toward the motions was somewhat cool, and no definite policy or action was announced during the debate.

Herr Gotheim, Progressive, said the work for the army and navy could in many cases be accomplished only by means of bribery, and that the army authorities had been tricked by the Daimler Company.

Herr Cohn, Independent Socialist, demanded that the head of the Daimler Company should be proceeded against for treason and that the magnates who threatened a strike against the Government should be dealt with in the same way as workers are dealt with.

Conservative speakers endeavored to defend the company, but the Lokal-Anzeiger, an organ of the big industrial firms, is constrained to admit that the Daimler Company is meeting with its deserts. It says:

"No one can blame the company for making the best of things, but it was working at a profit of 173 per cent., an unheard of thing."

Vorwärts says that the company is worked on the same plan as the Deutsche Waffen und Munitions Fabriken, makers of the Mauser rifle, a very big munition concern, whose Director is on the board of the Daimler Company. The Daimler Company, Vorwärts adds, did its best to conceal its profits. At the end of last year the concern increased its capital from 8,000,000 to 32,000,000 marks. Though the shares then stood at 1,050 marks on 'change, the new shares were given out at 107, and in many cases as a free gift.

The Daimler case is being studied by the legal authorities at Stuttgart, and it is thought that proceedings will be commenced shortly.

ROB FRENCH OFFICERS OF CAPS AND HELMETS

German Prison Camp Authorities Sell Them to the Public at $10 Each.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, March 11, (Delayed.)—The latest development of German practices in the way of petty ill-treatment of French officer prisoners is revealed by Henry Galli, one of the members of the Chamber of Deputies for Paris, in the Matin this morning.

M. Galli says that in one prison camp in Germany French officers have recently been ordered to hand over their military caps and helmets to be sold to the public at $10 each. Several hundred would-be buyers presented themselves as the result of advertisements of the sale. But very few were able to buy, as most of the officers had succeeded in destroying their caps and helmets. In consequence the officers found guilty have been fined $10 for each cap destroyed. The Germans are evidently determined to continue the practice, as the advertisement is still appearing, offering the caps for sale. It is added, as an additional attraction, that each cap will bear the name of the officer who wore it and the number of the regiment to which he belonged.

M. Galli also says that, despite the German assertion that so-called reprisal punishments have been abolished, barley and corn flour soup is still served to officers at the Eutin camp in large wooden pigs' troughs, these containers being passed from room to room successively for the officers to help themselves from them.

Another characteristic petty persecution is the continued refusal of the Germans to allow officers or men to cook beans, rice, and other foodstuffs sent from home. At one time French officers were able to make cooking apparatus from meat tins and cook their food after a fashion, using newspapers as fuel. These poor substitutes have now been taken away, the only explanation offered being the single word, "Orders."

Every scrap of rubber in shoes, footballs, &c., is also confiscated, as well as most of their woolen underclothes and spare suits.

"At the same time," says M. Galli, "the Germans have the indescribable impudence to accuse us of treating German prisoners in France with the utmost inhumanity."

SUSPECT SPY ON PANNONIA.

Porthole Opened and Ship Narrowly Escapes Sinking.

LONDON, Feb. 22, (by Mail.)—A German agent in New York almost succeeded in sinking the Cunard liner Pannonia, according to a story told in a court here this week. The case before the court was a suit by an English firm to recover $10,000 from the Cunard Line for wheat damaged by water.

The steamship owners denied that the damage was chargeable to them, "as it was due to the fact that a porthole had been opened deliberately by a German spy in New York." Counsel for the Cunard Line said:

"The Pannonia was loaded by stevedores regularly employed by us, and there is no reason to suspect them. But it was known by every one that German spies were active in New York at the time, and when the loading was proceeding every precaution was taken. There had been attempts to bomb ships and large bodies of detectives were on the watch all the time.

"All the portholes were carefully inspected and closed before the cargo was put in. The man who opened this porthole must have used a spanner in working back three bolts. It is only by sheer good fortune that the ship and her valuable cargo of food were not entirely lost."

The Captain of the Pannonia gave this testimony:

"On the voyage to England the ship began to behave strangely and five feet of water was found on the port side at one hold. It was evident that there had been a deliberate attempt to sink the ship."

ADOPT AMERICAN CAPTIVES.

Countrywomen in Holland Will Send Parcels to Germany.

AMSTERDAM, March 11.—Under the Presidency of Mrs. Frank W. Mahin, wife of the American Consul here, a committee has been formed by American-born wives of prominent Netherlanders and other sympathizers in Holland to send parcels of comforts to American war prisoners in Germany.

The idea of adopting "American soldier prisoners in this manner promises to become very popular here. The committee will act in co-operation with the Red Cross. Steps are being taken to procure from the United States such articles of food desired for the prisoners as are not obtainable in Holland.

DEFICIENCY BILL PASSED BY SENATE

Measure, Carrying $1,180,265,355, Now Goes to Conference, After Unanimous Vote.

REED AGAIN RAPS HOOVER

Says Food Administrator Has Wasted Public Money, and Asks About $12,600,000 in Grain Fees.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, March 12.—By unanimous vote the Senate today passed the Urgent Deficiency bill, carrying an appropriation of $761,265,355 for immediate war uses and a further authorization of $419,000,000 for projects to be taken up later, making an aggregate of $1,180,265,355. The appropriation of $761,265,355 is $73,384,873 more than that carried in the bill as passed by the House.

One of the principal features of the bill is the amendment adopted yesterday, authorizing the Alien Property Custodian to take over and dispose of all German-owned or controlled property in the United States, with an aggregate value of over $1,000,000,000. It is regarded as probable that the clause inserted in this amendment, on motion of Senator Frelinghuysen of New Jersey, providing that all such property shall be sold at public auction, will be discarded by the Senate and House conferees, to whom the measure now goes. President Wilson is reported as objecting to public auction, on the ground that it would give opportunity for Germans, or agents acting for them, to bid the property in.

Soon after the bill was passed Secretary McAdoo sent to the Senate a request for an additional $381,374,405, of which $375,074,405 was wanted for armament of fortifications and $6,300,000 for proving ground facilities.

The only opposition to the bill today comes from Senator Reed of Missouri, who fought against an appropriation of $1,750,000 for the Food Administration. The Missourian, after failing to have the appropriation cut from the measure, voted for it on final passage.

Senator Reed, in a speech lasting nearly two hours, attacked the Food Administration for what he called "wanton extravagance." Mr. Hoover had an appropriation of $5,515,762 from Congress, the Senator said; had used $1,585,429, incurred obligations of $2,272,333, and had $1,257,950 left.

"With a balance of over $1,250,000, what does Mr. Hoover want with the $1,750,000 we seek to give him through this bill?" demanded Senator Reed. "He's squandered money—or his department has—in a way that ought to startle this Senate, if anything could startle it.

"The Food Administration handles huge sums of money, and I don't see that it makes accounting for it. Its Grain Corporation, I have calculated, has taken in $12,040,318 in fees. What's become of it?

"All the way through, there is wild waste by a man who has thrust his hand deeper into the National Treasury than any other man in history ever did. The Food Administration spent money like a drunken sailor."

Appropriations Classified.

By The Associated Press.

WASHINGTON March 12.—Principal appropriations in the Urgent Deficiency bill as increased by the Senate include:

ARMY.

Supplies	$28,358,000
Transportation	125,000,000
Storage and shipping facilities	150,000,000
Barracks and quarters	67,250,000
Military posts, water and sewer systems	20,180,000
Hospitals	21,270,000
Engineer field operations	70,000,000
Ordnance stores	257,000,000
Ordnance manufacture and purchase	34,000,000
Artillery	114,000,000
Temporary office building	5,775,000
Additional employes	4,470,000

NAVY.

Ordnance	$10,000,000
Washington gun factory	5,499,000
Yards and docks	6,144,000
Hospital construction	7,750,000
Training camps	12,000,000
Ordnance stations	2,500,000

Other important appropriations include:

Fuel and food administrations	$1,750,000
War Trade Board	1,018,000
State Department emergencies	300,000
Bureau of Risk Insurance	1,537,000
Enforcement of Espionage Act	500,000

A $10,000,000 fund for purchase and sale of nitrate of soda to farmers is made a revolving fund by an amendment adopted by the Senate. Under this amendment, the proceeds of the sale of nitrate of soda will be reinvested in additional supplies during the continuance of the war.

BAKER HEARTENS FRENCH PEOPLE

Continued from Page One.

manders and the armies which have so long held the frontiers of freedom against all attacks. In America, as in France, we have a civilian Secretary of War, and civil power is supreme. That is one of the characteristics of the free institutions which we are fighting to maintain.

"Civil power must bring up the supplies of organized industrial resources and support its armies. In America now the dominant thought in all minds is war. Industry is organized and supplies are beginning to be produced in a satisfactory quantity. War materials are accumulating and a great army is completing its training to join the force already here.

"There can be but one result when the forces of civilization in great countries like those now allied are combined to defend the vital principles of liberty. Our President has nobly phrased the spirit in which America entered the war, and his subsequent declarations reflect the feeling of the entire country that we are committed with all our resources to the winning of the war."

In his talk with the newspaper correspondents, Mr. Baker said he was impressed with the cordiality of the relations existing between the French and Americans, which had manifested itself in several ways since his arrival.

Joffre Calls on Secretary.

Marshal Joffre called on Secretary Baker yesterday morning, and the Secretary later returned the call at the Marshal's headquarters. The Secretary in the afternoon visited General Tasker H. Bliss, American representative on the Supreme War Council at Versailles.

Secretary Baker plunged into his work soon after his arrival, making calls on Premier Clemenceau and Ambassador Sharp. General Pershing accompanied him. Yesterday afternoon the Secretary was received by President Poincaré. Ambassador Sharp presented him to the President. General Pershing accompanied him on this occasion also.

There was something of a submarine alarm on the voyage over when the party was about 500 miles off the coast of France. Secretary Baker, General Black, and the officers of the ship were having tea when a loud report was heard. This was at first believed to be the noise of the dropping of a hatch, but other reports followed, and the entire party went on deck. It was then learned that the lookouts on board the cruiser had sighted a spar, closely resembling a submarine periscope, sticking out of the water, and the gunners decided to fire without taking any chances as to the character of the object.

Secretary Baker saw the American gunners on the cruiser shatter the spar and expressed himself as greatly pleased at their promptness and accuracy.

French Press Cordial.

The French newspapers today give great prominence to the visit of Secretary Baker. All the newspapers welcome him cordially, lay stress on the significance of his visit, and comment favorably on the simple and businesslike way in which the Secretary goes about his tremendous task.

"Mr. Baker's declarations are a strong expression of the necessities of the present moment," says the Figaro, which characterizes him as "the direct interpreter of the ideas of President Wilson and the American people."

"One realizes the profound error of the French Socialists," the Figaro adds, "who see nothing but President Wilson's idealism and do not perceive the determination to fight which comes from the same source."

L'Homme Libre, which was founded by Premier Clemenceau, says:

"'I am all for the war,' said M. Clemenceau the other day. 'We have engaged all of our resources for the victory,' says Mr. Baker. It is the same policy in two identical formulas. America, as we, as all our allies at the moment when Rumania falls and the Russian weakens, has but one thought—to win."

PERSHING URGED TRIP.

President's Correspondence with Baker on Visit to France Published.

WASHINGTON, March 12.—Secretary Baker's letter to President Wilson asking for permission to absent himself from his office long enough to make an inspection trip of the American expeditionary forces in France and a visit to London and Paris was made public here today, together with the President's reply granting his request. The Secretary's letter follows:

"My Dear Mr. President:

"I have had repeated cablegrams and letters from General Pershing urging that I visit our expeditionary forces in France, and as our plans have gone forward I have come more and more to realize the need of an actual inspection of ports, transportation and storage facilities and camps of our overseas army.

"Of course, we are constantly having officers of the several armies returning from France with information and recommendations; but they frequently serve only to illustrate the impossibility of securing a complete view of the situation by any other course than a personal inspection.

"In addition to this the relatives and friends of our soldiers are deeply concerned to know the conditions under which these soldiers live and the environment in which they find themselves. It will be of importance if I can give comforting assurances as the result of an actual visit to the camps; and it may be that I can suggest betterments as the result of our experience here where great camps have been built and a most wholesome and helpful environment provided with the co-operation of all the helpful and sympathetic agencies which the people of the country have placed at our disposal.

"The various reorganizations in the war departments have now proceeded to a place where I feel that they will proceed uninterruptedly with their task, and I can with more comfort than would have been possible at an earlier time be absent for a brief time. I am writing, therefore, to ask your consent to my absence long enough to pay a hurried visit to France for such an inspection trip as I have herein outlined. My plans would carry me to France and would include a thorough inspection of our ports, lines of transportation and communication and camps, with a brief visit to Paris and London.

"Respectfully yours,

"NEWTON D. BAKER."

The President replied:

"My Dear Mr. Secretary:

"I have your letter of Feb. 20 and concur in your judgment that General Pershing's repeated requests that you should visit our expeditionary forces in France should be complied with. I believe that it will add to the morale not only of our forces there, but of our forces here, to feel that you are personally conversant with all the conditions of their transportation and treatment on the other side, and I believe that it will be serviceable to all of us to have the comparative view which you will bring back with you.

"I sincerely hope that your journey will be safe. We shall look for your return with impatience, because your guidance is constantly needed here.

"Cordially and sincerely yours,

"WOODROW WILSON."

GERMANY SEEKS NEW LOAN.

Will Add 15 Billion Marks to War Debt of 109 Billions.

LONDON, March 12.—A new German war loan of 15,000,000,000 marks will be issued soon, an Exchange Telegraph dispatch from Copenhagen says.

The German war debt now amounts to 109,000,000,000 marks.

MEAT SAVING CAMPAIGN BROUGHT BIG RESULTS

Increased Production and Decreased Consumption Shown by Food Report.

WASHINGTON, March 12.—Evidence that the public made general response to the Food Administration's appeal for increased production and decreased consumption of meat is shown in statistics furnished the Food Administration today by the Department of Agriculture.

Meat animals in the United States increased by 6,300,000 in the year ended Jan. 1, 1918, the increase consisting of 1,247,000 cattle, 3,781,000 hogs, and 1,284,000 sheep. Inspections of beef for slaughter increased 2,039,651, or 24.5 per cent., but inspections of hogs decreased 21.3 per cent., more than 9,000,000 head, and inspections of sheep fell off 21.9 per cent., approximately 2,500,000 head.

The gains in available meat indicated by these figures were what caused the Food Administration recently to relax restrictions on meat consumption, so that there might be greater saving of wheat for export.

Exports of all kinds of meats decreased during the year, due to lack of ships.

Prices paid for meat animals were higher than ever before. The average price of beef advanced 22.1 per cent., from $9.50 per 100 pounds in 1916 to $11.60 in 1917. Hogs advanced from $9.40 to $15.10, a total of 57 per cent., and sheep increased 40 per cent., from $7.85 to $11.

PRIMATE AT FANEUIL HALL.

Archbishop Tells Boston Audience This Must Be the Last War.

BOSTON, March 12.—The Most Rev. Cosmo Gordon Lang, Archbishop of York, who is touring this country in the interest of wartime unity between Great Britain and the United States, was speaker at a public meeting in Faneuil Hall today.

Two mottoes which he declared the people should keep ever before them were proposed by the Archbishop in his Faneuil Hall address—one to be followed during the war and one for the period after the war—the first: "Once and for all," and the second, "Never again."

"We cannot go through this business again," he declared. "It must be decided once and for all, and, please God, we will carry on our task until it is completed. Our war aims can never be those which are put forth in detail at any stage of the conflict. There is great danger of being too concise in the face of a constantly shifting situation and we must follow our ideals where the challenge of Germany leads.

"After the war we must be prepared to take our part in a league of the nations, united to secure the freedom and safety of self-governing peoples."

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"The Utmost in Cigarettes"
Plain End or Cork Tip
People of culture and refinement invariably PREFER Deities to any other cigarette
25¢
Makers of the Highest Grade Turkish and Egyptian Cigarettes in the World
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Contains no harmful or deleterious substances

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A wonder of mildness and flavor.
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507 5th Avenue. Room 1205. Murray Hill 4430.
Prospectus on Denicobac Cigars Gratis.
Trial Boxes of 25 Cigars.

GREAT WAREHOUSES READY FOR ARMY

Continued from Page One.

houses completed, with a capacity of 5,000 tons each, to supply an army of 1,000,000 men. The number of warehouses will be increased to thirty-nine by July. All this work, including the construction of the ordnance depôt, fifty miles of railroad tracks, and barracks for several thousand men, has been completed since October.

Two intermediate stations can feed the same number. One will have a refrigerating plant ready in May, which will hold 5,000 tons of meat and will manufacture 500 tons of ice daily.

There is a camouflage studio, where a number of American and French artists are employed to supply the army with imitation forest screens for the communicating roads at the front, and coverings for guns and artillery bases.

Another depôt has a salvage plant, repairing 2,000 garments and 200 pairs of shoes daily. It is expected to double its capacity inside of four weeks. There is one army bakery, with a capacity of 300,000 pounds of bread daily.

Several thousand men are employed in construction work at the various American depôts. Lack of freight cars has caused congestion at the ports.

A total of 125 miles of tracks has been laid to the depôts, and $15,000,000 has been expended. The docks under construction at one port will cost millions of dollars.

A million dollars' worth of British-made uniforms have arrived here and have been distributed to the American Army. The men of one New York regiment and other American soldiers at the front are wearing these uniforms, which are warm and suitable for a cold, wet climate. The officers wear the short, warm overcoats of the British style, and are glad to get them. They also wear French caps.

Thousands of bales of cloth consigned from America for the Russian Army have been intercepted on this side of the water and are being used for clothes for American soldiers.

GEN. PERSHING REPORTS SEVEN MEN KILLED

Two Severely and 21 Slightly Wounded in Action—Six Dead from Disease.

WASHINGTON, March 12.—Today's list of new casualties issued by the War Department gives the names of seven enlisted men killed in action, one dead from wounds, six dead from disease, two dead from undetermined causes, two severely wounded in action, and Lieutenant Edward McClure Peters, Jr., and twenty men slightly wounded.

The complete list follows:

Killed in Action, 7.
PRIVATES.
Darling, William P. | Kelly, Edward J.
De Lisle, William J. | Kotouch, Robert.
Galvin, Michael. | Potts, James E.
Sutter, Charles W.

Died of Wounds, 1.
PRIVATE.
Burns, Alexander D.

Died of Disease, 6.
CADET ENGINEER.
Belknap, William.
WAGONER.
Barrett, Samuel.
PRIVATES.
Adkins, Frank L. | Cochran, Wilson C.
Brackin, Roy Wm. | Johnson, Charlie.

Died from Undetermined Causes, 2.
CORPORAL.
Crosley, Leroy H.
PRIVATE.
Lyons, James M.

Wounded Severely, 2.
CORPORAL.
Yarnall, Russell A.
PRIVATE.
Tylus, Joe.

Wounded Slightly, 21.
LIEUTENANT.
Peters, Edward McClure.
SERGEANTS.
Petrush, Joseph. | Rees, William P.
CORPORAL.
Massey, Frederick.
BUGLER.
Folk, Milton H.
PRIVATES.
Beaver, Herbert. | Janssen, Henry W.
Brown, Henry. | Lindsey, William O.
Burns, James H. | Maher, James A.
Cardello, Thomas. | Mattox, George C.
Gowin, Clyde A. | Proctor, Maurice.
Hanson, James C. | Reid, David M.
Hilliard, Robert E. | Rhoads, Clinton A.
Howard, Earl. | Sharp, George.

Died from Accidents, 7.
(Previously reported as having been killed in action.)
PRIVATES.
Bragg, Thomas G. | Fitch, Edwin L.
Brakefield, Joe D. | Hovey, George E.
Cockrell, Frank T. | McGill, Fred R.
Sanford, George S.

FOUR NEW YORKERS KILLED.

Two Brooklyn and Two Queens Men in Monday's Casualty List.

The names of four New Yorkers figured in the list of American soldiers killed in France, as reported by General Pershing on Monday.

James B. Kennedy was 24 years old. Before he enlisted as a private he was in the electric business with his brother Charles at 677 Sixty-first Street, Brooklyn. Kennedy lived with his mother and his stepfather, Thomas J. Clarkin, at 434 Sixty-first Street, Brooklyn. On his birthday, Jan. 10, he cabled his mother than he was "feeling fine."

Peter Leffy was for six years a motorman on the Halsey Street line in Brooklyn. He was 27 years old, and was a native of Ireland, where his parents reside. A brother lives here, and another brother is serving in the army in France.

John J. Haspel, Jr., son of Mr. and Mrs. John J. Haspel of 174 Wool Street, Elmhurst, was born in the Ridgewood section of Brooklyn, but had lived in Elmhurst seven years. He was 20 years old and enlisted in May. He was employed in a Brooklyn munition plant at the time of his enlistment.

Oscar Amman, son of Mr. and Mrs. Emil Amman, was 18 years old. He was born in New York City and had lived twelve years in College Point, where he was employed by the Kleinert Rubber Company at the time of his enlistment in August.

WILL RUSH TROOPS ACROSS TO FRANCE

Continued from Page One.

many more men than are at present required for the army. It would be a most unscientific and fatuous step if the men in Class 1 were called indiscriminately, without regard to the labor situation in agriculutre. Therefore, the local boards will be directed to fill their quotas in the order of liability of men in Class 1, as determined by the national drawing, except that, where it is shown that a registrant is completely and assiduously engaged in the planting, cultivation, or reaping of a crop, his call to the colors shall be deferred to the foot of the quota of his board as long as he continues to be so engaged.

"Whenever any registrant, whose call to the colors has been deferred by reason of his engagement in agriculture, is shown to have been idle on the farm on which he is engaged or to have trifled with the deferment that has been accorded him, the boards will forthwith induct him into military service if his order number has been reached in the meantime. The effect of this expedient is to grant furloughs from service prior to actual call to the colors to the men so greatly needed in the production of this year's crop.

"This is not, however, the only expedient that is to be adopted to conserve the supply of labor appurtenant to agriculture and to mobilize all means for increasing the harvest for the agricultural season of 1918.

"There is now pending before Congress a bill authorizing the Secretary of War to grant furloughs, with or without pay, to men in the army to enable them to engage in industrial and agricultural pursuits. These furloughs will be granted after consideration of the circumstances of the individual case in which they arise, and when the military situation is such that they can be granted without too great disruption and disorganization of the army or of any particular organization of the army.

Respite for Agricultural Students.

"As to further means to protect agriculture a new regulation has been promulgated authorizing agricultural students in their senior year in land grant colloges to enlist in the Enlisted Reserve Corps of the Quartermaster's Department, provided their class standing is such as to place them in the upper third of their class. By this means it will be possible to defer the draft call of such young men in order to enable them to perfect themselves as agriculturalists and thereafter to protect them in such services as it may seem that they should perform in the best interests of the nation.

"The whole industrial and agricultural situation is being subjected to a very comprehensive study in order to discover any means that may be taken to protect and augment the labor supply appurtenant to industry and agriculture without precluding the prompt and orderly progress of our military plans. It is confidently believed that great progress can be made along this line and that more effective measures than any yet devised can be put into operation to attain the desired end.

"It must be emphasized that this is a war of mechanics. The need of the several armed forces for men highly skilled in technical and mechanical pursuits is greater than in any former war. Yet this need for specially skilled men finds the nation under a necessity for increasing its production in almost every line of industry. Withdrawals of men from industry must be made, and these withdrawals must take men who might otherwise be deferred on account of their special qualifications and skill. The necessary numbers of such skilled men will be obtained in one of three ways.

"First, men already in the military service who have such special skill will be taken from the line regiments and assigned to the staff organizations and departments where their skill is needed.

"Second, men classified by the selection boards, even though they may have been placed in a deferred classification, will be withdrawn with great care and particularly from the industries of the nation for special service in staff corps and departments.

"Third, young men of draft age with certain educational qualifications will be inducted into the service and sent to universities, colleges, and tecrnical and secondary schools to be instructed in technical arts until they have acquired such proficiency as will justify their assignment to the special units that are being organized in considerable numbers.

10,000 Men for Schools.

"In accordance with this plan, the Provost Marshal General has already called upon the States for some ten thousand skilled artisans, and will shortly call upon the States for 10,000 young men, graduates of grammar schools, who will be sent before the 1st of April to various technical and other schools throughout the United States for a two months' course of training. Regularly thereafter an increasing stream of selected men will be sent through educational and other training institutions for this purpose.

"To sum up, it may be said that there will be no sudden withdrawal of great numbers of men from the ranks of industry and agriculture during the coming Summer, but that men will be withdrawn in relatively small groups throughout the year in such a way as to create the least possible interference with industry and agriculture. Men in deferred classes, as well as men in Class 1, will be selected in small numbers, either on account of their special technical qualifications or for the purpose of sending them to schools where they will be given an opportunity to acquire such qualifications."

VENTANO Window Shades
have all the appearance of
Austrian Shades
with the advantage of being mounted on rollers.
In beautiful combination of colors.
We make window shades of any type —for public and private buildings.
Ordinator Co.,
101 Park Ave., at 40th St.
Telephone Vanderbilt 3250.

Last Opportunity

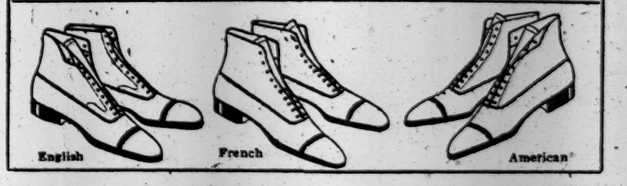
Saturday, March 16th, will be the last day on which you can avail yourself of the opportunity for clothing economies in our End-of-the-Season Reduction Sale of Winter and medium-weight Suits and heavy-weight Overcoats.

Weber and Heilbroner
Five Clothing Stores
30 Broad — 241 Broadway — 1185 Broadway
44th and Broadway — 42d and Fifth Avenue

The Franklin Simon
Men's Banister Shoes for Spring
56 Styles in High and Low Shoes
$9.50 and $11.00

WE are more than mere buyers and sellers of footwear —we are originators of footwear styles. We design most of them ourselves, select the leathers, specify the quality of workmanship, and in fact, do everything but actually make them. That is accountable for the custom character of the models, the quality of the making, and the fine texture of the leathers in this great collection of distinctive footwear for Spring.

The Three Basic Franklin Simon Lasts



At $9.50—plain leathers, embracing black, tan, or mahogany; patent leather, and Ko-Ko Russia calf.

At $11.00—combination of black or mahogany calf, with uppers of taupe or mahogany buckskin.

Men's Shoe Shop—2 West 38th Street
Separate Shop on Street Level

Franklin Simon & Co.
FIFTH AVENUE

ESTABLISHED 1845
MARK
CROSS
TRADE MARK
LONDON
ACTUAL MAKERS

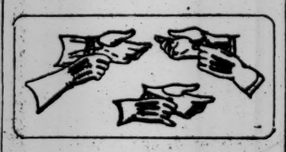
Gospel of Cheapness

Cheapness is conducive to extravagant buying.

No value is attached to things obtained cheaply. Where there is no value there is no care.

One must feel the purchase to value it and enjoy the fear of losing it.

Cross Gloves



For Women

Kid gloves, black, white, tan, grey or beige; overseam, 2 clasp, $2.50. Piqué seam....$2.75-$3.00

Tan capeskin, medium weight, one clasp.....$2.50

Grey or tan mocha.....$2.50

Washable capeskin, pearl grey or ivory, one clasp.....$2.00

Military, strap wrist, washable capeskin, tan, ivory or pearl grey.....$4.00

For Men

Tan capeskin, machine sewn, $2.00. Hand sewn.....$2.75

For Army, Navy and Aviation

Army—Tan or grey buckskin, one clasp.....$3.50

Navy—Grey mocha.....$3.25

Aviation—Tan capeskin, strap wrist.....$3.75

Wedding Stationery

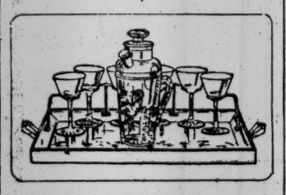
100 engraved Wedding Announcements, oblong panel design, double envelopes, including English script copper plate (which can be made into a tray)...$15.50
Each additional 100.....$7.50

100 engraved Wedding Invitations, with plate.....$18.50
Each additional 100.....$7.50

Cards for Ceremony, Reception, Breakfast or At Home:—
Engraved plate, per line.....$1.50
Cards printed, per 100.....$3.00

Monogram Stationery Dies—hand cut, original designs. Die...$5.00
(Sketches Upon Request.)

Cross Gifts



Cocktail tray, solid mahogany rim, gilt rack and handles, engraved crystal bottom, complete with 6 crystal glasses.....$15.00

Cocktail shaker, full-crystal and silver plate, engraved rooster; quart size; extra.....$8.50

The Crystal, Silver, Wicker and Furniture Department on the Mezzanine floor will solve your gift perplexity. All manner of unique and handsome gifts.
(Catalogue Upon Request.)

Mark Cross
The World's Greatest Leather Stores
New York
404 Fifth Ave. (At 57th Street) — 253 Broadway (Opp. City Hall)
Boston 145 Tremont St. — London 89 Regent St.
Dealers Throughout the World

NAVY MET CRISIS WITH GREAT SKILL

House Investigators Say Sea Force Is Fully Equipped and Steadily Growing.

MATERIAL SENT TO ALLIES

Ordnance Bureau Is Supplying Munitions to Great Britain, France, and Italy.

TRIUMPH OF PREPAREDNESS

Efficency of Pre-War Organization Held to Have Been Proved in the Emergency.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, March 12.—The United States Navy is fully equipped for war purposes and is strengthening itself in particulars where experience in the war zone has shown expansion and improvement are necessary, says the report of the special committee of the House Naval Affairs Committee, which has just completed an investigation of activities of the navy during the war.

The report submitted to the House today by Representative Padgett, Chairman of the Naval Affairs Committee, is highly laudatory of all activities of the navy. The committee recommends that the building program, temporarily halted, in order to concentrate on the construction of destroyers needed for attacks on submarines, shall be speedily resumed. Battle cruisers and scout cruisers have waited on the building of destroyers, and it is recommended that these cruisers shall be provided without delay so as to give to the navy its complete fighting potentiality.

300,000 Men in Navy Now.

Since last March the navy has grown from 55,000 to 300,000 enlisted men and there will be no difficulty in increasing the enlistment at any time, according to the report. The situation as to aviators and machines is declared satisfactory.

The marines are referred to as a most active fighting force, of which there are "no braver men on the firing line in France today." The hope is expressed by the committee that their number will be increased.

The report emphasizes that due to the activities of the Bureaus of Construction and Repair and of Steam Engineering, our navy entered the war prepared for all emergencies. Plans put in operation by these bureaus, it is pointed out, have brought about a condition in which during 1918, "destroyers will be built in from a third to a half the time taken during prewar conditions."

Conclusions reached by the special committee, in which the full Naval Affairs Committee concurred, are:

First, all appropriations have been expended or obligated with judgment, caution and economy, considering that haste was necessary to bring results and abnormal conditions prevailed.

Second, the navy, with limited personnel and material, was suddenly called to face many difficult and untried problems in sea warfare and has met the situation with rare skill, ingenuity and dispatch and a high degree of success.

Third, the efficiency of the nay's prewar organization, the readiness and fitness of its men and ships were early put to the acid test, and thus far in no way have they been found wanting. We feel that the last twelve months presents for the navy a remarkable record of achievement, of steadily increasing power in both personnel and material, of rapidly expanding resources, and of well-matured plans for the future, whether the war be long or short.

Building Program Urged.

"Some mistakes have been made, of course, yet the navy has shown its strength by the manner of its correction," the report continues. "It is a matter of regret that the great demand upon the ship construction capacity of the country, coupled with the urgent demand for a large increase in the destroyer force, has made necessary a temporary abandonment in part of the navy shipbuilding program. The navy greatly needs both scout and battle cruisers, without which our dreadnought fleet loses a large part of its fighting potentiality. We approve the principle and earnestly favor a resumption of the building program as soon as conditions permit, and cannot too strongly emphasize the importance of providing both scout and battle cruisers.

"That the expansion of the navy has resulted in gain rather than loss of efficiency is primarily due to the one factor—preparedness. This, we think, very fully appears from our report on the bureaus, the office of operations, and the fleet, which follows:

"In March last we had only about 55,000 men, including the Naval Reserves, in the naval service. This number has been rapidly increased until it is approximately now 300,000. All enlistments are practically for the full four-year period.

"Every district turned in far more than its quota of enlistments, which necessitated slowing down recruiting to prevent crowding men in training stations. At the commencement of the war our trailing stations could accommodate only about 6,000 apprentice seamen, but Admiral Palmer early assumed the responsibility of increasing the housing rooms at the various stations, and we now have barracks for more than 50,000 men.

Trade Schools Established.

"Schools have been provided for the training of officers and men. These cover a large number of trades in addition to regular naval work, including thorough courses for divers, electricians, radio men, carpenters, machinists, blacksmiths, coppersmiths, bakers, hospital workers, camouflage men, musicians, gunners, signal men, steel and concrete construction men, armed guard crews, men for submarine work, motor boat, and patrolmen. Since April last more than 1,000 vessels have been put into commission by the Bureau of Navigation, including battleships, submarines, destroyers, transports, hospital ships, patrol vessels, mine layers, mine sweepers, submarine chasers, and supply vessels.

"We have examined the naval aircraft situation, and find many matters of great interest, but much of our information is not now open for public discussion. This was the one development of material which no amount of foresight would have enabled the navy to prepare adequately. The growth of airplanes and hydroplanes has been so rapid that nothing short of actual war conditions would insure a large number of up-to-the-second machines with aviators trained to handle them.

"In the earlier stages of its undertaking the Naval Air Service met many discouragements; but the perfection of the Liberty Motor and the use of large sums of money in conjunction with the army to finance manufacturers have, under the direction of the air service, produced results that now promise to meet the requirements of this important branch of the navy."

With regard to target practice the committee reported that difficulties caused by taking experts to man merchant vessels have been largely remedied.

"How well the men sent to merchant ships have been able to do their work," the report states, "has already been answered by the defenses they have made to submarine attacks. How well the new men have responded to their training cannot be answered until the day when the guns of the fleet speak, but we venture to prophesy that the results will be in keeping with the proved traditions of the American navy."

Belief is expressed that the preparedness of the fleet when war was declared was largely due to the Office of Naval Operations.

"The pronounced success of this office beyond question," it is declared, "is due to the strong personality of its chief, Admiral Benson, the ranking officer of the navy."

Representative Oliver says:

"Except the general statement that Vice Admiral Sims has had everything called for as promptly as it could be delivered, our committee has nothing to report about the condition of our overseas fleet. Its splendid work under the able direction of Admiral Sims will be told in detail at some later time.

"We have learned by personal observation, as well as by inquiry, something of the Atlantic Fleet; and we feel we say say that the condition of ships and personnel, all things considered, is more than satisfactory. That this condition exists is due to Admiral Mayo, its commander in chief, and every officer and man under him.

"When war came on April 7, Admiral Mayo is quoted to have said: 'I did not give a single solitary order of any kind or description to pass the fleet from a peace to a war basis.' Then came the disintegration of that excellent, but too small, personnel to meet the necessities of expansion.

"The task of reconstruction and training has been difficult, but we learn that officers and men have devoted themselves to this task with patience, endurance, pluck, and skill of the highest order. So well have they succeeded that we feel justified to report, 'Sirs, all is well with the fleet.'"

The report commends the efficiency displayed by the Bureaus of Construction and Repair and of Steam Engineering, saying that the skill and inventive genius of the personnel of these bureaus have contributed very largely to the efficiency of our own and allied navies.

"Extensive preparations were made by these bureaus before the outbreak of the war," says the report. "Large stores were accumulated and extensive contracts made; repair ships were thoroughly equipped and ready to sail. As a result our destroyer fleet in the war zone has been maintained in a high state of efficiency. Navy yards were fully supplied with materials for converting merchant vessels taken over."

The report emphasizes the lack of shipbuilding facilities at the outbreak of the war, and says that in 1918, owing to the work of these bureaus, "destroyers will be built in from a third to a half the time taken under pre-war conditions," and they will be "the equal in every respect and superior in some to our latest destroyers."

The report shows that more than a hundred German ships are now flying the American flag, most of them being vessels which were damaged apparently beyond repair just before this country declared war against Germany. Memoranda found on these vessels contained notations as to whether damage done by the Germans could or could not be repaired, and in almost every case the ships were said to be "damaged beyond repair." Yet these repairs have been made, though how it was accomplished is a mystery to German skippers now interned.

"These bureaus have not only had at their command the assistance of American inventors and experts, but have been given full information of the devices developed and progress made by other navies and have worked in close conjunction with our Allies," the report says.

New Ordnance Developed.

The Bureau of Ordnance, it is said, has fully satisfied the demands made upon it by the vessels operating in European waters. It has developed much new material, including "depth charges, submarine bombs, non-ricochet shells, bomb dropping devices, howitzers, guns for throwing depth charges, smokescreen apparatus, heavier ordnance on all craft, and many other important designs that it is unwise to discuss."

"Over 1,100 vessels," the report says, "have been furnished and equipped with guns, ammunition, spare parts, and all their auxiliaries since the fitting out of the Campagna in March, 1914. Reserves of ammunition have been acquired. The bureau has furnished in appreciable quantities the Governments of England, France, and Italy with guns from the largest to the smallest calibre, together with proper supplies, and is continuing the supply of such munitions to our allies, both to regular navy vessels and some merchantmen."

Unqualified praise is given to the work of the Bureau of Supplies and Accounts, the navy's business office.

"Under its chief, who is Rear Admiral Samuel McGowan," the report states, "it has established and well deserves a nation-wide reputation for business efficiency. It has the responsibility of feeding, clothing, and paying the entire personnel of the navy and supplying all the vessels of the navy with stores and equipment. Under their system 300,000 men and 1,100 ships were just as promptly and well provided for as 55,000 men and 300 ships had been before the war.

"Some idea of the magnitude of the increase in the navy's purchases since the war may be gained from the fact that the total expenditure for an entire year in the comparatively recent past did not exceed $90,000,000, whereas expenditures are now being made at the rate of $30,000,000 [?] a day.

"The Paymaster General in all but a few confidential purchases has insisted, rightly that publicity protects the navy and encourages competition. As a result quality, quick deliveries, and lowest market prices have been obtained. The finest spirit of co-operation and loyalty to its chief exists in this department. This loyalty extends to the senior aid, Rear Admiral C. J. Peoples, the youngest officer of his rank in the navy, and one of the most efficient."

DOUBLES AVIATION FUND.

House Committee Favors $188,000,000 Item in Navy Bill.

WASHINGTON, March 12.—In continuing consideration today of the Naval Appropriation bill, the House Naval Committee increased an item of $94,000,000 for naval aviation to $188,000,000, and provided for an increase in the number of Marine Corps officers.

Secretary Daniels today recommended to Congress that the Navy Medical Reserve Corps and the Navy Dental Reserve Corps be absorbed by the Naval Reserve Force. Under the present laws members of the two corps are not obligated to active service, and can only be ordered to duty on their own request.

JUDGE MANTON PROMOTED.

Raised from District to Circuit Bench by President Wilson.

WASHINGTON, March 12.—Nominations sent to the Senate today by President Wilson included that of Martin T. Manton of New York to be United States Circuit Judge for the Second Circuit.

Martin T. Manton was appointed District Judge for the Southern District of New York by President Wilson Aug. 15, 1916, to succeed Judge Charles M. Hough, nominated as United States Circuit Judge for the Second Circuit.

Mr. Manton was a member of the law firm of Cockran & Manton, the senior partner being W. Bourke Cockran. He was instrumental in the prosecution of important cases under the Sherman Anti-Trust law, and was concerned in the proceedings that ended the alleged unfair practices of the so-called "Camera Trust." He argued the case of Police Lieutenant Becker before the Court of Appeals.

Born in this city Aug. 2, 1880, Judge Manton's boyhood was passed in Sayville, L. I., where he attended the public schools. He was graduated from Columbia Law School in 1901, and was admitted to the bar in same year.

7 MAJOR GENERALS BARRED AS UNFIT

Unequal to the Fighting Strain at the Front, Medical Boards Rule.

ASSIGNED TO OTHER DUTIES

Mann, Barry, Morton, Greble, Sage, Plummer and Blatchford Affected by Decision.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, March 12.—A big shake-up in important National Army camps, involving some of the best-known general officers of the regular army, was disclosed late this afternoon when Major Gen. Peyton C. March, the new Chief of Staff, announced that seven general officers had been found physically unfit for overseas service and assigned to other duty. All seven are Major Generals, but five of them are Major Generals in the national army, and since they are physically unfit for service in France they will, in addition to receiving billets which hold them in this country away from the battle front, revert to their former rank of Brigadier Generals in the regular army.

This action is taken under a permanent policy announced by Secretary Baker before he went to France, when he allowed it to become known that officers who are physically unfit to stand the strain of miserable weather and other harassing conditions behind the fighting line in France, will not be used abroad.

List of Transferred Generals.

The general officers involved in the shake-up are:

Major Gen. Richard M. Blatchford, national army, to be discharged from his commission in the national army, and revert to the rank of Brigadier General in the regular army. He will remain on his present duty in command of the Department of Panama.

Major Gen. Edwin St. John Greble, national army, also to revert to the rank of Brigadier General in the regular army. He will be relieved of the command of the 36th Division of the National Guard army at Camp Bowie, Texas, and assigned to other duty, probably to command the Field Artillery replacement camp at Camp McClellan, Anniston, Ala.

Major Gen. Charles G. Morton, regular army, to be relieved of the command of the 29th National Guard Division at Camp McClellan, Anniston, Ala., and to be assigned to other duty, probably to command the Infantry Replacement Camp at Camp Lee, Virginia.

Major Gen. William H. Sage, national army, to revert to the rank of Brigadier General in the regular army. He will be relieved from command of the 38th National Guard Division at Camp Shelby, Mississippi, and assigned to other duty, probably to command the Machine Gun Replacement Division at Camp Hancock, Georgia.

Major Gen. Edward H. Plummer, national army, to revert to his commission of Brigadier General in the regular army. He will be relieved of command of 88th National Army Division at Camp Dodge, Iowa, and assigned to other duty, probably to command Fort Sill, Oklahoma.

Major Gen. Thomas H. Barry, regular army, to be relieved from duty in command of the 80th Division, national army, at Camp Grant, Ill., and assigned to command the Central Department with headquarters at Chicago, relieving Major Gen. William H. Carter, United States Army, retired.

Major Gen. William A. Mann, former commander of the Rainbow Division in France, to be discharged from his commission in the national army, to revert to his rank of Brigadier General in the regular army, and to remain on his present duty in command of the Eastern Department with headquarters at Governors Island.

More to Undergo Test.

It was announced that each of these general officers had been adjudged by medical inspection and efficiency boards to be physically unfit for service in France.

Every general officer now in France who has been sent there as a division commander or in other capacity to familiarize himself with conditions on the western battlefront, will have to undergo a physical examination on his return to this country. This includes Major Gen. Leonard Wood. If the medical boards find that they are able to stand up physically under the strain, they will be sent back to France for active duty. Otherwise they will be assigned to duty in the United States in connection with the working out of the general war program and the rounding out of the great army machine of more than 2,500,000 men that will be under arms after the second call to the colors has been made.

It was also learned this afternoon that no officers from now on will be sent to France for active service if they fail to convince medical examining boards that they are physically fit for duty under the intense conditions of war and weather which they must experience in that country.

BIDDLE SENT TO ENGLAND.

To Relieve Gen. Bartlett in Command of American Troops There.

WASHINGTON, March 12.—Major Gen. John Biddle, who was recently relieved by Major Gen. Peyton C. March as Acting Chief of Staff, is to command all American troops in England, it is understood. Army orders today show the assignment of two officers as aides on his staff.

Major Gen. George T. Bartlett has been in command in England, where several American units, including engineers and heavy artillery, have been training at British camps. It is not known to what post General Bartlett goes.

General Biddle was appointed Assistant Chief of Staff just before General Bliss made his first trip to Europe as a member of the Supreme War Council.

$375,074,465 FOR FORTS.

War Department Asks Large Sum for New Armaments.

WASHINGTON, March 12.—Congress was asked by the War Department today for an additional appropriation of $375,074,465 for armament for fortifications and $6,300,000 for proving ground facilities. This large supplemental estimate will necessitate the framing of another Deficiency bill.

Besides this total, the department reiterated a request for $11,295,000 additional for other needs, embracing $5,000,000 for terminal storage and shipping buildings, $6,000,000 for the manufacture of arms, $195,000 for the Rock Island (Ill.) Arsenal, and $100,000 for the Watertown (Mass.) Arsenal.

W. A. SHRYER KILLED.

Wealthy Detroit Man Meets Death in Auto Accident in Hawaii.

HONOLULU, T. H., March 12.—W. A. Shryer of Detroit, a writer for business publications, was killed yesterday while on a visit to Kilauea Volcano, on the Island of Hawaii, when the steering gear of an automobile in which he was riding broke and the machine plunged down an embankment.

Mrs. Shryer, who accompanied him, suffered slight injuries.

DETROIT, Mich., March 12.—W. A. Shryer was formerly proprietor of a collection agency here. He was successful in real estate ventures and wealthy.

WOMEN VOTE IN OSSINING.

Mrs. O'Shea, ex-Policewoman, Fails to Beat Her Opponents.

Special to The New York Times.

OSSINING, N. Y., March 12.—Today at the first village election held here since the vote was granted to women it was estimated by the police that more women voted than men. The polls were open up to 8 o'clock at night, and the rainfall did not deter the women from turning out.

Four members were elected to the Board of Trustees. The Republicans captured three places, and the Democrats one. This gives the Democrats seven members and the Republicans five.

Anna O'Shea, former policewoman, who was ousted several months ago, spent the last two days here campaigning, and the wards where she opposed the candidates who had voted against her returned her enemies to the board. In the First Ward Mrs. O'Shea was out to beat James Owens, Republican. His plurality over his Democratic opponent, Michael Gallagher, was 112. He was aided considerably by his daughter, Miss Alice Owens, a member of the Washington Square Players, in New York, who spoke for him.

In the Second Ward Mrs. O'Shea supported Warren Odell, Democrat, and he was beaten by his Republican opponent, Howard Dunscomb, by 190 votes. In the Third Ward Mrs. O'Shea spoke for William Brundage, Republican, who lost to Patrick McCormick, Democrat, by 40 votes. She made no campaign in the Fourth Ward, where Robert Lenney, Republican, beat Frank Irvin, Democrat, by 382 votes.

LABOR AGITATOR TO JAIL.

Russian Advised Strike in Factory Filling War Contracts.

Magistrate Thomas F. Doyle in the Long Island City Police Court yesterday sent Herman Singer, 28 years old, a labor agitator, to jail for five days without the alternative of a fine in an effort to head off an attempt to stir up discontent in the Rosenwasser factory on Orchard Street, Long Island City, where containers for gas masks are being made. Singer is a Russian, who has been in this country for some years and had never made an attempt to get out citizen papers.

"We don't propose to have any interference with work that is to benefit our soldiers in France," said Magistrate Doyle to Singer.

Nationally Endorsed-

Hall's Bedding
The Standard of Quality

All over the United States, in the best homes, hotels, clubs and hospitals, Hall's Horse Hair Mattresses and Box Springs are used because of their comfort and durability. We make everything in bedding.

FRANK A. HALL & SONS
Manufacturers of Beds and Bedding
25 West 45th St.

J. M. Gidding & Co.
564-566-568 Fifth Avenue AT 46th ST N.Y.

PRESENT
Fashions from Europe
Introducing
Many Style Features New to America
in
Gowns—Wraps—Suits
Coats—Blouses
Millinery
and
Summer Furs
For immediate selection or to special order

Paris — Best & Co. — London
Fifth Avenue and 35th Street.
Established 1879

IMPORTANT SALE!

Children's Hand-Knitted Sweaters *from* Switzerland

WE are told that this lot of 475 children's and girls' sweaters is the last of these fine Swiss hand-made sweaters that will arrive until after the war.

They are of soft, light, fleecy wool in coat and slip-over styles, single and double, in almost every conceivable color, including light blue, pink, tan, Alice, delft, rose, white and corn. *Sizes 2 to 14 yrs.*

Sale Price 3.85

Regular Grades 5.85 to 9.75

No C. O. D.'s. No Approvals. No 'Phone Orders. No Returns.

Franklin Simon & Co.
A Store of Individual Shops
Fifth Avenue, 37th and 38th Sts.

Presenting Latest Ideas In
MISSES' EASTER FASHIONS
SIZES 14 TO 20 YEARS

Misses' Tailleur Suits
THE new slim, graceful silhouette is apparent; every new fashion idea is shown, whether in material, trimming or color. Three-piece costumes, cape-coat suits or short-jacket suits, give smart variations to the mode.
29.50 to 195.00

Misses' Capes and Coats
INDIVIDUALITY is refreshingly expressed in new draped, mandarin or coatee capes of smart wool fabrics or velveteen.
A smart Spring Coat is of knit-black polo cloth, other three-quarter to full-length coats are of fashionable wool fabrics. Sport coats of wool jersey, heather mixtures or new silk weaves.
18.50 to 125.00

Misses' Daytime Dresses
NEW Model Silk or Wool Dresses of Georgette, taffeta silk, crepe de chine, or foulard silk. Tailored Dresses of serge, Poiret twill, tricotine or wool Jersey.
18.50 to 98.50
New Model Washable Dresses are of organdie, net, lace or voile, featuring new fichu collars, ribbon sashes or combination trimmings. Those of chambray, gingham or linen are in various colors.
9.75 to 98.50

MISSES' SERGE SUIT
Illustrated.
THE new features are the double peplum Coat with Eton collar, faille silk overcollar, silk tie and fringed sash of black satin; shirred top straightline skirt.
45.00
SHORT Black Sailor Hat, *illustrated*, of lisere straw, side crown of satin; curled whips.
14.75
MILLINERY SHOP—Main Floor

Girls' and Juniors' Easter Apparel
Sizes 6 to 17 Years
New Model Silk Dresses
Especially designed fashions for the younger miss; dresses of Georgette crepe, taffeta silk, chiffon, crepe meteor, pongee, foulard or silk gingham.
13.50 to 45.00
New Model Washable Frocks
Of net, voile, pique, linen, chambray, Hawaiian cloth, Peter Pan cloth, cotton crepe or gingham.
4.75 to 29.50
Various Lengths Belted Coats
Tailored or dressy models, including custom tailored coats, of wool velour, tricotine, serge, black-and-white checks, silvertone or mannish mixtures.
10.75 to 59.50
Junior Suits—*12 to 17 years*
Model suits with Eton, Peplum or pleated belted coats; straightline or pleated skirts; of serge, tricotine, checks, wool velour or mixtures.
19.75 to 59.50

The FASHION SHOP
100 W. 32nd St. opposite Gimbels
TAKE ELEVATOR TO 2D FLOOR.
No Connection With Any Other Store.

CHARMING SPRING SUITS
Embracing all the new materials and style effects. Eton, Flare, Pony and numerous other models.
$20, $25, $29.50
ALSO STYLISH At STOUT Moderate SUITS Prices.
Wonderful Selection Spring Dresses
20 Winter Coats
NOW PRICED BELOW MANUFACTURING COSTS.

THIS OVAL BUTTONHOLE
is easy to button or unbutton, holds your collar in place and wears as long as your collar; it is a practical reason for
Lion Collars
OLDEST BRAND IN AMERICA
UNITED SHIRT & COLLAR CO., TROY, N.Y.

Good Seeds
Better Gardens
Get Seed Book Now! Vaughan's 1918 Catalogue of the World's Best Vegetables and Flowers is now ready for the thousands of planters who want to make gardening a success.
Order Early!
Vaughan's Seeds are bred from perfect parent plants—their history, purity and germination are known—you take no risk.
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Vaughan's Seed Store
FORTY-FIRST YEAR
WRITE OR CALL
41-43 Barclay St., New York.

We Want to Do Your
METAL PLATING
Nickel, copper, brass, bronze, black nickel, etc. Buffing, polishing and enamelling.
If you are not entirely satisfied with the service, price or quality of work you are now getting, we would welcome an opportunity to show what we can do.
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backed by an efficient organization is at your disposal. We collect and deliver.
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FRANKLIN SIMON
ALL-WOOL
Topcoats for Boys
Sizes 8 to 18 years
$12.75 to $24.50
are far better made than the general run of Topcoats

WE are the most exacting house in New York in our demands on the score of workmanship and style for boys. And these topcoats show it. Nothing could be finer than the way they are modeled and made. They are shown in all-wool homespuns, cheviots and tweeds, and have all those fine points of tailoring in the neck and shoulders and arms which are the chief considerations in giving your boy a good fit.
Boys' Shops—Fifth Floor
Franklin Simon & Co.
Fifth Avenue—37th and 38th Streets

HAYS FOR SUFFRAGE WITH SENATE VOTES

Republican Chairman Wants Two Senators to Change on Federal Amendment.

CALLS EASTERN LEADERS

Governors and National Committeemen to be His Guests at the Union League Club Tonight.

Will H. Hays, Chairman of the Republican National Committee, came to the city from Indianapolis last night to continue his program of getting in touch with the Republican leaders of the East and bring about harmony in all factions of the party. Before leaving Indianapolis Chairman Hays telegraphed the Governors of the New England States, as well as the Republican National Committeemen of the same territory, to meet him at a dinner which he will give at the Union League Club tonight. The National Committeemen who are expected to be present are King of Connecticut, Estabrook of New Hampshire, du Pont of Delaware, Hale of Maine, Sheffield of Rhode Island, and Kingsley of Vermont. The Governors of Connecticut, Maine, Massachusetts, New Hampshire, Rhode Island, and Vermont are also expected to be on hand. Chairman Hays said his only object in meeting these Republicans was to get acquainted with them, as many of them were comparative strangers. He also wished to consult with them before he went ahead and selected his Executive Committee.

Chairman Hays declared last night that he was in favor of the Federal amendment granting woman suffrage and would be well satisfied if two Republican Senators now opposed to the amendment would change about and vote for it. Nine Republican Senators out of forty-two are opposed to the amendment, and the Chairman believes it would be good politics, aside from the question of the right of giving the vote to women, if two of them at least would vote for the amendment when it comes up and thus insure its passage. It is understood that there are twenty-three Republican and twenty-nine Democratic Senators in favor of the amendment at present.

Chairman Hays repeated his declaration that it was the duty of the Republican Party to stand by the President in his war policies and do everything in its power to bring the war to a successful termination.

"The Republican Party stands for a conclusive peace by victory," declared Chairman Hays, "and not by compromise bargaining. After we get that it will then be necessary to prepare in the same manner for the reconstruction which is to come after the war. It is time for the Republican Party to prepare a forward-looking as well as a forward-stepping program regarding labor and industrial problems, so that they can be solved in an equitable manner."

Chairman Hays will go to Washington tonight to meet the Republican Senators and Representatives whom he has not yet conferred with.

MARSHALL ON WAR BOARD.

Ex-District Attorney Will Aid in Survey of Aeronautical Work.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, March 12.—The War Department today authorized the announcement that H. Snowden Marshall of New York, former United States District Attorney, has been appointed member of a committee which will make a "broad survey" of the Government's aeronautical program, "with particular reference to the industrial phases of the work." There will be three members to the committee, of which Mr. Marshall will be one and Edward Wells of the Babcock & Wilcox Company another. The third member's name will be announced later.

It was explained that the creation of this board was in line with the general policy of the Secretary of War to keep thoroughly advised of the detail workings of the various departments of the Government and with the industrial activities involved in the consummation of the various war programs.

"It is felt," said a statement authorized by the War Department, "that the advice of this committee will prove of the greatest aid in pushing the development of the air service."

VOTES REFERENDUM ON PROHIBITION

Continued from Page One.

the bill sent to the printer. It will probably appear on the desks of members in its amended form tomorrow and can go on the Assembly calendar for final action by Monday night. The Senate in all probability will act before the end of next week.

Of course, the action today does not absolutely dispose of the question. There is nothing to prevent some member introducing a new resolution providing for ratification. But with the Assembly firmly on record, after practically everything that could be said regarding the merits of the proposition involved had been said, the Assembly, in the opinion of observers here, would be hard to budge.

Analysis of the vote cast for the MacHold amendment shows that 40 Democrats, 9 Socialists, and 35 Republicans were lined up against immediate ratification. Sixty-two Republicans, mostly from rural Assembly districts, and two Democrats—Parsons of Schoharie and Belknap of Westchester—voted against the amendment.

There was only one absentee—William Karlin, Socialist, of New York. Had he been present he would, it is believed, have voted with his nine Socialist brethren for the referendum. Assemblyman William H. O'Hare, Democrat, of Queens, was present, but happened to be out of the Assembly chamber when the vote was taken. Upon returning he announced that, had he been present, he would have voted for the referendum amendment. With Karlin and O'Hare recorded, the total vote would thus have been 86 to 64.

Here is the vote in detail:

For Substituting—84.

REPUBLICANS—35.

Adler,	Farson,	Miller, H. J.,
Amos,	Fitzgerald,	Mitchell,
Bewley,	Franchot,	Murphy,
Blakely,	Gaffers,	Soule.
Burke,	Harris,	Taylor, A.
Brownlee,	Judson,	Trahan,
Caulfield,	Machold,	Tuckerman,
Coles,	Malone,	Voorhees,
Crowley,	Martin,	Wells, F. A.
Dobson,	McWhinney,	Welsh,
Ellenbogen,	Mead, C. L.,	Williams,
Fallon,	Meyer.	

DEMOCRATS—40.

Barra,	Kennedy,	Mead, J. M.,
Bloch,	Kiernan,	Miller, E. H.,
Brackley,	Klingman,	Morris,
Braun,	Larney,	Patrykowski,
Burr,	Leininger,	Seaselberg,
Curley,	Link,	Shannon,
Decker,	McCardle,	Smith, E. A.,
Donnolly,	McCue,	Smith, J. W.,
Donohue,	McDonald,	Sutherland,
Farrell,	McElligott,	Taylor, F. J.,
Flynn,	McGarry,	Twomey,
Goldberg,	McKee,	Winter.
Hamill,	McKeon,	
Havican,	McLaughlin,	

SOCIALISTS—9.

Claessens,	Gitlow,	Shiplacoff,
Feigenbaum,	Orr,	Waldman,
Garfinkel,	Rosenberg,	Whitehorn.

Against Substituting—64.

REPUBLICANS—62.

Allen,	Brink,	Crane,
Alvord,	Brush,	Davies, A. E.
Ames, D. H.	Burnett,	Davies, E. O.
Ames, H. I.	Cheney,	Davis, B. G.
Bates,	Copeley,	Davis, G. T.
Bloomfield,	Cowee,	Donohoe,
Duke,	Lord,	Slacer,
Everett,	Lown,	Snyder,
Fenner,	McGinnies,	Sweet,
Gage,	McNab,	Tallett,
Gardner,	Nesbitt,	Talmage,
Gaylord,	Peck,	Thayer,
Graham,	Pierce,	Tyler,
Hager,	Prangen,	Wells, L. H.
Hooper,	Pratt,	Wheelock,
Jenks,	Quackenbush,	Whitcomb,
Johnson, E. A.	Richford,	Wiltise,
Johnson, I. W.	Rowe,	Witter,
Kasson,	Sealey,	Youker,
Kenyon,	Steele,	Zimmerman,
Lattin,	Thowers,	

DEMOCRATS—2.

Belknap,	Parsons.

The amendment was not adopted until the lower house had worn itself out during a day of manoeuvring, the "drys" and "wets" endeavoring, by practically every known parliamentary move, to gain the upper hand in the battle. All through the day, the Assembly chamber and the galleries were crowded with spectators. Mrs. Ella A. Boole, State Chairman of the Women's Christian Temperance Union, sat with a large delegation of women from her organization and other advocates of prohibition. The Assembly lobby and the space back of the forum rail were crowded with representatives of the liquor interests, lobbyists and "rail birds" of every variety seen in the legislative precincts on days when a momentous decision is in the balance.

Assemblyman Martin G. McCue, Democrat, of New York, played an important part in the debate in the closing hours. Mr. McCue declared that only last year Assemblyman Walter Scott McNab of Schenectady, sponsor for the ratification resolution in the Assembly, had been an advocate of the referendum and that advocacy of the submission of this question to the people was also expressed by the State Anti-Saloon League. He said he could not understand the sudden change in attitude. He spoke of what he termed "lavish expenditures" of the "drys" and declared his belief that in cities facing local option elections next month the "drys" had "even purchased signatures to the petitions calling for the elections." He charged that those behind the prohibition proposal "never were fair, and far be it from me to hope that they will ever be fair."

Assemblyman McNab, in advocating the adoption of his measure without amendment, made much of the fact that in his opinion Governor Whitman would veto a referendum proposition.

"Does the gentleman speak for the Governor?" asked Minority Leader Charles D. Donohue.

"No," replied Mr. McNab. "But I have high regard for his judgment."

The reasons advanced for ratification were many and varied. Stock-in-trade arguments, familiar from public hearings on the prohibition bills, came in for monotonous repetition. Mitchell A. Trahan, Jr., Republican of Westchester, the youngest member of the House, injected a bit of humor.

"I'm for the referendum, because I cannot guess what my constituents want done," he said. "My opponent for the Assembly was the husband of a fortune-teller. If the people of my district had wanted their representative here to go by guesswork, they would have elected him, not me."

It was his maiden speech.

The battle started with the Socialists on the alert. They attempted for the third time most unsuccessfully to drag their referendum proposal from the Excise Committee to the floor of the House for discussion. Their move was debatable, and many Legislators took advantage of the fact. The Republican leaders, however, were not going to be placed in the position of playing into the hands of the Socialists, and the attempt was doomed as soon as made.

It afforded Socialist Leader Shiplacoff opportunity, however, to charge indirectly that advocates of ratification feared submission of the proposal to the people because women of the State would "show how they can do housecleaning."

A defeat was recorded, 92 to 53.

Assemblyman Elliot Tuckerman of New York kept the ball rolling by having read copies of the rollcalls by which Congress adopted the Federal amendment, certified to by the clerks in both houses, and then introducing a privileged resolution contending that the ratification proposal was unlawfully before the Legislature. This went into the discard by a vote of 94 to 48, but only after Majority Leader Adler had made a wholly unexpected move to offset the illegality charge.

His move was to postpone action in the Assembly on the ratification indefinitely. For a time it upset all calculations. It had at first the appearance of a party measure, but this notion was quickly dissipated, when Speaker Sweet left the rostrum and vigorously opposed postponement.

"I believe," he declared, "that we should go straight to the issue and vote for or against the adoption of the Federal amendment. I believe ratification is the only thing we should consider."

The Adler motion went down to defeat by a vote of 97 to 50.

The "drys" resent deeply the Assembly's action. William H. Anderson, State Superintendent of the Anti-Saloon League, in a statement tonight declared that "the palpably bad faith of today's adoption of a scheme fathered by the 'wets' his insured this question being the overshadowing, dominant issue next Fall unless wise counsels yet prevail. His statement continues:

"The 'wets' evidently realized that they probably could not kill ratification in the Senate and must win, if at all, in the Assembly. The fight is not over, even for this session. Direct ratification is no more dead than city local option was dead when it received a setback last Winter.

"We shall advise every man who voted against the adoption of the referendum to refrain from voting for this absurd and extra legal measure with the referendum on it. It will then become apparent whether those responsible for the fake referendum, which is without warrant in law and would have no binding force, really want the measure submitted or vetoed, for it is merely an effort to block ratification at this session.

"Today's record will have to be construed in connection with the actual outcome on all the vital phases of this question, for example, the future disposition of the 'wet' scheme for a State amendment, and what happens in the final stages of the Federal amendment fight, provided the 'wet' leaders are not afraid that passage of this referendum fraud would give Governor Whitman a chance to expose both its futility and its hypocrisy."

"DRY" LEADERS SURPRISED.

But Prohibition Can Win Without New York, Spokesman Says.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, March 12.—Leaders of the prohibition movement, having counted upon favorable action by the New York Assembly on the prohibition amendment to the Federal Constitution, expressed themselves tonight as greatly surprised at the action of the Assembly today in deciding to submit the issue to a popular referendum.

Wayne B. Wheeler, counsel for the Anti-Saloon League, said the fight for the prohibition amendment in New York had just started. The action of the Assembly, he said, would inspire the prohibition forces to greater efforts. He expressed the hope that public sentiment would be strong enough to compel the Assembly to reconsider its action and ratify the amendment.

"If the Assembly has referred the amendment to the people it has clearly avoided its plain duty, and I do not believe that the voters of New York will approve what it has done," said Mr. Wheeler. "On the other hand, we do not need New York's vote for the adoption of the amendment. There will be thirty-six States for it, without New York, although we should have been glad to see the rock-ribbed domain of liquor surrender first among the 'wet' States. I am inclined to believe that if the Senate of New York approves the action of the Assembly and submits the matter to a referendum the people will resent it, and decisively ratify a prohibition amendment."

Ask President to Close Breweries.

WILLIAMSPORT, Penn., March 12.—President Wilson was asked to shut off the supply of grains to brewers in a resolution adopted today by the Central Pennsylvania United Evangelical Conference. The report of the Committee on Temperance declared "we have meatless and wheatless days and it is now time to inaugurate beerless days." It was directed that these sentiments be communicated to the President.

Rhode Island Defeats Prohibition.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., March 12.—The State Senate today, by a vote of 20 to 18, defeated a resolution for the ratification of the Federal Prohibition amendment. There is pending in the Senate a bill, already passed by the House, providing for a referendum on the amendment at the election in November

STATE BUDGET $52,748,954.

With Other Scheduled Appropriations Total Will Reach $77,202,011.

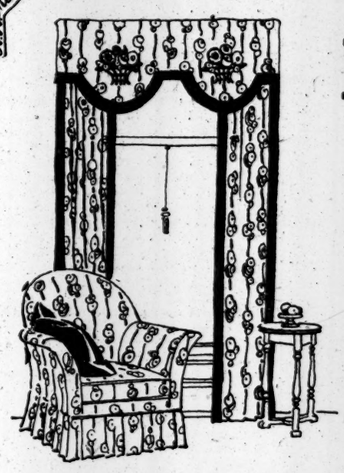
ALBANY, March 12.—The annual budget bill, carrying appropriations amounting to $52,748,954, was introduced in the Legislature today by senator Henry M. Sage and Assemblyman H. E. Machold, Chairmen of the Financial Committees. Items which the Legislature either has passed or will pass in separate bills bring the grand total to $77,202,011, or $1,256,198 less than Governor Whitman's tentative budget of $78,458,209.

In a statement accompanying the bill, Senator Sage and Assemblyman Machold called attention to the fact that the State's resources for the next fiscal year, according to the estimate of Controller Travis, would be $80,625,190, to which must be added the amount of the debt service, to be raised by direct tax, of $13,017,803, making a total of $82,642,993. If the total appropriations to be made at this session equal the amount suggested in the tentative budget, there will be a margin for safety of about $4,000,000. The Financial Committees therefore will attempt to hold the gross total to this amount, which will make the amount necessary to be raised by direct tax just the amount of the debt service.

Cadet Raymond Wakefield Dies.

SAN ANTONIO, May 12.—Cadet Raymond Wakefield, from Colchester, Ill., injured in an airplane accident yesterday when Lieutenant Orion L. Mitchell was killed at Kelly Field, died last night at the base hospital, Fort Sam Houston. Wakefield's death is the eighth at Kelly Field since it was established a year ago.

R. H. Macy & Co.



A SMART COAT

FOR SPRING WEATHER

GABARDINE RAINCOATS
$22.50

A garment that looks as good in wet weather as it does on days of sunshine; tailored with a smartness that will appeal to well dressed men.

An all around belted model with cuffs on sleeves, satin yoke lining, slash pockets, buttons high to neck if desired. Of good quality gabardine, "Gravenette Proofed"

Elsewhere raincoats of equal quality are prieed considerably more.

Fifth Floor, Broadway, Front

R. H. Macy & Co.
Herald Square New York

PECK & PECK

SILK HOSE in COLORS

To match the Easter Costume—women's pure silk hose in a wide range of staple and uncommon shades—beige, sable gray, African brown, etc.—1.35 to 3.00 a pair.

Also men's silk hose from 1.35 and smart Easter neckwear in the new foulards and crepes at 1.50.

Peck & Peck

586 Fifth Ave. at 48th Street
501 Fifth Ave. at 42nd Street
NEWPORT CHICAGO PALM BEACH

FINE HOSE

R. H. Macy & Co.

For the Summer Home

An American Institution

American Designers Have Excelled in Producing Furnishings for the Summer Home

Excellent wearing qualities adequately serve the needs of our vigorous American life.

Unpretentious simplicity expresses the true American ideals. Economical prices cater to the American "money sense."

For Your Windows—Cretonnes—Made in America

Our cretonne department with its vast collection of nearly 2,200 bolts of material and at least 392 different patterns testifies to the ability of our gifted American designers. Never before have we been able to assemble such variety of designs, never before have we attained the superb quality of printing, never before have we achieved the exquisite tones of color, or clearness of design. We may safely state that the American Cretonne Industry is now superior to the European.

There are Cretonnes for every use and every taste. Every pattern comes in at least three combinations of color. Representative items are described below.

The Egyptian Lotus Flower was the inspiration for this smart Cretonne that adapts itself to a rather formal decorative scheme. In several combinations of Egyptian colorings. 69c yd.

An Amusing Japanese Pattern that depicts in gay coloring scenes in the everyday life of that land of cherry blossoms is eminently suited to the informal treatment of breakfast room or sun parlor. 84c yd.

The Floral Pattern assumes a new charm in this bird and lilac design that strikes a refreshing note in its unusual color combination and lends itself charmingly to use in the dainty bedroom. Priced 59c yd.

We are prepared to execute draperies, slip covers and upholstery for the Summer Home at reasonable prices. Designs, estimates, etc., will gladly be submitted without placing you under any obligation.

For Your Floors

Miles Standish, one of our first Americans, inspired the name for these fine rag rugs, the heritage of Colonial days. They are our own make and come in a charming variety of designs. There are solid colors in light or dark shades, mixtures in "hit and miss" effects, light chintz colors with band borders in any coloring. An ideal rug for Summer use.

Size 24x36 in.,	79c	Size 4x7 ft.,	3.24	Size 8x10 ft.,	9.24
Size 3x6 ft.,	2.14	Size 6x9 ft.,	6.48	Size 9x12 ft.,	12.14

For Your Linen Chest

Cotton, America's own product, is used to advantage in table damask and toweling. Attractive in design as well as low in price, it is particularly desirable.

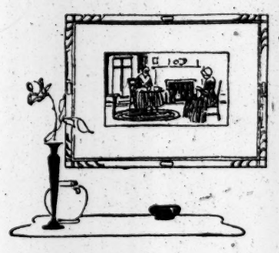
Hemmed Breakfast Napkins—Of Mercerized Cotton Damask, with excellent wearing qualities. $1.39 doz.

Cotton Huck Towels—Soft absorbent towels, in all white or white with red border. Each 24c

For Your Bed Room

White Bed Sets with Colored Embroidery, consisting of Bolster cover embroidered with initial, and spread for single or twin bed size. The spread is embroidered and scalloped around edge. Cut out corners insure a perfect fit. These sets are very dainty coverings for Summer beds, and they will be closed out at a reduction, as we will not be able to duplicate them. Priced $5.69

For Your Walls



Wallace Nutting, an American Artist of Note, is identified with that process of color photography to which we are indebted for some of our loveliest pictures of Colonial life and modern country landscapes. Quaint in subject, delicate in color and restfully simple, they are decorative accessories of individual charm and peculiar American fitness. We are fortunate in having an assortment of his work.

An Elaborate Dinner—Depicts an old-fashioned dining room, with deep fireplace and quaint housewife tending her dinner. The quality of "homeyness" throughout the picture makes it a happy addition to any room. Size 10x16. Priced $2.97

The Apple Tree in Blossom—A favorite subject is particularly well handled in this photograph. About 9x12 $1.49

For Your Tea Table

American Porcelain Tea Sets—For those affairs that are part of the season's gayety. Two designs, each comprising Teapot, Sugar Bowl, Cream Pitcher, 6 Cups and Saucers.

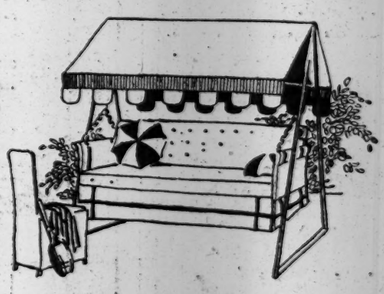
An Attractive Rose Pattern shows to advantage on the clear whiteness of the porcelain and a tiny line of gilt at the edge completes this pretty set. Priced $4.49

A Handsome Floral Design in Dresden Colors on a Buff Ground makes a border of unusual beauty on this set, newly arrived, and low priced at $7.95

For Your Porch

Porch Hammocks may now be had in one's favorite and most becoming color. American ingenuity and American appreciation of color combine to make hammocks that are not only wonderfully comfortable but with artistic worth as well. Ingenious contrivances for adjusting backs and head rests, convenient pockets for papers wherever possible, padded back that can be adjusted are just a few of their many recommendations.

This One in Mauve is a lovely thing. A deep sunshade with scalloped edges piped in royal purple, a padded back tufted with purple buttons, and side pockets make it a most luxurious possession. But the price is not prohibitive. Complete with hammock, stand, awning, two pillows, $53.46.



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HERALD SQUARE R. H. Macy & Co. NEW YORK

What Brand Do You Buy?

Of the 1291 brands of canned vegetables or the 1485 brands of flour, which brand would you pick?

You may at times indulge in the comfort and luxury of face powder. Did you know that there are 361 brands?

There are 127 brands of incubators, 730 brands of men's suits, 543 brands of tooth brushes, and 492 brands of washing machines.

If you have ever had a new glove split it might comfort you to know that there are 521 other brands besides the one you had the luck to select.

Of course, you can't in a single lifetime learn the merits of all the different brands—you haven't time to give a large number of them a fair trial even.

But you can be careful to keep good company and you can have the trial made by some one you can trust.

Every article advertised in The Mother's Magazine has behind it this guarantee:

"Before admitting any advertisement into the columns of this paper, we have been careful to investigate the responsibility and honesty of the advertiser in order to protect our readers absolutely against any fraud or misrepresentation. We agree to make good the loss that may come to any reader through answering an advertisement in this paper."

This guarantee is reprinted every month at the foot of the Table of Contents page.

This is not altruism, it's good business.

This guarantee of the goods advertised, together with constant aids toward the wise and economical expenditure of the household income, are only *two* of the great services rendered monthly by The Mother's Magazine.

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The Mother's Magazine

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PIEZ ASKS SENATE FOR NEW SHIPYARDS

Two More to Hasten the Building Program Will Be Authorized in a Bill.

PERIL STILL ACUTE, HE SAYS

Emergency Fleet Corporation Official Warns Against an Excess of Optimism.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, March 12.—The speeding up of shipbuilding, if losses from submarine activity are to be offset, was urged by Charles A. Piez, Vice President of the Emergency Fleet Corporation, at an executive session of the Senate Commerce Committee today. Mr. Piez deplored too much optimism over the submarine situation, saying that the menace was still a grave one.

As an outcome of the statements made by Mr. Piez on the progress of work in American shipbuilding yards, the committee agreed to offer a bill to the Senate immediately, providing for the building of one yard to be owned outright by the Government and another to be built upon the fee system, such as the Hog Island yard near Philadelphia.

The two new yards, it is intended, are to have a capacity of ten ways each. The Government yard is to cost $1,500,000, and the private yard approximately the same. Mr. Piez urged the construction of at least two yards as necessary to carry out the building program of the Government.

The Government yard, it is contemplated by the Senate Committee, will be one-fifth the capacity of the Hog Island yard.

Mr. Piez spoke freely before the committee as to the work accomplished by the Shipping Board. Because of delays due to strikes and other causes, he said, the board's program had been retarded, while the need for ships had grown. Mr. Piez spoke of the recent utterance of Sir Eric Geddes, First Lord of the British Admiralty, that more ships must be built to catch up with the losses from submarines. The First Lord, he said, had made it plain that America's speedy aid was necessary.

Any impression that might prevail, Mr. Piez said, that the American and British Navies were sinking submarines so fast as to eliminate the undersea fighter as a menace was wrong. He warned against Americans lulling themselves into a false sense of security. The submarine, he insisted, was still a vivid, actual factor in the war.

The warning of Mr. Piez as to the submarine danger reflects a feeling among those in a position to know the actual facts, both in this country and Great Britain. While results in submarine hunting within the last few months have been pronounced satisfactory, there is, nevertheless, a feeling that only by the most active policy of fighting the U-boat menace, together with the speeding up of shipbuilding, can the advantage over the undersea fighter be attained.

Mr. Piez argued before the committee that it was necessary to use every particle of energy in shipbuilding within the next twelve months if America and the Allies were to feel secure against disaster.

Denies That Shipbuilders Lag.

PHILADELPHIA, March 12.—J. Howard Pew, President of the Sun Shipbuilding Company of Chester, Penn., said today that the statement by Rear Admiral Bowles that the Atlantic coast shipyards were laggards was not based on facts. He added that Admiral Bowles had never visited the plant of the Sun Company.

"We know nothing of the progress of work in other yards," Mr. Pew said. "Our staff is composed of men of long experience and ability in shipbuilding, who are to a man efficiently giving of their time day and night to accomplish the patriotic purpose of producing ships. Labor is co-operating in every way possible. The yard is already turning out 66 per cent. of its capacity, and expects to reach 100 per cent. by July."

The Sun Company completed its plant in 1916 and has contracts for eighteen 10,600-ton ships, two of which have been completed.

DEVICE MAY SPEED SHIPS.

New Welding Apparatus to be Tested at Newark Yards.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, March 12.—An official test of an electric welding apparatus, by the adoption of which, its inventor asserts, work on steel ships can be accomplished from three to four times more rapidly than by the use of rivets, was authorized today by the Emergency Fleet Corporation.

The invention will be given its tryout on a 9,500-ton steel ship in course of construction at the yards of the Federal Shipbuilding Company at Newark. Officials here are awaiting the outcome with intense interest.

The invention was submitted to the Government by the Universal Electric Welding Company of New York City, accompanied by the statement that it had proved successful in private tests.

It can be stated that experts of the Emergency Fleet Corporation are enthusiastic over the reports concerning the private tests and believe that there is real hope of the most important results. It was pointed out that the output of steel ships depended to a large extent upon the speed with which the rivets could be driven and that the success of an invention such as that submitted for approval would be a development of tremendous importance.

Most of the details concerning the apparatus have been kept secret for obvious reasons. The voltage necessary to heat the steel to a point where the two pieces can be welded is small and is applied through the ends of large forceps. When the metal has been heated to the proper temperature pressure is applied to the forceps and the two pieces of metal hold firmly together.

It is asserted by the inventors that joining the sheets in this manner makes a stronger joint than is obtained by the use of rivets.

CASUALTY ORDER ATTACKED IN HOUSE

McKenzie of Illinois Demands That Addresses of Killed and Wounded Be Published.

WILSON TAKES UP MATTER

Gives Personal Consideration to Reasons for Change—General Pershing Asked to Explain.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, March 12.—Representative John C. McKenzie of Illinois demanded in a speech in the House today that the War Department reverse its order withholding from publication the home addresses of soldiers killed or wounded in France. He based his argument upon the appeal of an Illinois woman who thought that her son had been wounded because in the first list under the new order she found the name, presumably of her son, Walter E. Moore. For more than a week, until Mr. McKenzie learned from the War Department that the wounded soldier was from Montana, the mother suffered unnecessarily, he said. After he had read the telegram of inquiry from the mother, Mr. McKenzie said:

"We are all aware of the fact that the War Department has issued an order that in reporting all soldiers killed and wounded in France the name of the soldier alone shall be given to the public. We are told that General Pershing requested this to be done and that he did so because of the request of the French Government. When the order was issued I felt, as I believe every member of this House felt, that it was a mistake, and that instead of doing the thing they expected it to do, it would only aggravate the matter. And this is only the first evidence from my district, and it is evidence that will be coming from every district in a few days unless that order is changed.

"It would do no harm to say, for example, that Walter E. Moore of Sterling, Ill., was wounded on a certain date, and not give the regiment or the company, or even the division to which he belonged."

"What difference would it make to the Germans," asked Mr. Little, "to know that the boy came from Austin, Texas, or Topeka, Kan.?"

"I cannot see," Mr. McKenzie replied, "what difference it would make if the regiment were not named."

Mr. Glass, of Virginia, asked: "Do you imagine that the French Government, after three years' experience, would have made an idle request of this Government? Of course, all of us ascribe a patriotic motive to the gentlemen; but do you suppose the French Government, after three years of actual experience, would have presented an idle request not backed by a good reason?"

"I do not," Mr. McKenzie agreed. "I impute no bad motive to the French Government, but I will say to my friends that in cutting off or denying the right to publish the number of the regiment or the division, in my judgment, is wise military regulation, but I cannot for my life see when the name of a man is published as having come from a certain place, giving no connection whatever with the military organization, why it would affect in any way the safety of the other Americans in France. On the other hand it would do away with this uncertainty that is bound to sweep over this land of ours if this order continues."

"There ought not to be any uncertainty," Mr. Glass continued, "if the people will just understand that the nearest of kin or nearest in friendship will always be first apprised of any casualty by the War Department. Then nobody else ought to have any apprehension."

"Does not the gentleman think it possible that a mother, seeing only the name of her son in the paper, might suspect that the War Department had failed to notify her or that the notification had not reached her?" asked Mr. Gillett.

"Yes," Mr. Glass replied. "That would be a very distressing circumstance." He stated again his faith in the French Government, and continued: "My own view is that there has been too much publicity about these matters."

Mr. McKenzie declared he believed a mistake in deciphering the cablegrams had been made, "because," he said, "I cannot understand how the French Government could raise this question."

Mr. Glass said if the parents were notified, that should be sufficient. "This thing of thinking that the public should be informed of everything that is done is a mistake, and I say that although I am a newspaper man myself," he concluded.

Question Has President's Attention.

By The Associated Press.

WASHINGTON, March 12.—Protests against the War Department's new policy of issuing casualty lists without addresses continue to reach members of Congress.

President Wilson is understood to be giving personal consideration to the reasons for the change, and it is known that the department has asked General Pershing, who suggested it at the instance of the French Government, to forward a full statement of the military considerations involved so they may be laid before the American public. Members of the Cabinet said after today's meeting that the matter was not discussed there.

In connection with the plan now being considered of issuing lists twice a month or once a week, instead of daily, it has been suggested that under this scheme there might be no objection to giving addresses and names of relatives of the men. One of the chief objections to the old plan was the announcement of the dates on which the men were killed or wounded, thus giving the enemy exact information as to the results of certain engagements.

Impressed by Riker Ship Plan.

WASHINGTON, March 12.—Plans for what he asserted would be an unsinkable ship were explained at an executive session of the Senate Naval Committee today by C. L. Riker, a marine engineer of New York. Members of the committee were so impressed that a resolution was adopted asking the Shipping Board to investigate the project. Riker said that his plan would not greatly reduce cargo space.

FOUGHT OFF U-BOAT IN EXCITING VOYAGE

Former German Vessel's Cargo Shifted in Storm, but She Made French Port.

A FRENCH PORT, March 10, (Delayed.)—An American steamship, formerly a German vessel, arrived here today with its bridge smashed and a shellhole through a smokestack as a result of an encounter with a submarine. The steamship defended itself with its guns.

A storm was encountered, during which the cargo shifted and the vessel made port with the greatest difficulty.

McCALL TO RUN PAWNSHOP.

Court Names Ex-Judge to Conduct J. Simpson & Co. Business.

The appointment of Edward E. McCall, former Supreme Court Justice and Chairman of the Public Service Commission, to conduct a pawn brokerage business was made yesterday by Supreme Court Justice Donnelly in a suit for the dissolution of the business of J. Simpson & Co., which is entirely solvent. The application was made by Hazen F. Simpson and his son, Charles H. Simpson, against John F. Simpson, son and brother, respectively, of the plaintiffs. The father suggested that he be named to conduct the business pending the dissolution proceedings, but the defendant contended that he and his brother are the only partners in the business and their father is merely an employe at $4,000 a year.

Justice Donnelly held that, under the agreement between the parties, the father cannot be deemed a partner, and it was conceded by all parties that Charles H. Simpson would not be a proper person to conduct the business. The defendant asked the court to appoint him, but Justice Donnelly decided on the appointment of a disinterested person to conduct the business, and named Mr. McCall.

A. C. TOWNLEY INDICTED.

President of Nonpartisan League Charged with Sedition.

FAIRMONT, Minn., March 12.—A. C. Townley, President of the National Nonpartisan League, and Joseph Gilbert, a State officer of the organization, were each indicted on two counts by the Martin County Grand Jury late today, charged with "issuing and circulating a seditious pamphlet tending to discourage enlistments."

The two counts are based on the distribution of two pamphlets.

NEW PROFESSORS AT UNION.

Seminary Founds Chairs of Missions and Philosophy of Religion.

The Directors of the Union Theological Seminary at their regular quarterly meeting yesterday founded two new chairs and at the same time elected to the Chair of Christian Ethics, formerly occupied by Dr. Thomas C. Hall, the Rev. Harry F. Ward, Professor in Boston University and Secretary of the Methodist Federation of Social Service, who has been lecturing on his subject in Union Seminary in the last two years.

The new chairs are those of Missions, forming a part of the Department of Foreign Service, and of the Philosophy of Religion. The Rev. Dr. Daniel J. Fleming has been advanced to the Professorship of Missions, after having served as Director of the Department of Foreign Service for the last three years. The Rev. Dr. Eugene W. Lyman has been called from the Oberlin School of Theology, where he occupied a similar position, to the new Professorship of the Philosophy of Religion.

A PARADOX

No Owner will need a blueprint to understand what we mean when we say that an inefficient contractor is the only contractor who can put up a building and pull it down at the same time.

Get a good contractor while you're at it.

THOMPSON-STARRETT COMPANY
Building Construction

KITCHEN UTENSILS ◆ CUTLERY ◆ BRUSHES

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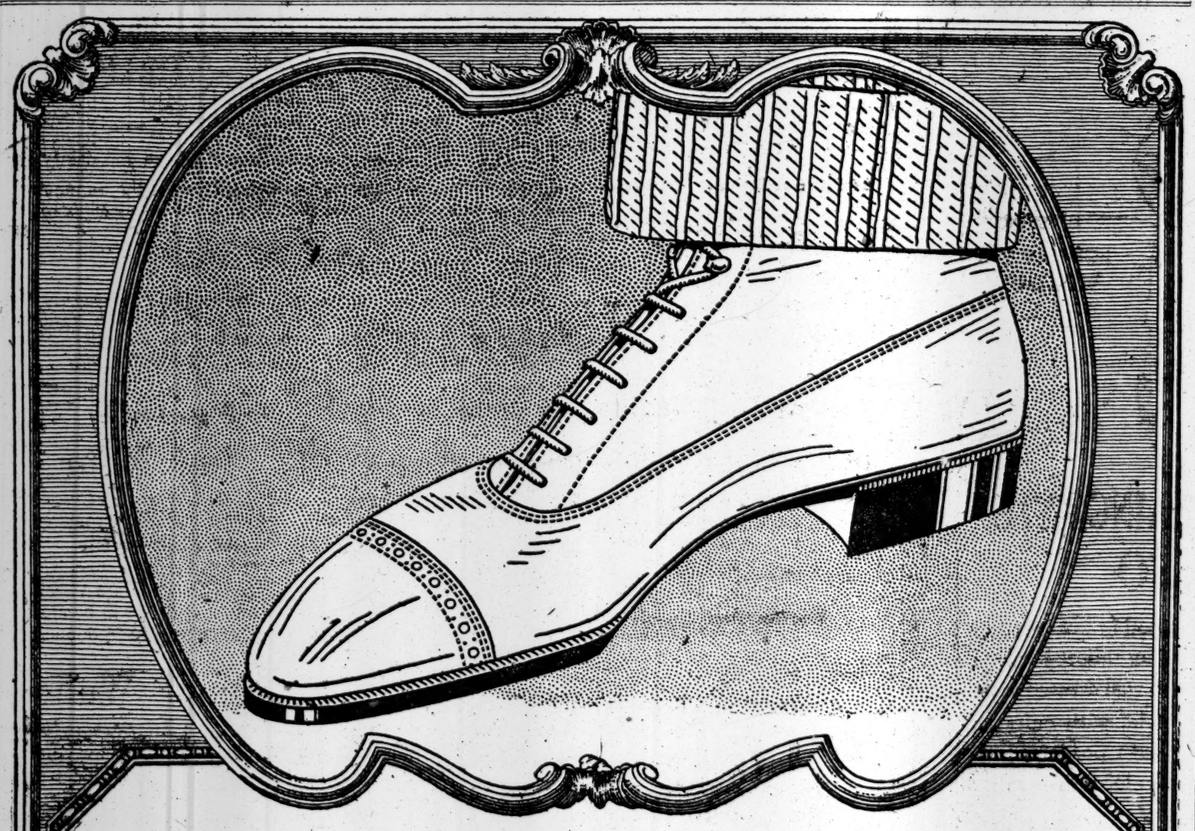
CARPET SWEEPERS ◆ WOODEN WARE ◆ ASH CANS

Food chopper — Chops meat, fruit or vegetables. In two sizes, $1.75 and $2.25.

Cut up the left-overs. Cut down the bills. You can save food, time and money with a good food chopper—and save it every day.

LEWIS & CONGER
45th Street and Sixth Ave.
New York

◆ MOPS ◆ BROOMS ◆ PAILS ◆ STEP LADDERS ◆ BATH MATS ◆



Why You Are Entitled to More Than a "Guarantee"

IF we could only be sure what a dealer means when he "guarantees" a product it would save us valuable time and much energy that could be diverted to constructive purposes these trying days.

The word "guarantee" has come to mean little more than the right to complain about your purchase—or a "fighting chance" to get money back.

The Regal Shoe Company believes there is something better and more to the point than this in a business dealing.

They know there is only one way to make a shoe deliver the right kind of service from the very start-off. Leathers must be carefully selected of soft, special tannage—tough and glovey. Skilled workmanship must show in every line and stitch. The shoe must have style and authority.

They check these facts by their experience through twenty-six years with hundreds of thousands of Regal wearers. Every shoe bears the Regal name as a sign of their direct responsibility and the mark of the great Regal institution.

You will find fifty-four Regal Stores in the Metropolitan centers and more than a thousand dealers in other towns and cities.

The shoe illustrated here is the "Manager." It can be had in tan or black, high or low—all the year 'round and every year. It's a Regal standardized shoe $6.00

Onyx Hosiery for Men and Women

War Thrift Stamps on sale in every Regal Store

Find Your Regal Store

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175 Broadway
*Broadway at Duane Street
*Broadway at Spring Street
Broadway at 10th Street
Broadway at 27th Street
Broadway at 37th Street
St. Nicholas Ave. at 181st St.
14th Street at 3rd Avenue
6th Avenue at 21st Street
40 West 34th Street
125th Street at 7th Avenue
2929 Third Avenue
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1049 Broadway
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*(Men's Shoes Only)

Regal Shoes
For Women, $5.50 to $10.25
For Men, $5.50 to $11.50
For Children, $1.00 to $4.25

REGAL SHOES

Paris — Best & Co. — London

Fifth Avenue and 35th Street.
Established 1879.

Women's New Street Suits

Eton and New Treatments of Materials Exemplified

Third Floor.

A new handling of the Eton and tunic skirt has taken place—exemplified smartly in a navy gabardine, braid-trimmed.

The usually conservative hip-length coat is given fresh Spring charm, *a new treatment at the bottom*, shown in a model in tan Poiret twill as tucks; in another of navy serge as a simulated hem turned up on the outside. New button trimmings are shown.

Fine silk linings give a last elegant touch to these suits which in finish as in style and material are unusual values at

49.50

Women's All-Silk and All-Serge Frocks

Third Floor.

The materials accepted for this season — serge, taffeta, Crepe de Chine Georgette and foulard—are conceived in a new group of fresh Spring dresses offered special to-day.

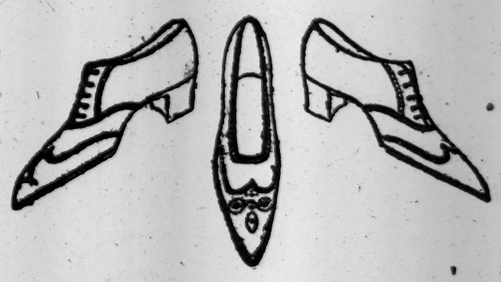
Many smart touches are borrowed from the tailored suit. The Eton is charmingly present. Button vestees give importance and air.

There are modifications of the surplice consistent with costumes intended for wear upon the street.

New soft Spring shades, Victorian foulard and bright gingham patterned in taffetas and crepe meteors.

The whole purchase, now fresh and new, will be presented at special pricing.

25.00



Here Is the Correct Easter Footwear for Women

NO walking costume can be entirely smart—entirely correct—for this season without the finishing touch of the new season's walking shoe.

The sketches above present the correct new types, an oxford and a pump. Note the flat English heel; the flattened forepart of the narrow tapering toe—a dainty, most attractive last.

The oxford comes in the new shade of tan at $8.00; in Black Russia, $7.50. Pumps, black and tan, $7.00

Spats in a full assortment of colors

WOMEN TO MARCH IN ST. PATRICK'S PARADE

Committee Calls on Them to Fill the Gap Caused by Absence of Men in War.

MISS THE "FIGHTING 69TH"

Cardinal Farley and the Mayor to Review Marchers from Stand at the Cathedral.

In the absence of thousands of loyal sons of St. Patrick at the front in Europe, organizers of this year's parade, to be held Saturday, March 16, have issued a call to women to fill the gaps left by the men now in the service of the United States. For the first time women in large numbers will march carrying the green flag of Ireland entwined with the Stars and Stripes.

There will be other differences, too, this year. For the first time since the civil war, New York is going to watch a St. Patrick's Day parade in which there will be no "Fighting Sixty-ninth." The famous New York regiment, now a part of the Rainbow Division, is in France.

The Committee on Arrangements says the parade is going to be the "largest and most representative religious, national and patriotic parade ever organized. Every Irish man and every Irish woman who can walk is urged to come on Saturday and take his or her place in the line."

The committee yesterday announced that the contract for the reviewing stand in front of the Cathedral had been let, and that practically every detail looking to the success of the parade had been completed. In the reviewing stand will be Cardinal Farley, Monseigneur Lavelle, Bishop Hayes and Mayor Hylan. The announcement which the committee gave out today reads in part:

The Ancient Order of Hibernians, Friends of Irish Freedom, and kindred Irish societies this year more than ever before are united as one body to make this parade memorable. The organizations, which have voted in their different societies as to leaders, representatives, Aids to the Grand Marshal, sub-Aids and Committee of Arrangements, are as follows:

Fourteen divisions of the Ancient Order of Hibernians of New York County and the Bronx.
Innisfail Club.
Twenty-six branches of Friends of Irish Freedom of New York and the Bronx.
County organizations—County Roscommon, County Longford, County Limerick, County Clair, County Monaghan, County Leitrim.
Central Council, Friends of Irish Freedom.
Irish Benevolent League.
Carmelite Branch, with over 1,000 men and their band.
Ladies' First Auxiliary, No. 1.
Wolf Tone Club.
Geraldine Club.
Bunker Hill Club.
Innisfail Club of Brooklyn.
Queens County Association, representing fifteen different organizations and societies.
Kings County Association, representing twenty-three different organizations and societies.
County Tyrone Association.
Cumann na mBan.
State Gaelic League.
Philo-Celtic Society.
Harlem Gaelic League Society.
St. Endas Gaelic League Society.
Sarsfield Club.
Clan-na-Gael Society.
Wautagh Club.

The officers who will manage the parade are:

Roderick J. Kennedy, Chairman Committee of Arrangements; Charles F. Connolly, Grand Marshal; Charles Sheeran, First Aid; John J. Regan, Second Aid; Major J. C. O'Reilly, Aid de Camp; Major Joseph I. Berry, Chief Special Aid; Captain B. Lyons, Chief of Staff; James O. Doris, Jr., Secretary Committee of Arrangements; Andrew Gargan, Treasurer Committee of Arrangements; M. J. O'Connor, Chairman Reception Committee; James Hebron, Assistant Chairman Reception Committee.

The parade will start at 2 P. M. at Forty-fifth Street, proceed north on Fifth Avenue to 120th Street, go west on 120th Street, around Mount Morris Park to Fifth Avenue, north on Fifth Avenue to 128th Street, east on 126th Street to Third Avenue, where the parade will be reviewed at that point by the Grand Marshal, aids and invited guests.

PELHAM BAY MEN MARCH IN FIFTH AV.

Naval Reserves in Training Win Applause Marching to Military and Naval Meet.

CONSTABLES PARADE TODAY

State Body to Make First Appearance in the City—Pigeon Brings Mrs. Wilson's Letter.

One thousand men of the 1st Regiment, Naval Reserves, under the command of Lieutenant B. C. McCullough, swung down Fifth Avenue yesterday morning and thrilled thousands with their first appearance in New York since they started training at Pelham Bay six months ago. The transformation which they had undergone was apparent in the erect, easy carriage, bronzed faces, and snappy manner.

The detachment came to New York to participate in the naval and military meet to be held in Madison Square Garden on Friday, Saturday, and Sunday. They left the camp at Pelham Bay at 6 A. M., and marched the six miles to the West Farms subway station, whence they made the rest of the journey in a train of ten cars. Arriving at Fifty-ninth Street, they formed about the monument at Columbus Circle, and at 10 o'clock started on their mach to the armory of the 69th Regiment, Lexington Avenue and Twenty-sixth Street, where they will be quartered during their stay in New York. In Fifth Avenue they were greeted by a rolling cheer, which followed them to the armory. A brass band of fifty-five pieces led the procession in "company front" formation.

The boys wore blue service uniforms, white caps, and khaki leggings, and carried rifles and bayonets.

The naval reserves will participate in another parade today, arrangements having been made yesterday by the committee in charge of the military and naval meet for a detachment of the New York State Constabulary to appear for the first time in this city.

Under supervision of members of the committee, a corps of workmen began yesterday to transform the auditorium for the military show in which more than 5,000 men of the army and navy will take part. The decorations are being installed by the Architectural League. Posts have been erected on the Fourth Avenue side, from which curtains will be hung, to serve as an entrance into the arena. A sixteen-foot track is being constructed for the exhibition of the State Constabulary and other mounted military bodies. The centre platform will be used for many other exhibitions, including the performances of the naval reserves from Pelham Bay.

The carrier pigeon which left Washington on Monday morning with a reply to Mrs. Charles S. Whitman's invitation to Mrs. Wilson to attend the Military and Naval Meet arrived at its destination on top of the Belnord Apartments, Broadway and Eighty-sixth Street, at 10:30 yesterday morning. The message from Mrs. Wilson, which was signed by Peggy Baker, the five-year-old daughter of Secretary of War Baker, follows:

"Mrs. Wilson is very sorry that she cannot attend the military meet. She wants me to tell you so and send her good wishes. PEGGY BAKER."

The pigeon is thought by A. S. Vincent, the Superintendent of the Belnord, who trained it, to have been delayed by the strong winds which were blowing on Monday. The message was taken to the headquarters of the United States Signal Corps, 8 Bridge Street, under the direction of which the flight was made. Afterward it was sent to Mrs. E. R. Strange, the Executive Chairman of the committee in charge of the Military and Naval Meet.

Men from every company of the 7th Infantry Regiment, N. Y. N. G., will take part in all the performances of the meet, and the regimental band will play. An act to be presented by the First Field Artillery, in charge of Lieutenant Egan, will represent an oriental transport, including camels, bullocks, and mules, employed by General Allenby of the British Expeditionary Forces in Palestine. A score of Arabs from the cast of the "Garden of Allah," playing at the Manhattan Opera House, will act as a scouting party.

Benny Leonard, the world's lightweight champion, who has been assigned by the Government as a boxing instructor in the National Army, will give an exhibition on Sunday night.

On Saturday a special detail of officers from Camp Dix will participate in a "battle royal." Every regiment in New York will be represented at the meet, and there will also be British bayonet fighters, French marines, naval scouts, and representatives of the Women's Motor Corps of America.

PREACHER HELD AT CAMP.

The Rev. Irwin Heraldeen Arrested Under Espionage Act at Spartanburg

Special to The New York Times.

CAMP WADSWORTH, SPARTANBURG, S. C., March 12.—On a warrant issued by R. J. Gantt, United States Commissioner, charging violation of the Espionage law, the Rev. Irwin Heraldeen, presumably from Pittsburgh, Penn., was placed under arrest here today by Joseph T. Hughes, a Secret Service operative. The arrest took place in a suburb of Spartanburg. Neither the prisoner nor the authorities would discuss the arrest in any way.

APPROVE RAILROAD CONTROL

Pennsylvania Stockholders Take Step —$75,000,000 Bonds Proposed.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, March 12.—Stockholders of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company at their annual meeting today unanimously adopted resolutions authorizing the Directors to enter into an agreement with President Wilson for Government control of the property.

This resolution provides that the agreement shall secure for the company "just and adequate compensation for the use of its properties during the period of Federal control," and that it shall make "proper provision for the maintenance, renewals, and depreciation thereof," and for the return of the properties "in substantially as good condition in all respects" as they were at the beginning of the period of Government control.

There was also submitted for the approval of the stockholders a resolution conferring upon the Board of Directors authority to increase the indebtedness of the company by $75,000,000, in addition to an increase of $21,000,000 already authorized and now available. It is provided in the resolution that such increase of indebtedness may be effected by the issue of bonds or other obligations from time to time, in such form and of such character as the directors may determine. This proposed authorization will be submitted to a vote of the stockholders to be held at the annual election of directors scheduled for March 26.

The stockholders unanimously adopted resolutions approving the acquisition by the Pennsylvania Railroad Company of the properties and franchises of the Cornwall & Lebanon Railroad Company, and the Susquehanna, Bloomsburg & Berwick Railroad Company.

WOMEN LEADERS IN BRONX.

Democratic Committee Decides to Give Them Powers Equal with Men.

The Bronx County Democratic Committee unanimously adopted resolutions at a meeting Monday night giving to women voters in that section the same representation in political affairs as is now enjoyed by men. This means that the organization will hereafter recognize women district leaders.

The representation in the Executive Committee of the Bronx Democratic organization will be equally divided between the men and women district leaders, each one having one-half of a vote. In districts where there are two men and two women leaders each will have one-fourth of a vote. The meeting was presided over by Arthur Murphy, Chairman of the County Committee.

DEMOCRATS ELECT FERRIS.

Oklahoma Man Made Chairman of Congress Campaign Committee.

WASHINGTON, March 12.—Representative Scott Ferris of Oklahoma, Chairman of the House Public Lands Committee since the Democrats gained control, was elected tonight Chairman of the Democratic Congressional Campaign Committee. He succeeds Representative Frank E. Doremus of Michigan, who after piloting two Congressional campaigns announced he could no longer serve because his time would be taken up by other Congressional activities.

Representative Lonergan of Connecticut was chosen Secretary; South Trimble of Kentucky, who is clerk of the House, was continued as Assistant Secretary, and Joseph J. Sinnott of Virginia, Doorkeeper of the House, as sergeant at arms of the committee.

Both Mr. Ferris and Mr. Doremus made speeches, expressing full confidence of the success of the party at the polls next Fall. It was agreed that there should be another meeting on April 5.

FOR IRRITATING, PERSISTENT COUGH let one of Brown's Bronchial Troches dissolve slowly in the mouth. Repeat until relieved. —Advt.

Gimbel Brothers

32nd ST. - BROADWAY - 33rd ST.

We invite you to pay Court to Paris and her Art, as shown in

The Spring Opening of The Millinery Modes for 1918

This Magnificent Display Will Continue All Week at GIMBELS

Original Creations from

Lewis	Marie Crozet	Hermance
Caroline Reboux	Germaine	Madeleine
Georgette	Lucie Hamar	Jeanne Lanvin
Suzanne Talbot	Maria Guy	Nadia
Louison	Marthe Yerles	Paulette & Berthe
Evelyn Varon	Jeanne Duc	Vasselin-Villetard
Marie-Louise	Marie Lancret	Mangin-Maurice
Marguerite & Leonie	Odette	Vimont
Leontine	Rose Descat	

Copies and Adaptations of Paris Creations

Prices Range from $8.75 to $22.50

GIMBELS MILLINERY SALONS—Third Floor

B. Altman & Co.

THE YEARLY PRE-EASTER SALE OF Men's Spring and Summer Furnishings

will be continued to-day (Wednesday) on the First Floor

Exceptional values are offered in specially selected assortments of Men's Shirts, Pajamas, Scarfs, Underwear, Hosiery, Handkerchiefs, Umbrellas and Walking Sticks, all of which are marked at less than normal prices.

MEN'S SILK SHIRTS

Of heavy-weight Japanese Habutai (imported direct by B. Altman & Co.) featuring a variety of rich satin-stripe effects, $5.85 & 7.50

Of medium-weight Japanese Habutai (imported direct by B. Altman & Co.) in several fancy satin-stripe designs as well as in plain white; plain or plaited model . $4.85

MEN'S NEGLIGEE SHIRTS

Of fine madras (with stiff cuffs), presenting a most attractive selection of patterns and colorings $1.65

Of fine madras in many smart patterns and colorings; soft or stiff cuffs . . $1.45

Of madras or mercerized materials, featuring a diversity of color-stripe effects; soft cuffs only $1.20

MEN'S PAJAMAS

of fancy-stripe cotton materials, per suit $1.45

MEN'S FOUR-IN-HAND SCARFS

(wide ends), made of rich-quality silks in handsome color combinations; also of fancy silk grenadine . . . . each 80c. (per half-dozen, $4.50)

MEN'S UNDERWEAR

Athletic Union Suits of white madras; sleeveless, knee-length . per suit $1.15

Sleeveless Coat Shirts of white madras; and KneeDrawers to match, per garment 55c.

Light-weight Balbriggan Shirts, sleeveless, or with long or short sleeves; and Drawers to match, in knee or ankle length, per garment . . . . . 68c.

MEN'S HOSIERY

Lisle Half-hose, in black, white, tan, champagne, gray or navy blue, per half-dozen pairs $1.75

Silk Half-hose, with lisle tops and soles; in black, white, tan, cordovan, champagne, gray or navy blue . . per pair 55c.

MEN'S LINEN HANDKERCHIEFS

Initialed (all white), per half-dozen $1.65
With colored initial, per half-dozen 1.75

Plain, hemstitched:
per dozen . . . . . $3.90 & 4.50
Sheer quality . . . . per dozen 3.70
Finer, extra large, per dozen 11.50 & 14.50

Also Khaki-color Cotton Handkerchiefs per dozen $1.50

MEN'S SILK UMBRELLAS

of superior quality, with malacca handles, sterling silver-trimmed . . . $4.50

MEN'S WALKING STICKS

of dark, polished wood, with sterling silver cap $2.00

A SALE OF MEN'S OXFORDS

at $6.75 per pair

will also be continued to-day (Wednesday) on the Sixth Floor.

These Oxfords, which were until recently in regular stock at a much higher figure, may be obtained in black gunmetal or mahogany-colored calfskin. They are constructed on a shapely last that will make an instant appeal to the man who demands footwear that is up-to-date in every particular.

Fifth Avenue - Madison Avenue, New York

SECRETARY QUITS INEBRIETY BOARD

Says Commissioner Coler Demanded Resignation as the Administration's Wish.

ONLY TWO MEMBERS LEFT

Mayor Removed One and Others Got Out, Resenting Hirchfield's Subpoena.

Asserting that Bird S. Coler, Commissioner of Charities, had repeatedly demanded his resignation because it was the "administration's wish," Charles Samson, Secretary of the Board of Inebriety, announced yesterday that he had resigned his $3,000 job. At the same time it was learned that of the seven other members four have resigned and one was removed recently by the Mayor. Samson's place was the only one that paid a salary. The only two members still on the board are Commissioner Coler and Commissioner of Charities and Correction James A. Hamilton, both Hylan appointees.

The four members who resigned were Dr. John Dorning, head of St. Francis's Hospital; Dr. William Browning, Professor of Neurology at Long Island and Kings County Hospitals; the Rev. John J. Hughes of the Paulist Fathers, and Thomas J. Colton, a brother of the late Bishop Colton. Bailey B. Burritt, General Agent for the Association for Improving the Condition of the Poor, was removed by the Mayor because he did not live in the city, being a resident of Yonkers, although he had been a member of the board since 1914, when appointed by Mayor Mitchel. Those who resigned were appointed by Mayor Gaynor and were continued in office by Mayor Mitchel.

Mr. Samson said several members of the board resented being served with subpoenas by Commissioner of Accounts David Hirchfield. He said the members felt that an effort was being made to intimidate them, and they resigned.

Commissioner Coler refused any statement on the matter last night. Asked whether he would deny that he had demanded Samson's resignation in the name of the "administration," Mr. Coler said, "I haven't got a thing to say." One of the former board members characterized the incident as "the most brazen reaching out for another man's job" that he had ever witnessed. Both the Mayor and Commissioner Hirchfield were in Albany yesterday.

According to Samson, the first meeting of the board this year took place on Feb. 8, and at that meeting, before any business was transacted, Commissioner Coler asked for his resignation.

"Commissioner Coler was asked for his reason, and he said that it was the administration's wish," said Samson. "The board refused to comply with the request and no further business was transacted that day."

The request for his resignation was renewed at the next meeting, Samson said, and it was again refused.

"Commissioner Coler was piqued at my refusal to resign," continued Mr. Samson, "and I heard nothing more of it until I learned that David Hirchfield, Commissioner of Accounts, had served subpoenas on some of the members and was preparing to subpoena the others. That was last Saturday. These men are of the highest standing in the community and they felt that a request would have been sufficient to bring them to the Commissioner's office."

The board's duty is to handle alcohol and drug cases at Warwick Farm. At present, according to Mr. Samson, the farm has thirty-seven residents, with a staff of six employes to care for them.

Policeman's Slayer Found Guilty.

After a trial lasting but two days, Jacob Cohen of Williamsburg, indicted for killing Policeman Samuel Rosenfeld, was convicted yesterday in the County Court in Brooklyn of murder in the first degree. Sentence of death will be imposed by Judge Robert H. Roy on Monday. Cohen, with two confederates, entered the clubhouse of the Twenty-first Assembly District Republican organization at 135 Leonard Street on Feb. 13 and robbed the members of cash and jewelry. Policeman Rosenfeld was shot by Cohen while the latter with his two companions were attempting to make their escape.

50 WOMEN IN TAMMANY CLUB

Washington Heights Organization in Campaign to Get More of Them.

In furtherance of the Tammany program to enlist women in its ranks on an equal basis with men, the Saqua Democratic Club, the pioneer political organization for both men and women in this city, has opened its doors at 517 West 173d Street, under the Presidency of John Williams, head of the Williams & Gerstle Construction Company of 198 Broadway. Mr. Williams announced last night that fifty women had joined the organization up to date, and 200 men. A vigorous campaign to increase the membership of women is now on.

At a meeting of the members held last night a resolution was introduced by Mrs. Charles C. Reed, urging the immediate installation of a new public high school for the Washington Heights section. Students in upper Washington Heights are now compelled to travel three miles into the Bronx to go to high school, or many blocks south in Manhattan."

Following the recommendations of a special committee, the Kings County Republican Committee last night voted to provide immediately for the election of women to membership on the committee. They will be chosen at primary election by voters, just as the men are.

DRAFT FOE KILLS HIMSELF.

Socialist, Fearing Arrest, Blows His Head Off with Dynamite.

AKELY, Minn., March 12.—William Peregrin, a Socialist leader in this section, committed suicide today by placing a piece of dynamite in his mouth, lighting a fuse and blowing off his head. The Department of Justice had been investigating his activities in connection with agitation for repeal of the draft law last June.

His wife decided that she and their daughter would also commit suicide at the same time, using dynamite. When Peregrin had obtained the dynamite his wife and daughter, who is 12 years old, withdrew from the agreement, Mrs. Peregrin said.

Peregrin left a note willing his property to his wife and declaring he was not afraid to die.

PEROTS QUIT CABLE CO.

Father and Son Retire from Management, but Retain Interest.

Edward S. Perot and his son, Edward S. Perot, Jr., have retired as the President and Vice President of the National Conduit and Cable Company. The new officers are George J. Jackson, formerly Chairman of the Board of Directors, President; Morton A. Howard, Vice President, and Hugh K. Pritchitt, Secretary and Treasurer.

The elder Mr. Perot wanted to retire as head of the company a year ago, but consented to serve for a year with the understanding that he was then to be relieved. His son also declined to continue serving as Vice President because his time was fully occupied as a Lieutenant of Ordnance at Washington. Both father and son will retain their holdings in the company.

Mr. Perot the elder has been the head of the company since it was established, thirty-six years ago, with a capital of $25,000. Its capital is now $8,750,000. The Government is now operating the company's plant at Hasing-on-Hudson as a munition plant.

FOR LA FOLLETTE INQUIRY.

Senate Committee to Resume Consideration of Disloyalty Charges.

WASHINGTON, March 12.—Consideration of disloyalty charges against Senator La Follette of Wisconsin will soon be resumed by the Senate Privileges and Elections Committee, Chairman Pomerene said today.

The committee also will consider a protest filed by ex-Senator Chilton of West Virginia against the seating of his successor, Senator Sutherland. No action in this case is looked for.

OWNERSHIP BILL GETS A SETBACK

Senator Thompson Offers Measure to Include Villages, and Brown Proposes Inquiry.

BLANKETS HYLAN HEARING

Complicates Situation as Mayor Urges Wagner-Hearst-Donohue Bill Before Committee.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, March 12.—The fate of the Wagner-Hearst-Donohue Municipal Ownership bill was virtually sealed, for the present session at least, while Mayor Hylan, with a delegation from New York City and Mayors and city officials from up-State municipalities were converging on the Capitol this forenoon, prior to the scheduled public ownership demonstration before the Senate Committee on Cities. The demonstration was held as arranged, but it was comparatively mild.

Innocently, or with malice aforethought, Senator George F. Thompson of Niagara, who professes to be not unfriendly to municipal ownership, paved the way for action which may lead to the undoing of municipal ownership legislation, star number of the Hylan program. Senator Thompson, who lives in a "very rural" community in Niagara County, introduced a Public Ownership bill applying not only to cities, but to counties and villages as well. He moved that it be referred to his own committee, that on Public Utilities.

Senator Thomas H. Cullen, Democrat of Brooklyn, suggested that inasmuch as the Cities Committee already had the custody of a municipal ownership bill, that was where this new arrival ought to go.

Then Senate Leader Elon R. Brown, who is not a municipal ownership enthusiast, but the old-fashioned reverse, took the floor. He intimated that he had no doubt regarding what the ultimate destination of all municipal ownership legislation should be, but was greatly in doubt as to where the Thompson bill should be sent, pending the catastrophic inevitable. City bills, he said, belonged rightly to the Cities Committee, bills having to do with counties and villages to the Committee on Internal Affairs, but this measure applied to municipalities of all these classes.

Proposed an Investigation.

He said that under the circumstances he would advocate to the Senate the appointment of a special committee to take the entire question of municipal ownership under investigation, and to recommend a fixed State policy on the subject. He bluntly revealed his suspicion that the pending Municipal Ownership bill had been introduced for political reasons.

"There usually is no politics in political measures," he said. "I have understood for a long time that there was a certain class of people who could keep running for office for a long time, carrying on political campaigns, who never did anything in a political way, but I do not belong to that class."

Senator Brown recalled that, at a period not so remote that it has been wholly forgotten, the Legislature empowered municipalities to invest in railroads and that municipal bankruptcy followed in so many cases that the Legislature finally was forced to adopt a Constitutional amendment prohibiting municipal financing of such enterprises.

"I want to warn all of you that you are on a downward road," said the Senate leader, "and I want to ask every one of you to take the report which was issued and submitted to the Senate last year, showing the financial condition of the municipalities of the State, and then say whether or not you think this new enactment is a wise one for those municipalities.

"Any committee that I would suggest ought to investigate the isolated cases where there is municipal ownership, or quasi-municipal ownership, and ascertain the effect upon the utility and the effect upon the tax rate, and whether or not it is likely that such utilities are to be managed in a way that will save the municipality from loss."

Mayor Hylan was easily the star speaker at the hearing. He was greeted with applause as he entered the Senate Chamber, where the hearing was held, with his daughter, Miss Virginia Hylan; Commissioner of Accounts David Hirshfield, and H. Gordon Lynn. Prior to his appearance Mayor Hylan and the party had paid their respects to Governor Whitman.

Mayor Hylan read a municipal ownership speech, prefacing what he read with an extemporaneous announcement that he had just been informed that the New York Board of Aldermen had come out for the Wagner-Hearst-Donohue bill by a vote of 69 to 1.

"I do not know who the one is, but I do know that the people in his district will take care of him," said the Mayor grimly.

"In New York City," the Mayor said, "about a dozen men control the public utilities. It is absurd to permit such a condition to continue. If the city owned and operated its public utilities the cost of service could be materially reduced and the city could benefit to the extent of many millions of dollars each year.

"The City of New York does not intend to acquire all of its public utilities at one time, nor does it intend to acquire utilities that are not self-sustaining. I believe the city should acquire the gas and electricity properties, particularly the latter, whose earnings are grossly excessive. The physical properties of these corporations have been built up out of excess earnings contributed by the consumers, who paid exorbitantly for gas and electricity.

"It is needless to discuss the financial mishandling of the surface lines in New York City, which for many years were used as instruments for swindling the people through stock manipulation. The condition of travel on these surface lines in congested hours is scandalous. Public regulation is admittedly a failure, and so far as the Public Service Commission is concerned, it has done nothing of its own initiative to improve the quality of gas or to reduce the rates for electricity and transportation.

Up-State Cities Represented.

Buffalo, Jamestown, Lockport, Syracuse, Schenectady, Salamanca, Middletown, Oswego, Canadaigua, Watertown, Norwich, Beacon, Oneonta, Elmira, Auburn, and Port Jervis had spokesmen at the hearing in favor of the bill.

The speakers for municipal ownership from New York included Borough President Edward Riegelmann of Brooklyn, County Clerk William F. Schneider, William C. De Ford, Mr. Hearst's counsel; Professor Benjamin C. Kendrick of Columbia University, President James P. Holland of the State Federation of Labor, R. E. McGahen of the Citizens' Union, City Judge James A. Allen, and Register James A. Donegan.

The opposition, all of which came from New York City, was represented by Stewart Browne of the United Real Estate Owners' Associations; Frederick R. De Berard of the Merchants' Association; George A. Wheelock of the Harlem Real Estate Owners; Charles R. Sumner of the Tenth, Eleventh, and Seventeenth Ward Tax Payers' Association; Charles W. Eidt of the Tenth and Seventeenth Ward Tax Payers' Association, and Edw. P. Doyle of the Real Estate Board.

"The Real Estate Board," said Mr. Doyle, "feels that this is not the proper time for the city to make any further experiment in municipal socialism, especially an experiment that must result in increased taxes. It is said that this is desired by the people. There is always a question as to who the people are. The last city administration thought the people consisted of the City Club, the Citizens Union, and the Bolsheviki of the east side.

"Every recommendation of the City Club and Citizens' Union was adopted, and at least $30,000,000 a year for seven years was wasted on the east side of the City of New York. When Election Day came last Fall the Mitchel Administration relied on the people whom they had taken care of to re-elect them. They found, however, that the City Club lived mainly in Montclair, N. J., and the Citizens' Union in Stamford, Conn., and that the ungrateful east siders were supporting a millionaire coal and ice dealer who had never done anything either for them or the community."

APPROVE UTILITY BILL HERE.

Aldermen, by Vote of 69 to 1, Indorse Municipal Ownership.

By a vote of 69 to 1 the Board of Aldermen yesterday adopted a resolution presented by its Committee on State Legislation favoring municipal ownership of public utilities. The one dissenting vote was cast by Alderman A. L. Squiers, Republican, of Brooklyn. The report of the committee recounted that a public hearing had been held on the measure and that the prevailing sentiment was in favor of the passage of the Wagner-Donohue bill now pending before the Legislature. President Alfred E. Smith of the board pointed out that the bill contains no mandatory features and that it is an empowering act pure and simple. The committee reported that every safeguard was provided in the bill to obtain the fair and proper exercise of this power by a municipality. "That the finances of a city might not at the present time enable it to make any substantial expenditures for the purpose of taking over the larger public utilities is no ground for refusing this legislation," the report continued in part. "There are public utilities in this city such as the bus lines which, if this legislation is passed, the city is in a financial position to take over immediately, and by extending present routes relieve the intolerable congestion of the transit facilities that now prevail."

In conclusion the report stated that the people of New York City asked for this legislation and to deny their demand would be to make the principle of home rule for cities a meaningless phrase, and refusal to pass the legislation would be to announce a belief that the people were unfit and unworthy to be entrusted with a determination of such problems.

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Paris Fashion Display
The latest models exhibited at the Spring fashion show in Paris will be pictured in the subtlety of tint only possible to the Rotogravure process of The Times in next Sunday's Spring Fashion Section. What will be the selections of the fastidious will thus be earliest revealed.
The war influence is seen in a rare simplicity, touched with rich effects the French only lift to distinction.
Exquisite creations for day, afternoon, dinner, and evening unfold the dreams of artists—Cruchot, Rondeau, Redfern, Cauet, Zimmerman, Riva, Tollman—also Martial et Armand, Peggy Rotchild, and Buzenet.
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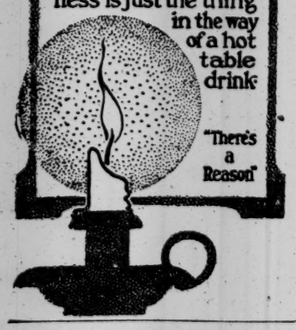

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is economy cooking, of wartime food. To make every pound, though not of the highest price, yet equal to the best, in flavor, nourishment and enjoyment, use—
LEA & PERRINS SAUCE
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SONGS OF THE ALLIES WIN FOR WAR THRIFT

Mme. Homer's 'Star-Spangled Banner' and Muratore's 'Marseillaise' Stir Great Throng.

JAPAN SENDS HER SOPRANO

Opera House Benefit Nets $7,000 for Campaign with Seats at Thrift Prices.

The war thrift campaign was promoted by a concert last night at the Metropolitan Opera House, which, even at the "thrift prices" of 50 cents to $2.50, brought in something like $7,000 for the educational campaign of the War Savings Committee, which is trying to instruct the public in the possibility and the need for saving quarters to win the war.

Every seat in the house was taken, and there were standees wherever the Fire Department regulations permitted; but they were all standees twice during the rendition of the program—when Louise Homer sang "The Star-Spangled Banner" at the opening, and when Lucien Muratore, in the uniform of a French officer of the Revolutionary period, sang the "Marseillaise." Muratore was recalled something more than a dozen times, sheathing the sword which he had waved during the song, to the imminent peril of those who stood up in the front row of chairs where the orchestra is usually imbedded; and among the most vigorous in the applause was Mme. Muratore, better known as Lina Cavalieri, who was in the box of the French Consul General, Gaston Liebert, and Mary Garden, in a box nearer the stage.

The concert was organized by a group of theatrical and opera managers headed by Charles B. Dillingham, now a Captain in the Aviation Service, and including Mark A. Luescher, David Belasco, William A. Brady, Cleofonte Campanini, Giulio Gatti-Casazza, George M. Cohan, Robert A. Franks, Daniel Frohman, Samuel H. Harris, Florenz Ziegfeld, Jr.; Theodore Bauer, Edward Ziegler, Edward J. Bernays, Paul Meyer, R. H. Burnside, and J. L. Bernat. The crowd which they assembled was doubtless drawn partly by interest in the war savings movement, but perhaps even more by the committee's announcement of "a $25 concert for $2.50," naturally appealing to the thrifty.

Nahan Franko, in command of the orchestra, opened the program, and was followed by Mme. Homer with the "Star-Spangled Banner."

Riccardo Stracciari sang the prologue from "Pagliacci" and the Largo al Factotum from "The Barbiere di Siviglia"; Helen Stanley followed with "Depuis le Jour," from "Louise"; Frances Alda sang two arias from "Mme. Lescaut," and won more vigorous applause with her encore, "The Little Gray Home in the West."

Crowd Likes "Dixie."

Another ally was represented by Tamaki Miura, the Japanese soprano, heard here in past years with the Boston Opera Company, who sang "Un Bel Di Vedremo" from "Madama Butterfly," and Mabel Garrison, after the Polonaise from "Mignon," sang "Dixie" for an encore with the response which a New York crowd always gives.

The second part of the program opened with Muratore's "Marseillaise," the orchestra accompanying and the French and American colors flanking the singer under the guard of soldiers from the two armies.

Percy Grainger, in the uniform of a bandsman of the 15th Coast Artillery, then played two of his own Australian compositions, a Colonial song and "The Gumsuckers' March," with the band, under Conductor Rocco Resta, accompanying. Sascha Jacobson played the Meditation from "Thais" and Kettenloeffler's "Caprice Espagnol," and Grace Hoffman, after an aria from Verdi, brought the audience to another furore of applause with "Comin' Through the Rye."

Between musicians the Rev. Nehemiah Boynton, now a chaplain in Fort Hamilton, appeared before the curtain in his army uniform, and after expressing the appreciation felt for the efforts of the concert committee by Frederic W. Allen, director of the war savings movement in New York, introduced Augustus Thomas.

"This house is filled," said Mr. Thomas, "with the parents, the sisters, the wives, and sweethearts of American boys ankle deep in the mud of France or watchfully anxious on the decks of transports or training in the rough reality of Upton and Dix and other camps, making ready to go over. We are here on velvet not because we wouldn't take their places if we could, but because we're too old or unequipped or too useful elsewhere.

"We are not here in this glow and comfort because we've forgotten them, but, thank God, because we remember them. We can't hold them in our arms, so we get together and hold them in our hearts.

"We are here to tell those boys whom we cheered and applauded as they marched down Fifth Avenue that our approval was a contract to stand behind them, and that the terms are binding. We are here to help make the nation's war thrift drive a victory.

The Heroic Dollar.

"A great American once said: 'Nothing is so timid as a frightened dollar.' Well, things are happening now to scare the dollars a good deal, but we are coming also to know in America that, properly inspired, a dollar can be heroic too. A dollar can not only talk, but it can make its mark. Yes, it can make four marks, and if the frightened and the heroic dollars want to live they have each of them got to do that and do better.

"We are putting our boys into uniform. We'll put the dollars into uniform, too. We are putting Uncle Sam's stamp on the boys. We'll put our dollars into Uncle Sam's stamps. We are telling our boys to go where their country calls them. We'll make the dollars follow the flag."

Telegrams of regret were read from Secretary of the Treasury William G. McAdoo and Theodore Roosevelt. "The committee is performing a great patriotic service," said Mr. McAdoo, "in helping the Government to inculcate the habit of thrift among the American people. Please accept my best wishes for the complete success of the war savings campaign in Greater New York."

"I regard war savings as an opportunity on the part of every man, woman, and child of our 100,000,000 people for loyal service to the Government and to our men at the front," Colonel Roosevelt said, "and for making character and credit in the people themselves upon whom the future civilization of the world so largely depends. I also send my congratulations for the great success already attained throughout the country."

The appeals of the committee in charge to keep speculators from making profit out of the patriotic cause led the leading ticket agencies to sell all tickets at their face value, and it was said that the sidewalk sellers had had no chance to boost prices on the event.

250 WAITERS STRIKE IN DOWNTOWN CLUBS

Walk Out at Noon Hours When Demand for Wage Increase Is Refused.

More than 250 waiters went out on strike at noon yesterday in five of the clubs in the downtown district, according to a statement by N. J. Flattery, Secretary of the New York Club Employes' Association, 624 Madison Avenue. It was denied at the clubs, however, that they had been inconvenienced by the strike, and it was said that they would be able to serve their members as usual today.

Mr. Flattery said that the waiters were striking for a 25 per cent. increase in pay to meet the increased cost of living. He said that the strike at present was only being carried on in the downtown clubs, which employed only one-third of the members of the Club Employes' Association. The strike might be extended to the uptown clubs. The clubs in which the waiters had gone on strike, he said, were the Railroad Club, 30 Church Street; the Machinery Club, 50 Church Street; the Whitehall Club, 17 Battery Place; the Drug and Chemical Club, 100 William Street, and the Lawyers' Club, 115 Broadway.

According to Mr. Flattery, all the waiters in these clubs joined the strike, but this was denied at several of the clubs. At the Whitehall Club, it was said late yesterday afternoon, that there had been no strike there, although earlier in the afternoon it had been admitted that the waiters had struck. At the Lawyers' Club it was stated that all the waiters were at work. According to officials at the Drug and Chemical Club, only six waiters had struck. It was admitted at the Railroad Club that sixty waiters had gone out, and it was said that the waiters had struck at the Machinery Club.

FLONZALEY QUARTET PLAYS

Its Farewell Concert Applauded by Audience of the Musical Elect.

The Flonzaley Quartet gave its third subscription concert last evening in Aeolian Hall before an audience of the musical elect of this town, as it will do elsewhere next month when it closes its season as guest in the People's Symphony wartime series. With a member serving in Italy and an artistic Frenchman in his place, the Flonzaleys have maintained the high standard of their past performances, among the best music offered to this public.

The Messrs. Betti, Pochon, Bailly and Archambault gave last evening Debussy's quartet in G minor, Op. 10, and Mozart's in D major, No. 575 in the Koechel edition, each the acme of delicacy, artfully contrasting the modern and classic schools. In conclusion there was also Dvorak's quartet in F major, Op. 96, and a hearty recall by way of farewell to the admired players.

Cathedral of St. John Choristers Sing

The sixty or more choristers of the Cathedral of St. John, led by Miles Farrow, who are soon to take part in Bach's "St. John Passion," and in Elgar's "Dream of Gerontius," with other choirs at St. Bartholomew's and St. Thomas's Churches, appeared last evening at Carnegie Hall in a repetition of Dvorak's "Requiem," recently sung by these men and boys in the cathedral. They were assisted by an orchestra from the Symphony Society, together with Inez Barbour, Mrs. Benedict Jones, William Wheeler, and Wilfred Glenn, as soloists, and by G. Darlington Richards at the organ. At the end of the "Requiem," a large audience joined in singing "America." The concert receipts were devoted to the war work of the Diocesan Auxiliary of the cathedral.

Next Week's Metropolitan Operas.

Two American novelties, Cadman's "Shanewis" and Gilbert's "Dance in Place Congo," already announced in a triple bill with "L'Oracolo" at next week's Saturday matinée, will bring the Metropolitan season within a month of its close. That evening Carmen, with Farrar, Martinelli and Whitehill, will end the company's series in Brooklyn. Other operas of the nineteenth week will be "Rigoletto," next Monday, with Barrientos, Lazzaro and De Luca; Wednesday, "Mme. Sans Gene," Farrar, Martinelli and Amato; Thursday, "Boris Bodunoff," Homer, Delaunois, Didur, and, Friday, "L'Amore dei Tre Re," Caruso, Muzio, Amato and Rothier. Next Sunday's concert soloists are Hulda Lashanska, Ethel Leginska, and Arthur Middleton.

Lou-Tellegen Now a Citizen.

Lou-Tellegen, the actor and husband of Geraldine Farrar, the prima donna, was admitted to full citizenship yesterday by Judge A. N. Hand of the Federal District Court. He was born in Holland thirty-one years ago. His present name was conferred upon him by the court. His original name was Isidor Louis Bernard Edmund van Dommeler. His father was a Greek and his mother was Dutch. He obtained his first papers June 10, 1915. His citizenship restores his wife as a citizen, because under the law a wife owes allegiance to the same country as her husband.

Sydney Rosenfeld Explains.

Sydney Rosenfeld, author and manager of "Under Pressure," until recently seen at the Norworth, said yesterday that he had ordered his company to assemble at the theatre on Monday night only as a legal precaution, and that he had no expectation of giving a performance. His play, he announced, will be sent on tour and then brought into a third New York theatre.

'A Pair of Petticoats' Next Monday.

"A Pair of Petticoats," a comedy by Cyril Harcourt, author of "A Pair of Silk Stockings," is announced to open at the Forty-fourth Street Theatre Roof next Monday night. The author will be in the cast, and the company will also include Norman Trevor, Laura Hope Crews, Maude Hanaford, Byron Russell, Henry Travers, George Giddens, Ray Gordon, and George Mudie.

THEATRICAL NOTES.

"The Cohan Revue" resumed performances last night at the New Amsterdam, although Nora Bayes, who sprained her ankle on Monday, did not appear. The role was played by Hilda Smith, and some of the songs were sung by Dorothy Jardon. Miss Hayes, it is expected, will reappear tonight.

Edith Wynne Matthison and Charles Rann Kennedy will be the guests of honor at the fourth annual dinner of the Playwrights' Club, which will take place at the Great Northern Hotel on Friday night.

The four one-act plays recently given by the East-West Players, in their theatre at 52 East Seventy-eighth Street, will be repeated on the evenings of April 4, 5, and 6.

William A. Brady is organizing a company to play "The Man Who Came Back" in the cantonment theatres.

Colored motion pictures made possible by a new process, the invention of Leon Forrest Douglas, are being shown for the first time in New York during the first half of the week at the Eighty-first Street Theatre.

Ethel Hopkins has been engaged for a role in "Rock-a-Bye Baby," scheduled to open early in April.

The Thursday matinees of "The Book of Job," at the Booth Theatre, it is announced, will be continued indefinitely.

Tomorrow night's performance of "Her Country," at the Punch and Judy Theatre, will be in aid of the Russian Orphanage.

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DR. MANNING JOINS ATTACK ON DR. MUCK

Rector of Trinity Approves of the Stand Taken by Mrs. Jay.

MEN IN SERVICE BARRED

Soldiers and Sailors May Not Accept Free Tickets to Boston Symphony Orchestra.

American soldiers and sailors will not be permitted to accept free tickets to the Boston Symphony Orchestra's recital at Carnegie Hall tomorrow night, according to Mrs. William Jay, who has been leading the efforts of many persons, including George L. Ingraham, formerly Justice of the Appellate Division of the New York Supreme Court, to prevent the orchestra giving any recital here while Dr. Karl Muck remains its director. Mrs. Jay also made public a letter which she said had been dictated from Camp Upton by the Rev. Dr. William T. Manning, rector of Trinity Church, supporting her contention that loyal Americans should not go to concerts where Dr. Muck had a leading part. Dr. Manning's letter says:

May I express my unqualified approval and support of the stand taken by Mrs. William Jay, Judge George L. Ingraham, and others against the appearance in New York of Dr. Karl Muck with the Boston Symphony Orchestra? We are in the midst of the greatest conflict in all history, in which every ideal and principle which we hold is at stake. It is our duty to do everything in our power to stir and strengthen the spirit of our people for the struggle before them and not to dull and weaken that spirit by our attitude of tolerance toward those with whom we are at war.

While our boys, fighting at the front in our defense, are being assailed by liquid fire, poison gas, and other like inventions of German Kultur, is it not fitting nor decent for us at concerts, or in any other places, to give our countenance and support to the avowed friends and upholders of the Kaiser.

Mrs. Jay's opposition to Dr. Muck, commencing at the time when he announced that he would not play "The Star-Spangled Banner" at concerts of the Boston Symphony Orchestra because the national anthem was not comparable as music to the rest of the program is based, she says, on the fact that he is a subject of the Kaiser, formerly the favorite musical director in Berlin, and that his appearance here is a subtle form of German propaganda.

Mrs. Jay said last night that she had heard from Dr. H. D. Fairbairn of 249 McDonough Street, Brooklyn, that the management of the Boston Symphony Orchestra was accustomed to give away seats to soldiers and sailors in uniform with the result that audiences which listened to the German director had a distinctly patriotic appearance. Accordingly, she said, she got in touch with Rear Admiral Usher, commanding the Brooklyn Navy Yard, and with Major Gen. Mann, commanding at Governors Island, and both officers assured her they would not allow soldiers or sailors in the Government service to accept free tickets to the concerts.

"The abominable use," said Mrs. Jay, "that is being made of our soldiers and sailors to support an enemy alien in his arrogant conduct could only have sprung from the modern German brain. To use these fine men to support German propaganda through the medium of love of music, should be condemned by every loyal American and lover of fair play. Among the letters I received this morning was one from a Swiss school teacher who suggested that a public appeal be issued to the principals of the leading girls' private schools in and around the city to leave their seats unoccupied if these concerts are held."

Mrs. Jay made public a letter from Mrs. Henry Anson Crosby, 29 Washington Square, in which she says:

"There can be no half measures in the Muck case. It is either loyalty or treason! I am particularly interested in the attitude you have assumed, as there is but a handful of women in Boston, my daughter, Mrs. Allan Forbes, being one, who love their country more than their music, and who have been willing to give up the symphony seats. Is there no possibility of awakening in the minds of those who are in power, the all-important and vital need and duty of having justice done by public hanging of spies until they are dealt with as other nations treat them? We are ignoring the most alarming menace, and it is an attitude which, as a nation, is ignoble."

David Bispham, she says, wrote to her as follows: "I am much in sympathy with your crusade against Doktor Muck. Of course, this fellow ought to be expelled from the country or interned. I wish I might help do either."

Dr. Muck, who denies he uttered any resolution not to play the national anthem at concerts he directed, and who has played it, in fact, everywhere since the first of last November, came to this country in 1912 to become director of the Boston Symphony Orchestra. He has been supported in the face of every criticism by Major Henry L. Higginson, sponsor for the orchestra. In Baltimore last Fall citizens declined to permit the orchestra to give its recital, and so much feeling was aroused that its engagement was canceled.

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ADOLPH S. OCHS, Publisher and President.
B. C. Franck, Secretary.

Office, Times Square. (Tel. Bryant 1000)
Times Annex...43d St., west of Broadway
Downtown.....1 Beekman Street
Wall Street.....2 Rector Street
Harlem..2,109 Seventh Av., near 125th St.
Bronx.....2,914 Third Avenue
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NEW YORK, WEDNESDAY, MARCH 13, 1918

SEIZING SINEWS OF WAR.

Judging from the fact that the amendment to the Urgent Deficiency bill, providing that property in the United States owned or controlled by Germans should be sold for the account of the Government, passed the Senate by a vote of 64 to 0, Senator KNOX's exception to the measure must have been academic. He invoked the Treaty of 1799, which in the event of war permits merchants of either country residing in the other to remain nine months to settle their affairs and carry off their effects, and the Senator asked: "Are we discharged from "the sacred obligation to observe this "treaty, as we are bound to observe "the law of nature and the law of na"tions?" The implication of the Senator was that the spirit of the treaty required the Government to stand guard, as it were, over the property of the German merchant, and at the end of the war restore what he had not carried away with him. And there was another implication: If the Treaty of 1799 did not protect him in his ownership, international law should step into the breach.

A brief by the State Department defending the amendment was read to the Senate as an answer to Mr. DILLINGHAM, who also wanted "light," to use Mr. KNOX's expression. It was there contended that at the end of the nine months named in the treaty for removing property the interest of the owner in it could not be asserted, presumably during the continuance of the war. That was one answer to the critics. Another was given by Senator UNDERWOOD, who dealt with this question of Mr. KNOX: "Does the "State Department regard the Treaty "of 1799 as still in force?" Mr. UNDERWOOD did not speak by authority of the State Department when he said:

> Germany trampled the Treaty of 1799 when she fired on the American flag on merchantmen crossing the seas. Germany insisted, as one of the clauses of that treaty, on the right to traverse the seas unmolested. Yet she violated that very provision herself in cruel, shameless manner.

Germany is estopped by her atrocities at sea from invoking the Treaty of 1799 to preserve to her merchants their property in this country. Could she invoke the general rule of international law? She is in no position to do even that, for she has flouted international law when it has suited her purpose. "In former times," says OPPENHEIM, "all private and public "enemy property, immovable or "movable, on each other's territory "could be confiscated by the belligerents at the outbreak of the war, as "could also enemy debts"; but, while some writers still maintain that the old rule of law is valid, confiscation between honorable enemies is no longer practiced.

The United States in this case is not dealing with an honorable enemy, but with a nation that has been guilty of assassination and piracy, as if there were neither moral law nor a law of nations. To give Germany the benefit of the Treaty of 1799 would be a weakness that German statesmen would privately deride. She has treated it as a "scrap of paper." Why should the United States be governed by Senator KNOX's affected academic scruples when the nine months named in the bond have expired? Is the Government under more than a sentimental obligation to turn to the modern rule of international law when the question is whether German property shall be seized as a security for the redress of infamous wrongs that were perpetrated in defiance of all laws and in violation of an express treaty with the United States?

There is no intention, as Mr. PALMER, the Alien Property Custodian, has intimated, of converting the "ordinary investment of the plain German citizen"; the plan is to take over and realize on "investments in "this country so close to the German "Empire's control that they amount "to a part of the German industrial "and commercial hold upon America "and American insular possessions." That is to say, German "sinews of war" are to be used to impose upon the Imperial Government the terms of a lasting peace that shall insure the welfare and security of the whole civilized world. In the day of accounting a balance will be struck between what the United States holds of German belongings and the compensation which the German Government will be required to pay for its misdeeds.

WELL DONE.

The Assembly has acted wisely in voting that the people of New York shall be heard before action is taken on so momentous a matter as the prohibition amendment to the Constitution. Despite all arguments to the contrary, there would always have remained a sense of injury, a feeling that snap judgment had been taken, if this State had been committed to a revolution in its customs without its voters having a chance to say whether they approved or disapproved it. There was no argument in favor of this summary action except that the Constitution named the Legislatures as the bodies to which action on constitutional amendments is committed. The Legislature of New York will take such action when the time comes; but it should not take that action in defiant indifference to the opinion of the people, and so far as the Assembly is concerned it does not intend to.

The cause of prohibition will lose nothing by the deferring of action until the wishes of the people, men and women alike, can be ascertained; or, if it does, it will deserve to lose. Whether it loses or not, the propriety of consulting the people is obvious to them and has now been recognized by the Assembly. The Senate and the Governor should recognize it, too. The real force back of a movement to prevent the people from being heard has been solely that of an anonymous lobby of unknown inspiration which feared nothing more than an expression of the popular will. Between the wishes of that lobby and the wishes of the people the Senate should not hesitate. It should acquiesce in the decision of the Assembly.

THE BATTLE OF WISCONSIN.

Ex-Governor FRANCIS E. MCGOVERN has done a fine and patriotic thing in withdrawing from the race for Senator in the Wisconsin Republican primary. As long as both he and Congressman LENROOT remained in the race there was danger that the La Follette candidate, THOMPSON, who will get the whole disloyal vote, would slip in between them; and Mr. MCGOVERN retires, as he truthfully puts it, "so my party may not be disgraced and discredited for years to "come" by the triumph of the disloyalists. In Wisconsin a man may vote in any primary he likes, and there is every likelihood that THOMPSON will get the votes of disloyal Democrats and Socialists, cast in the Republican primary. There is no disloyal Democrat running, so that Democrats of that stripe have every temptation to go into the Republican primary and vote for THOMPSON. The Socialists have a different temptation; there is no opposition to VICTOR BERGER, who is running in their primary, and since his nomination is a foregone conclusion, many of them may prefer to help THOMPSON out. In this situation the danger of having two loyalist candidates in the Republican primary was obvious, but Mr. MCGOVERN's splendid action has put an end to it.

The issue is now as clear as it can be. In the Democratic primary the candidates are DAVIES and MCCARTHY, of whom Mr. LENROOT himself says: "Whether Mr. DAVIES or Mr. MCCAR"THY is nominated by the Democrats "is immaterial from the standpoint of "loyalty, for they are both loyal and "neither will receive any disloyal sup"port any more than I will." The Socialist candidate, VICTOR BERGER, is of course openly against the United States. The fight is in the Republican Party, between LENROOT the loyalist and THOMPSON the candidate of the disloyalists.

The eyes of the country are on Wisconsin and on the Republican Party in Wisconsin. Mr. LENROOT did not exaggerate one whit, he spoke with entire restraint and truth, when he said in opening his campaign at Madison on Friday night:

> The ballots that fall one week from next Tuesday will not fall silently like the snowflake, but they will be heard around the world. They will be heard in Berlin. They will be heard in Paris, in London. They will be heard in every corner of the United States. * * * If it shall go forth on the night of March 19 that the forces opposed to this war, the forces whose sympathies have not been with the Government in this war, the forces made up in part of those who want Germany to win this war against the United States, if the wires shall carry the news that these forces have won in Wisconsin, then there will be joy in Berlin, then there will be joy in every disloyal heart in America. Then, indeed, shall we be compelled to admit that Wisconsin would rather be a province of Germany than one of the United States.

It is, in fact, a battle between Germany and the United States for the possession of one of the United States. Some of THOMPSON's supporters are merely pacifists, but many are out-and-out pro-Germans, disciples of Kultur and the Kaiser, whose "beautiful and profitable task," as one of them, a University of Wisconsin professor, put it, is "to prepare the way "in this country for the German "spirit and the German conception of "life." That is the thing Wisconsin has got to meet and smash, or meet and be smashed by; and they were no friends of hers who urged her to put off the test of strength. No State in the Union can afford to be under suspicion. Again in entire truth and soberness was the speech of ex-State Senator A. W. SANBORN, introducing Mr. LENROOT to his Madison audience:

> On March 19 von HINDENBURG will attack the first-line trenches in Wisconsin. The people of the State will be fighting the same forces that our boys are fighting over there. Make it your business to be in the trenches and shoot straight by voting for IRVINE L. LENROOT.
>
> And to the trenches the eyes of all her sisters follow Wisconsin.

THE PRESIDENT TO RUSSIA.

President WILSON's repeated assurances of the good-will and interest which this country entertains toward the people of Russia have been treated contemptuously by the Bolsheviki. They are a knowing lot, and they know how to appraise all utterances by "capitalistic Governments"; one and all such utterances are mere masks for diabolical plots against the proletariat. But the President has not let himself be disturbed by this sort of treatment, nor has he ever failed to seize an opportunity to repeat what he and his country sincerely feel toward Russia.

And this last repetition may, it is reasonable to hope, have an effect, not perhaps upon the Bolsheviki but upon those for whom it is meant, the Russian people. It is not that constant dropping will wear away a stone, but that the sobering effect of the late calamities must have forced the Russian people a little away from cast-iron theories and a little nearer to the facts of life. Even the Bolsheviki must have been forced to rearrange their formulas a little, those rigid formulas by which they interpret all the actions and reactions of other minds than their own.

There are even some indications of this. It is not so long since TROTZKY was making the admission, a great one for him, that perhaps Russia and the United States might be able to travel temporarily along the same road; and now the Bolshevist newspaper Pravda specifically exempts the United States from the bloodshot view it takes of the other anti-German Powers. With regard to them it has the same hallucinations as before, but in its nightmare of suspicion there is one ray of reason—"all except America," it says, "which is trying to modify the Allies' policy of vengeance" on Russia.

The Allies have no "policy of vengeance" against Russia, but it would be too much to expect a Bolshevik to see that yet. This Bolshevik does see, however, that the United States is, whether from evil motives or not, friendly to Russia, and that is a thing which would not have been dreamed of a month ago. Something has taught Bolshevism something. But what Bolshevism thinks is not, after all, the point; it is not Bolshevism but the Russian people whom the President so steadily and earnestly addresses with these repeated assurances, so often falling on deaf ears; and if even Bolshevism is beginning to listen we may hope that the Russian people are ready to do so.

MUNICIPAL OWNERSHIP VS. MUNICIPAL CONSTRUCTION.

The Public Service Commission is strangely silent under the Mayor's punishment. He declared that the Commission was a failure, and not in sympathy with the people. He is the people's true friend, and he would prove it if only the city owned and operated its subways. The incapacity of the Public Service Commission is shown, in the Mayor's very words, by the fact that it has done nothing for the people, although it has cost $10,000,000. The malice of the Brooklyn railway is shown by the fact that it has put on 101 new cars and taken off 133. The people are clamoring for relief, which he will give them, or at least will promise them, if the people will only stand by their true friend.

The Public Service Commission attacks the subject from another angle. The Commission seems to think that the construction of railways is more important and more immediate than the ownership and operation question. The railways are needed today, and the other question can be argued through many elections. It has been fought over before, and voted on already, and the matter stands where it did. It is different with construction. The Commission has overlooked the production of a half billion dollars' worth of rapid transit at a cost of something more than a hundred million dollars less. The system now would be as unobtainable as the moon for any money if the work had not been nearly completed before the Mayor took up all that was left of the subject—that is, ownership and operation—as his share. He is welcome to it. But the people would like to see the construction finished. Is it possible that the Mayor scolds the Commission because the Commission points out that the Mayor is not hastening construction?

The do-nothing Commission remarks that the city is obligated to pay $8,100,000 interest annually on work necessary for the full use of the 600 miles of track, which will cost $400,000,000 all told. Only 7,000 men now are on the work, and the contractors face embarrassment because the delay on the work has prolonged it into the period of the war, with all its labor and cost troubles. The Mayor might show his friendship to the people by hardening his heart toward their predicament, but it is clear that he could only do so by ending their work along with that of their laborers. No one can tell how long that would delay the completion of the few miles of track necessary to round out the system. That would be objectionable even to those who would like to own and operate the roads others built. A finished road is better than an unfinished one for anybody to operate, or to ride on. The Commission's idea of service to the people is nearer in time than the Mayor's. On reconsideration the Mayor will see that the Commission is helpful even to the cause which he has staked out for his claim and which it will take him years to exhaust. From no pity for the Commission, but in the cause of the Mayor and the people, it may be hoped that the roads will be finished before the Mayor carries the State and the city for ownership and operation. It was an imposing delegation which he took to Albany to press his proposal. It is easy to see what there is in it for the office holders and politicians.

There are some simple people who think that the troubles of the riders, and of the companies also, are due to expecting full benefits from an incomplete system. They think that those who obstruct the completion of plans which cannot be abandoned are responsible for creating difficulties to remedy in their manner. They believe that the enormous benefits already received are merely an installment of what will follow if only the work, which must be finished some time, is hurried along. The road which the Mayor uses suffers more than the Mayor from conditions which he uses as a base for his attack. The line across the Williamsburg Bridge now carries more passengers then enter and leave the Pennsylvania Station, the Grand Central Terminal, and the Long Island Railway Station in Brooklyn combined. It carries more than the old bridge ever carried, and that was a world record. It carries more trains than the Interborough express service in Manhattan, although its tracks are fewer. It is thought to create congestion of traffic for profit, whereas the fact is that it must pay the cost of facilities used only for a few hours daily, and only in one direction, while empty cars must be hauled the other way. There were parallel routes promised it, but not delivered. The theory of the dual system was that the long-distance riders would be taken off the surface system, thereby making more cars unnecessary. But the company is ordered to provide more cars for surface riding when they would cost most and when the need is about to be reduced.

The company is as silent as the Commission under the Mayor's reproaches. It is only inference that the large new cars it has furnished contain more seats than the old cars, and run so much oftener that they supply better service than the more numerous cars which the riders are abandoning as fast as the dual accommodations are provided. If the national experiment with the steam railways furnishes any precedent, the prospect is that city ownership and operation would reduce facilities rather than increase them, and perhaps at a higher fare. Director General MCADOO is taking off duplicate trains, and has taken power to make his own rates. The outlook for the railway shareholders improves as that of the shippers deteriorates. That experiment may decide the matter for this State. Anyhow, this city's case is different from that of any other city, town, or village, and the bill puts all the municipal subdivisions of the State into one class. The Mayor will find that such a proposal hinders a like proposal for this city alone. Also he will find that the up-State Republicans will oppose the down-State Democrats. The result will be politics, not tracks and seats. Meanwhile, the riders will remark that the Commission and the railways work while the Mayor promises.

WON'T SOMEBODY SPEAK OUT?

Rear Admiral BOWLES, who is Assistant Manager of the Emergency Fleet Corporation, does not seem to be impressed by promises of ships to be launched on a rapidly ascending scale of production from the yards. To listen confidingly to some of the optimists is to believe that the great problem will be solved in due course and to cease worrying about it. But while the plants are rising, as if under a magician's wand, and materials accumulate, there is always the human equation. Admiral BOWLES finds it very uncertain. As things are going now, he cannot figure out how the four or five million tons are to be built this year. He declares that all the shipyards on the Atlantic coast, including the big Philadelphia plant, are lagging in the good work. He had expected much of the Philadelphia yard. He now says:

> Taking into account all the conditions, the Philadelphia district is not doing all that it ought in the vitally important work of producing cargo ships for the new merchant fleet. However, my criticism is general. I could place my finger upon the weak spots, but I don't think that it would be best to tell where they are. In the matter of lagging behind, the Philadelphia district is not different from all Eastern shipyards. Not one of them is showing the proper productive power that their equipment, personnel, &c., ought to show.

What is the trouble? Is it to be found in materials or transportation, one or both? Are the yards interfered with by the Government, or is politics the blight? Not at all. Admiral BOWLES says that "the trouble lies in the yards themselves." That is to say, the management is at fault, or labor is not doing its whole duty. The American people would like to know the truth. Admiral BOWLES is not in the dark. He says that he could place his finger "upon the weak spots," but doubts whether it would help if he did.

If somebody does not speak out, there can be no remedy for the ailment that cripples the great shipbuilding enterprise. Everybody engaged upon it says it must be a success if the war is to be won and protests his patriotism. But it is not going well; it lags; energetic men like Admiral BOWLES are beginning to despond. Won't somebody speak out?

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

They'll Get What They Want.

Of all "drives" to raise money to be used for the benefit of our soldiers and sailors, only one—the recurring appeal for everybody who can to buy Liberty bonds—has deserved or will deserve to receive a heartier and more generous response than will the "drive" which the Catholics are preparing to begin next Sunday. At its close, on March 25, their hope is that $2,500,000 will have been raised for the continuance of a work already well begun, and there can be no doubt that this aim will be achieved.

Not to make a comparison equally invidious and unnecessary, as it would be to say that the clergy and lay members of the Catholic Church, ever since the war began, have excelled those of other churches in the manifestation of effective patriotism, it is enough to assert that they have taken a place among the foremost exponents of unqualified Americanism. As a body, they have left nothing undone to make clear their position. In word and deed alike they have supported their country and made its policies and purposes their own, and they have been not less forward in filling the ranks of the two fighting services than in the various activities of relief and encouragement here at home.

The minute fraction of their membership who have allowed an ancient animosity to make them the auxiliaries—fortunately futile—of the national enemy have received no countenance from the leaders of the Catholic Church, and are therefore quite negligible in forming a judgment of its claim to recognition as an essential element of the nation's strength in this great emergency.

The Catholics have a right, therefore, to expect that their appeal for aid in the conduct of their war work will get responses from outside their own circle as well as in it. The expectation will not be disappointed, and they will get their $2,500,000, not, indeed, "without half trying," as the phrase is, but by the intelligent employment of the energy which the accomplishment of a great task demands.

He Mingles Comedy and Tragedy.

It is not alone in having probably done, as was said the other day, more harm to the world than any other man that ever lived, that LENINE is unique. In other ways, too, he is solitary, and in at least one of the other ways there is in him something that can almost be called amusing. For, so strange are the workings of his mind that he does not hesitate, in signing a treaty with Germany, to make open announcement for himself and his followers that his and their intention in putting their names at the foot of this solemn document is to abide by its terms only until they are able to ignore them.

Many statesmen, presumably, under the stern duress of military defeat, have signed treaties of peace with a conscious determination to do exactly what LENINE, assuming to speak for Russia, says he will do, but surely never before did a Premier even nominally responsible frankly declare his own signature worthless and the treaty on which it was placed a mere scrap of paper, to be torn up like any other as soon as interest or inclination prompted or conditions made it safe to do so.

If the Germans were people of a different sort, one might well wonder why they wanted or valued a treaty with such a party of the second part, but of course what LENINE says openly they are whispering to each other, and, as a matter of fact, they have not observed for a moment the terms of this treaty. Before the ink on it was dry they had violated those terms, and perhaps they are cynical enough to expect from others no more fidelity to plighted word than they accord themselves. LENINE, after all, takes no chances in threatening to fight as soon as he can. He knows that he never will be able to do it, and as the Germans know it even better than he does, they can afford to smile at his vaporings.

Casualty Lists Delayed.

As a solution of the question as to how casualty lists should be made public, the suggestion that they be given out only once a week will not excite much satisfaction among the relatives of the men who are doing our fighting for us, and it will be still less pleasing for the newspapers, as for the latter it will create difficulties of several kinds. Of course nobody desires the disclosure of information useful to the enemy, but it is so hard for civilians to see what danger there was in making known the names of dead and wounded Americans in the form that was first adopted that the change of it should be justified by full explanation.

That we have not yet had. It does have weight with us all, as it should, that a request for less explicit news of losses in battle came through General PERSHING from the French Government. It is not for us to teach men on the ground in France how to conduct the war in a matter like this, or in any other, but even civilians are not unable to understand a military necessity when the facts are given to them.

Discussing Prayers for Victory.

One correspondent of The Christian Register wrote to that paper recently, and it printed, a letter proclaiming in a tone of virtuous superiority that in the writer's church they never did such a reprehensible thing as to pray for victory. Now another, and evidently very different, correspondent of The Register asks the pertinent question, "What under the heavens can they pray for if not for victory?" That he is a decidedly militant churchman the rest of his communication shows, for it runs thus:

> If we are ashamed of what we want to do, let us say so, and be interned, as we ought to be if we will not help save the country. But if what we are doing is worth finishing, and prayer will help in the finishing, by all means let us say so when we pray.
>
> If I were the nation I would thank no one for prayers for me, if they were not at the same time prayers for the one thing that would enable me to keep on being a nation.

This limpid sort of piety reminds me of CARA ROBINSON's story of the two sisters in London, driven from affluence to selling matches for a living. They drew their shawls over their faces, timidly murmuring, "Matches for sale," and one of them whispered to the other, "Oh, I hope nobody hears me."

"Limpid" is a good word, for it seems to mean "thin" or "watery," as well as "clear." The story of the sisters, too, is one that ought to be applicable to more people than those who are not sufficiently sure that what they want is right to dare to pray for it. Still something should be said on the other side, and presumably will be.

THE CASE OF STIELOW.

Though Saved from the Chair, This Man Is Still Held in Prison.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Serving a life sentence in Sing Sing Prison today is the victim of an attempt that came within eighteen minutes of being successful to murder an innocent man under forms of law, for the sake primarily of a reward offered for the aprehension of the perpetrators of another crime. The name of this unfortunate is Charles F. Stielow. He is under sentence for the murder of a farmer and his housekeeper in the western part of the State in March, 1915, just three years ago, and since that time has been before the courts nine times, and sentenced to death six times. Three times the executioner has gone to Sing Sing to inflict the death penalty upon him. He came within eighteen minutes of execution in July, 1916, when, at the last moment, Justice Guy of the Supreme Court went over the Governor's head and granted a stay of proceedings after the latter had refused the condemned man a reprieve.

Stielow was proved to be innocent by the confession of the real murderer in August, 1916, but as Judge Rodenback of the Supreme Court adjudged the confession to be "only valuable as a psychological study," it became necessary to corroborate it at an expense to the State of $25,000, a process covering a period between March and December, 1917. George H. Bond of Syracuse, a former District Attorney of Onondaga County, was appointed a Special Deputy Attorney General to investigate the entire Stielow case and lay the evidence before the Grand Jury of Orleans County, in which the crime was committed and where public sentiment is all against Stielow. Mr. Bond completed his task and laid the evidence before the Grand Jury last December, and while fourteen of the twenty-one men composing this body refused to believe the confession of the real criminal, (obviously believing that he was trying to force himself into the electric chair for ulterior purposes,) Mr. Bond and the District Attorney of the county both declared their belief in his guilt and in Stielow's innocence.

This occurred last December; that is, the agent appointed by Governor Whitman to ascertain whether or not Stielow was guilty, and the prosecuting officer of the county in which the crime was committed—for which the prisoner had already unjustly suffered many deaths—pronounced Stielow innocent ten weeks ago. And the victim of a miscarriage of justice remains a victim of executive inaction! Why, in the case of a man who for three years has suffered mental and physical torture in prison for a crime known to have been committed by another, the processes of law should be retarded rather than accelerated it is difficult to understand.

FRANK MARSHALL WHITE.
New York, March 11, 1918.

The Main Purpose.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I would like to ask "A Graduate Student" if his house was on fire he would not first bend every effort to putting out the flames before calling a family council to discuss ways and means for preventing future disasters of that kind. This academic discussion of remote causes and this complacent way of speaking about conditions that may exist after the war is won are especially unfortunate because they seem to indicate a lack of appreciation of the great task immediately before us, and also because of their influence on those without settled conviction about the war. A great military power has openly announced its purpose to dominate the world by force of arms. In such circumstances it would seem simply elementary wisdom to devote our best thought and efforts to dealing with a situation that actually exists, rather than theorising about the future, and thus diverting our energies from the main purpose.

JOHN M. LAFFERTY.
New York, March 9, 1918.

War Taxes in Installments.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I think it would be very desirable that the McFadden bill providing for the payment of the excess profits and income taxes in quarterly installments should become a law, as payment in one lump sum would be a great hardship on many corporations and large businesses. The necessity of paying a large tax in cash in one lump sum would greatly hamper future business, might compel many mills, factories, and other undertakings to stop, and would compel borrowing and the throwing over of securities which would seriously interfere with the Liberty Loan and generally disturb business; while, on the other hand, the gradual payment of the tax would not seriously disturb the United States Treasury, because the money is not all needed at one time. Lump sum payment would also necessarily impose a heavy burden upon the banks which will be called upon to lend money and will affect their ability to finance both the needs of the Government and the needs of business.

ADOLPH LEWISOHN.
New York, March 11, 1918.

SHIPBUILDERS, TO ARMS!

Come, men of eager arm and brain,
Come swing into that moving train
Of those who march at Freedom's call.
Come with the war-light in your eye
And a shout to shake the silent sky!

Oh, start the hammers swinging;
Set all the anvils ringing
With glowing rivets singing,
And flying sparks a-stinging—
Come, men, and build us ships!

Men of this young and clear-souled land,
Come swell that noble-blooded band
Of those who lift Old Glory high!
Come rushing in from every side,
All brimming with a manhood's pride.

Toil with your sweat a-pouring,
Where ruddy fires are roaring,
Where high belched smoke is soaring,
And hungry augers boring—
Come, men, and build us ships!

You must not let Old Glory fall!
Up, keep her far above us all;
And when your country's trumpets call,
Give answer while it's not too late.
Toil till the world is new again—
New washed with Freedom's sun and rain—
And every star in Freedom's sky
Smiles with a light from God's own eye,
And tyrants are meted a tyrant's fate!

Oh, start the hammers swinging;
Set all the anvils ringing
With glowing rivets singing,
And flying sparks a-stinging—
Come, men, and build us ships!

EDWARD WILLIAM MARTIN.

PACIFISM AS EGOTISM.

Why We Hear Some American Pacifists Talking Strangely Like the German Kaiser.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

The controversy started by the address of Dr. Speer has opened up a whole new line of thought to many of us. It is becoming more and more evident that the pacifist has a particular kind of mentality. (I am not now speaking of Dr. Speer, but of the pacifist at large.) His brain cells record differently from those of the rest of us. They cause him to be belligerent where his own interests are attacked, but supine and sedate where those of others are at stake. This, of course, is easy, but it is also "a bit thick." To go out and stab and slay when your own home is menaced, but to remain inert and conversational when the home of your neighbor is in danger, argues a peculiar mental attitude, an insidious "kink," and one deserving of analysis.

I have often sought to explain to myself the singular discrepancies which occur not only in the viewpoints of different pacifists, but in the viewpoints of the same pacifist. And at last I think I have hit on the key which turns the lock. It is this:

The war in Europe does not draw out their interest or command their service because it does not affect their own personal lives, as yet, in any but indirect and inconsiderable ways. And as long as they can spill other blood than their own to keep us safe from the Destroyer, as long as they can save their own valuable corpuscles, they are very glad to have it that way. And until the Hun is at the gate, the Golden Gate or Hell Gate, we shall hear them talking pacifism.

But if the day ever comes when Germany is at our throat, these same pacifists will cease to "talk through their hats," and will talk through helmets, instead, along with the rest of us, because then their own lives and the lives of their families and friends will be in supreme peril.

However, till that day comes, to try to get them to change their point of view, or even to be quiet, is a lean hope. As long as it isn't "their ox that's gored," they will talk pacifism, and we shall have to hear them, though we may not always listen. We reserve the right of the unhearing ear yet a while longer as our last defense against this bloodless foe.

But wait till the danger becomes imminent, till America itself is threatened in people and property, and then they will suddenly fall silent. We may even hear them stop talking, for it is easy to hear silence after a very vast noise, and these pacifist folk do make the most unconscionable row about themselves of any sect, race, or "persuasion."

If they are allowed by the Government to be "conscientious objectors" to all that we want them to do and be, surely we have the right conscientiously to object to them and their loud-voiced racket on peace. (Especially when the only peace in sight is being brought about by the efforts of others more patriotic and less selfish than they.) They ought to be "looked into" by the agitators on a noise campaign; New York traffic has nothing "on them."

These pacifists, I submit, are afflicted by the paranoia known to the medical profession as "exaggerated ego." Their whole life is the intensive expression of themselves, and their desires, and what they most want for the thing which means most to them. No other ego than their own matters to them, or will, to the end of time, if they are never threatened at close range. And if the war is never brought as far as our own shores, these pacifists will always be as they are today, disputatious, illogical, and self-impressed. Certainly they impress no one else.

But let our very own America be menaced, let their personal ego be imperiled, their own mental and physical citadel be stormed, and you will hear no more about pacifism, I'm thinking.

The point is that nothing speaks to them which does not pander to them as sensory individuals, which does not further them as units in a universe of which they are the incontrovertible centre and apex. They have no collective soul, no social sense, no racial morality. They live purely for themselves and their own advancement.

Many of them are canny enough to cloak all this in the platitudes of idealism; many are wholly "taken in" by themselves and their viewpoints, and talk idealism with sincerity and singleness of heart. But all of them are alike at least in this one respect.

They wish to keep out of the affray until their own personal interests are at stake; and then, when that happens, no power on earth can keep them out of it. Simply because that is the way their mind works. Their ego is exaggerated till it covers the man. Am I not right in saying that it is a matter of brain cells? For who else among us reacts to the world war in this isolated, impervious, personal way?

We have our own brand of "Me and God" here among us, not "made in Germany" at all. The Kaiser has no corner in God. The pacifist is precisely as prone to talk in that sort of "pink thought" as the veriest Prussian pedant or Junker, aping the War Lord who dominates his thinking and directs his jargon. No wonder the pacifist has long since been dubbed "the tool of the Kaiser." Their earmarks are identical.

We have all heard the Kaiser called a paranoiac, and many have said that he suffers from "exaggerated ego," the very obsession I have discussed above. So, again, we have the pacifist and the Kaiser bracketed in a disgraceful proximity, in a similarity of mental attitude induced by a like pathological abnormality of brain cells.

So perhaps we should not blame "the poor dears." We know they can't help us because they can't help themselves; but they can hurt us, and they can hurt themselves. And they are doing it every day they live and disseminate their perverse ideas. To be sure, they are conditioned by their own limitations, their own neurasthenia. We must grant them that. It is only normality, physical and spiritual, which frees from all limitations and makes a man not only captain of his own fate but the fate of the world. Many pacifists are the most arrant egotists that the Lord ever let live. And the worst of it is they will live the longest because they won't go to war and get killed. So they "have us" at every point, it sometimes seems.

However, we do not envy them their lot or their ascendency over meaner minds. They are their own worst punishment. They carry their own nemesis in vest-pocket edition about with them, in that they are the butt of all free, forward-moving people who today have purged themselves of egotism and are thinking in terms of universal progress.

I would never do Dr. Speer the dishonor to call him a pacifist. I have no idea what he is, besides being a Christian gentleman, an able speaker, and a zealous worker for the right. But I do know that if by any words of his to impressionable young people he has increased the spirit of pacifism, the spirit of egotism, in this country, then he has done himself and others incalculable wrong. And so do all speakers and leaders who use their earnest oratory along the same line, even with the best possible motive and intent.

Therefore, it is well that attention has been called to the matter at this time.

Here is the upshot of my argument: We must, as a nation, as individuals, put up a fighting front to this subtle pest of egotism, of selfism, parading under the platitudes of pacifism, for it is a wolf in sheep's clothing, either when it unwittingly deceives itself or when it is conscious, treacherous, and aware.

RUTH MASON RICE.
New York, March 10, 1918.

THE DUTIES OF MAN.

A French Revolution Statement Applicable to the Present Time.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

The following statement of the "Duties of a Man and a Citizen" was added to the Declaration of Rights of the French nation during the reconstruction period after their Revolution. I find it in the New York newspaper called The Herald: A Gazette for the Country, in its issue of Oct. 14, 1795. It is one of those statements of fundamental truth which the well-meaning people of any nation at any time might do well to examine and take to heart. As it was applicable to the Jacobins of that earlier time, so is it directly applicable to the Bolsheviki of today. It has a most potent application to the people of Germany, particularly their military rulers. It is also applicable to the forgetful and negligible pacifists of the United States, who should know and remember that this country is grounded and rooted in law and justice, and that one of the fundamental principles of our law is the right of property. This is the statement:

> Article I. The support of society requires that its component members should equally know and fulfill their duties.
>
> II. All the duties of the man and citizen are derived from these two principles, which are engraved by nature in all feeling and just hearts, namely, first, do not to others what you would not wish that others should do unto you; secondly, do constantly to others the good which you wish to receive.
>
> III. The obligations of every person toward society consist in defending it, in serving, to be obedient to the laws, and to respect those who are the organs of them.
>
> IV. Nobody is a good citizen who is not a good son, a good father, a good brother, a good friend, and a good husband.
>
> V. Nobody is a good man who is not a candid and a religious observer of the laws.
>
> VI. He that openly violates the laws declares himself to be in a state of war with society.
>
> VII. He who, without openly violating the laws, eludes them artfully or cunningly, hurts the interest of all; he renders himself unworthy of their benevolence and their esteem.
>
> VIII. It is the respect and support of property on which depend the cultivation of the ground, all productions, all the means of work, and the whole of the social order.
>
> IX. Every citizen owes his services to the country and for the support of liberty, of equality, and of property at any time when he is summoned by the laws to defend them.

In view of the new selective draft and the forthcoming issue of Liberty bonds, this old statement of principles of our sister republic, France, should have a special appeal now.

THOMAS W. HOTCHKISS.
New York, March 10, 1918.

PRISONER PROPAGANDA.

A War Measure That Might Be Used by the Allies as Well as Germans.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

"A German Propaganda Among Russian Prisoners" is the theme of an enlightening article in last Sunday's TIMES. It affords one more revelation of the resourcefulness of the Central Powers. Isn't it about time to call a halt on the "blundering diplomacy and stupid propaganda" of the Central Powers, and turn to more vigorous action ourselves along those lines? Several weeks ago I inquired of the Security League if anything had been done to sustain a systematic and efficient propaganda among prisoners captured from the Central Allies. We have heard little on that subject, yet we must believe that such an opportunity to reach the German Army has not been entirely neglected. Of course, the State documents of President Wilson, translated into idiomatic German beyond all chance of misrepresentation or mutilation, should form the mental pabulum of the German prisoner, part of his prison diet, his medicine, if you please; books, pamphlets, papers and maps presenting the aims of the United States, the operations of Imperial Germany in "Free Russia," and the facts so carefully censored from the German people are good food of the same sort. A prisoner propaganda, under the direction of loyal Americans of German birth or ancestry, or loyal Frenchmen or, better yet, loyal Socialists, would light up the darkness of the German mind, so far as the prisoners are concerned. Some day these prisoners will get back to Germany and we shall have in them at least a nucleus of knowledge, sufficient to provoke inquiry or start a doubt in our favor; possibly, if we do our work well, a solid block of enlightened opinion which will stand us in good stead in peace or war. May the German people learn to trust their own saying: "Hinter dem Berge sind Leute auch." This is a soil worth cultivating.

F. U. L.
Manchester, N. H., March 11, 1918.

Pershing's Advice About Letters.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

THE SUNDAY TIMES prints a "Message from General Pershing" urging the constant and cheerful writing of family letters to our soldiers in France.

To one American family this advice is superfluous, and in its behalf I wish to suggest that it is now up to General Pershing to help all concerned by doing something to insure the receiving of such letters by those to whom they are written.

A First Lieutenant, Signal Service, Aviation Corps, left for France on Dec. 9 last. Since then he has received no letters from home. A cable and eight letters have been received from him; the last, received last week, wonders why he does not get any, as he is sure many have been sent. He always puts service address on his letters, "Am. Expedition

PRIZE WINNERS OF NATIONAL ACADEMY

Paul Daugherty's "Bottalack Cove" Takes Altman $1,000 Award at Annual Exhibit.

WAR ASPECT IN PICTURES

"Allies Day," by Hassam, a Painting of Flags, Wins $500—Inness Medal to Howard Giles.

There were the usual crowds at the private view of the National Academy of Design at its ninety-third annual exhibition yesterday. There were certain war notes in the pictures exhibited, and war affixes to a few of the names of the artists. There were barely half the number of pictures sent in for competition this year. This may have been because the artists, older as well as younger men, are doing war duty, or it may have been due to the difficulties of transportation. After stupendous efforts several artists having private exhibitions in the city have finally been obliged to give up bringing their pictures here. It frequently takes longer to bring things by rail than by automobile, and undoubtedly many artists were influenced by this fact in sending academy exhibits.

In this year's prize winners, Paul Daugherty carried off the Altman prize of $1,000 for "Bottalack Cove," a small, blue-toned body of water walled in by rugged rocks, a narrow opening at the back, the outlet for the cove, giving a glimpse through the rocks of a larger body of water and boats. Childe Hassam's "Allies Day," which took the Altman prize of $500, is a perpetual wonder that anything so difficult as flags could be manipulated with such skill and produce such a really beautiful picture. There is the deep red of the large Union Jack directly in the foreground, the Stars and Stripes, the flag a little larger, given its proper significance in the etiquette of flags, but with a modified color tone; the deep blue of the French Tricolor striking another deep note, and a wind-crumpled flag breaks the monotony of straight lines. There is another flag, the Stars and Stripes, one of the highest, again taking its place of preeminence, but without assertiveness; there are the softened gray walls of the buildings and a glimpse of the crowds in the street—a charming picture of a difficult subject and a historic scene.

"Going East," by Walter Ufer, takes the $300 Thomas B. Clarke prize. The winner of the first of the Hallgarten prizes of $300, $200 and $100 is Leopold Seyffert for a portrait of his wife, a large painting, a vigorous portrait of a young woman in an outing suit, wearing a large hat, seated, the brilliancy of the figure accentuated by the whirls of color which form the background. Lazer Raditz takes the second for a self-portrait, and Felix Russman the third for "The Black Bottle," an agreeable still life.

"Maine Woods" gave the Inness gold medal to Howard Giles; "Spring," when all the world begins to take on tones of light and life, a large soft tone picture with many white geese, took the Saltus medal for merit for Joseph T. Pierson, Jr., and Lydia F. Emmett took the Isaac N. Maynard prize of $100 for the best portrait in the exhibition, "Tell Me a Story," a pretty boy in black velvet with an expression of expectancy in his face, the painting owned by Francis P. Garvan.

One of the war pieces is in the sculpture exhibit, the eagle to commemorate America's entrance into the war, by Eli Harvey, a warlike bird in relief in a roundel.

Carlton Chapman shows an "Indian Summer" in the woods, soft red-browns and moss-covered rocks; a nice, ripply water scene is "Boy with a Boat," by Elliot Torrey; a small boy wading under a pier, where the waves run high and green and one can feel the refreshing coolness of the shadows on a hot Summer day; everything is a deep blue in water and hills in Joseph H. Boston's "Moonlight—Adirondacks," and quite a different study of blue is Emil Carlsen's "The Caribbean at St. Thomas," a big, placid stretch of blue, a light blue as it nears shore and deeper in tone further out. There is an outline of the land running along the foreground of the picture, with one straggly trunk of a tree, and at one side can be seen a slender point of land jutting into the water. It is a broad, placid scene, in strong contrast to many of the Carlsen marines. Another study in blue of the sea to be seen in "The Line Storm," by Frederick J. Waugh. Here is all water, deeply moved, the blue waves with deeply frothed caps, a turbulent sea, such as one sees in midocean, under lowering skies. A cheerful low coast scene is "Morning on the Rocks," by Howard Russell Butler; a small bay curves into the land, and down near the water is the figures of a woman with a red umbrella, which makes a gay note in the picture, while the figure of another woman is on the rocks a little above.

There is a portrait of Cecelia Beaux, a kind, strong face, the face of a woman who loves children, a strong note of blue in the waist she is wearing, by Robert B. Brandegee, and another portrait is a clearly outstanding one of Mrs. Adrian Iselin 2d, by William L'Engle. The green background outlines clearly the head, which is without a hat, and a coat or sweater that is worn is of a shade deeper tone.

"Clinging Snows," by Gardner Symons, is one of the notable Winter scenes. The snows are melting, the water in the stream shows blue, there are blue notes to the snow as it lies thinning on the ground, leaving here and there clear spaces where the green of coming Spring can be seen. On the trees, notably on those of the evergreen, heavy patches of snow are still clinging.

Still another snow scene which has a familiar note is "Central Park," by Everett L. Warner of the United States Navy, as well as Associate National Academician. There is a round pool in the centre of the picture, in the foreground, just in front of the bare branches of a tree stand out. The buildings outside the park, not too distinctly outlined, form a background for the picture, and over and around them is the glow of the setting sun falling upon the pool and the tree.

A figure painting which is pleasing is Edmund Greacen's "The Blue Tray." It is a picture all delicate colors. The figure of a woman fills it, spreading hat, spreading skirts, and in her lap she holds the blue tray filled with fruits. There are seventy-three of the exhibits by Academicians in the exhibit, sixty-one by associates, and 282 by non-members.

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DR. FRIEDLANDER QUITS.

Will Not Go to Palestine for Red Cross—Withdrawal Regretted.

Dr. Israel Friedlander of the Jewish Theological Seminary, who was named as the Jewish member of the Red Cross Commission to Palestine, wrote yesterday to the Joint Distribution Committee of the American Funds for Jewish War Sufferers resigning the position. Dr. Friedlander said that assertions, though entirely unfounded, that his sympathies were not pro-British had caused him to fear that his usefulness as a member of the commission had been impaired. Commenting on the report which caused his resignation, he wrote:

"I must indignantly repudiate this allegation. As a self-respecting man, I should never have dreamed of accepting the task of acting in a public capacity in a land subject to British rule were this, even in the remotest degree, to conflict with my innermost sentiments. As a matter of fact, I was one of those who welcomed with intense and unqualified joy the progress of British arms in Palestine."

The committee adopted a minute recording its approval of the selection of Dr. Friedlander and regretting his withdrawal.

VIRGINIUS J. MAYO MARRIES.

Manufacturer Weds Lois D. Waterbury, His Former Stenographer.

Special to The New York Times.

STAMFORD, Conn., March 12.—Lois D. Waterbury, 27 years old, of New Haven, was married here this afternoon to Virginius J. Mayo, 57, of New Haven. The ceremony was performed by Justice of the Peace Francis S. Tipper. Miss Waterbury was formerly Mr. Mayo's stenographer in his New Haven factory.

"I have never done anything I was ashamed of," said Mr. Mayo as he drove off with his bride after the ceremony.

Miss Waterbury, it is understood, will make her home in the house near New Haven which Mr. Mayo fitted up for Mrs. Wilhelmina Meyer Mayo, who sued him for $250,000 damages in 1915 because at the time he married her he had another wife. She obtained a verdict of $100,000. Meantime Mrs. Florence Weeks Mayo of Scranton, Penn., to whom he was married on May 14, 1890, brought suit for divorce, which she obtained.

Miss Waterbury, who always protested her love for Mr. Mayo, since his double life was publicly revealed in 1915, said that she was glad that he was finally free legally to wed her and legitimatize their two daughters.

Mr. Mayo had been living at the Murray Hill Hotel in New York of late. He has business interests in New York, and is no longer connected with the Mayo Radiator Company of New Haven.

PLANS FOR WAR WEDDING.

Miss Cogswell to Wed Ensign Thomas Robins, Jr., Saturday.

Plans for the wedding of Miss Louisa Winslow Cogswell, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Cullen Van Rensselaer Cogswell of 12 East Eleventh Street, and Ensign Thomas Robins, Jr., U. S. N., which is to take place on Saturday afternoon at 4 o'clock in the Church of the Ascension, have been completed.

Miss Mary Van Rensselaer Cogswell is to be her sister's maid of honor, and the bridesmaids will include the Misses Elizabeth H. Manning, Mary Y. R. Lorillard, Theodora Mead, Audrey Rieker, Virginia Loney, Dorothy Caswell, Irene Turnure, and Agnes Roudebush.

MISS COHN BETROTHED.

Red Cross Worker to Wed Lester Levy, Aviation Instructor.

Mr. and Mrs. Edward R. Cohn of 535 West 149th Street and West End, N. J., announce the engagement of their daughter, Miss Caroline Annabel Cohn, to Lester Levy, son of Mr. and Mrs. A. Levy, of Toronto, Canada.

Miss Cohn is President of the Mount Neboh Chapter of the American Red Cross, and is on the Visiting Board of the Hebrew Infants' League and interested in other philanthropies. Her father is President of the Mutual Banking Association of this city, and a veteran of the Spanish-American war. She has a brother, Richard E. Cohn, now in service.

Mr. Levy and Sergeant Cecil Lancaster were among the first members of the Royal Flying Corps. Mr. Levy was injured overseas, and is now master mechanic aviation instructor at the field in Toronto. His father is a Councilman of Toronto, and President of the Merchants' Association of that city.

No date has been set for the wedding.

MISS ZINKEISEN A BRIDE.

Wed to Sergt. William Bradford in St. Bartholomew's Church.

Miss Josephine Pomeroy Zinkeisen, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Max Zinkeisen of 140 East Fifty-sixth Street, and Sergeant William Bradford of Company A, 105th Engineers, stationed at Camp Sevier, S. C., were married yesterday at noon in the chapel of St. Bartholomew's Church. The Rev. W. Poyntell Kemper officiated.

A small reception followed for the immediate families at the home of the bride.

Lieut. Rodney Marries Miss Harris.

Lieutenant Archer Rodney of the Aviation Section of the Signal Corps, stationed at Hoboken, and Miss Rita Harris, a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Charles Harris, were married yesterday in the Rose Room of the Majestic, where her parents make their home. The bride had no attendants, but her brother, Claude Harris, was Mr. Rodney's best man. A dinner for twenty-four relatives and intimate friends followed the ceremony, and then Lieutenant Rodney and his bride left for a two weeks' honeymoon. Mr. Rodney, who was a student at Cornell, volunteered about a year ago for army service.

To Wed Commander Le Boutillier.

Mr. and Mrs. John G. Withrow of East Orange, N. J., announce the engagement of their daughter, Miss Jean Lindsay Withrow, to Flight Commander Oliver Colin Le Boutillier, son of Mr. and Mrs. Oliver Le Boutillier of East Orange. Commander Le Boutillier is in the Royal Naval Air Service, and is at present serving in France. Miss Withrow is a graduate of the Dearborn Morgan School of Orange, class of '16.

Miss Wood to Wed Edward Shippen

Mrs. Frederic Wood of Morristown, N. J., announces the engagement of her daughter, Miss Eleanore Kip Wood, to Edward Shippen, son of Mr. and Mrs. William Shippen of New York and Mostley Hall, Morristown. Mr. Shippen is a member of the Morris County Golf Club. His father is President of the First National Bank of Hoboken, N. J.

RELIGIOUS NOTICES.

P. E. Church of the Incarnation
35th Street and Madison Ave.
Until Passion Week services will be held and the Rev. Stuart L. Tyson, D. D. will lecture on every Monday and Thursday afternoon at five o'clock.
The lectures on Monday afternoons will be on "THE HISTORY OF THE BOOK OF COMMON PRAYER," and on Thursday afternoons on "THE FIRST THREE GOSPELS."

ESTIMATED WAR TAX HITS THE RICH HARD

John D. Rockefeller Expected to Pay $38,400,000 on an Annual Income of $50,000,000.

H. C. FRICK COMES NEXT

Three Women Among Thirty Wealthiest Americans Who Will Give Much Toward Victory.

Collector William H. Edwards of the Second, or Wall Street, revenue office, commented yesterday upon the estimated taxes of America's richest individuals, pointing out that, right or wrong, the estimates should dispel any idea that the rich were not bearing their share in the war.

It had been estimated that John D. Rockefeller would be called on to pay a tax of about $38,400,000 this year, based on an income of $60,000,000. It had been figured, also, that Henry C. Frick was Mr. Rockefeller's closest rival, who would pay a tax approximately $7,100,000. The twenty-nine wealthiest individuals after Mr. Rockefeller would pay, taxes, it was estimated, aggregating $86,100,000.

"While these estimates were not given out by this office," said Collector Edwards, "I think the showing made is of a character to dispel the erroneous idea that the rich are not called upon to bear their share of the war's financial burdens.

"In this connection it should be borne in mind that all incomes of $2,000,000 or more must pay a surtax of 65 per cent. In addition there are normal taxes and the excess profits tax. Few of the richest men will have to pay an excess profits tax, as their incomes are derived from securities, the taxes on which are paid by the corporations. While, as I have said, the list shown to me cannot be considered official, there is no law against estimating an individual's wealth."

Three women figure in the list of the thirty wealthiest Americans. They are Mrs. E. H. Harriman, with an estimated income of $4,000,000; Mrs. Russell Sage, $3,000,000, and Mrs. Lawrence Lewis, $2,500,000.

The list of the thirty wealthiest Americans with their estimated incomes and accruing income taxes could not be verified as to amounts at either Collector Edwards's or Collector Eisner's office. Collector Edwards said all income tax transactions were held strictly confidential by the Government. While expressing no opinion as to the correctness of the figures as put before him, the Collector was not inclined to regard the estimates as fantastic. Incomes and taxes payable of these thirty persons, as estimated, are as follows:

	Estimated Income Tax Yearly Based on This Income.	Estimate.
Rockefeller, J. D.	$60,000,000	$38,400,000
Frick, H. C.	11,250,000	7,100,000
Carnegie, Andrew	10,000,000	6,400,000
Baker, George F.	7,500,000	4,800,000
Rockefeller, William	7,500,000	4,800,000
Harkness, Edward S.	6,250,000	4,000,000
Arnaour, J. Ogden	5,250,000	4,000,000
Ford, Henry	5,000,000	3,200,000
Vanderbilt, W. K.	5,000,000	3,200,000
Green, Edward H. R.	5,000,000	3,200,000
Harriman, Mrs. E. H.	4,000,000	2,560,000
Aston, Vincent	3,750,000	2,400,000
Stillman, James	3,500,000	2,240,000
Ryan, Thomas F.	3,500,000	2,240,000
Guggenheim, Daniel	3,500,000	2,240,000
Schwab, Charles M.	3,500,000	2,240,000
Morgan, J. P.	3,500,000	2,240,000
Sage, Mrs. Russell	3,000,000	1,920,000
McCormick, C. H.	3,000,000	1,920,000
Widener, Joseph	3,000,000	1,920,000
James, Arthur C.	3,000,000	1,920,000
Brady, Nicholas F.	3,000,000	1,920,000
Schiff, Jacob H.	2,500,000	1,600,000
Duke, James B.	2,500,000	1,600,000
Eastman, George	2,500,000	1,600,000
du Pont, Pierre S.	2,500,000	1,600,000
Swift, Louis S.	2,500,000	1,600,000
Rosenwald, Julius	2,500,000	1,600,000
Lewis, Mrs. Lawrence	2,500,000	1,600,000
Phipps, Henry	2,500,000	1,600,000

The operation of the income tax as well as the excess profits tax has come as a big surprise to many, especially to the men whose incomes were increased by war activities last year. One of the most notable examples was cited yesterday by Collector Edwards. It was a case where a man who made $100,000 last year was obliged to turn over to the Government in taxes $85,000. "When this man got through paying his taxes he had only $37,000 left out of his $100,000," the Collector said.

Practically all the persons named in the above list draw incomes from corporations whose offices are located in Collector Edwards's district, and nearly all live in that part of Manhattan included in the Third Internal Revenue District, of which Mark Eisner is Collector.

LODGE PLEADS FOR ARMY.

Says War Will Be Won in France and We Must Back Our Men.

BOSTON, March 12.—Belief that Russia would never be a factor in the war again and that the conflict would be won on the fields of northern France was expressed by United States Senator Henry Cabot Lodge before the Massachusetts Senate today.

"I wish the people of Russia nothing but good," he said, "but I believe that its government will never be an active factor in the war again. Therefore, the duty of taking up the fight devolves upon the United States. I believe that the war will be won on the fields of northern France—where our American boys are. It is the duty of every citizen to see to it that the greatest possible measure of assistance is given to them."

The Senator also spoke on the war before the House of Representatives, and gave his pledge that he would never give a partisan vote on war matters. He warned against a shallow optimism, which, he said, was as dangerous as pessimism. The American people, the Senator said, will fight all the better if they knew the full truth.

SAILOR KILLS HIMSELF.

Albert E. Thodd of Brooklyn Was Under Arrest for Overstaying Leave

NEW LONDON, Conn., March 12.—Chief Machinist's Mate Albert E. Thodd, aged 35, whose home is in Brooklyn, killed himself with a revolver shot in the head here this afternoon while under arrest in charge of a navy guard from the State Pier. He had been arrested for overstaying his leave.

Acquaintances of the man say that he had always been considered erratic.

Gregory Sale of Antiques, $6,790.

Returns for the sale of the antiques and curios of the late Charles Gregory of New York, which closed at the American Art Galleries yesterday afternoon, were $6,790. The returns for the afternoon were $2,974. There were large numbers of articles of a kind which kept down the prices. Antique gold poison and puzzle rings were sold in lots of five to ten. An old violin brought the highest price of the day, going to Landon for $55. With a name on the inside were the words "Romani Cremona 1720." A pair of old French earrings and a neck ornament, each earring set with thirty-five rose diamonds, went to J. Z. Noordan for $62.50. A collection of several hundred semi-precious stones went to C. C. Elder for $35.

Moving Picture Actor Asphyxiated.

George Denton, 53 years old, a movie actor, was accidentally ashyxiated last night in a furnished room he occupied at 366 West Forty-sixth Street. His body was found by Patrolman Hardy of the West Forty-seventh Street station, who forced open the door to the room. Gas was escaping from a small gas stove standing on a chair beside the bed. The people with whom Denton lived said he was a Mason.

SUES RICH COAL OPERATOR.

Divorced Woman Alleges John Markle Aided her ex-Husband.

Special to The New York Times.

ALLENTOWN, Penn., March 12.—John Markle, coal operator and capitalist of Hazelton, was made defendant today in a suit for $250,000 damages brought by Mrs. Alice Dillinger Jessup, divorced wife of Albert B. Jessup, Vice President and General Manager of the G. B. Markle Coal Company, of which concern the defendant is the President.

Mrs. Jessup is the daughter of the late Colonel Jacob S. Dillinger, a prominent member of the Lehigh County bar, and is now living in this city with her daughter, 14 years old. The suit was brought in Lehigh County, and the papers were served on Mr. Markle on a train as he was en route to his Hazelton home from New York.

The case is the outcome of the domestic troubles of Mr. and Mrs. Jessup, culminating in a divorce being granted to the husband in Idaho last year. The grounds, it is stated, were "cruel and barbarous treatment," as well as desertion. Mrs. Jessup now alleges her husband was not a resident of Idaho, but that he lived at Montclair, N. J., and continued in the service of the Markle Coal Company. Mr. Markle aided her husband to establish a false residence in the Western State, she asserts.

Mrs. Jessup also alleges that Mr. Markle was instrumental in having witnesses commit perjury in the divorce proceedings. She cites in particular the testimony of Mrs. Jane Griffith, who, she declares, was provided by an employe of Mr. Markle with a typewritten statement of the things to which she was expected to testify in order to strengthen the case of the husband.

GIRLS CHEER MISS MORGAN.

Her Talk on Needs of French Prompts Them to Give to Fund.

Girls of the Vacation Society of which Miss Anne Morgan is Treasurer gave her three cheers at the big ball in the Metropolitan Life Building Hall last night after she had told them of the reconstruction work she was doing in France and then gave all the pennies and nickels they had with them to buy rabbits.

Miss Morgan showed a series of moving pictures illustrating the actual work that was going on in the twenty-seven French villages around Blerancourt, where she and the women with her were working. She showed great tracts of lands covered with wrecks of French farm wagons and implements, showed them the French soldiers getting these again into shape and finally the wagons and plows in use on the fields.

"Let us give Miss Morgan three cheers," said Miss Robinson-Smith, Chairman of the Vacation Society, when Miss Morgan had finished, and the girls gave three rousing ones.

"And rabbits are cheap," she added. "It takes very little money to buy one and anything you want to give tonight—it is not compulsory—will be a help to those poor people."

Some one took money in a basket in the front of the hall and a man held his hat for loose change at the back, and in the two there was the equivalent of 300 rabbits to go to France before the girls had left the hall.

YEAR'S AID TO ANIMALS.

Society for Prevention of Cruelty Makes Annual Report.

In the yearly report of the Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals made public yesterday Alfred Wagstaff, President, gives the happenings of a single day at headquarters as indicating just what the society has to face in a Winter such as that just passed. The day selected was one when street conditions were bad as a result of snow and ice.

"The complaints received by telephone," he said, "totaled 137, proper action being taken in every case. If you will stop to consider the time and labor involved in making a personal investigation of an average case, you can form some idea of the work involved in this day's activity."

Mr. Wagstaff gives this condensed summary of the year's work:

Offenders arrested and prosecuted by the society	895
Offenders against police and prosecuted by the society	135
Total arrests and prosecutions	1,030
Animals suspended from labor	5,472
Horses, and other large animals, disabled beyond recovery, humanely destroyed	1,439
Disabled horses and other large animals removed from the streets in ambulances	985
Complaints of cruelty received and investigated	8,710
Calls made for unwanted, sick, and injured animals	97,169

The report of the Treasurer showed that the total income for the year was $152,234.52; the expenses were $163,249, leaving a deficit of $13,015.

CATHOLIC WAR FUND GROWS

Women's Committee Makes Report and Men Arrange Big Drive.

The Women's Committee of the Catholic War Fund brought in $8,000 at the Hotel Plaza yesterday afternoon. Harvey J. Hill, Secretary of the American Red Cross War Council, addressed the women and urged them to renewed effort.

Preparatory work is going on for the big drive next week by the men, who are to bring in $2,500,000 for the Knights of Columbus Camp and overseas service to the men. A group of bankers and business men organized yesterday at the Bankers' Club and Morgan J. O'Brien was made Chairman. The next meeting is to be held at Delmonico's tomorrow evening. Among the team captains appointed were Nicholas F. Brady, James S. Carney, Robert J. Cudahy, Joseph P. Grace, Henry Heide, Ernest Iselin, Roger P. Kavanagh, Peter McDonnell, Peter J. Maloney, Thomas F. Ryan, Alfred E. Smith, John C. McCall, Clarence H. Mackay, William Fox, William D. Guthrie, John G. Agar, Harvey J. Hill, Hubert McDonnell, and Peter Brady.

RADICALS CHEER WILSON.

Ask President to Recognize Bolsheviki in Russia.

Three thousand members of various radical organizations, who met last night at the Star Casino in Harlem at the call of the American Bolshevist Bureau of Information, adopted resolutions calling on "the President of the United States and the proletariat of the world" to protest against the proposed Japanese entry into Siberia. The resolution also asked President Wilson to recognize the Bolshevist Government.

References to the President's message to the Congress of Soviets were cheered. Arturo Giovanitti, the I. W. W. leader, urged that radicals all over the world should support the Bolsheviki in their struggle against Germany, but asserted at the same time that the Bolsheviki had done a thousand times as much as the United States to rid the world of Prussianism. Louis C. Fraina announced that it was planned to hold a meeting later and send a committee to President Wilson to ask his permission for the organization of an American Red Guard, to be composed of volunteers who would go to Russia to fight Germany.

CONFERS ON COAL PLANS.

Garfield Aid Says New York Will Be Well Cared For.

L. A. Snead, an assistant of National Fuel Administrator Garfield, conferred here yesterday with New York Fuel Administrators on plans for storing half a million tons of coal in New York City to insure a reserve supply for next Winter and to consider the proposed zoning system. Discussing plans for New York, Mr. Snead said:

"New York is receiving particular attention from the National Fuel Administration in planning storage facilities to prevent a possible shortage next Winter. Heretofore New York has had room for about one week's supply of coal. Now we are working on a system whereby half a million tons reserve coal may be stored here. New York City will be well taken care of."

The Distribution Committee of the State Fuel Administration yesterday began work on a distribution plan, details of which may be announced within ten days. Mr. Schley said it was the aim to store coal principally in the bins of the industrial concerns and the householders. To do this, he said, there must be a free delivery of coal during the warm months and an equitable distribution.

LUXBURG HAS NOT ESCAPED.

Rumor That Ex-German Minister Had Fled Is Denied in Argentina.

BUENOS AIRES, March 12.—Reports were current here today that Count von Luxburg, former German Minister to Argentina, had fled. It was said he had been missing for several days from the house in the suburb of Lomas de Zamora, where he was supposed to have been under strict surveillance, and that last night he, the former German Naval Attaché and a large group of other Germans passed through Puente del Inca, in the Andes, on the international train for Chile.

After an investigation of these reports the Foreign Office said they were untrue, and that it had been assured by the police that the Count was still here under guard. The Foreign Office states the reports were due to a mistake as to the identity of the Germans seen on the international train.

The British Government having declined to issue a safe conduct for a German physician to accompany Count von Luxburg on his voyage home, the Foreign Office is endeavoring to make arrangements to have a neutral physician go with him.

MEMORIAL TO DR. LEIPZIGER

Special Building for Public Lecture Bureau Proposed.

A special building for the Public Lecture Bureau of the New York Department of Education, which could serve as a memorial to the late Supervisor, Dr. Henry M. Leipziger, is suggested in the annual report, which has just been submitted to the Board of Education by Acting Supervisor Wendell M. Thomas. The report contains a diagram in which the development of the lecture system is traced from its beginning.

The number of auditors since 1889, the first year of the lectures, has increased or decreased as the appropriations have been augmented or lowered. The attendance increased rapidly up to 1902, fluctuated as financial support was slightly decreased, dropped quickly in 1909, and was gradually restored until 1914, when a sudden withdrawal of public funds resulted in the closing of many centres and the administration of a blow to the hopes of the lecture advocate. Between Oct. 1, 1916, and June 30, 1917, however, the attendance showed an increase of 1,385 over the preceding year.

In that period the total attendance was 833,486, an average of 203 for each lecture. The lectures were delivered in 130 centres by 700 lecturers, speaking on 1,648 topics before 4,608 audiences. The report contains a picture of Dr. Leipziger and many tributes to his character from prominent men. Among them is the following letter from Colonel Theodore Roosevelt:

"I mourn the death of Dr. Leipziger. It was my privilege to number him, for many years, as one of my friends. I do not believe that in all New York there was a more devoted, zealous, and entirely disinterested public servant. He did an incalculable amount of good for our city, and was emphatically one of the best citizens I know. For thirty years of a really noble and useful life he devoted himself to the public service of New York. Every good citizen owes him a debt of gratitude."

REV. DR. N. WALLING CLARK.

Former President of Methodist College in Rome Dies at 59.

The Rev. Dr. N. Walling Clark, former President of the Methodist College in Rome, Italy, and until recently the Superintendent of the Methodist Episcopal Church for the District of Rome, died in a private hospital in this city yesterday from arterio-sclerosis in his sixtieth year. Dr. Clark had held many prominent posts in Europe in connection with the work of his Church. From 1886 to 1889 he was a professor in Martin Institute at Frankfort-on-the-Main, Germany, and from 1889 until 1896 he was President of the Reeder Theological School in Rome. In 1901 and 1902 he served as Traveling Secretary for Europe and the Levant of the World's Student Christian Federation.

Dr. Clark was President of the Methodist College in Rome in 1903 and 1904. He was born in Plattsburg, N. Y., in 1859, and was graduated from Wesleyan University twenty years later, and from Drew Theological Seminary in 1883. Later he studied at the Universities of Bonn and Heidelberg, and, returning to this country, received the degree D. D. from New York University and Wesleyan University.

Dr. Clark left a wife and one son, a student at Harvard. The funeral service will be held in the chapel of Drew Theological Seminary, Madison, N. J., tomorrow afternoon at 3:30 o'clock.

A Mass for John E. Redmond.

Cardinal Farley will preside at a solemn mass to be celebrated tomorrow morning at 10 o'clock in St. Patrick's Cathedral in memory of John E. Redmond, the Irish Nationalist leader, who died March 6. Many prominent New Yorkers will attend. The Cardinal will give the absolution at the close of the requiem mass.

The celebrant will be the Right Rev. Mgr. Joseph F. Mooney, V. G. The eulogy is to be delivered by the Right Rev. Mgr. M. J. Lavelle, V. G. Friends, supporters of the dead Irish leader, and the public generally are invited.

M.A. O'Connor, Hero at Triangle Fire

Martin A. O'Connor, who as a member of the New York Fire Department at the Triangle fire several years ago aided in the rescue work, carrying many girls to safety, died yesterday at El Paso, Tex. He was 29 years old, and when in this city made his home at 518 West 168th Street. Last September Mr. O'Connor was drafted, but army medical authorities rejected him because of physical disability. In 1916 he had been injured while training for an athletic meet, and his physician ordered him South to recuperate. Mr. O'Connor had been the all-around champion of the Crescent Athletic Club.

Marquis del Muni Reported Dead.

LONDON, Wednesday, March 13.—A dispatch to the Exchange Telegraph from Paris says it is reported in the French capital that the Marquis del Muni, Spanish Ambassador to France, is dead at Biarritz.

Fernando Leon y Castillo, Marquis del Muni, has been Spain's Ambassador to France for a number of years. He tendered his resignation as Ambassador last year, but the Spanish Government declined to accept it.

Marriage and death notices intended for insertion in The New York Times may be telephoned to 1000 Bryant.

Married.

BRADFORD—ZINKEISEN.—On Tuesday, March 12, 1918, by the Rev. W. Poyntell Kemper, in the chapel of St. Bartholomew's Church, New York City, Josephine Pomeroy, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Max Zinkeisen, to Sergeant William Bradford, 105th Engineers.

PARSONS—SHARN.—Saturday, March 9, at the home of the bride, Ethel Marie, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Harry B. Shaen, to Harold Coville Parsons.
Newark.

MENNINGER—ERGENZINGER.—March 9, Hulda Ergenzinger to Charles L. Menninger.

Died.

BACON.—Mary Lavinia, wife of the late George Bement Bacon, at the home of her daughter, Mrs. S. E. Brown, St. Paul, Monday, the 11th. Interment at Ogdensburg, N. Y.

BARTON.—Suddenly, on March 11, 1918, Maud Barton, (nee Skipp,) wife of William F. Barton. Funeral services at her late home, 77 North Arlington Av., East Orange, N. J., on Wednesday evening, March 13, at 8 o'clock.

BENNETT.—March 11, William Bennett. Services Stephen Merritt Harlem Chapel, 304 West 126th St., Wednesday evening, 8 o'clock.

BERTSCHY.—On March 12, at her residence, 125 West 98th St., Jennie Bertschy. Notice of funeral later.

BOSTWICK.—Suddenly, on March 12, 1918, Cyrus B., of Montclair, N. J., in his 82d year. Funeral notice hereafter.

BRINCKERHOFF.—At Englewood, N. J., March 12, Helen Morton, widow of the late P. Remsen Brinckerhoff. Funeral service St. Luke's Church, Beacon, N. Y., arrival of N. Y. Central train leaving Grand Central 9:30 A. M. Thursday.

BROMBACHER.—After a very brief illness, on Monday, March 11, 1918, Max H. C. Brombacher, in his 64th year. Services and interment private.

BROWN.—Entered into rest March 10, 1918, after a lingering illness, at her residence, 45 West 140th St., Tina (Clementina,) dearly beloved wife of Ernest W. Brown and member of Women's Relief Corps of James Monroe Corps, No. 118, and Ascalon Chapter, O. E. S. Funeral services at St. Andrew's Church, 5th Av. and 127th St., Wednesday, March 13, at 1:45 P. M. Interment Mount Hope Cemetery.

CHAPPELL.—Suddenly, March 10, at his residence, 462 West 141st St., David Henry Chappell, beloved husband of Ella Smith. Friends and members of the Anawanda Club respectfully invited. Funeral Wednesday at 2 P. M. Interment Calvary.

CLARK.—On March 12, 1918, Rev. N. Walling Clark, D. D., formerly of Rome, Italy, in his sixtieth year. Funeral services at the Chapel of Drew Theological Seminary, Madison, N. J., Thursday, March 14, at 3:30 P. M. Train leaves D., L. & W. station, Hoboken, at 2:30 P. M.

DE BAUN.—At Haverstraw, N. Y., suddenly, on March 11, 1918, Lucretia Mabel Lewis, wife of Denton Fowler De Baun. Funeral service from her late residence, Haverstraw, N. Y., Thursday afternoon, March 14, at 2:30 o'clock. Carriages will be in waiting arrival of West Shore trains leaving West 42d St. at 11:15 and 12:15.

DE LEON.—Frank H., on Sunday, March 10, 1918. Funeral services at Luckings, Bender & Schutte Mortuary Chapel, 851 Amsterdam Av., near 102d St., on Wednesday, March 13, at 10 A. M. Interment Kensico Cemetery. Please omit flowers.

ELLIS.—On March 11, 1918, William Arba Ellis, aged 48 years. Funeral services will be held at Woodlawn M. E. Church, Katonah Av. and 241st St., on Thursday, at 12:45 P. M.

EVERDELL.—At her home, 13 Alice Court, on Monday, March 11, 1918, Margaret M., beloved wife of Franklin E. Everdell. Funeral services at St. Bartholomew's P. E. Church, Pacific St., near Bedford Av., on Thursday, March 14, at 3 P. M.

FORD.—At her residence, 516 Nostrand Av., Brooklyn, on Tuesday, March 12, Theresa Ford. Funeral at convenience of family.

GERLICH.—In her 73d year, Catherine Gerlich, widow of Charles Gerlich, March 12. Funeral services from 1,293 Prospect Av., Brooklyn, New York, 1 P. M., March 14.

GRAT.—On Sunday, March 10, 1918, Second Class Seaman Archibald Gray, Naval Radio Service, U. S. N., beloved son of Archibald Gray of 645 West 171st St. Funeral on Wednesday morning, March 13, from the Holyrood Episcopal Church, 179th St. and Fort Washington Av., at 11 o'clock. Interment Greenwood Cemetery.

GRIGNARD.—On March 12, Charles Edmund, husband of Florence Harriet Grignard, aged 34 years. Services THE FUNERAL CHURCH, (Frank E. Campbell Building,) Broadway and 66th St., Friday later.

HORTON.—Veterans of the Seventh Regiment, N. G., N. Y.—Members are requested to attend the funeral services of Eugene Horton (5th Company) at his late residence, 103 South Broadway, Nyack, N. Y., Wednesday, March 13, 1918, at 2 P. M.
THOMAS DIMOND, President.

HULSHIZER.—Jersey City, March 11, 1918, David J. Hulshizer of 2,787 Boulevard. Relatives and friends are invited to attend the funeral services at the funeral parlors of George Stevens, undertaker, 805 Jersey Av., Jersey City, on Thursday afternoon at 1:30 o'clock.

JACOBN.—Tuesday night, March 12, 1918, in her 80th year, Sophia, widow of the late Jacob Jacobn and sister of Mrs. Bertha Casper, Mrs. Caroline Jacob, and Mrs. Ferao Cohen. Funeral services from her late residence, 7 Lenox Av., Thursday, March 14, at 1:30 P. M.

KALTENBACH.—Suddenly passed away in Tampa, Fla., March 11, 1918, Elizabeth M. Kaltenbach of 148 Hancock St., Brooklyn, widow of John Kaltenbach. Upon arrival of remains notice of funeral services will be published.

KEEP.—At his home in South Norwalk, Conn., of pneumonia, A. Dwight Keep, aged 40 years. Deceased was Secretary of A. L. Latzo & Co., Inc. He leaves a widow, also a mother, Mrs. Ida S. Keep of South Norwalk, and a sister, Mrs. Frank M. Layton of Hartford. Announcement of funeral later.

KIRK.—Hiram Merritt, after a brief illness, on Tuesday, March 12, 1918, Honorable Hiram Merritt Kirk, Justice of the Fourth District Municipal Court, at his residence, 148 East 49th St. Notice of funeral hereafter.

KORNBLUH.—Mrs. Jacob, at her home, 353 East 10th St., March 12. Funeral services will be held Wednesday, March 13, at 1:30 P. M.

LUTZ.—Suddenly, March 10, at her residence, 532 East 88th St., Sophia Lutz, beloved mother of Elizabeth Weber and Henry F. Lutz. Funeral services Wednesday, 8 P. M. Interment Thursday, 11 A. M.

McFADDEN.—Suddenly, at Atlantic City, N. J., March 11, 1918, Martha Wilcox, beloved wife of Dr. C. Howard McFadden. Funeral services at her late residence, 315 State St., Hackensack, N. J., on Thursday afternoon, March 14, at 2:30 o'clock. Train leaves Pa. R. R. N. Y., Susquehanna & Western R. R. 1:32.

MacRAE.—On Monday, March 11, at his home, Martin Monroe MacRae, husband of Jessie Stewart MacRae and son of the late Alexander MacRae of Charlotte, N. C. Funeral service at his late residence, 8 West 95th

NATIONAL LEAGUE PRESCRIBES STRICT RULES OF CONDUCT TO GOVERN PLAYERS

NO SILVER SPOON FOR BALL PLAYERS

Taxis, Late Mornings in Bed, and Other Luxuries Taboo in National League.

STARS DENIED PRIVILEGES

Recruits, Plodders, and Hard Workers Get Equal Recognition Under New Rules.

For the first time in the history of baseball, all players in the National League will be treated alike this season. There will be no more petted and pampered player who will receive special privileges because he has a grand opera singer's temperament. A new set of iron-clad rules has been adopted by the league, and some of the players are going to be shocked when they get their first glimpse at the new code.

Not since many of them attended the little red school house will they have been forced to live up to a set of rules such as the league has laid down this year. The iron hand of discipline will fall heavily on busher and star alike, just as soon as they hit the Southern training camps. There is a binding clause in the players' contracts which enforces them to obey the rules to the letter.

Hereafter the players will have to stop at the hotels designated by the clubs or their expense money will be withheld. In the past many players visited with friends or relatives in various cities and received their expense allowance just the same. Now they must stop at the hotel with the club. Each player is allowed $3 a day for meals in cities where the club stops at hotels on the European plan. Meal money on trains will be allowed at the rate of $1.25 each meal. When the train is scheduled to leave after 6 o'clock P. M. no allowance will be made for the evening meal, nor will any allowance be made for breakfast unless the train does not reach the club's destination by 9 o'clock A. M.

There is one rule which is sure to bring forth a storm of protest from the superstitious players. This has to do with sending their uniforms to the laundry. The rules require the players to keep their uniforms in as clean condition as possible, both at home and on the road. While at home the uniforms will be laundered at the expense of the club whenever requested. When a club is having a winning streak, many players and managers firmly believe that it is bad luck to touch the uniforms, and so in the past many of the players appeared in uniforms which looked as if they had been dragged through the mud. Good luck or bad luck, they will have to be in close touch with the cleaners this season, and the baseball club will make a better appearance even if it does not play any better.

No Taxis for Players.

Here's another rule which will make the jordly players come down to earth: "Players must care for their own baggage in getting to and from the depot and their homes. Players must make their own arrangements in seeking their homes upon arrival at the home city of the club. No taxicab fare will be allowed in visiting cities." That rule smashes a precedent which has been established in the National League for a good many years. Players got into the habit of traveling back and forth from the hotels in taxis and could not think of carrying even a grip. Now they will have to travel like ordinary mortals.

No persons other than members of the team and officials of the club will be allowed in the clubhouse or on the players' bench. Another rule which will make it hard for some of the players reads: "None of the players will be permitted to use intoxicating liquors or cigarettes to excess during the training or playing season, and the question as to whether liquors or cigarettes are being used to excess by any player is to be determined by the manager, and no one else."

The rules relating to the fining of players will be stiffer than ever before. When a player is fired for using obscene language during a game the fine must be paid by the player and will not be refunded under any circumstances. In the past ball players have gone to extremes in rowdyism because they knew that if they were fined the money would be paid by the club. There will be no more paying of fines by clubs, for if a club fails to deduct from the player's salary the amount of his fine the club will be fined $250.

There is still another rule which says: "No player will be permitted to be guilty in public of gross misbehavior, including intoxication, fighting, quarreling, indecency or scandalous conduct, whether off or on the playing field, during the playing season."

Salaries May be Withheld.

The new rules hit the player pretty hard in the pocketbook, because there is provision that "players who are unable to perform their duties properly because of injury or illness not incurred in the discharge of their duties will not receive their salaries, or any allowance incident to such injury, for time incapacitated."

The players will have to be more prompt than ever before, in reporting at morning or afternoon practice, for one of the new club laws requires that "whenever hours have been fixed by the manager for practice purposes, in the morning or afternoon, either at home or abroad, during the playing season, or before the season commences, all players will be required to report at the time prescribed, unless permission to absent themselves has been obtained from the manager."

Copies of the new rules have just been sent to all players in the National League, and it is believed that by the time the clubs return from the training trips in the South they will have become reconciled to the innovations. The rules were adopted by the league only after a long controversy among the club owners. Several of them, who have temperamental stars on their clubs, put forth the argument that it would be difficult to keep these privileged balltossers in line if they pinned them down to a set of rules. However, after a long discussion, the rules were made uniform, and it was decided that all the players should be treated alike. The players haven't seen the new rules yet, but when they read them over the storm of protest will be heard for miles.

ALEXANDER TO JOIN CUBS.

Holdout Pitcher Ready to Leave for Training Camp.

CHICAGO, March 12.—Grover Cleveland Alexander, star pitcher with the Chicago Nationals, who has been holding out for $10,000 as a bonus for his transfer from Philadelphia, advised President Weeghman of the club today that he would join the team en route to the Pasadena, Cal., training camp at Kansas City tomorrow.

Weeghman exchanged telegrams with Alexander at his home in St. Paul, Neb., but he said the subject of a bonus was not discussed. The pitcher's willingness to join the club is taken to indicate that his demands will be adjusted.

The players will leave for California tonight.

Swim Record to Miss Durack.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 12.—The world's record for women for the 440-yard swim was broken by Miss Fannie Durack, at the Australasian championships at Melbourne, Feb. 16. Word to this effect was received by mail today by William Unmack, an official of the Pacific Athletic Association. Miss Durack swam the distance in 6:06. She won every championship on the program.

GIANTS STOP AT ST. LOUIS.

Break Long Trip to Marlin with Pause at Mound City.

Special to The New York Times.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., March 12.—After a tiresome ride of thirty-two hours the New York squad of Giants arrived here tonight, four hours behind schedule time. The monotony of the trip will be broken up by a short stay in St. Louis, where the players will have the advantage of stationary beds during the night.

A party under the command of Captain Arthur Fletcher was picked up here, and the merged parties will leave for Marlin at 9 o'clock tomorrow morning. Fletcher's party consisted of Walter Volse, George Gibson, George O'Neil, Eddie Hemingway, Joe Shepaer, Clarence Pitt, and Roy Johnson.

The Giant batterymen, who have been boiling out at Hot Sprinks, Ark., left for Marlin this afternoon under the personal leadership of John McGraw. McGraw went to Boston last Saturday to confer with President Haughton on the Doyle deal, and proceeded direct from there to Hot Springs.

The party here now consists of sixteen players. In comparing notes, several of them found out that they may soon be in the army. Benny Kauff had his medical examination transferred to Marlin, next Friday, and says he is ready to go whenever called. Adam Swigler, the former Pennsylvania pitcher, is a Lieutenant in the Dental Reserve Corps, but has not yet been called into active service.

Several of the players have heard directly from Davey Robertson that he would not be with them this season. However, he intimates his retirement may not be permanent, as he wrote, "so this is one season in which I will not play ball."

PHILLIES REFUSE TO SIGN.

Seven Are Holdouts as Team Prepares to Leave for South.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, March 12.—Although the Phillies are scheduled to leave for their training camp in two days, seven of the best players are holdouts. The men who have not yet signed their contracts are George Whitted, Milton Stock, Cy Williams, Bert Niehoff, Chief Bender, Fitzgerald, and Dillhoefer. Gabby Cravath and Muesel have not yet signed, but it is understood that Muesel has come to terms.

Nothing has been heard from Cravath, but he is always late with his contract, as he never signs until he reaches the training camp. The players who have signed are Mayer Oeschger, Jack Adams, Eddie Burns, Luderus, Bradley Hoyt, Rud Weiser, Woodward, Main, Davis, McGaffigan, and Pearoe. Shortstop Bancroft is the only member of the team working under a long contract. His agreement has one more year to run.

TO RUN MARATHON MAY 4.

Third Repetition of Local Race Expected to Draw Great Field.

Announcement has been made that the annual Evening Mail Modified Marathon race will be run this year on May 4. This will be the fourth running of the event, which in past years has proved the distance running classic of the metropolitan district. The course, as in former years, will approximate twelve and one-half miles.

The chase will be held earlier this year than last. In 1917 the race was run from the Concourse and 175th Street to City Hall, and resulted in a stirring test of endurance between Hannes Kolehmainen and Villar Kyronen, the two lusty-lunged Finnish runners. Kolehmainen eventually pulled up at City Hall the winner, with Kyronen second and Charles Pores, Millrose A. A., third. The team trophy was captured by the Millrose A. A. team, composed of Kyronen, Pores, Nick Gianakopolus, the Greek runner; Joe Scarlata, and W. Johanning.

MRS. CASSEBEER NET VICTOR

With Miss Bogart, She Survives in Pinehurst Tennis.

Special to The New York Times.

PINEHURST, N. C., March 12.—Mrs. Theodore Cassebeer and Miss Caroline Bogart came through to the final of the Pinehurst championship tennis tournament today. Mrs. Cassebeer defeated Miss Vesta Blake of Worcester at 6—2, 6—1, and Miss Bogart won from Mrs. Dwight R. Meigs of Philadelphia by 6—2, 6—0.

Dwight R. Meigs defeated H. B. Swope of Medera, Penn., 6—1, 6—3, in the only semi-final match so far played in the men's singles. Christian Mack of Ann Arbor generally is expected to win his way through to meet Meigs in the final.

GARDNER IS GOLF LEADER.

Providence Player Triumphs in the Belleair Tourney.

Special to The New York Times.

BELLEAIR, Fla., March 12.—Dr. C. H. Gardner of Providence, counted on to win the Belleair championship, triumphed in his first match round today, defeating W. A. Alexander of Chicago by 8 and 6. The medal winner, W. W. Flanagan of Pittsburgh, could not live up to his reputation and fell among the discards. T. A. Ashley of Woodland, who came through easily in the last tournament here, was eliminated by J. R. Hanley of Bay City, Mich., by the close margin of 1 up. Clarence Hobart won his first match by a decisive margin.

TWO TIE AT PALM BEACH.

Elwell and Hutchinson Each Make 78 in Golf Tourney.

Special to The New York Times.

PALM BEACH, Fla., March 12.—A high wind made low scoring in today's qualifying round of the annual golf tourney for the Palm Beach championship an impossibility. On the sand greens the wind often blew the balls several feet and the wonder was that any of the players broke 80, which two did, tying for the medal score. They were Joseph B. Elwell, Apawamis, and J. C. Hutchinson, Bala, each with 78.

F. S. Wheeler, President of the United States Golf Association, turned in a card of 83 after getting into serious trouble on the seventh green, which was particularly wind swept.

The scores:

First Sixteen.—J. C. Hutchinson, Bala, 78; J. B. Elwell, Apawamis, 78; B. H. Kroger, Hamilton, 82; F. S. Wheeler, Apawamis, 83; John Shepard, Jr., Rhode Island, 83; A. Mowell, Hackensack, 85; J. G. Connor, Trenton, 86; E. A. Van Vleck, Montclair, 86; P. Corbin, Cheltenham Meadow, 87; A. F. Huston, St. Davids, 88; S. L. Folger, Shelter Island, 88; Wilmot Smith, Oakland, 89; D. D. Dayton, Minnekhda, 89; Dr. C. J. Downey, Springfield, 91; L. Washington, Midlothian, 91; C. Elmer Smith, York, 91. Second Sixteen.—H. B. McClellan, Fox Hills, 91; H. M. Stornbach, North Shore, 91; G. Altmeyer, 92; J. E. Rumbough, Asheville, 92; W. L. Waines, Calgary, 92; Edward Wylde, St. Davids, 92; C. D. Smithers, Nassau, 92; H. K. Bolton, 92; G. D. Wilkinson, Oak Park, 93; J. Speidell, Jr., Wheeling, 93; G. Singer, Pittsburgh, 95; R. M. Fair, Midlothian, 95; G. F. Barnes, Englewood, 95; C. W. Brackett, Minnekahda, 96; A. Krippendorf, Cincinnati, 96; C. Cady, Oak Park, 96.

Team Golf at Pinehurst.

Special to The New York Times.

PINEHURST, N. C., March 12.—The Blues won the annual team match of the Tin Whistles at Pinehurst today, defeating the Reds by 49 to 38 on the Nassau system. The net score contest resulted in a tie for the first prize at 73 between J. D. Rumsey, Brooklyn, handicap 24, and F. S. Pusey of Denver, handicap 17. Fifty-eight took part in the contest.

Hutchinson Scores 148.

Special to The New York Times.

FORT MYERS, Fla., March 12.—In the first annual South Florida open golf championship, with a gale of wind blowing, Jock Hutchinson triumphed with two fine rounds of 74 each.

HUGGINS SETS FAST PACE FOR YANKEES

Recruits and Pitchers Shoulder Training Camp Labors with Willingness.

Special to The New York Times.

MACON, Ga., March 12.—The pace stiffened for the Yankees today. It has not reached a drive yet and no player is asked to do more than he wants to, though the small band which Huggins has here at present are all willing workers. Nobody has been looking for a chance to sit down. Still the hours today were longer, and in two lengthy infield sessions—the same makeshift infield of the day before operation, Lamar, Vick, Ward, and Camp—the work was sharper.

Aaron Ward, the only confessed infielder of the quartet, is as diligent a lad as ever cast ambitious eyes on a big league berth. He is out there doing something when, of the others, the last tired man is pointed for the shower bath and the rubbing table.

Huggins, who is long on work and short on words, had only this laconic comment to make on the developments of the second day: "Nothing new. Don't know any more about them than the day before." A reticent chap, Huggins, and one of very serious mien.

The only thing new was regular work for the pitchers. The mound squad, Love, Caldwell, McGraw, Thormahlen, and Monroe, did regular pitching. None of them did any hard pitching or extended labor in that line. Monroe came the nearest to putting something on the ball, but that something was slight.

Caldwell has made a bet with Huggins. He is speedy afoot, Caldwell is, and has wagered that he can step off a hundred yards by the first of May better than thirteen seconds. Caldwell declares he has seen the time when he could do the hundred in ten. Sam Vick is another fast stepper.

Huggins's youngsters drove wicked liners through the infield in batting practice, but it was soft pitching. By way of variety, when a big lad from Mercer College hurled to them they faced what was more like real pitching. Huggins, by the way, took McGraw and Thormahlen in hand for a short spell of pitching under his own special supervision. When the day was over there was not a man of the ten that had not had all the exercise he cared for.

George Stallings, who visited the Yanks again today, knows nothing new in the Herzog matter, but does say that unless Herzog reports to the Braves Doyle and Barnes will come back to the Braves. "I think the deal will turn out as planned," he said, "but in the meantime we can only wait and see what Herzog is going to do. It would not grieve me to have Barnes and Doyle back, and if they do come they can get in condition as well training with the Giants as with me."

AUTO RACING IS RESTORED.

National Association Decides to Promote Meets Again.

The Contest Board of the American Automobile Association, at a special meeting yesterday, decided to resume its control of motor racing competitions for the season of 1918. It was agreed to rescind its discontinuation order of last November and to conduct the sport on a larger and more elaborate scale than ever before.

An almost universal request from motorists for the resumption of speed contests had its effect. Another element which prompted the A. A. A. to lift the ban was the hearty approval expressed by high Government officials, including the nation's Chief Executive, for the continuation of all sport competitions during the war.

Still another factor was the assurance of international competition, as several of the European champion drivers have signified their intention of coming over in order to get the big prize moneys and glory attached to winning the speed classics. Chairman Kennerdell of the Contest Board said last night that his colleagues would shortly take up the matter of the 1918 circuit.

Three dates for speed carnivals have tentatively been assigned to the Sheepshead Bay Speedway, these being May 30, (Memorial Day,) Aug. 18, and Sept. 21. The two meets decided at this course late last Summer drew more than 125,000 enthusiasts to the seaside track.

PORES ENTERS TITLE GAMES

Berry, Too, Will Compete in National Chapionship.

Reports that Charles Pores, five-mile national champion runner, was about to sever his connection with the Millrose A. A. were discredited yesterday when he sent in his entry as a representative of that organization for the national A. A. U. indoor track and field championships, which will be held next Saturday night in the Twenty-second Regiment Armory. The entry of Pores was one of a number received on the closing day for entries. He will compete in the five-mile event.

J. Howard Berry, the University of Pennsylvania all-around athlete and football star, was another of the late entrants, as were Loren Murchinson, Columbia A. C., St. Louis; E. R. Coughey, U. S. A. Ambulance Service; D C. Sinclair, Princeton University; Ensign Howard G. Cann, U. S. S. New Mexico; Charles L. Seibert, Chicago Turngemeinde; Dorsey Griffith, Georgetown University; Graham A. Burwell, Syracuse University; Gordon T. Nightingale, New Hampshire State College, and Lieutenant Frank Stephenson, Spartanburg, S. C.

Berry, a member of the Officers' Training School, Camp Dix, will compete in the 60-yard dash, and as a member of the Camp Dix team in the one and seven-eighths mile medley relay race. Other contestants from Camp Dix will be O. C. Anderson, last year's all-American football quarter back; Lieutenant Finch, former Cornell University half-miler, and Lieutenant William Anderson, one of the best mile runners in the metropolitan district prior to the war. Coughey was a member of the American team that toured Australia in 1913-14, and on that occasion created several new records with the weights, some of which still remain. He will compete in the 16-pound shot put, as will Ensign Cann and Sinclair. Seibert is the present national high jumping champion. Murchinson, Griffith, and Burwell will start in the 300, and Nightingale in the two and five mile races Lieutenant Stephenson will start in the 60-yard dash.

HOL IN GYMNASTIC MEET.

Former Champion to Strive for Laurels Again.

Officials of the Amateur Athletic Union announced yesterday that Peter Hol, national all-around gymnastic champion of 1914-15, had entered for the Metropolitan Association gymnastic championship tests, which will be held at the Twenty-third Street Y. M. C. A. on March 30. Hol will represent the Norwegian Turn and Athletic Club of Brooklyn. This entry brings the field of competitors up to nine. Two of Hol's most formidable rivals will be Joseph Cessy, West Side Y. M. C. A., and Frank Kriz, Bohemian Club.

COLUMBIA CLUB IN LEAD.

Defeats Princeton Club While Harvard Is Losing to Yale.

Standing of the Clubs.

	Won.	Lost.	P.C.
Columbia Club	5	2	.714
Harvard Club	4	2	.667
Yale Club	3	4	.429
Princeton Club	2	4	.333
Crescent A. C.	2	4	.333

The Columbia Club squash tennis players went into the lead in Class B division of the Metropolitan League team matches yesterday when they scored a victory over the Princeton Club players on the Columbia Club courts by a score of 4 to 3. At the same time that the Blue and White racquet wielders were earning a triumph, the Harvard Club representatives were suffering their second defeat of the season when the Yale Club men were victorious by a score of 3 to 2 on the Harvard Club courts. The Columbia Club men are now within sight of victory in the championship race, for they have only one more match to play. The Harvard Club team has two matches scheduled.

There was spirited competition in both of yesterday's events. The Columbia Club men were in several instances hard pressed to gain the laurels. There were two thrilling three-game contests which were decided by a scant margin. In one Frank Chambers of the Columbia Club was the victor over E. Ellsworth of the Princeton Club at 17—18, 18—16, 18—14. The other also resulted in a victory for the Columbia Club contender, H. R. Burt defeating R. L. Monks of the Princeton Club at 13—15, 18—16, 18—15. Columbia was aided in the victory by a default on the part of the strongest Princeton Club player, H. R. Mixsell, who recently won the national Class B championship. He was to have opposed R. L. Strebeigh.

By agreement the Yale and Harvard teams played only five men each. A. E. Ells and J. W. Burden were the victorious Harvard Club players.

The scores:

Columbia Club vs. Princeton Club.

R. L. Strebeigh, Columbia Club, won from H. R. Mixsell, Princeton Club, by default; S. H. Bird, Princeton Club, defeated H. Kellock, Columbia Club, 15—9, 15—3; A. L. Marvin, Columbia Club, defeated A. N. Mittendorf, Princeton Club, 10—15, 15—8, 15—5; G. E. Harvey, Princeton Club, defeated R. E. Wigham, Columbia Club, 15—6, 15—3; H. R. Burt, Columbia Club, defeated R. L. Monks, Princeton Club, 13—15, 18—16, 18—15; G. Graham, Princeton Club, defeated H. W. Warner, Columbia Club, 15—10, 15—6; F. Chambers, Columbia Club, defeated E. Ellsworth, Jr., Princeton Club, 17—18, 18—16, 18—14.

Yale Club vs. Harvard Club.

A. E. Ells, Harvard Club, defeated J. C. Tomlinson, Jr., Yale Club, 15—7, 15—9; J. W. Burden, Harvard Club, defeated W. Adams, Jr., Yale Club, 15—10, 15—12; F. J. Clapp, Yale Club, defeated J. W. Lee, Harvard Club, 15—9, 15—5; R. A. Granniss, Yale Club, defeated H. S. McKee, Harvard Club, 18—15, 18—17; H. De Forest, Yale Club, defeated J. Corbin, Harvard Club, 15—6, 8—15, 15—9.

BOY HOCKEY RACE CLOSE.

Flushing Has Chance for Second Place in Game Tonight.

The Flushing High School hockey team will have a chance to move into a tie for second place with Poly Prep if they are able to defeat Commercial in the schoolboy championship series at the Brooklyn Ice Palace tonight. In the other game of the double header, Manual will cross sticks with New Utrecht. This will mark the end of the season for these teams.

Although tonight's contests will have a bearing on the minor positions in the league race, the real contest of the schoolboy season, will be played on Friday night at the Brooklyn rink, when Erasmus, now leading in the race, will play Poly Prep. The championship will be decided in this contest. The teams are evenly matched, and the game should attract a large crowd. Friday night's game will begin at 8 o'clock.

Lewis Perfects Head Hold.

Ed "Strangler" Lewis, the Kentucky wrestler, is perfecting a new head hold to use on Wladek Zbyszko when they meet on the mat in Madison Square Garden Tuesday night. This announcement was made last night by the promoters of the match. Lewis is doing his training at Rochester.

SHOEMAKER GAINS VICTORY WITH CUE

Titleholder Defeats Fulton in Pocket Billiard Match by a Score of 125 to 67.

J. Howard Shoemaker made his entrance into the national amateur pocket billiard championship at the New York Athletic Club last night when he defeated Charles R. Fulton by a score of 125 to 67. After the first few innings the titleholder had the contest well in hand. His play was brilliant and Fulton had little opportunity to get in big runs.

Fulton was a bit nervous in playing against the champion and hardly did himself justice. He failed several times on comparatively easy shots. During the first four frames he made the contest something worth while. Shoemaker gained an early advantage, but when Fulton secured all but one of the balls in the fourth frame he was practically on even terms with his rival.

In the next frame he swept the table and had a momentary advantage, but it did not last long against the superior quality of play which Shoemaker at this point injected into the controversy. Toward the close the champion was racing along at top speed, and he compiled one pretty run of 28, which is the highest that the tournament has thus far brought forth.

The afternoon match was a decidedly one-sided affair, in which Charles Shongood, Jr., earned a victory over Ardie Wickers by a score of 125 to 36. It was the first appearance for both men in a national championship event and in the case of Wickers particularly there was evident a bad case of stage fright. He came into the tournament with a reputation for making high runs, but yesterday he could never get started.

Shongood opened in the first frame with a fine bit of shooting, and Wickers was soon hopelessly behind in the struggle. He missed easy shots time and again, and in only one frame did he succeed in pocketing the majority of the ivories. Shongood was well along in the sixties when Wickers was stalled at 8.

Shongood's game showed that he may develop into one of the real contenders of the tournament. He was cautious during most of the time, not daring to take chances even when he had a commanding lead, but there was evidenced now and then an ability to execute brilliantly, and some of his shots won a round of applause. There was no long-sustained runs on the part of Shongood, but he counted consistently and three times made clusters of 14. Wickers had one run of 12, but aside from that it could hardly be said that he had a run. His next best effort was 5, which is hardly moving along at a pace for championship company.

The scores:

Afternoon Game.

Charles R. Shongood, Jr.—14 13 12 13 9 2 14 14 11 12 9 4. Total—125. High runs—14 13 and 14. Scratches—2.

Ardie Wickers—0 1 2 1 5 12 0 0 3 2 6 8. Total—36. High run—12. Scratches—3.

Evening Game.

Shoemaker.—10 9 8 1 0 9 13 14 3 14 14 14 6 10 7. Total—125. High runs—28, 22 and 10. Scratches—7.

Fulton.—4 5 6 13 14 5 1 0 11 0 0 0 8 4. Total—67. High runs—20, 10 and 8. Scratches—4.

BRESNAN IS TWICE VICTOR.

Defeats Carrol and Lowenthal in Balkline Billiard Tourney.

Three games were played in the Billiard Players' Ambulance Fund handicap tournament at Maurice Daly's Academy yesterday. In the afternoon the winners were Thomas Bresnan and Edward Carrol. Bresnan defeated Fred Lowenthal, a former Class B contender, by a score of 185 to 114. The winner's average was 6 11-29, and his high run 35. Carrol's victim was F. Tobias. The score in this case was 183 to 117. Carrol made an average of 5 10-35 and a high run of 28. In the evening game Bresnan gained his second victory of the day when he defeated Carrol by 185 to 95. Bresnan's average was 7 3-26.

NAME RIVAL TO N. A. A. B. P.

American Amateur Billiard Association Gaining Recruits.

It developed yesterday that the new amateur billiard association which will strive for supremacy in the sport against the control of the National Association of Amateur Billiard Players is to be known as the American Amateur Billiard Association. It is said that it already numbers among its members many of the prominent players hereabout, and that it will have a wide following. A representative of the new organization appeared before the meeting of the Billiard Room Keepers' Association yesterday and asked the support of that body in its struggle against the N. A. A. B. P.

A vote of the roomkeepers indorsed the new association. There has been wide dissatisfaction among the roomkeepers with the N. A. A. B. P., and they were glad to lend their aid to a new organization. The chief cause for complaint lay in the fact that the N. A. A. B. P. demanded that if amateur tournaments were played in the rooms, with members of the N. A. A. B. P. competing, the proprietors would have to pay $25 to become allied members of the organization.

The report of the committee from the Roomkeepers' Association, which has in charge the Billiard Players' Ambulance Fund, showed that $4,000 has been collected from the New York district. It was called to the attention of the proprietors of rooms that there was petty grafting going on with respect to the fund by people who were representing themselves as agents of the billiard fund. The proprietors of the academies were warned that they must be responsible for all money collected.

APPOINT BOXING OFFICIALS.

A. A. U. Names Men Who Will Have Charge of Metropolitan Event.

Officials of the Metropolitan Association amateur boxing tournament, which will be held on March 22, 23, and 25 at the National Turn Verein, Newark, N. J., were selected yesterday. The referees are Eddie Forbes of Brooklyn, Gorge Schwegler, New York A. C.; Casper Kirchner, Pennant A. C.; Tom Smith, Pioneer Club; Joseph Conlon, St. Bartholomew Club; J. J. O'Brien, New York A. C.; J. W. Stumpf, Grace Club; John J. Walsh, Pastime A. C.; J. P. Boyle, Claremont A. C., and William Stuckey, National Turn Verein. The timers will be P. Clust, Crescent A. C.; C. Clare, National Turn Verein; J. J. Dolan, Irish-American A. C., and Robert Stoll, New York A. C.

The clerks are B. Levine, City A. C.; Fred Niles, Morningside A. C.; F. Swinger, Clark House A. A., and B. Levy, Glencoe A. C. Billy Rossbach, St. Bartholomew Club, will do the announcing, and the weighers will be John J. McHugh, Public Schools Athletic League; Bob Kennedy, McCaddin Lyceum; E. T. Hart, Mohawk A. C.; John Kennedy, McCaddin Lyceum; T. Sullivan, Mohawk A. C., and John Deignan, St. Bartholomew Club.

Entries for the tournament will close on March 18. The usual championship classes will be contested.

Leonard In Garden Benefit.

Benny Leonard, world's lightweight champion, who is boxing instructor at Camp Upton, will be on the program for the military-naval meet and ball at Madison Square Garden on Friday, Saturday, and Sunday nights. Leonard will make his appearance in the ring on Sunday night. A "battle royal" by a special detail of officers from Camp Dix, N. J., is announced for Saturday night, when two sides of twenty-five belligerents each will compete. The proceeds of the meet will go to the Women's Overseas Hospital.

METCALF TO RETIRE AS COLUMBIA COACH

Accepts Appointment as Director of Athletics at Oberlin —Thorp May Succeed Him.

Nelson Metcalf, head coach of the Columbia University football team for the last three years, has resigned his place with the Blue and White to take a position as athletic director of Oberlin College, from which university he was graduated. He will take up his new duties on Sept. 1, succeeding C. W. Savage. The latter has been given a leave of absence for a year, and Metcalf is to have charge of athletics in his absence.

It was said at Columbia last night that nothing definite had been decided as to Metcalf's successor. Officially there has been no assistant coach, but Tom Thorp, the old Blue and White 'Varsity tackle, has been an eager director with Metcalf of the Morningside elevens, and it is possible that he may succeed to the position of head coach. Thorp was prominently spoken of for the position of head coach when football was revived at Columbia in 1915.

Metcalf has had only one big year as director of the Blue and White 'Varsity. That was in the first season of the revived gridiron game. Columbia then made a commendable record, even though the calibre of eleven which were played was far below the standard that prevailed when football was dropped at Columbia in 1906.

Five games were on the schedule, and in each Columbia was victor. The big game was with Wesleyan, the Connecticut collegians being defeated by 18-0. The succeeding year, 1916, proved to be one of disaster for the Blue and White forces. A more pretentious schedule was undertaken, and while there were several tie games played—one with Williams—there was only one victory to grace the record. Last year Columbia did hot do a great deal better.

Metcalf developed one player of national prominence, Howard Miller, who has a place with the famous drop-kickers of the game.

Jewell and Servatius Win.

Louis A. Servatius and Walter Jewell were the winners in the Metropolitan Class C billiard tournament at the Broadway Billiard Academy yesterday. In the afternoon Jewell was the victim of Servatius, who made an average of 5 5-29, one of the best that the tournament has brought forth. The score was 150 to 65. In the evening Jewell defeated J. Jaeger by 150 to 129. Jewell's average was 4 10-37.

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There is no question about the way the Hudson Super-Six qualifies in this particular. There is hardly a person who does not know the intimate history of some Hudson Super-Six as it has served its owner. There are fifty thousand Super-Sixes now in service. They have proved their reliability and endurance in every kind of test that could be thought of in the way of speed, long and constant operation in the hands of every type of user.

What it has done is the assurance that makes it the car you can rely upon when you know expert service men are not always at hand. You must have observed how your neighbor's Super-Six has met every requirement he has made of it with the same reliability with which you depend upon a tried and proved time-piece.

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This hotel is well heated, 5 minutes from depot. Tea served every afternoon in Sun Parlor. Enclosed porches. Misses Gillan & Edwards, also of Edgewood Inn, Greenwich, Conn. Tel. 1054 Summit.

NEW JERSEY—Atlantic City.

HOTEL STRAND
ATLANTIC CITY, N.J.
"On the Ocean Front"
Always Open Fireproof Capacity 600
Offers You Every Comfort
Orchestra of soloists. Sea water baths. 300 delightful rooms, all outside, with private bath. Private garage on the premises. Illustrated literature.
Phone Atlantic City 1455.
Ownership Management

HOTEL CHELSEA
Occupying entire block of ocean front, in the fashionable Chelsea section; 300 bedchambers with private baths (fresh and sea water.) High-class orchestra, cafe, grill, etc. French chefs. Golf privileges. Autos meet trains. Booklet. Open all year.
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The Breakers
ATLANTIC CITY'S NEWEST FIREPROOF HOTEL
Ocean Front. Unusually attractive during Winter and Spring Seasons.
AMERICAN and EUROPEAN PLANS
Luxurious lobbies, spacious glass enclosed verandas and sun parlors overlooking the ocean and thoroughly heated. Charming afternoon musicales with complimentary Tea Service. A palatial residence for those seeking rest and recreation. Garage.

ALAMAC HOTEL
FIREPROOF
OCEAN FRONT, IN THE HEART OF ATLANTIC CITY
AMERICAN and EUROPEAN PLANS.
Hot and Cold Sea Water Baths.
Grill. Orchestra. Dancing. Garage.
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ROYAL PALACE
HOTEL and COTTAGES
on the Beach, ATLANTIC CITY, N.J.
NEAR ALL PIERS AND AMUSEMENTS
ORCHESTRA of 600
Steinfeld Pratt

Marlborough-Blenheim
THE LEADING RESORT HOUSE OF THE WORLD
ATLANTIC CITY, N. J.
"THE NATION'S HEALTH SHOP"
HEALTH IS EFFICIENCY
"A Germicide Gulf-stream-tempered Climate, No Slush No Dust No Dirt Innumerable Outdoor Recreations and Indoor Entertainments
Ownership Management - JOSIAH WHITE & SONS CO.

ON THE BEACH
ATLANTIC CITY
CHALFONTE
HOSPITABLE - HOMELIKE
ALWAYS OPEN

Write Now for Easter Holiday Reservations
ALBEMARLE VIRGINIA AVENUE, NEAR BEACH. NOW OPEN.
Modern high-class family hotel; capacity 300. Every convenience, steam heat, elevator, large sunny rooms, private and public baths, spacious exchange, sun parlors. Excellent cooking, abundance of fresh sea-food. Appetizing and satisfying meals on "Fast and Food Conservation Days." American plan. Special spring rates, $2.50 up Daily, $12.50 up Weekly. Booklet. J. P. COPE.

THE WILTSHIRE VIRGINIA AVE. AND BEACH.
Ocean view. Capacity 300. Private baths, running water in rooms, elevator, etc. Music. $3.00 up daily, special weekly rates. Am. plan Open all year. Booklet. SAMUEL ELLIS.

PIERREPONT
Atlantic City. Homelike; no advance in rates. Free sea water baths. Mrs. Gerson L. Kahn.

THE LORAINE St. Charles Place and Beach. Private fresh and sea water baths; running water in rooms; elevator; superior table; special early season rates. Coach at trains. A. E. WAGNER, Propr. W. R. LAYTON, Mgr.

HOTEL SHOREHAM
Virginia Ave., nr. beach. Elevator, private baths, open surroundings; $2.50 up daily; $12.50 up weekly. Cap., 300. Booklet. W. B. COTTEN, Mgr.

GALEN HALL ATLANTIC CITY, N. J.
Hotel and Sanatorium.

NEW JERSEY—Lakewood.
THE MONTEREY.—A charming Winter house; running water in rooms; private baths; superior table. T. J. Kearns, Lakewood, N. J.

PALMER, Lakewood, N. J. Running water. Private Baths; moderate rates.

NEW ENGLAND.
CHATHAM BARS INN
Chatham, Cape Cod
Excellent Golf Course on Hotel Property. Ocean Bathing. Sailing. Fishing. Motoring. Tennis. Detached Cottages with service from Inn.
Reservations now being made for season of 1918, beginning June 27th.
CHATHAM BARS INN, Chatham, Mass.

NEW WAUMBEK HOTEL and COTTAGES
In the Heart of the White Mountains
at JEFFERSON, N. H.
Desirable modernly equipped and furnished non-housekeeping cottages to rent by the season; complete hotel service. 18-hole golf course; tennis courts; saddle horses; putting green; croquet grounds, etc. Pure spring water from the mountain tops; superior cuisine. For particulars Address: H. N. TOWNSLEY, Mgr.
New York Office, 8 West 40th Street.

PENNSYLVANIA.
GALEN HALL-IN-THE-MOUNTAINS
WERNERSVILLE, PA.
Open all year. Dry air. Fine scenery. Every comfort for long or short rest. Baths. Massage. Resident Physician. P. & R. R. R. Through Pullmans New York and Philadelphia.
HOWARD M. WING, Manager.

FREIGHT TRAFFIC SOON NORMAL AGAIN

McAdoo Announces Early Return to Ordinary Commercial Conditions on Railways.

EXPORT SUPPLIES PILE UP

Not Enough Ships Available—Start Made on Nation-Wide Purchasing System for Roads.

WASHINGTON, March 12.—Ordinary commercial traffic soon will be handled by the railroads in a normal manner, Director General McAdoo announced today, in commenting on reports that the Railroad Administration contemplated a permanent system of restricting shipments of nonessential commodities.

"It is not the intention of the Railway Administration," said the Director General, "to interfere with the normal commercial shipments. It has been necessary to give preferential service to supplies of food, fuel, and munitions. It is expected that within a short time the railroads will be in position to handle commercial shipments in the usual way.

"We have not at any time issued orders interfering with commercial business, except when it was necessary to do so on account of special service being required for the commodities above mentioned. Embargoes have been placed on the various railroads, due to conditions caused by the extreme weather and the accumulation at certain Atlantic ports."

A. H. Smith, Regional Director for the East, reported today that 8,016 loaded cars of freight for export were held at North Atlantic ports. In addition, material from 6,760 cars has been discharged on piers and 15,713 cars have been unloaded on the ground.

This indicates, officials said, that ships are not being supplied in sufficient number to carry away the freight now delivered to the ports. Because of the slow unloading of frozen meat at New York for export, the movement of this product from Chicago for export has been limited to fifty cars a day, Mr. Smith reported.

"The bunker coal situation at New York Harbor today is in better shape than it usually has been at this season in previous years," said Mr. Smith. "The reserve for bunkering transports has been built up to such a point that orders have been given to hold off on shipments for two weeks. It is felt the situation is in shape to take care of any emergency demands that may arise."

Purchasing Committee Named.

Director General McAdoo tonight announced the appointment of a number of assistants to John Skelton Williams, Director of the Railroad Administration's Division of Finance and Purchases, which is to spend between a billion and two billion dollars this year.

The Advisory Committee for Finances is composed of Franklin Q. Brown of New York, Festus J. Wade of St. Louis, and Frederick W. Scott of Richmond, Va., all bankers.

The Central Advisory Purchasing Committee, with headquarters at Washington, is composed of Henry B. Spencer, Washington, Vice President of the Southern Railway, in charge of purchases; Samuel Porcher of Philadelphia, purchasing agent of the Pennsylvania, and George G. Yeomans of New Haven, purchasing agent of the New Haven.

The Regional Purchasing Committee for the East, with headquarters at New York, follows: E. H. Bankard, general purchasing agent of the Baltimore & Ohio; H. B. Wight of New York, purchasing agent of the New York Central, and E. T. Burnett of Roanoke, Va., purchasing agent of the Norfolk & Western.

The Committee in Charge of Purchases for Roads West of the Mississippi, with headquarters at Chicago, consists of Charles A. How, purchasing agent of the Missouri Pacific; L. S. Carroll, general purchasing agent of the Chicago & Northwestern, and Ira O. Rhoads, general purchasing agent of the Southern Pacific.

The Purchasing Committee for the South, with headquarters at Atlanta, is composed of F. H. Fechtig, purchasing agent of the Atlantic Coast Line; Albert G. Mann, purchasing agent of the Illinois Central, and H. T. Shanks, purchasing agent of the Louisville & Nashville.

Nationwide System Planning.

As soon as the pending railroad bill has been finally enacted, a nationwide purchasing system for all railroads will be established by Mr. Williams and his advisory committees. Locomotives, cars and steel rails will be bought through the central organizations. Most other materials and supplies will be ordered individually by the roads, as under private control, except that the contracts will be supervised by the regional committees. A special committee will be appointed soon to buy coal for New England roads.

NEW HAVEN NEEDS TAKEN UP.

No Decision by McAdoo Yet on Meeting Road's $45,000,000 Obligations.

WASHINGTON, March 12.—Reports that the Railroad Administration had offered to provide for obligations of $45,000,000 of the New York, New Haven & Hartford Railroad were denied today by John Skelton Williams, Director of the Division of Finance and Purchases of the Railroad Administration. No decision has been reached as to the extent of Government aid to the road, he said, although the subject is under consideration. Mr. Williams issued this statement:

"Director General McAdoo authorizes me to say that newspaper reports to the effect that the Railroad Administration has stated that the New Haven's obligations of about $45,000,000, maturing shortly, have been or would be provided for by the Government, are incorrect. While it is hoped that the road may find some way to protect its obligations, no decision has as yet been reached by the Government as to the extent, if any, to which it may extend aid to the system. The subject is now under consideration, and as soon as a decision is reached official announcement will be made."

BOSTON, March 12.—Nathan L. Amster, President of the Investors' Protective Association of America, announced today that he had called a meeting of stockholders of the New York, New Haven & Hartford Railroad in Boston for March 19, to consider provisions of the Railroad bill under which they will receive returns on their investment while the road is operated by the Government.

"A movement is under way," Mr. Amster said in a statement, "to lay before President Wilson anad Director General McAdoo a special plea for consideration of the right of stockholders of the New Haven to adequate and equitable compensation. Under the bill the New Haven stock income would be less than 2 per cent., which obviously would be inadequate and unfair."

RESORTS.
SOUTHERN STATES.

The Manor
ASHEVILLE, North Carolina
Only 24 hours from New York. Trains running as usual. Now is the time to visit the "Land of the Sky."
Perfect Golf in a Perfect Climate
Open the year round.
Write for booklet "P." Make reservations.
The America—An English Inn

100,000 TO BUILD TRACTORS.

Ford Expects to Employ That Many at New Plant.

Special to The New York Times.

DETROIT, March 12.—Henry Ford announced today that eventually 100,000 men will be employed in the manufacture of tractors at his Dearborn plant. He emphasized the importance the manufacture of tractors is bound to bear on industry. Following the completion of the permanent plant, the present shops will be used as one of the numerous assembling plants which will be scattered all over the country.

"The tractor industry is bound to become one of the leading industries of the world," said Mr. Ford, "and we are making our plans accordingly. I plan on devoting most of my time to the building of tractors. The tractor is and always has been my pet hobby. It is something that will do much toward the betterment of mankind, and that is what I am largely interested in.

"With Viscount Northcliffe and the tractor, Junkerism is facing its death in England," said Mr. Ford. "Vast estates will be a thing of the past. They will be supplanted by producing farms. The nobles will be forced to give away to the common people, and then the English people will once more get back to the soil. The tractor means all this and more in the development of the world.

"That's why I am going to stick by the tractor! I am determined to do everything in my power to drive Junkerism from the world. I'm for peace, first, last, and at all times, but not until it brings about the right conditions. And so I'm going to help fight for it. I'm at the Government's call."

UNIONS GIVE THEIR VIEWS.

Statement of Principles Presented to Labor Planning Board.

WASHINGTON, March 12.—Representatives of organized labor presented a statement of principles to the Labor Planning Board today for comparison with the outline previously submitted by representatives of employers as a basis for working out a national labor policy.

After the conference adjourned, former President Taft and Frank P. Walsh, neutral members of the board, said progress had been made. They declined to discuss the two statements of principles, or to indicate what differences exist.

Air Mail Service Postponed.

WASHINGTON, March 12.—The start of the airplane mail service between New York, Philadelphia, and Washington will be delayed probably as late as May 15 because landing fields at Philadelphia and New York have not been found. The service was to have been begun April 15.

FINANCIAL.

TO THE HOLDERS OF VOTING TRUST Certificates for the Common and Preferred Stock of the Allis-Chalmers Manufacturing Company:

Notice is hereby given as follows:

1. The Voting Trust, under Agreement of date March 27, 1913, in respect of the common and preferred stock of the Allis-Chalmers Manufacturing Company, will expire by limitation on the 27th day of March, 1918.

2. The next annual meeting of the stockholders of the Allis-Chalmers Manufacturing Company takes place on the 2nd day of May, 1918, and only holders of the capital stock of record twenty days before the date of the meeting, namely, April 11th, 1918, are entitled to vote at that meeting. It is desired, if possible, that all Voting Trust Certificates shall be surrendered and exchanged for Certificates of stock prior to April 11th, 1918.

3. Holders of such Voting Trust Certificates are hereby required to exchange their certificates for certificates of capital stock of the Allis-Chalmers Manufacturing Company on and after March 27, 1918, at the office of the Guaranty Trust Company, New York, Transfer Agent. Voting Trust Certificates can be and we hope will be forwarded immediately to the Guaranty Trust Company to facilitate prompt exchange and delivery of certificates of stock on March 27, 1918. All Voting Trust Certificates so surrendered must be properly endorsed in blank for transfer.

4. In all cases where the issue of certificates of capital stock is requested in a name other than that appearing on the Voting Trust Certificate surrendered for exchange, the signature to the endorsement or transfer of such Voting Trust Certificate must be guaranteed by a bank or trust company having an office in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, or having a correspondent in said Borough, or by a New York stock exchange firm. The new name must be filled in on the Voting Trust Certificate, accompanied by a blank stock power executed by the party to whom the Voting Trust Certificate is assigned, and must be accompanied by tax stamps at the rate of two cents per share for the State tax and two cents per share for the Federal tax, or the equivalent in cash.

Dated March 4, 1918.

JAMES N. WALLACE,
CHARLES G. DAWES,
By Henry M. Dawes, Atty.
ALEXANDER J. HEMPHILL,
W. EMLEN ROOSEVELT,
HENRY F. WHITCOMB,
Voting Trustees.

TO THE HOLDERS OF FIRST MORTGAGE 5% BONDS OF THE COLUMBIA GAS & ELECTRIC COMPANY, DUE JANUARY 1, 1927:

Notice is hereby given that sealed proposals for the sale of bonds of the above-mentioned company under the mortgage from said company to the undersigned, trustee, for account of the Sinking Fund, to the extent of One hundred seventy-four thousand six hundred sixty-seven and 48/100 dollars ($174,667.48) will be received at the office of the undersigned, Trust Department, 60 Broadway, New York City, on or before April 10th, 1918, at 12 o'clock noon, in accordance with the terms of said mortgage.

No proposals will be accepted at a price greater than par and accrued interest, and the right is reserved by the undersigned to reject any and all proposals. Bonds accepted must be delivered on April 11th or security furnished that day, if required, that delivery will be made within ten days.

Dated, New York, February 28th, 1918.

COLUMBIA TRUST COMPANY,
Successor Trustee.
By GEORGE E. WARREN,
Vice-President.

TO THE HOLDERS OF FIRST LIEN SINKING FUND GOLD BONDS OF FEDERAL LIGHT & TRACTION COMPANY, DUE MARCH 1, 1942:

Notice is hereby given that sealed proposals for the sale of bonds of the above mentioned company under the mortgage of said company to Columbia Trust Company as Trustee, for account of the Sinking Fund to the extent of Twenty-nine Thousand five hundred twenty-four dollars and two cents ($29,524.02) will be received at the office of the undersigned, Trust Department, 60 Broadway, New York City, on or before April 10th, 1918, at 12:00 o'clock noon, in accordance with the terms of said mortgage.

The undersigned reserves the right to reject any and all proposals.

COLUMBIA TRUST COMPANY,
Trustee,
By George E. Warren,
Vice-President.

Dated, New York, March 1st, 1918.

THE WABASH RAILROAD CO.

Twenty-Year Five Per Cent. First Lien Gold Equipment Sinking Fund Bonds of 1901, due March 1, 1921.

The undersigned as Trustee under the Equipment Agreement, dated March 1, 1901, given to secure the bonds described above, hereby gives notice that it will receive sealed proposals up to 3 P. M. on March 18th for the sale to it for account of the Sinking Fund established by Article Tenth of the said Agreement, of bonds of the issue described above, sufficient substantially to exhaust $38,880, at a price not exceeding $1,000 per bond and accrued interest.

The Trustee reserves the right to reject any or all tenders.

THE NEW YORK TRUST COMPANY,
as successor to
Continental Trust Co. of the City of New York.
By B. G. CURTS, Secretary.

March 4th, 1918.

NOTICE is hereby given to holders of the following numbered bonds issued under BINGHAMTON LIGHT, HEAT & POWER COMPANY First Refunding 5% Mortgage dated July 1, 1902, to wit:

Nos. 2, 3, 6, 8, 14, 15, 16

That the above numbered bonds of $1,000 each are called for payment under the operation of the Sinking Fund provided for in said Mortgage. Upon presentation at the office of UNITED STATES TRUST COMPANY OF NEW YORK, Trustee, No. 45 Wall Street, New York City, on or before March 29, 1918, payment therefor will be made at the rate of 110% of the principal of the bonds and accrued interest to the date of payment. All interest upon the called bonds will cease after March 29, 1918.

THE BANK OF COMMERCE, NATIONAL Association, located at Cleveland, in the State of Ohio, is closing its affairs. All note holders and other creditors of the Association are therefore hereby notified to present the notes and other claims for payment.
W. C. CAINE, Cashier.

MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

New York Shipbuilding Corporation

NOTICE OF ANNUAL MEETING OF STOCKHOLDERS, March 20, 1918.

The Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of New York Shipbuilding Corporation will be held on the 20th day of March, 1918, at the office of the corporation, No. 120 Broadway, 37th floor, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, at 10:45 A. M., for the following purposes:

(1) For the election of Directors.

(2) To Amend Article I, Section 1 of the By-laws, so as to change the date of the Annual Meeting of Stockholders of the corporation from the third Wednesday in March to the third Wednesday in April, or to such other date as may be fixed by the Stockholders.

To amend Article I, Section 4 of the By-laws, by adding the following words: "but less than a quorum may adjourn any meeting from time to time and the meeting may be held as adjourned without further notice."

To amend Article II, Section 2 of the By-laws, so as to add the following words: "but less than a quorum may adjourn any meeting from time to time and the meeting may be held as adjourned without further notice."

To amend Article IV of the By-laws, by adding the following: "Section 3. Closing of Books. The transfer books may be closed for a period not exceeding 30 days immediately preceding the date appointed for any meeting of the Stockholders or for the payment of dividends, but unless the Directors shall order the books so closed, they shall remain open to record transfers, provided, however, that dividends shall be payable to stockholders of record of such date as the Directors may determine not more than 30 days preceding the date set for the payment of such dividends."

(3) For the transaction of such other business as may come before the meeting.

Dated New York, N. Y., March 4, 1918.

J. T. WICKERSHAM, Secretary.

THE HOCKING VALLEY RAILWAY COMPANY.

ANNUAL MEETING.

Columbus, Ohio., March 2, 1918.

Notice is hereby given that the annual meeting of the Stockholders of THE HOCKING VALLEY RAILWAY COMPANY will be held at the office of the Company, Spahr Building, Columbus, Ohio, on Tuesday, April 2, 1918, at 12 o'clock noon.

(a) for the election of Directors;

(b) for the purpose of considering and authorizing the acquisition by purchase or otherwise of the railroad and properties of The Wellston and Jackson Belt Railway Company, and such other matters and things as may be incidental to or necessary or appropriate to be done in connection with such transaction;

(c) for the purpose of considering all action theretofore taken or authorized by the Board of Directors or by the Executive Committee of the Company which may be submitted to the meeting; and

(d) for the purpose of transacting such other business as may lawfully come before the meeting.

The stock transfer books will close at the office of Messrs. J. P. Morgan & Co., 23 Wall Street, New York City, on Monday, March 18, 1918, at three o'clock P. M., and will reopen on Wednesday, April 3, 1918, at ten o'clock A. M.

By order of the Board of Directors.

CARL REMINGTON, Secretary.

SOUTHERN PACIFIC COMPANY.

NOTICE OF MEETING.

165 Broadway, New York, N. Y., Jan. 2, 1918.

The Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of the Southern Pacific Company will be held at the office of this Company in Anchorage, Jefferson County, Kentucky, on Wednesday, April 3, 1918, at twelve o'clock noon, standard time, for the following purposes, viz.:

1. To elect fifteen Directors.

2. To transact all such other business as may legally come before the meeting, including the approval and ratification of all action of the Board of Directors and of the Executive Committee since the last annual meeting of the Stockholders of this Company.

For the purposes of the meeting, the books for the transfer of stock will be closed at 3 o'clock P. M., Tuesday, March 19, 1918, and will be reopened at 10 o'clock A. M., Thursday, April 4, 1918.

By order of the Board of Directors.

HUGH NEILL, Secretary.

TO THE STOCKHOLDERS OF WEBER SUBTERRANEAN PUMP CO.: Notice is hereby given that the election of directors for Weber Subterranean Pump Co. not having been held on the day designated in the by-laws, and the directors not having within one month thereafter called a special election, a meeting of the members of said corporation for the purpose of electing directors thereof will be held at the office of said corporation, in Room 1506, at No. 50 East 42d Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 27th day of March, 1918, at twelve o'clock noon.

Dated March 4th, 1918.

NEPTUNE MISTER COMPANY.
By J. HERBERT BALLANTINE, President.
Stockholder of said Weber Subterranean Pump Co.

INTERNATIONAL MOTOR TRUCK CORPORATION.

Notice of

ANNUAL MEETING OF STOCKHOLDERS.

The annual meeting of stockholders of the International Motor Truck Corporation will be held at the office of the corporation, 252 West 64th Street, Borough of Manhattan, City and State of New York, on the 27th day of March, 1918, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, for the purpose of electing Directors to serve for the ensuing year, and for the transaction of such other business as may properly come before the meeting.

Transfer books will be closed March 8, 1918, and reopened March 28, 1918.

C. M. FINNEY, Secretary.

New York, N. Y., February 14, 1918.

S. K. F. ADMINISTRATIVE COMPANY, Inc.
1 Wall Street, New York.

To the Stockholders of the S. K. F. Administrative Company, Inc.:

The annual meeting of the stockholders of the S. K. F. ADMINISTRATIVE COMPANY, INC., will be held at the office of the Company, No. 1 Wall Street, New York, on Tuesday, March twenty-sixth, 1918, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon, for the election of directors and the transaction of such other business as may properly come before the meeting.

B. G. PRYTZ, President.

FINANCIAL.

THE UNION NATIONAL BANK, LOCATED at Cleveland, in the State of Ohio, is closing its affairs. All note holders and other creditors of the Association are therefore hereby notified to present the notes and other claims for payment

W. C. SAUNDERS, Cashier.

DIVIDENDS.

BETHLEHEM STEEL CORPORATION. Notice of Dividends on Eight Per Cent. Cumulative Convertible Preferred Stock; Seven Per Cent. Non-Cumulative Preferred Stock; Common Stock, and Class B Common Stock.

The first installment of 2% of the eight per cent. dividend upon the Eight Per Cent. Cumulative Convertible Preferred Stock and the first installment of 1¾% of the seven per cent. dividend upon the Seven Per Cent. Non-Cumulative Preferred Stock of Bethlehem Steel Corporation, which were declared on January 29, 1918, and the 2½% dividend upon the Common Stock and Class B Common Stock of the Corporation, which was declared on the same date, will be payable on April 1, 1918, to the respective holders of record of said four classes of stock at the close of business on March 13, 1918, (the date at which the books for the transfer of said Seven Per Cent. Non-Cumulative Preferred Stock and Common Stock will be closed for the Annual Meeting of Stockholders to be held on April 2, 1918;) the second installment of said dividends on said Eight Per Cent. Cumulative Convertible Preferred Stock and on said Seven Per Cent. Non-Cumulative Preferred Stock will be payable on July 1, 1918, to the respective holders of record thereof at the close of business on June 15, 1918; the third, on October 1, 1918, to the respective holders of record thereof at the close of business on September 16, 1918, and the fourth on January 2, 1919, to the respective holders of record thereof at the close of business on December 16, 1918.

Checks will be mailed.

B. H. JONES, Secretary.

Dated March 6, 1918.

GUANTANAMO SUGAR COMPANY.

The Board of Directors has this day declared a dividend of one dollar and twenty-five cents ($1.25) per share, or at the rate of two and one-half per cent. (2½%) on the stock of the Company, for the quarter ending March 31, 1918, payable April 1, 1918, to stockholders of record at the close of business March 10, 1918. The transfer books will not be closed.

F. H. CLARK, Secretary & Treasurer.

New York, March 12th, 1918.

HOWE SOUND COMPANY.

The Board of Directors of the Howe Sound Company have this day declared an initial quarterly dividend of 5% upon the outstanding capital stock of the Company, payable April 15, 1918, to stockholders of record at the close of business April 1, 1918. Stock transfer books will close April 1, 1918, and reopen April 16, 1918.

W. J. WALWORTH, Treasurer.

NATIONAL CLOAK & SUIT CO.

March 12th, 1918.

COMMON STOCK DIVIDEND NO. 5.

A quarterly dividend of $1.25 per share on the Common Stock of this Company has been declared payable on April 15th, 1918, to stockholders of record at the close of business April 8th, 1918. Transfer books will not be closed.

WILLIAM ROSENBAUM, Treasurer.

NATIONAL LICORICE COMPANY.

PREFERRED DIVIDEND NO. 63.

The regular quarterly dividend of 1¾% on the Preferred Stock of this company has this day been declared payable on March 30th next to all Preferred Stockholders of record March 25th.

W. PETHERBRIDGE, Treasurer.

March 12th, 1918.

CUBA CANE SUGAR CORPORATION
Preferred Stock Dividend.

A quarterly dividend of $1.75 per share has this day been declared upon the Preferred Stock of this Corporation, payable April 1st, 1918, to stockholders of record at the close of business March 15th, 1918.

H. F. KROYER, Treasurer.

March 1st, 1918.

[Charter No. 3,415.]

REPORT OF CONDITION OF THE

SEABOARD NATIONAL BANK,

at New York, in the State of New York, at the close of business on March 4, 1918:

RESOURCES.

1. Loans and discounts		$38,861,547.22
Acceptances of other banks discounted		1,459,635.75
Total loans	$40,321,182.97	
Deduct:		
Notes and bills rediscounted, $667,218.75.		
Acceptances of other banks payable at future date guaranteed by this bank, by indorsement or otherwise, $1,253,904.18.		
Foreign bills of exchange or drafts sold with indorsement of this bank, $8,467.		
	$2,009,679.93	
Overdrafts, secured, $806.57; unsecured, $224.86		$38,291,503.04
Customers' liability account of "acceptances" executed by this bank and now outstanding		830.73
U. S. bonds (other than Liberty bonds of 1917):		300,000.00
U. S. bonds deposited to secure circulation	$70,000.00	
U. S. bonds and certificates of indebtedness pledged to secure U. S. deposits	3,048,000.00	
U. S. bonds and certificates of indebtedness owned and unpledged	3,609,000.00	6,725,000.00
Liberty Loan bonds:		
Liberty Loan bonds, 3½ per cent. and 4 per cent., unpledged	$833,450.00	
Liberty Loan bonds, 3½ per cent. and 4 per cent., pledged to secure U. S. deposits	300,000.00	1,233,450.00
Bonds, securities, &c.:		
Securities other than U. S. bonds (not including stocks) owned unpledged	$2,115,135.72	
Collateral trust and other notes of corporations issued for not less than one year nor more than three years' time	1,166,998.45	
Total bonds, securities, &c.,		3,282,134.17
Stocks other than Federal Reserve Bank stock		5,912.25
Stock of Federal Reserve Bank (50 per cent. of subscription)		90,600.00
13. Lawful reserve with Federal Reserve Bank		3,131,804.48
14. Items with Federal Reserve Bank in process of collection ((not available as reserve)		562,812.74
15. Cash in vault and net amounts due from national banks	1,566,349.49	
16. Net amounts due from banks, bankers, and trust companies other than included in Items 13, 14, and 15	245,872.91	
17. Exchanges for clearing house	6,138,972.97	
18. Checks on other banks in the same city or town as reporting bank (other than Item 17)	138,717.06	
Total of Items 14, 15, 16, 17, and 18, $8,589,726.17.		
Checks on banks located outside of city or town of reporting bank and other cash items	65,404.45	
Redemption fund with U. S. Treasurer and due from U. S. Treasurer	26,500.00	
War Savings Certificates and Thrift Stamps actually owned	2,233.84	
Total	$36,744,498.11	

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in		$1,000,000.00
Surplus fund		2,000,000.00
Undivided profits	$1,833,754.00	
Less current expenses, interest, and taxes paid	255,028.05	
		1,578,725.95
Amount reserved for taxes accrued		148,881.89
Circulating notes outstanding		69,997.50
32. Net amounts due to national banks		13,132,674.01
33. Net amounts due to banks, bankers, and trust companies (other than included in Item 32)		11,068,720.02
Total of Items 32 and 33, $24,141,394.03.		
Demand deposits (other than bank deposits) subject to reserve (deposits payable within 30 days):		
34. Individual deposits subject to check		26,982,649.08
35. Certificates of deposit due in less than 30 days (other than for money borrowed)		848,117.39
36a. Deposits held for acceptances		3,285,194.32
37. Cashier's checks outstanding		942,408.15
40. Dividends unpaid		130.00
Total of demand deposits (other than bank deposits) subject to reserve, Items 34, 35, 36a, 37, and 40, $31,538,498.94.		
United States deposits (other than postal savings):		
War loan deposit account		5,087,000.00
U. S. bonds borrowed without furnishing collateral security for same		300,000.00
Acceptances executed for customers		300,000.00
Total	$36,744,498.11	
57. a Liabilities for rediscounts, including those with Federal Reserve Bank (see Item 1d)	$347,218.75	
b Acceptances of other banks payable at future date guaranteed by this bank, by indorsement or otherwise (see Item 1e)	1,353,994.13	
c Foreign bills of exchange or drafts sold with indorsement of this bank, not shown under Item a, above (see Item 1f)	8,467.00	
Total contingent liabilities (57 a, b, and c)	$2,009,679.93	

State of New York, County of New York, ss.:

I, H. W. DONOVAN, cashier of the above-named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

H. W. DONOVAN, Cashier.

Correct—Attest:
H. C. FOLGER,
E. J. COLEMAN,
PETER McDONNELL,
} Directors.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 12th day of March, 1918.

[Seal of Notary.] W. L. SAMSON, Jr., Notary Public.

NASSAU NATIONAL BANK OF BROOKLYN.

Brooklyn, N. Y., March 4, 1918.

RESOURCES.

Loans and discounts	$9,161,429.70
Bonds and investments	1,599,850.64
U. S. bonds	1,508,082.00
Cash due from banks	3,064,026.03
Total	$15,633,389.37

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock	$1,000,000.00
Surplus and undivided profits	1,148,022.35
Unearned discount	68,385.02
Reserve for taxes	10,000.00
Circulation	50,000.00
Deposits	11,421,982.00
U. S. deposits	1,935,000.00
Total	$15,633,389.37

OFFICERS:
G. FOSTER SMITH, President.
CROWELL HADDEN, Vice President.
T. SCHENCK REMSEN, 2d Vice President.
H. P. SCHOENBERNER, Cashier.
A. J. RYDER, Asst. Cashier.

DIVIDENDS.

THE AMERICAN BRAKE SHOE AND FOUNDRY COMPANY

NOTICE OF DIVIDENDS ON PREFERRED AND COMMON STOCK.

The second installment of 2% of the 8% dividend upon the outstanding preferred stock and of 1¾% of the 7% dividend upon the outstanding common stock of The American Brake Shoe and Foundry Company, which were declared on December 11, 1917, will be payable on March 30, 1918, to stockholders of record at 3 o'clock P. M. on March 22, 1918.

The Board of Directors of said company has also this day declared an extra dividend of 1% upon its outstanding preferred stock, payable on March 30, 1918, to stockholders of record at 3 o'clock P. M. on March 22, 1918.

Checks will be mailed.

GEORGE M. JUDD, Secretary.

Dated, New York, March 12, 1918.

STUTZ MOTOR CAR COMPANY OF AMERICA, INC.

37 Wall Street, New York, February 28, 1918.

A dividend of $1.25 per share has been declared upon the capital stock of this Company, payable April 1, 1918, to stockholders who appear of record as such at the close of business on March 15, 1918.

WILLIAM N. THOMPSON, Treasurer.

STROMBERG CARBURETOR CO. OF AMERICA, INC.

37 Wall Street, New York, February 27, 1918.

A dividend of Seventy-five cents ($.75) per share has been declared on the capital stock of this Company, payable April 1, 1918, to stockholders who appear of record as such at the close of business on March 15, 1918.

GEORGE H. SAYLOR, Treasurer.

[Charter No. 1,415.]

REPORT OF CONDITION OF THE

IRVING NATIONAL BANK

WOOLWORTH BUILDING, NEW YORK

Statement as of March 4, 1918

ASSETS		LIABILITIES	
Loans and discounts	$85,951,280.39	Capital stock paid in	$4,500,000.00
Overdrafts, secured and unsecured	4,943.61	Surplus and undivided profits	5,386,566.08
United States Bonds	8,277,602.15	Discount collected but not earned	471,402.67
Other Bonds	1,499,606.78	Reserved for taxes, etc.	311,401.71
Short time securities	1,474,123.03	Circulating notes	640,000.00
Interest earned but not collected	183,239.56	Acceptances by this bank (after deducting $717,913.87 held by bank)	$3,972,201.86
Stock of Federal Reserve Bank	270,000.00	Acceptances by correspondents for this bank's acct.	437,752.00
All other stocks	36,300.00		4,409,953.86
Due from banks and U. S. Treasurer	$9,350,218.64	Deposits	128,084,338.60
Exchanges for Clearing House and cash items	10,548,714.13	Total	$143,803,662.92
Due from Federal Reserve Bank	18,324,412.47		
Cash in vault	3,670,835.80		
	41,894,181.04		
Customers' liability for acceptances by this bank and its correspondents (anticipated $197,567.50)	4,212,386.36		
Total	$143,803,662.92		

Documentary and Travelers Letters of Credit issued but not used or drawn against, $13,324,324.10

ESTABLISHED 1784.

[No. 1398.]

REPORT OF CONDITION OF

The Bank of New York

National Banking Association

at New York City, in the State of New York, at the close of business on March 4, 1918:

RESOURCES.

Loans and discounts		$34,124,719.09
Deduct:		
Notes and bills rediscounted (other than bank acceptances sold)	$2,838,693.75	
Foreign bills of exchange or drafts sold with indorsement of this bank	19,980.92	
	2,359,674.67	
		$31,765,044.42
Overdrafts, unsecured		33.62
Customers' liability under Letters of Credit actually used and for which this bank has not been reimbursed		115,767.60
Customers' liability account of "Acceptances" executed by this bank and now outstanding		5,282,190.18
U. S. bonds (other than Liberty bonds of 1917):		
U. S. bonds deposited to secure circulation (par value)	$300,000.00	
U. S. bonds and certificates of indebtedness pledged to secure U. S. deposits (par value)	1,500,000.00	
U. S. bonds and certificates of indebtedness owned and unpledged	624,000.00	
		2,424,000.00
Liberty Loan bonds:		
Liberty Loan Bonds, 3½ per cent. and 4 per cent., unpledged	$313,640.00	
Liberty Loan Bonds, 3½ per cent. and 4 per cent., pledged to

KIDDER, PEABODY & CO.
115 Devonshire St. BOSTON — 17 Wall St. NEW YORK

Investment Securities
Foreign Exchange
Letters of Credit

Correspondents of
BARING BROTHERS & CO., LTD
LONDON

Southwestern Power & Light
First Lien 5% Bonds, 1943

Sound long-term bonds at a price to yield 6.15%

Available earnings over five times interest requirements on the bonds

Circular on request

Bonbright & Company
Incorporated
25 Nassau Street New York

Municipal Water Works 5% Bonds
To Yield 5%

Tax exempt under the Federal Income Tax Law. No certificate of ownership is required in collecting coupons, and income does not have to be included in Federal Income Tax returns. Secured, in the opinion of counsel, through unlimited power of General Taxation on all taxable property within the Municipal Water District. In addition, the revenues derived from the Water Works System are pledged for payment of principal and interest.

Circular on application

Spencer Trask & Co.
Investment Securities
25 Broad Street, New York
ALBANY BOSTON CHICAGO

Exempt From All Federal Income Taxes (Normal and Surtaxes)

Eligible to secure Postal Savings Deposits

FLINT, MICH. 5s
DUE 1928, YIELDING 4.75%

CANTON, OHIO 5½s
DUE 1919-'37, YIELDING 4.80%

OMAHA, NEB. 4½s
DUE 1941, YIELDING 4.80%

BIRMINGHAM, ALA. 5½s
DUE 1928, OPT. YIELDING 5%

JASPER CO., TEX. 5s
DUE 1923-'47, YIELDING 5½%

NO. WILDWOOD, N. J. 6s
DUE 1932, '33, YIELDING 5½%

R. M. GRANT & CO.
31 NASSAU ST., NEW YORK
BOSTON CHICAGO

Liberty Loan Bonds
All Issues
All Denominations
Bought & Sold
JOHNSON & WOOD
Members New York Stock Exchange
111 Broadway New York
Telephone Rector 6790

High Grade Investment Securities
Knauth-Nachod & Kuhne
Equitable Building, New York

Bonds for Investment
Harris, Forbes & Co.
Pine Street, Corner William
NEW YORK

FINANCIAL MARKETS

City Note Sale Reflects Money Supply for Short-Term Investments—Stocks Recede.

The sale of New York City corporate stock notes and revenue bills to a total of $20,000,000 yesterday reflected current money conditions in a clear light, not only in respect to the relatively low interest rate which the loan commanded, but also as regards the large participation in the bidding. The basis of 4.79 per cent. for the successful bid compared favorably with the rate of 4½ per cent. which short-term Treasury bills have commanded since January, and the total of about $111,000,000 for all the applications indicated that the supply of funds seeking investment of brief maturity is large. It is worthy of mention that the $12,000,000 stock notes mature June 28 and the $8,000,000 revenue bills on July 9, both subsequent to the date when the Federal income and excess profits taxes are due for payment into the United States Treasury. It is fair to assume from this that the bidders were in position to finance whatever tax demands may come up, and had funds available, over and above these demands, to invest in the city's paper on proposals in most cases under a 5 per cent. interest basis. In the latter part of January the city disposed of $5,000,000 notes on a 4.52 per cent. basis and only a few days ago another $5,000,000 warrants, maturing in June, went on a 4.75 per cent. basis. Considering these terms, together with the $20,000,000 note sale earlier in the year at 4.31 and 4.32 per cent., it is seen that the burden upon capital in these war times is having only a gradual effect in stiffening the price of short-term accommodations.

The unimportant movements in the security markets gave the financial district ample time to study the bids for the city's securities as they were recorded in detail over the news tickers. While the general tendency of stocks was downward, there were no significant movements outside of a decline of more than 4 points in American Telephone and Telegraph shares. The reason for this rather broad shrinkage in the market valuation of an investment appeared to be contained in the annual report issued the day before, showing earnings for dividends only slightly in excess of the amount paid out. At the same time the selling indicated bearish pressure. The railroad group lost a part of Monday's upturn, and among the industrials the declines recorded seemed to denote more the operations of short sellers than the appearance of long stock for sale.

Again Italian exchange supplied the feature of particular interest in the exchange market, its erratic movements being explained in part by hurried buying because of news that the Italian Government had begun to exercise control of dealings. From a quotation of 8.56½ lire to the dollar for cable transfers, urgent bidding carried the price as high as 7.97 by midday, with a subsequent sharp reaction to about 8.30. The turnover was not large, according to bankers interested in the market, and the fear that supplies might be more restricted in the near future than they have been apparently prompted some hurried covering by the short interest.

Approves More Rate Increases.

WASHINGTON, March 12.—The Interstate Commerce Commission today approved an application by Western railroads for increased import and export commodity rates between Pacific Coast ports and interior points. Increases asked on sisal used in making binder twine were denied. Application for increased terminal charges at Seattle and Tacoma, Wash., and Vancouver, B. C., made by the St. Paul road was approved.

MONEY AND EXCHANGE.

Call Loans.

High .....6 | Renewals 4½
Low .....4½ | Last 5%

Time Loans.

MIXED COLLATLS.		ALL INDUSTRIALS.	
Sixty days	6	Sixty days	6
Ninety days	6	Ninety days	6
Four months	6	Four months	6
Five months	6	Five months	6
Six months	6	Six months	6

Bank Acceptances.

Eligible for rediscount with Reserve Bank, 60 to 90 days.....4½@4½
Non-member and private bankers eligible, 60 to 90 days.....4½@4½
Not eligible, 60 to 90 days.....5¼@5%

Commercial Paper.

Best-Known Names.

30 to 60 days.....5%
4 to 6 months.....5%
Other Names.
4 to 6 months.....6

FOREIGN EXCHANGE.

Rates of Change.

Sterling—	High.	Low.	Last.	Ch'ge.
Demand	$4.75¼	$4.75¼	$4.75¼	....
Cables	4.76⅛	4.76⅛	4.76⅛	....
France—				
Demand	5.72⅜	5.72⅜	5.72⅜	....
Cables	5.71⅛	5.71⅛	5.71⅛	....

Closing Exchange.

Normal Rates of Exch.	Yesterday's Close. Demand or Checks.	Cables.	Monday. Demand or Checks.	Cables.
4.8665 London	4.75¼	4.76⅛		
5.1826 Paris	5.72⅜	5.71⅛		
China—				
Hongkong	72.25	72.50		
Peking		110.50		
Shanghai	110.25	110.50		
19.30 Greece	103.75	78		
40.20 Holland	19.40	19.45		
32.44 India—	44.75	45.375		
Bombay		45.50	34.75	34.75
Calcutta		34.50	34.75	34.75
49.85 Japan		8.27		8.25
Kobe				
Yokohama		51.875		51.875
80.00 Philippine Islands—		51.75		51.875
Manila				
51.46 Russia		49.875		50.00
26.80 Scandinavia—		13.00		13.25
Stockholm		31.625		32.125
Copenhagen		30.00		30.50
Christiania		30.25		30.75
South America—		24.51		24.60
34.42 Rio				
42.64 Buenos Aires		26.01		28.11
5.1826 Switzerland		43.90		44.00
		4.47		4.44

TIME BILLS ON LONDON.

Bankers. 60 Days.	90 Days.	Commercial. 60 Days.	90 Days.
$4.72	$4.70	$4.71¾	$4.69¾

Clearing House Exchanges.

Clearing House exchanges, $560,565,751; balance, $40,638,590; Sub-Treasury debit balance, $2,636,050; Federal Reserve credit balance, $27,285,549.

Domestic Exchange.

Boston par; Chicago, 5c discount; St. Louis, 15@20c discount; San Francisco, par; Montreal, $16.25 premium.

Silver.

Bar silver in London, 43d, up ¼d; in New York, 80½c, up ½c; Mexican dollars, 69½c.

Bought & Sold

THE TREASURY STATEMENT.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, March 12.—Receipts and expenditures:

	This Month.	Fiscal Yr.
Customs	$5,338,549	$113,260,532
Internal Revenue—		
Corp. income	1,076,814	82,462,040
Individual income	4,913,773	30,305,929
Excess profits	3,058,346	17,100,253
Miscellaneous	32,891,878	483,036,849
Miscellaneous rev.	1,816,808	141,609,759
Total receipts	$49,096,170	$817,773,357
Exc. of ord. disburs. over ord. receipts	187,765,455	3,230,644,534
Exc. of total disburse. over total receipts	39,486,977	24,538,500
Expenditures	236,861,628	4,048,417,892

METAL MARKET REPORT.

These prices were quoted on the local Metal Exchange:

	Yesterday. Bid.	Asked.	Monday. Bid.	Asked.
Lead	7.37½	7.50	7.37½	7.50
Spelter	8.10	8.25	8.10	8.30
Antimony	13.87½	13.62½	13.87½	13.62½
Quicksilver	$125.00		$125.00	
Aluminum	..	32.00	..	32.00
Iron, No. 2 X foundry	..	34.25	..	34.25

Electrolytic copper was quoted in the open market, all deliveries, 23½c per pound bid.

London quotations were:

	Yesterday. £	s	d	Monday. £	s	d
Copper, spot	110	0	0	110	0	0
Copper, futures	110	0	0	110	0	0
Tin, spot				318	0	0
Tin, futures	316	0	0	316	0	0
Spelter	54	0	0	54	0	0
Lead	29	10	0	29	10	0

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

TUESDAY, MARCH 12, 1918.

	1918.	1917.	1916.
Day's sales	335,113	499,182	1,095,115
Year to date	28,116,739	37,077,987	34,890,246

Closing Bid.	Ask.	Sales.		First.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Chge.
12¾	13	100	Advance Rumely	12¾	12¾	12¾	12¾	+ ⅛
28½	29¼	100	Advance Rumely pf	29	29	29	29	..
1⅞	1⅞	600	Alaska Gold Mines	1⅞	1⅞	1⅞	1⅞	..
25⅞	25⅞	2,200	Allis-Chalmers Mfg	25⅞	26¼	25⅞	25⅞	..
79½	80¼	400	Allis-Chal. Mfg. pf	80¾	80¾	79	79	−2
151	195	100	Am. B. Sh. & F. pf	..	..	..	..	..
40¾	41	800	American Can	165	165	165	165	+ ⅛
76¼	76½	4,100	Am. Car & F	41	41	40¾	40¾	− ¼
59	60	100	Am. H. & L. pf	77	77¾	76¾	76¾	− ¼
13½	14½	100	American Ice	60¾	60¾	60¾	60¾	+ ⅝
54½	55	100	American Internat	13¾	13¾	13¾	13¾	..
32⅜	32¾	2,200	American Linseed	54¾	54¾	54¾	54¾	..
74½	75½	100	American Linseed pf	32⅞	33¼	32½	32½	..
65⅜	65¾	1,400	American Loco	75	75	75	75	+ ½
9	9¼	1,500	American Loco	66¼	66¼	65¼	65¼	− ¼
46¼	47¼	600	American Malting	9¼	9¼	9	9	− ¼
80¾	81	2,400	Am. Malting 1st pf	48	48	46¾	46¾	− 1¾
65½	66	200	Am. Smelt. & Ref	82	82¾	80¾	80¾	− 1¾
103½	104	400	Am. Steel Found	66	66	66	66	− 1¾
91	91½	2,300	Am. Sugar Refining	104½	104½	104	104	− ½
88	90	100	Am. Sumatra Tob	91	93	90¾	91½	+ ½
101¼	101¾	20,000	Am. Sumatra T. pf	90¼	90¼	90¼	90¼	− 2¾
152	152½	600	Am. Tel. & Tel	105¾	106	105¾	105¾	− ¼
54½	54⅝	500	American Tobacco	154	154	152	152¼	− ¾
95	96½	600	American Woolen	54¾	54¾	54½	54½	− ¼
24	25	700	Am. Woolen pf	93¾	93¾	93¾	93¾	+ ¼
42¾	46	300	Am. Writ. P. pf	23	25¼	24¾	24¾	+ ¼
63¾	63¾	6,900	Am. Z. L. & S. pf	46	46	45	45	− ¼
85	85¾	800	Anaconda Copper	64¾	64¾	63⅝	63⅝	− 1
81	82	50	At., T. & S. Fe	85¾	85¾	85½	85½	− ½
90	91¼	100	Atlantic Coast Line	81	81	81	81	− ½
111	113	2,600	At. G. & W. Indies	91	91	91	91	..
75¾	76	14,300	Baldwin Loco	113¾	114	111	111	− 2¾
55	55¼	3,200	Baltimore & Ohio	77½	77¾	75¾	75¾	− ⅞
55	56½	100	Bell. & Ohio pf	55¾	55¾	55	55	− ⅞
1¾	1¾	400	Batopilas Mining	56	56	56	56	− ½
81	82	1,200	Bethlehem Steel	1½	1½	1½	1½	..
79¾	80	18,200	Beth. St. Class B	82¼	82½	82	82	+ ¾
101¼	101⅝	1,135	Beth. St. 8% pf	80¼	81	79¾	80	+ ¾
40¼	40½	800	Brooklyn Rap. T	101¾	101¾	101½	101¾	+ ⅜
6¼	8	200	Bruns, T. & Ry. S	41¾	41⅝	40½	40½	− 1
113	119	200	Burns Brothers	7	7	7	7	..
10	10¼	500	Butte Copper & Z	117¼	117¾	116¾	116¾	− ⅛
22¾	23	4,100	Butte & Superior	9⅞	10	9⅞	10	− 2½
16	16⅛	300	California Pet	24¾	24½	22⅞	22⅞	− ⅞
144½	145¾	200	Canadian Pacific	16⅜	16⅜	16⅜	16⅜	− ⅞
28	31	200	Central Foundry	146¾	146¾	145	145	− ⅞
70	70⅞	1,000	Central Leather Co	28¼	29¼	28¼	28¼	+ ¼
104¼	106	100	Cen. Leather Co. pf	71	71	70¾	70¾	− ⅝
84½	85	100	Chandler Motor	105	105	105	105	− 2
58⅝	58¾	7,400	Chesapeake & Ohio	85¾	85¾	85¾	85¾	+ 1½
7½	8	55	Chicago Great West	14¼	14¼	13⅝	13⅝	− ⅝
23¼	23¾	500	Chi. G. West. pf	8	8	8	8	..
42¾	42¾	1,800	Chi., M. & St. P	23	23	22¾	22¾	..
73¼	73¾	1,300	C., M. & St. P. pf	43¾	43¼	42¼	42¼	− 1¼
92¼	92¾	100	Chicago & N. W	75½	75½	75¼	75¼	− ⅝
212	213	3,700	C., R. I. & Pac	92	92	92	92	− ⅝
67¾	68	2,200	C., R. I. & P. 7% pf	21¾	22¼	21¾	22	− ⅝
57¾	58	1,300	C., R. I. & P. 6% pf	88½	89½	88	88	− ⅝
16	16¼	100	Chile Copper	59	59½	58	58¼	− ⅝
41¼	41¾	400	Chino Copper	16	16	16	16	− ½
21	22	500	Colorado Fuel & I	41¾	41¾	41¼	41¼	− ½
21	22	100	Colorado Southern	39	39	38¾	38¾	− ⅝
35¼	35¼	80	Do., odd lot	21¼	21¼	21¼	21¼	..
96	96¾	11,800	Corn Prod. Refining	21⅝	21⅝	21⅝	21⅝	..
63¼	63¾	20	Corn Prod. Ref. pf	35¾	36	35¾	35¾	+ ⅛
89	89¾	2,200	Crucible Steel	96¼	96¼	95¾	95¾	+ ⅝
31¼	31⅝	100	Crucible Steel pf	64¼	64¼	63¾	63¾	− ⅝
95	96	100	Cuba Cane Sugar	89¾	89¾	89¼	89¼	− ⅝
109½	111¼	100	Deere & Co. pf	31½	31½	31½	31½	+ ⅛
8	9¼	100	Delaware & Hudson	95¾	96¼	95¾	96¼	+ ⅝
88	88½	400	Del. & Rio Gr. pf	110	110	110	110	..
15½	15⅝	1,800	Distillers Securities	9¼	9¼	8¾	8¾	− ⅛
2,800	2,900	100	Dome Mines	38¾	38¾	38	38	− ¼
27	27½	900	Erie	8¼	8¼	8¼	8¼	− ⅛
20¾	21	300	Erie 1st pf	15¼	15½	15¼	15¼	+ ⅛
105¾	106¼	6,900	Gaston, W. & W	27¼	27¾	27	27	+ ⅛
45	48¼	300	General Electric	34¾	34¾	34¾	34¾	− ⅛
52	56	400	General Motors	130½	139½	136¾	136¾	− 2¾
101¼	102	5,800	General Motors pf	127½	128¾	126¾	126¾	− 1⅛
82	83	200	Great Northern pf	82	82	82	82	− 1
91¼	91¾	1,100	Gt. N. Ry. Co. of O. P	91¾	91¾	91¼	91¼	− ⅝
29	29	100	Gulf States Steel	29	29	28¾	28¾	− ⅝
93	93	200	Gulf, M. & N. pf	93	93	93	93	− ½
27¾	28	900	Haskell & Barker	27¾	27¾	27½	27½	− ⅝
41	41	100	Homestake Mining	41	41	39½	39½	− ⅝
80	80	800	Inspiration Copper	80	80	80	80	..
45	45¼	200	Interboro Con.	45	45¼	44¾	44¾	− ⅛
8¾	8¾	100	Interboro Con. pf	8¾	8¾	8¾	8¾	+ ¼
43	43	100	Intern. Agricultural	43	43	43	43	+ ¾
13	13	100	Int. Agric. pf	13	13	13	13	..
43¼	43¾	100	Intern. Harv. Corp	43¼	43¼	43¼	43¼	..
60¼	60½	5,600	Intern. Mer. Marine	60¼	60½	60¼	60¼	..
29¼	29¾	15,800	Intern. Mer. M. pf	29¼	29¾	28¾	28¾	− ½
97¾	99¾	200	International Nickel	97¾	99¾	97½	97½	− ½
29	29	2,800	International Paper	29	29	29	29	..
33¼	33¾	300	In. Paper pf., sta	33¼	33¾	33	33	..
63¼	63½	100	Jewel Tea pf	63	63½	63	63	− ¾
92	92	300	Kansas City So	92	92	92	92	..
16¾	17	100	Kennecott Copper	16¾	17	16¾	17	− ⅝
32¼	32½	15	K. C. Sou. L. & P	32¼	32½	32¼	32½	+ ½
93¾	94	300	Lackawanna Steel	93¾	94	93¾	93¾	− ⅝
80	80	100	Lee Rubber & Tire	80	80	79¼	79¼	− ⅞
14	14	1,000	Lehigh Valley	14	14	14	14	− ⅛
62¾	63	200	Mackay Cos	62¾	62¾	61¾	61¾	− 1¼
76½	76¾	200	Manhattan Elev	76½	76½	76½	76½	− ½
98½	98¾	100	Max. Motors 1st pf	98½	98½	98	98	− 2
61	61	100	May Dept. Stores	61	61	61	61	..
50	50	21,200	Mexican Petroleum	50	50	50	50	+ ½
97¾	98¼	1,500	Miami Copper	97¾	98¼	96½	96⅝	− 1¼
31¼	31¾	400	Midvale Steel	31¼	31¾	31	31	− ¼
45	45	100	Minn. & St. L. new	45	45¼	44¾	44¾	− ⅝
9¾	9¾	400	M., St. P. & S. St. pf	9¾	9¾	9¾	9¾	− ¼
109	109	2,800	Mo., Kan. & T	109	109	109	109	− 1½
8¼	8¾	400	Missouri Pacific	8¼	8¾	8½	8½	− ⅛
23¾	24¼	400	Missouri Pacific pf	23¾	24¼	23½	23½	− ⅝
53¾	53¾	200	Montana Power x d	53¾	53¾	53	53	− ⅛
67¼	67¼	300	Nat. Acme	67¼	67¼	67	67	+ ⅛
29¾	29¾	400	Nat. Enam. & St	29¾	29¾	29½	29½	− ⅛
48¾	48¾	400	Nat. Lead	48¾	48¾	48	48	..
55¼	55¼	54	Nat. Lead pf	55¼	55¼	54	54	..
100	100	600	Nevada Con. Cop	100	100	100	100	− 1⅛
18¾	18¾	1,500	N. Y. Central	18¾	18¾	18⅝	18⅝	− ⅛
73¾	73¾	5,300	N. Y., N. H. & H	73¾	73¾	72½	72½	− 1
30¼	30¾	400	N. Y. Ont. & West	30¼	30¾	29½	29½	− ⅝
21¼	21¾	500	Norfolk & Western	21¼	21¾	21	21	− ⅝
106¼	106¾	100	Northern Pacific	106¼	106¾	106	106	− ⅝
86¼	86¾	1,200	Ohio Cities Gas	86¼	86¾	86¼	86¼	− ⅝
39¼	39½	100	Ohio Fuel Supply	39¼	39½	39	39	− ⅝
42¼	42¾	4,600	Ontario Mining	42¼	42¾	42½	42½	− ½
7¼	7¾	500	Owens Bottle Mach	7¼	7¾	7¼	7¼	− ½
60	60	100	Pacific Mail	60	60	60	60	+ 1
29¾	29¾	800	Pan-Am. P. & T. pf	29¾	29¾	29¾	29¾	− ⅝
95	96	800	Penn. R. R.	96	96	95	95	− ⅝
45	45	500	People's Gas, Chi	45	45¼	44¾	44¾	− ⅝
44¾	45¼	300	Pere Marquette	44¾	45¼	43½	43½	− ⅝
12¾	12¾	100	Pere Marq. prior pf	12¾	12¾	12¾	12¾	− 3
56	56	100	Pere Marquette pf	56	56	56	56	− 1
35	35	200	Philadelphia Co	35	35	35	35	..
24	24	100	Pierce-Arrow	24	24	24	24	..
41¼	41¼	400	Pierce-Arrow pf	41¼	41¼	40¾	40¾	− ⅝
97½	97½	200	Pittsburgh Coal	97½	97½	97½	97½	+ ¾
56¾	57	100	Pittsburgh Coal pf	57	57	56¾	56¾	..
83	83	3,900	Pitts. & West Va	83	83	83	83	..
29½	29½	300	Pitts. & W. va. pf	29½	29½	28¾	28¾	− ⅝
68	68¼	100	Pressed Steel Car	68¼	68¼	67¾	67¾	− ⅝
64	64	100	Pullman Co	64	64	64	64	..
117	117	100	Railway Steel Sp	117	117	114¼	114¼	− 1⅜
54¼	54¾	100	Ray Con. Copper	54¼	54¼	54¼	54¼	− ⅛
23½	23¾	2,200	Reading	23½	23¾	23½	23½	− ⅛
82½	83	2,400	Rep. Iron & Steel	82½	83	80¾	80¾	− 1⅝
80¾	80¾	200	Royal Dutch t r	80¾	80¾	79	79	− 1⅝
79	79	100	St. Louis Southw	79	79	78¼	78¼	− 1⅝
19¼	19½	400	Seaboard Air Line	19¼	19½	19¼	19¼	− ⅝
8	8	300	Shattuck-Arizona	8	8	8	8	− ⅛
149	149	1,900	Sinclair Oil Refin	148¾	148¾	148¾	148¾	− 1⅛
17	17	1,000	Sloss-S. Steel & I	17	17	17	17	..
33¾	33¾	510	Southern Pacific	55	55¾	55	55¾	− ⅛
55	55¾	7,400	Southern Ry. pf	87½	87½	87	87	+ 1½
87½	87½	200	Southern Railway	24¾	25½	24¾	24¾	− ⅝
24¾	25½	6,200	Southern Ry. pf	61¾	61¾	61¼	61¼	− ⅝
61¾	61¾	100	Studebaker Co	46	46¾	45¾	46	+ ⅛
46	46¾	2,400	Studebaker Co. pf	91	91	91	91	..
91	91	1,000	Tenn. C. & C	16¼	16¼	16¼	16¼	− ½
16¼	16¼	2,200	Tobacco Co. x d	151¾	151¾	149¼	149¼	− 1¼
151¾	152	200	Tobacco Products	50¾	50¾	49¾	49¾	− 1¼
50¾	50¾	4,900	Tobacco Pro. pf	89	89	89	89	− ¾
89	89	4,700	Union Pacific	122¼	123¾	121¼	121½	− 2¾
122¼	123¾	200	United Cigar Stores	87¾	87¾	86¼	86½	− 2¾
87¾	87¾	400	United Fruit	129	129	128	128	− 1
129	129	100	United Rys. Invest	5¾	5¾	5¼	5½	+ ⅛
5¾	5¾	200	U. S. C. I. P. & F	14¾	14¾	14¾	14¾	− ⅛
14¾	14¾	1,400	U.S.C.I.P. & F. pf	45	45	45	45	+ ⅛
45	45	1,400	U. S. Indus. Alco	122¾	122½	120¾	120¾	− ¾
122¾	122½	200	U. S. Rubber	56	56	55¾	55¾	− ⅛
56	56	1,300	U. S. Rub. 1st pf	101¼	101¼	101¼	101¼	− ⅛
101¼	101¼	34,300	U. S. Sm., R. & M	45¼	45¾	45	45	− ⅛
45¼	45¾	200	U. S. Steel	91¾	92¼	90¾	90¾	− 1⅛
91¾	92¼	300	U. S. Steel pf	110	110	109¾	109¾	− ⅛
110	110	300	Utah Copper	80¼	80¼	79¾	79¾	− ⅛
80¼	80¼	200	Va.-Car. Chemical	40	41	40	41	+ 1
40	41	1,300	Vulcan Detinning	7	7	7	7	..
7	7	680	Wabash pf. A	43¼	43¼	42¾	43	..
43¼	43¼	100	Wabash pf. B	23¼	23½	23	23	..
23¼	23½	300	Western Maryland	17¼	17¼	17¼	17¼	− ⅛
17¼	17¼	600	Western Union Tel	90¼	90¼	90	90	..
90¼	90¼	100	Westingh. E. & M	41¼	41¼	41¼	41¼	..
41¼	41¼	100	Wheeling & L. E	10	10	10	10	..
10	10	100	White Motors	43	43	43	43	−1
43	43	100	Wilson & Co	54	54	54	54	..
54	54	700	Willys-Overland	18¾	18¾	18½	18½	− ⅛
18¾	18¾	100	Willys-Overland pf	90¾	90¾	90¾	90¾	+ ⅛
90¾	90¾	900	Woolw., (F.W.,) Co	116¾	116¾	112¾	112¾	− 4¼
116¾	116¾	200	Worthington Pump	41¼	41¼	40¾	40¾	− 2½
41¼	41¼	200	Worth. Pump pf. B	62¾	63	62¾	63	+ ⅛
62¾	64							

DOUBLE LORILLARD CAPITAL

Stockholders Take Action—Tobacco Company Earns $8,312,343.

Stockholders of the P. Lorillard Tobacco Company yesterday, at a special meeting, voted to double the authorized capitalization of the company. The previous authorized total of capital stock, all outstanding, amounted to 151,556 shares. The increase in capitalization is the preliminary step toward the declaration of a 20 per cent. stock dividend, expected about April 1, which will take the place of the extra cash dividend ordinarily paid on that date. The remainder of the newly authorized stock will be held in the treasury. The plan was devised to conserve working capital under existing uncertain conditions.

The report of the company for 1917 shows a net income of $8,312,343, against $5,874,077 for 1916, and a balance available for the common stock, after deducting all fixed charges, preferred dividend, and a reserve of $1,100,000 for excess profits taxes, of $5,136,947, against $3,792,424, when no reserve for taxes was made. Common stock dividends of $2,728,008 were paid, while the company's surplus was increased from $5,642,002 to $8,050,942.

KNOCKS OUT 2-CENT FARE.

Federal Court Upsets Oklahoma Constitutional Provision.

OKLAHOMA CITY, Okla., March 12.—The two-cent passenger rate provision of the Oklahoma State Constitution was permanently enjoined today in an opinion handed down by Judge Frank A. Youmans of the United States District Court.

The case has been pending since 1909. In 1916 the plaintiffs filed amended bills, challenging rate orders made by the State Corporation Commission. The opinion also sets aside these orders.

The opinion upholds the contention of the railroads that the constitutional provision for a two-cent fare is confiscatory, and that such passenger rates and rates for freight as fixed by the Corporation Commission discriminate against interstate business of the roads.

A higher passenger rate probably will be one of the first effects of the decision. While it was held that the two-cent rate was unjust, a new rate was not fixed, and officials speculated today as to how it might be determined.

MARKET AVERAGES.

STOCKS.

YESTERDAY'S RANGE.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Ch'ge.
25 railroads	61.05	60.35	60.43	— .38
25 industrials	78.43	77.29	77.46	— .85
50 stocks	69

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THE COLORADO FUEL AND IRON CO. invites proposals in writing, to be sent to the Metropolitan Trust Co., City of New York, on or before April 5, 1918, for the sale to it of forty (40) outstanding 6% bonds of The Colorado Fuel Co., due 1919. Such bonds to be delivered and paid for May 1, 1918, at the Metropolitan Trust Co., 60 Wall St., New York City. J. A. WRITER, Treasurer. Denver, Col., Feb. 28, 1918.

Mark A. Noble Theodore C. Corwin
NOBLE & CORWIN
Bankers Trust *Guaranty Trust*
Equitable Trust *Union Trust*
Telephone 1111 Broad
25 Broad St. New York

FAVOR FIXED RATES FOR BANK DEPOSITS

Trust Companies Ready to Co-operate with Reserve Board and Clearing House.

NAMES COMMITTEE TO AID

Personnel Indicates That All Banks in New York Are Ready to Work in Harmony.

Representatives of the trust companies attended a luncheon yesterday at the Bankers' Club, where they had an informal discussion with respect to interest rates paid on deposits. The general sentiment of the gathering was that everything should be done to co-operate with the Federal Reserve Board and the New York Clearing House in their effort to curb the movement for increasing rates, and the opinion was confidently expressed that some feasible and satisfactory way would be found to attain the desired end.

Toward the close of the meeting, which was presided over by Charles H. Sabin, President of the Guaranty Trust Company, it was decided to appoint a committee which should confer with the Clearing House Committee and endeavor to aid in modifying the proposed amendment to the association's by-laws—action on which was deferred on Monday until a subsequent meeting—so as to make it acceptable to the trust companies as well as to the national banks. The committee which was appointed consists of Mr. Sabin, Edward O. Stanley, of the Title Guarantee and Trust Company, Howard Bayne of the Columbia Trust Company, Edwin P. Maynard of the Brooklyn Trust Company, James N. Wallace of the Central Trust Company, and Alvin W. Krech of the Equitable Trust Company. The Central Trust Company, as well as the Union Trust Company, with which it is to merge, are not members of the Clearing House, and the Equitable Trust Company is likewise a nonmember.

The fact that non-member trust companies have been appointed on the committee indicates that the Clearing House will have the co-operation of institutions outside of its membership, and that all the banks are willing to work in harmony.

According to the trust company men, their early opposition to the proposed amendment of the Clearing House by-laws was due largely to a misunderstanding of the statement issued by Governor Harding of the Federal Reserve Board, in which he failed to specify whether his remarks were directed to all deposits or only to out-of-town bank balances. At the meeting held Monday Governor Harding, in his speech, made it clear that he was not concerned with the rates paid on local deposits, but was desirous of having the banks refrain from paying unreasonably high rates on out-of-town bank balances. As a matter of fact the local trust companies have a relatively small line of out-of-town bank accounts, that character of business being handled largely by the national banks.

National bankers who were interviewed yesterday said that they believed that with further consultation it would be possible to work out an amendment that would be satisfactory to all members of the Clearing House. The Clearing House Committee has not yet set a date for a meeting of the members, but as soon as it completes its work on the proposed amendment, it will send out a call for another meeting.

The report published by one of the news tickers that some trust companies had threatened to withdraw from membership in the Clearing House was not credited, and in fact met emphatic denials. The origin of the rumor was traced to a jocular remark made by a trust company official a few days ago.

HARDING AGAIN URGES CAUTION ON INTEREST

Asks the Reserve Banks to Discourage Banks from Raising Rates in Competition.

WASHINGTON, March 12.—In a further movement to check the competitive movement among interior banks to obtain demand deposits by increasing interest rates, Governor W. P. G. Harding of the Federal Reserve Board today telegraphed Reserve Banks to use their influence with banks to discourage this practice, pending action by the New York Clearing House Association to restrict higher interest rates, which have drawn many deposits there. Another step taken by the Federal Reserve Board was to call a conference of Governors of Federal Reserve Banks here March 22 to discuss interest rates, the third Liberty Loan, and other matters.

Hundreds of banks in interior cities have protested to the board in the last few weeks, it was disclosed today, over the action of a few banks in raising rates on checking accounts from 2 to 2½ per cent. to prevent the removal of these accounts to New York State banks or trust companies, which always have maintained rates of 3 per cent. or even more.

In his telegram today Mr. Harding said:

"The board is anxious to have you watch the situation in your district with respect to competition for deposits through advancing interest rates with a view of getting banks contemplating advances to defer action, and of inducing those who are paying more than normal rates to reduce them. The board feels that Government financing should have the right of way, and that the reserve strength of the banks would be increased by encouraging the public to invest in Treasury certificates of indebtedness and Liberty bond issues rather than by banks competing for these funds, and thus necessitating heavy investments in these securities for their own account.

"Deposits throughout the country show a general tendency to increase in volume, and there seems to be no good reason to increase rates of interest paid for them, thus adding to the cost of money. The transfer of balances from one bank to another does not add anything to the strength of the bank's position as a whole. The board urges that a broad national view be taken of this question. In view of the approaching Liberty bond campaign a sharp nation-wide contest among banks for deposits would be particularly unfortunate."

Governor Harding cited the New York Clearing House's action condemning the movement to raise rates and the possibility that some step might be taken within ten days to reduce the interest rates now paid by New York trust companies.

MINING STOCK QUOTATIONS.

Special to The New York Times.

SAN FRANCISCO.

Alpha	.03	Jacket	.07
Alta	.05	Justice	.02
Andes	.20	Mexican	.14
Best & Belcher	.03	Ophir	.12
Bullion	.01	Overman	.02
Caledonia	.05	Potosi	.05
Challenge Con	.03	Savage	.05
Confidence	.55	Sec. Belcher	.01
Con. Imperial	.04	Sierra Nevada	.10
Con. Virginia	.20	Union Con	.08
Gould & Curry	.01	Mexican dollars	.65¾
Hale & Norcross	.02		

TONOPAH.		GOLDFIELD.	
Belmont	3.20	Goldfield Con	.34
Cash Boy	.10	Goldfield Merger	.03
Jim Butler	.64	Great Bend	.06
McNamara	.13	Jumbo Ext	.14
Midway	.08	Kewanaa	.07
Mizpah	.05	Silver Pick	.04
Monarch Pitts	.05	MANHATTAN.	
Montana	.12	Big Four	.03
North Star	.05	Consolidated	.10
Rescue	.08	Morning Glory	.03
Tonopah Divide	1.10	Union Amal	.04
Tonopah Ext	1.60	White Caps	.48
West End	.79	OTHER DISTRICTS.	
West Tonopah	.19	Nevada Hills	.04
GOLDFIELD.		Rochester	.33
Atlanta	.11	Round Mountain	.49
Booth	.05	United Eastern	4.62½
Florence	.13		

EARNINGS.

Railroads.

CENTRAL OF GEORGIA—

	1918.	1917.	1916.
Jan. gross	$1,542,927	$1,198,378	$1,024,147
Net aft. taxes	343,868	257,137	216,300

CHICAGO & ALTON—

	1918.	1917.	Decrease.
Jan. gross	1,233,628	1,533,282	299,756
Def. aft. taxes	216,946	†374,710	*591,656
Bal. for int	†289,636	278,774	563,410

*Increase. †Deficit. ‡Surplus.

TOLEDO, ST. LOUIS & WESTERN—

	1918.	1917.	1916.
Jan. gross	390,432	521,806	459,351
Def. aft. taxes	71,842	*114,974	*143,879
Bal. for int	†109,284	63,974	107,799

*Surplus. †Deficit.

Public Utilities.

CUMBERLAND TELEPHONE AND TELEGRAPH CO. for year ended Dec. 31—

	1917.	1916.	Increase.
Operating rev.	$9,219,954	$8,485,199	$734,755
Net op. rev.	2,973,823	2,808,118	165,705
Bal. aft. taxes	2,304,882	2,189,303	105,579
Gross income	2,379,936	2,263,264	116,672
Bal. aft. chgs.	1,034,895	990,745	44,150
Dividends	664,800	664,800	.....
Surplus	370,086	325,026	44,150
Chgs. to corp. surp.	17,125	190,312	*173,187
Net surplus	352,961	135,624	217,337

*Decrease.

ADAMS EXPRESS CO. report for November as filed with the Interstate Commerce Commission.

T'l trans. rev.	2,514,215	2,150,799	363,416
Total op. rev.	2,557,455	2,210,758	346,694
Net op. deficit	353,455	*81,154	434,589
Def. aft. taxes	382,313	*62,802	446,115

Jan. 1 to Nov. 30

T'l trans. rev.	24,662,816	21,202,230	3,460,586
Total op. rev.	25,248,291	21,757,80	3,490,400
Net op. deficit	1,904,444	*1,234,082	3,228,513
Def. aft. taxes	2,262,758	*987,719	3,250,477

*Surplus.

SOUTHERN BELL TEL. AND TEL. CO. for year ended Dec. 31—

Operating rev.	8,001,403	7,340,075	659,328
Net op. rev.	2,307,294	2,235,918	71,446
Bal. aft. taxes	1,817,648	1,873,808	*56,260
Gross income	2,674,602	2,815,936	*141,334
Bal. aft. chgs.	1,009,600	1,746,315	*136,715
Dividends	1,284,000	1,284,000	.....
Surplus	325,600	462,315	*136,715
Chgs. to corp. surp.	49,674	157,971	*108,297
Net surplus	275,926	304,344	*28,418

*Decrease.

KEYSTONE TELEPHONE—

	1918.	1917.	1916.
Feb. gross	134,479	127,570	117,723
Net	73,834	64,073	59,183
Surp. aft. chgs	30,232	28,281	31,730
2 mos. gross	270,998	255,102	233,834
Net	116,204	123,815	117,804
Surp. aft. chgs	11,117	68,262	62,988

Miscellaneous.

CHICAGO JUNCTION RAILWAYS AND UNION STOCK YARDS—

	1917.	1916.	1915.
Gross	$7,726,131	$7,208,313	$6,566,836
Net	1,405,563	1,093,202	1,023,512

KEYSTONE TIRE AND RUBBER CO. sales for the last six months of 1917 totaled $2,067,295, as compared with $1,062,755 for the same period of 1916, an increase of $2,004,340.

P. LORILLARD CO. for year ended Dec. 31—

	1917.	1916.	1915.
Net income	8,312,343	5,874,077	4,820,913
War taxes	1,000,000	.....	.....
Bond int.	1,261,103	1,269,252	1,274,051
Balance	5,949,240	4,604,825	3,546,862
Preferred divs.	791,532	791,532	791,532
Common divs.	2,728,008	2,576,482	1,970,228
Bond premium	69,701	20,858	18,685
Surplus	2,408,939	1,215,973	766,417
Prev. surplus	5,642,004	4,420,031	3,659,613
P. & L. surp.	8,050,942	5,642,004	4,426,031

ST. LOUIS, ROCKY MOUNTAIN & PACIFIC CO.—

	1918.	1917.	1916.
Jan. gross	451,079	290,499	228,302
Net aft. taxes	111,920	109,707	85,070
Surp. aft. chgs	77,511	68,618	33,743

RAILWAY EQUIPMENT BONDS.

The following are quoted on a percentage basis:

Name.	Maturity.	Rate.	Bid.	Ask.
Balt. & Ohio	1918-'27	4 @4½	5.00	5.30
Buff., Roch. & P.	1918-'33	4½@5	6.00	5.50
Canadian Pacific	1918-'28	4½	6.50	6.00
Ches. & Ohio	1918-'27	4½	5.25	5.75
Chic. & N. W.	1918-'24	4½	5.75	5.20
Chi., R. I. & Pac.	1918-'27	4½@5	7.00	6.00
C. St. L. & N. O.	1918-'24	5	5.90	5.20
C., C., C. & St. L.	1918-'29	5	6.50	6.00
Del. & Hudson	1922	4½	6.25	5.50
Erie Railroad	1918-'27	4½@5	6.60	6.00
Illinois Central	1918-'20	4½@5	6.00	5.20
Louis. & Nash.	1918-'23	5	5.90	5.40
Michigan Central	1918-'30	5	6.10	5.70
Mo., Kan. & Tex.	1918-'23	5	7.00	6.00
Missouri Pacific	1918-'23	5	7.00	6.00
Mobile & Ohio	1918-'29	4½@5	6.50	6.00
New York Cent.	1918-'32	4½@5	6.50	5.90
Norfolk & West.	1918-'24	4½	5.80	5.30
N. Y., N. H. & H.	1918-'28	4½@6	6.00	6.00
Penn. Gen. Mtge.	1918-'23	4 @4½	5.70	5.00
Seaboard Air Line	1918-'26	5 @6	7.00	6.00
Southern Pacific	1918-'38	4½	5.90	5.40
Southern Railway	1918-'24	4½@5	6.00	5.50

BOSTON CURB.

	Bid.	Ask.		Bid.	Ask.
Amer. Oil	12	13	Iron Cap	17¼	19
Bay State Gas	8	10	Jer. Verde	.62	75
Begole	.50	75	La Rose	.32	35
Black Hawk	1⅛	1¼	Majestic	.27	30
Bohemia	.90	1.00	Mex. Metals	.47	50
Boston Ely	.70	80	Moj. Tung	.5	7
Bost. & Mont.	.64	65	New Baltic	.90	1
Butte & Lon.	1¼	1½	Nat. Z. & L.	.27	30
Bost. & Ariz.	2	3	New Cornelia	10	10⅛
Calaveras	1	2	Nevada Doug.	.95	1⅛
Crown Res.	.18	25	Nixon Nevada	1	1⅛
Con. Arizona	1½	2⅛	Oneco	.20	30
Cortez	.10	15	Onondaga	.15	25
Champ. Cop.	7	8	Pioneer Con.	.57	60
Chief Cons.	2	2½	Ray Herc.	4¼	4⅝
Eagle & B. B.	2	2½	Rilla	2	3
Earl-Eagle	4	5	S. W. Miami, pref. paid	.75	1
Fortuna	6	7	S. W. Miami, full paid	.80	1¼
Gold Lake	2	5	Un. Verde Ex.	39½	40⅛
Houghton	.75	1	Victoria Min.	.90	1
Homa Oil	.60	63	Yukon Gold	1	1¼
Hoffbldt	.50	75			
Iron Blossom	.45	55			

THE COTTON MARKET

Old Crop Months Off 2 to 12 Points and New Months Up 9 to 12 Points.

A rather marked distinction developed yesterday in the local cotton market between the new and old crop months. Most of the business of a rather quiet session seemed to be created by the efforts of trade representatives to pick favorable spots for transferring their long hedges from old to new crop positions, houses with Liverpool connections taking the same course to undo old straddles, and some tendency by such speculative long interest as exists in the market to follow this trend of the market. As a result, the close found the market steady, with old crop months off from 2 to 12 points and new crop months up from 9 to 12 points.

March, although the current month, was very inactive and had little influence upon the market. The short interest in this position, which a few weeks ago was a strong factor, appears to have been pretty thoroughly liquidated, and most contracts in the hands of the trade to have been satisfied by advance sales, at premiums for spot delivery, out of local stocks.

Some Southern holders showed a little more willingness to sell the current crop positions yesterday, and this tendency was a factor in easing the market. The opening was from 5 points up to 13 down, and after a fair early advance on trade demand and covering, the Southern selling and realizing sent all prices off until the strength in new crop deliveries became evident, toward the close of the day.

Exports yesterday totaled 13,029 bales, or 2,549,014 for the season. Southern spot markets were 15 points lower to 25 higher, but generally unchanged.

Yesterday's quotations follow:

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.	Mon.
March	32.10	32.25	32.10	32.15@32.16	32.23
April	.....	.....	.....	31.74 bid	31.83
May	31.68	31.85	31.64	31.64@31.65	31.73
June	.....	.....	.....	31.36 bid	31.48
July	31.13	31.45	31.13	31.16@31.17	31.18
August	.....	.....	.....	30.60 bid	30.92
September	.....	.....	.....	30.34 bid	30.22
October	29.93	30.20	29.93	30.04@30.06	29.93
December	29.76	30.00	29.76	29.88@29.84	29.74
January	.....	.....	.....	29.68 bid	29.59

The local market for spot cotton was quiet and 10 points lower, at 33.15 for middling upland; sales nil.

Southern spot markets were: Galveston, 32.95; New Orleans, 32.50; Savannah, 32.14; Augusta, 32.25; Memphis, 32.50; Houston, 32.50; Little Rock, 32.38.

DIVIDENDS DECLARED.

Company.	Rate.	Per. iod.	Payable.	Holders of Rec.
Am. B. S. & F. pf.	1	Ex	Mar. 30	Mar. 22
Bos., R. B. & L.	$1.50	SA	Apr. 1	Mar. 15
Cambria Iron	2	SA	Apr. 1	Mar. 15
Canadian Loco.	1½	Q	Apr. 1	Mar. 20
Do. pf.	1¾	Q	Apr. 1	Mar. 20
Dodge Mfg.	1½	Q	Mar. 25	..
Do. pf.	1¾	Q	Apr. 1	Mar. 22
Federal Oil pf.	2	Q	Apr. 1	Mar. 20
Guantanamo Sug.	$1.25	Q	Apr. 1	Mar. 19
Imp. Tob. Canada	3	SA	Mar. 30	..
Do.	1½	Int	Mar. 28	..
Iron Cap. Copper	25c	—	Apr. 1	Mar. 20
Manila El. R. R. & L.	$1.50	Q	Apr. 1	Mar. 19
Maverick Mills pf.	$1.50	Q	Apr. 1	Mar. 20
Nat. Licorice pf.	1½	Q	Mar. 30	Mar. 25
N. Y. Title & Mtg.	1¾	Q	Apr. 1	Mar. 21
Northw'n Yeast	3	Q	Mar. 15	Mar. 12
Do.	3	Ex	Mar. 15	Mar. 12
Old Dominion	..	Q	Mar. 26	..
Ottawa L., H. & P.	1¾	Q	Apr. 1	Mar. 20
Owens Bot. Mach.	3	Q	Apr. 1	Mar. 22
Do.	*2	Ex	Apr. 1	Mar. 22
Do. pf.	1¾	Q	Apr. 1	Mar. 22
Pitts., B. & St. L.	1¾	SA	Apr. 1	Mar. 15
S. S. Kresge pf.	1¾	Q	Apr. 1	Mar. 15
United Fruit	$2	Q	Apr. 15	Mar. 20
United Verde Ext.	50c	Q	May 1	Apr. 5
Do.	50c	Ex	May 1	Apr. 5

*Payable in Liberty 4 per cent. bonds.

FINANCIAL NOTES.

For income tax purposes Cotton Exchange members have been notified that the average value of their seats was for 1911, $14,342; for 1912, $16,962; for 1913, $15,780; for the three years, $16,541; for 1917, $14,660.

J. R. Bridegerd & Co. are offering first mortgage 5 per cent. gold bonds of the Macon, Dublin & Savannah Railroad Company, guaranteed by Seaboard Airline Railroad Company to yield 6.10 per cent.

Theodore Rousseau, formerly Secretary to Mayor Mitchel, since with the Guaranty Trust Company, has been appointed Secretary to President Charles H. Sabin.

C. M. Garrison, Vice President of Calumet & Jerome, has been elected President of the New York-Chino Valley Oil Syndicate.

Rudolph Guenther, Inc., has published a booklet on financial advertising.

Lee, Higginson & Co., J. & W. Seligman & Co., and the Guaranty Trust Company are offering $4,000,000 of Montana Power Company's 5 per cent. sinking fund bonds at 80 and interest, to yield about 5¾ per cent.

The City of Brockton, Mass., has awarded a temporary loan of $200,000, dated March 14 and maturing Nov. 7, to the National City Company of New York at 5.30 per cent. discount, plus $5.25 premium.

The town of Winchester, Mass., has awarded to R. L. Day & Co. a temporary loan of $250,000 at 5.33 per cent. for $125,00, maturing Nov. 13, and 5.48 per cent. for $125,000, maturing Jan. 15.

COMMODITIES MARKETS

WHEAT.

The weather over the Winter wheat belt was generally clear and mild, with temperatures ranging from 36 to 60 degrees above. The milder temperatures of late have started the wheat plant growing, and many reports received indicate a very promising condition. It seems to be the general impression that the crop has passed through the Winter without even the usual amount of damage, and when it is considered that the acreage sown last Fall of 42,000,000 acres is a record area, the outlook for this year's wheat crop is very promising at the present time. The heavy drain on supplies to fill the big demand from abroad is expected to result in a very active distribution, however, during the balance of the season, and it has been intimated that the Food Administration is expecting or hoping for quite extensive importations from Argentina.

RYE.—The market was unsettled and nominal. Prices in the West were unchanged to 2 cents lower, with No. 2 Western in Chicago quoted at $2.88.

CORN.

For one reason or another the corn market has developed an easier tone. This is not particularly noticeable as far as contracts are concerned, owing to the big discounts at which contracts have been selling, but cash corn was lower. Advices from the West said that good cash corn was 5 to 10 cents lower and that some of the lowest grades were down 10 to 20 cents. This represents a loss of 10 to 25 cents during the past day or two. The action of values in the West was attributed largely to the fact that export allotments have ceased and buyers generally are inclined to wait until some of the corn purchased has been delivered. In the local market kiln dried No. 2 yellow was quoted at $2.15½, No. 3 yellow $1.93½, No. 3 white $2.14½, cost and freight New York.

CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
March	1.27⅞	1.27⅛	1.27⅞	1.28	.....
May	1.27⅜	1.27	1.27⅛	1.27¼	1.08¼

OATS.

The oats market was also easier, futures in Chicago closing with net losses of ⅝. Cash markets were also somewhat lower and the demand seemed to be less urgent. Local cash handlers were not inclined to express any bearish views on the situation at large, as there were evidences of further export inquiry, and oats are badly needed for Eastern distribution. Embargoes are still in force, however, and buyers see little to be gained by making further heavy contracts, as it seems to be getting more difficult all the while to secure permits. The local cash market was nominally easier; natural quoted at $1.07½@1.09½; clipped white, $1.08@1.11, all elevator.

CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
March	91¼	90¾	91¼	91¾	..
May	89¼	88¼	88¾	89¼	68

PROVISIONS.

There was only a moderate volume of business in the provision market, but prices were easier. Hogs were lower and this, together with a slow cash trade, had a depressing influence on values. Receipts of hogs at Chicago were 45,000; estimated for Wednesday, 40,000; Kansas City received 9,000 and Omaha 17,800 hogs.

CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
Lard—					
May	26.00	25.90	25.92	26.10	18.50
July	26.20	26.12	26.17	26.22	18.80
Ribs—					
May	24.97	24.82	24.85	25.00	17.37
July	25.37	25.22	25.22	25.40	17.47
Pork—					
May	48.50	48.30	48.37	48.55	32.25

COTTONSEED OIL.

The market for cottonseed oil remained dull, and in absence of business prices were practically unchanged. There were tenders of 1,100 barrels on March contracts, but, aside from this, there was an absence of business. Range of prices:

	Close.	Prev. Close.
Spot	20.00	20.00
March	20.00	20.00
April	20.05	20.05
May	20.10	20.10
June	20.15	20.15
July	20.15	20.20

COFFEE.

The coffee market was upset yesterday by the publishing of press dispatches from Washington defining the question of reasonable profits in the handling of coffee, and business was extremely quiet. The market opened at declines of 4 to 5 points on a little outside liquidation and sustained further losses as the day progressed, the close being net unchanged to a decline of 6 points. The local spot market was quiet with a poor demand and dealers have not quite thoroughly digested the latest ruling from Washington. Range of prices:

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
March	.....	.....	.....	8.35@8.40	8.35
April	.....	.....	.....	8.41@8.43	8.43
May	8.48	8.48	8.44	8.45@8.46	8.49
June	.....	.....	.....	8.49@8.50	8.52
July	.....	.....	.....	8.53@8.55	8.55
August	.....	.....	.....	8.54@8.56	8.58
September	8.60	8.62	8.60	8.55@8.57	8.60
October	.....	.....	.....	8.58@8.59	8.64
November	.....	.....	.....	8.61@8.62	8.67
December	8.65	8.65	8.64	8.63@8.65	8.69
January	.....	.....	.....	8.66@8.68	8.72
February	.....	.....	.....	8.70@8.72	8.76

SUGAR.

The weekly Cuban figures show a heavy increase in exports from the Island which would indicate easier freight conditions, and press reports state that Danish and Norwegian ships have been turned over as sugar carriers between the United States and the West Indies recently which, it is believed, will allow raw sugars to reach here more regularly. In refined sugar the Government is taking much of available sugar, which lessens the amount distributed for domestic use, but improvement is expected from now on. The International Sugar Committee announces purchases of 23,800 bags San Domingo and 10,626 bags Surinams, at 4.74c. c. i. f., afloat for Canada. No purchases were made of Cuban raws.

BUTTER AND EGG MARKET.

BUTTER.—Receipts yesterday, 7,188 packages. Market still unsettled, with prices in buyers' favor. Quite a heavy accumulation of fresh goods still on hand, and there is some urgency to sell, notwithstanding the fact that fresh arrivals are somewhat lighter. There is, however, a little export demand, chiefly in fresh creamery, from 45½@46c. Ladles and packing stock lower. Creamery, higher than extras, a lb., 47¼@48c.; extras, (92 score,) 46¾@47c; firsts, (88 to 91 score,) 45¾@46¾c.; seconds, (83 to 87 score,) 43½@45c.; thirds, 42@45c.; creamery, unsalted, higher than extras, 48@48½c.; extras, 47@c 47½.; firsts, 46@46¾c.; seconds, 44@45½c.; creamery, held, as to quality, 43@48½c.; State dairy, tubs, finest, 46½c.; good to prime, 45@46c.; common to fair, 40@44c.; renovated, extras, 44@44½c.; firsts, 43@43½c.; lower grades, 38@42c.; imitation creamery, firsts, 41c.; ladles, current make, firsts, 36@37c.; seconds, 34½@35c.; lower grades, 33@34c.; packing stock, current make, No. 1, 34½@35c.; No. 2, 33½c.; lower grades, 30@33c.

EGGS.—17,861 cases. Arrivals were moderate, a good deal of stock is held off the market under shippers' limits, and with continued fairly active trading the market shows a firm tone with some further improvement in average prime and ordinary qualities. High grades of nearby white eggs are also showing some further improvement and California whites are higher in sympathy. Fresh gathered extras, a dozen, 39c; extra firsts, 38½c; firsts, 38c; seconds, 36½@37½c; State, Pennsylvania, and nearby Western henhery whites, fine to fancy, 46@46c; ordinary to good, 43@44½c; gathered whites, ordinary to fine, 42@45c; Pacific Coast whites, No. 1, 44c; State, Pennsylvania, and nearby Western browns, 39@46c; gathered brown and mixed colors, firsts to extra firsts, 38@39c.

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STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA,
TREASURY DEPARTMENT.
Raleigh, March 4, 1918.

NOTICE OF SALE.

Sealed proposals will be received by me as State Treasurer of North Carolina, at this office, in Raleigh, North Carolina, until April 1st, noon, for the purchase of all or any part of the following Bonds:

$500,000.00 Permanent Improvement Bonds dated July 1, 1918, as follows:

$100,000.00	Mature	July 1, 1928.
100,000.00	"	July 1, 1929.
100,000.00	"	July 1, 1930.
100,000.00	"	July 1, 1931.
100,000.00	"	July 1, 1932.

The Bonds will be sold at par to the person bidding the lowest rate of interest not exceeding 4%.

Bonds paid for in full on April 1st will be exempted from all taxation including income and also when constituting a part of the surplus of any bank, trust company, or other corporation.

Apply to me for blanks upon which to bid.

B. R. LACY,
State Treasurer.

MISSISSIPPI GLASS COMPANY 6% BONDS
SINKING FUND.

Pursuant to Article Six of the Deed of Trust made by the Mississippi Glass Company to the undersigned Trustees, under date of May 2, 1901, the Trustees will purchase $25,000 of bonds secured by said deed of trust. Sealed proposals for sale thereof must be in the hands of the Mississippi Valley Trust Company, St. Louis, Mo., on or before March 30, 1918.

MISSISSIPPI VALLEY TRUST COMPANY,
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CITY NOTES AT 4.79 TO GUARANTY TRUST

Entire Issue of $20,000,000 Awarded on That Company's Offer.

BIDS TOTAL $111,680,000

Controller Craig Gratified at Confidence in City's Credit Reflected in Interest Rates.

Bids were opened yesterday in the office of Controller Craig for $12,000,000 of New York City corporation stock notes dated March 12 and maturing June 28, and $8,000,000 of revenue notes dated March 12 and maturing July 8. The Guaranty Trust Company, on its bid of 4.70, got the entire amount of both issues, totaling $20,000,000. This bid was at the lowest rate of interest for the whole issue which the city must pay. Thirty-one financial institutions submitted bids totaling $111,680,000, which is 550 per cent. of the entire offering.

About a month ago the city sold $20,000,000 of notes, half of which matures on May 10 and the other half on May 20. J. P. Morgan & Co. were the successful bidders at 4.31 and 4.32. The last sale of city warrants, amounting to $5,000,000, brought 4.75, and in the latter part of January $5,000,000 were disposed of on a 4.52 basis.

Controller Craig expressed himself as being gratified at the confidence reflected in the credit of the city as shown by the number of bids submitted and the satisfactory interest rates quoted at a time closely approaching the issue of the Third Liberty Loan. Many of the thirty unsuccessful bidders, in submitting scale figures, though quoting a somewhat higher interest rate than that submitted by the Guaranty Trust Company, offered figures averaging well under a 5 per cent. flat rate.

Among the bidders were: Salomon Brothers & Hutzler, all or none, both issues, at 4.86; J. P. Morgan & Co., 4.90 for all or none, and 4.92 for all or any part; $4,000,000 revenue bills maturing July 8; Gallaway, Pfaff & Co., $2,000,000 of either maturity at 4.25; White, Weld & Co., $3,000,000 of either issue, $500,000 at 4.74, $500,000 at 4.84, $1,000,000 at 4.94, and $1,000,000 at 5; Kountze Brothers, $2,000,000 of stock notes at 5.25; Spencer, Trask & Co., $2,000,000 corporate stock and revenue bills, $75,000 at 4.90; Equitable Trust Company, $3,000,000 corporate stock notes, $1,000,000 at 4.90, $1,000,000 at 4.95, and $1,000,000 at 5; Central Trust Company, $3,000,000 of corporate stock notes, $400,000 at 4.85, $400,000 at 4.87, $400,000 at 4.90, $450,000 at 4.92¾, $450,000 at 4.95, $450,000 at 4.97½, $450,000 at 5, and for revenue stock notes: $400,000 at 4.90, $400,000 at 4.92¾; $400,000 at 4.95, $400,000 at 4.97½, and $400,000 at 5.

Bank for Savings, $500,000 revenue notes at 4.80; National Thrift Bank, $50,000 corporate notes at 5.25; National Liberty Bank, $500,000 revenue notes at 5.50 and $500,000 corporate stock notes at 4.99; Dry Dock Savings Bank, $500,000 revenue notes at 4.73; Bernhard, Scholle & Co., $5,000,000 at these rates: $1,000,000 at 5.5, $1,000,000 at 5.25, $1,000,000 at 5.41, $1,000,000 at 5.44, and $1,000,000 at 5.47; Chase National Bank, $2,500,000 corporate notes at 4.87, and $2,500,000 revenue notes at 4.96; S. N. Bond & Co., $1,000,000, either maturity, $200,000 at 4.78, $400,000 at 4.95, and $400,000 at 4.98; Barr, Schmelzer, $1,000,000 in lots running from 4.85 to 5.39, and revenue bills running from 4.79 to 5.39.

Kuhn, Loeb & Co., all or any part of $1,000,000, of either maturity, at 4.90; Brown Brothers & Co., $250,000 notes at 5, $250,000 at 5.05, $250,000 revenue bills at 5.10, and $250,000 at 5.15; W. Wellman & Co., $500,000 revenue bills in $100,000 lots at from 4.75 to 4.79; Mechanics and Metals National Bank, $500,000 corporate notes at 4.70, and $500,000 revenue bills at 4.80, and Farmers Loan and Trust Company, $1,000,000 revenue bills at 4.90.

NEW INCORPORATIONS.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, March 12.—Eighteen new corporations, with an aggregate capital stock of $803,000, were chartered today. They include:

Henry Miller Theatre Corp., Manhattan, $25,000; R. H. Bishop, R. B. Fenner, M. M. Irey, 4; 449 Lexington Av.

Robbins Island Oyster Co., Manhattan, $10,000; T. M. Dunham, J. B. and M. E. Cartwright, 2,338 University Av.

New York Basket Co., Manhattan, $6,400; J. L. Coles, Jr., and F. H. Newman, 378 58th St., Brooklyn.

Abolition Sales Corp., Buffalo, washing compounds, $55,000; W. Keopk, W. J. Brook, A. M. Post, Buffalo.

Roman, Mandel & Co., Manhattan, jewelry, $9,000; S. Mandel, F. Roman, H. Schall, 21 Avenue C.

Cedarhurst Realty Holding Co., Manhattan, $10,000; S. D., K. G., and L. D. Openheim, 113 West 121st St.

James R. McMann Co., Manhattan, sanitary fixtures and plumbers' supplies, 200 shares common stock, no par value; active capital, $30,000; H. E. Mulliken, A. A. Gubick, J. R. McMann, Englewood, N. J.

Elmhurst and Flushing Iron Co., Manhattan, $5,000; S. Shack, M. Inlender, S. Daniels, 1,278 Webster Av.

Combined Industries, Manhattan, general jobbing and selling agents, $500,000; F. North, E. Oden, C. B. Lesser, 1,410 Avenue H, Brooklyn.

The M. & M. Garage, Manhattan, $50,000; A. Goetze, A. Morris, M. Manbaum, 677 West 161st St.

Movie Film Exchange, Manhattan, $5,000; D. E. Isenstein, A. and B. Frank, 33 St. Mark's Place.

White Cross Linen Lint Corp., Manhattan, $250,000; S. Barth, L. E. Johnson, C. L. Weber, 27 William St.

Chester-Parker Chemical Co., Manhattan, $5,000; D. B. Levi, S. Keepnews, A. D. Cohen, 258 Broadway.

CAPITAL INCREASES.

The Hopkins Co., Syracuse, $25,000 to $50,000.

Kelsey Heating Co., Manlius, $100,000 to $200,000.

Arensmeyer-Warnock-Zahrndt, Rochester, $10,000 to $20,000.

Well Hair and Bristle Co., Manhattan, $1,000 to $21,000.

CHANGE OF NAME.

R. A. Schoenberg & Co., Manhattan, to R. A. Belmont Co.

Commonwealth Fruit Products Corp., Manhattan, to Commonwealth Products Corp.

DISSOLUTIONS.

R. O. Bowers & Co., West Virginia.

Dale & Co., Brooklyn.

Frankel Contracting Co., Manhattan.

Tompkinsville Drug and Chemical Co., Richmondville.

New Jersey Charters.

Special to The New York Times.

TRENTON, March 12.—Charters filed: A. O. Franckle Co., hotels, Atlantic City, $125,000; Arthur O. Franckle, Mary E. Franckle, Raymond P. Read, Atlantic City.

North Hudson Maxaphone Service Co., Town of Union, $100,000; Henry T. Crape, Boston; J. Appel, West New York; Joseph Davis, North Bergen.

Silk City Neckwear Shop, Paterson, $25,000; Joseph C. Martin, William A. Jacobson, Isaac Lowenstein, Paterson.

Gootenberg Westerhoff Silk Co., Paterson, $50,000; David Gootenberg, Gerson Gootenberg, John H. Westerhoff, Bernard Aronsohn, Paterson.

Thomas N. Wrenn, chemicals, Westfield, $10,000; Walter H. Bond, South Orange; H. Course, James P. Callender, New York.

Worth, Inc., cloaks, furs, &c., Jersey City, $5,000; Louis R. Solomon, Arthur Worth, New York; Emma Moore, Jersey City.

Weather in Cotton and Grain States.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, March 12.—Forecast:

N. and Rain Wed.; fair Thurs.

S. C., Ga., Fla., and Ala.—Fair Wed. and Thurs.

Miss.—Fair Wed.; rain Thurs.

Tenn. and Ky.—Cloudy Wed.; rain and colder Thurs.

Ind.—Fair and colder Wed.; rain and colder Thurs.

Mich.—Fair and colder Wed.; rain or snow Thurs.

Ohio—Fair and colder Wed.; rain Thurs.

Ill., Mo., and N. Dak.—Unsettled Wed. and Thurs.

Wis.—Unsettled, with rain or snow, Wed. and Thurs.

Minn.—Rain or snow Wed. and probably Thurs.

Iowa—Rain Wed. and probably Thurs.

S. Dak.—Rain or snow and somewhat colder Wed.; probably unsettled Thurs.

Kan.—Partly cloudy Wed. and Thurs.

La. and E. Tex.—Partly cloudy Wed. and Thurs.

Ark.—Partly cloudy Wed.; unsettled Thurs.

Okla.—Partly cloudy Wed.; Thurs. fair.

W. Tex.—Fair Wed. and Thurs.

SHIFT IN ITALIAN EXCHANGE.

Hurried Buying Causes Swift Advance, but Reaction Follows.

The Italian exchange market, which had been moving steadily against Italy since the middle of November until a recovery began late last week, went through some exceptional movements yesterday. Opening at 8.56½ lire to the American dollar, the rate shot forward until a quotation of 7.97 lire per dollar was reported. Around midday the trend changed abruptly as offerings increased, with the result that a reverse swing to around 8.30 for funds to be transferred by cable occurred. At the highest quotation, the rate still showed a discount of about 35 per cent. from the normal level of 5.1825 lire to the dollar.

The swift advance appeared to result from hurried buying by persons who feared that the restrictions put by the Italian Government on dealings in exchange in Italy would reduce the supply in the New York market. Following a preparation of several months, the Italian authorities are reported by cable to have established the National Exchange Institute at Rome to handle all dealings in lire. The purpose is to stabilize rates and prevent speculation in lire in foreign markets. Since the United States Government began to extend substantial credits to Italy, the lire market here has been much smaller than in normal periods. In consequence concentrated buying easily moves rates forward, and a little selling quickly depresses them.

Canadian Pacific Earns $46,546,018

The annual report of the Canadian Pacific Railway for the year 1917 shows gross earnings of the railway and of lake and coastal steamers amounting to $152,389,394. Net earnings from these sources aggregated $46,546,018; surplus, $36,316,875. Net revenues available for dividends were $33,848,192. After the payment of all dividends, surplus from earnings was $12,420,919.

WESTERN UNION TO PAY 7%.

American Brake Shoe & Foundry Co. Declares Extra Dividend.

Directors of the Western Union Telegraph Company declared yesterday a quarterly dividend of 1¾ per cent., placing the stock on a straight 7 per cent. per annum basis. The dividend is payable April 15 to holders of record on March 20. Heretofore the company has been paying dividends at the rate of 1½ per cent. quarterly, and last year an extra dividend of 1 per cent. was declared.

The American Brake Shoe and Foundry Company has declared an extra dividend of 1 per cent. on the preferred stock, payable March 30 to holders of record on March 22.

RULING ON INCOME TAX REPORTS OF EMPLOYES

Items of Payment Which Employers Are Not To Include in Source Statements.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, March 12.—Internal Revenue Commissioner Roper has combined in a single ruling a large number of items of payment which may not be reported by persons, corporations, partnerships, associations, and insurance companies in making reports at the source of all incomes which they pay to employes or officers above the limit of $800. The nonreportable items have been embodied in instructions to Collectors of Internal Revenue.

The payments which do not require reports of information under this part of the income tax law are as follows:

Payments made to corporations, associations, or insurance companies for the year 1917.

Bills paid for merchandise, telegrams, telephone, freight, storage, and similar charges.

Bills paid to employes for board and lodging while traveling under orders or when employe is employed on a salary basis.

Payments of premiums made to insurance companies for annual protection.

Annuities representing return of corpus or capital.

Fees to lawyers, doctors, and similar payments aggregating less than $800 for the year.

Interest accrued on bank deposits before it has been passed to the credit of the individual depositor.

Salary, wages, and other compensation for services rendered in December, 1917, but paid in 1918, unless the amount was fully due and passed to the credit of the individual in December, 1917.

Payments of rent made to real estate agents. (But agent must report payments to landlord, if the same amounts to $800 or more during 1917.)

Payments made to employes in factories where the brass check or number system was in use during 1917, and a record of sufficient detail does not exist and cannot be obtained because employes are no longer in the employ of the company. However, in all such cases an accounting system must be installed that will enable such employers to keep an accurate check, so that full information can be given in the future.

"Living quarters" referred to in Paragraph 235, Regulations No. 33, (revised), are quarters furnished for the benefit and convenience of employes only. When living quarters, such as camps, are furnished for the convenience of the employer only, the cost need not be added to the compensation of the employe.

In the case of an employer having a large number of employes who are moved from place to place as the exigencies of the service require, and who consequently has no complete record of annual payments to them at any one place, the salary of five consecutive months may be taken to establish a fair monthly wage, and unless yearly payment based on this estimate in the case of an employe amounts to $800 or more, no return of payments to such employe is required for 1917.

Payments made by branches of business houses located in foreign countries to alien employes serving in foreign countries need not be reported.

Returns of information will not be required of disbursing officers of payments to sailors, soldiers, or civilian employes of the United States Government, the records in these cases being available to the Treasury Department at any time.

URGES NEW AETNA BOARD.

Stockholders' Committee Asks for More Representative Body.

The Stockholders' Protective Committee of the Aetna Explosives Company has sent a letter to shareowners in connection with a request for proxies to be voted at the annual meeting on March 19 outlining the personnel of the Board of Directors desired by the committee.

"The election of the Board of Directors," the letter says, "is a matter entirely separate and distinct from any plan of readjustment of the securities of the company, and whether or not the suggested plan appeals to you it should not affect your judgment as to the importance of selecting a proper Board of Directors at this time. From the last balance sheet of the company that has been published by the receivers, under date of Dec. 31, 1917, it appears that the current assets of the company amount to $16,293,523 and the actual liabilities, including the bonds of approximately $2,350,000, and all other liabilities except back dividends on the preferred stock, amounting to $10,186,862, leaving a balance of current assets of $6,106,959, an amount sufficient to represent $100 a share for the $5,500,000 preferred outstanding, and, in addition thereto, enough to pay back dividends on said stock."

The letter states that the present board seems to be dominated by the same interests which directed the company when the receivership occurred. The committee asserts that a board more representative of the actual owners of the property should be elected.

Refuses to Raise Chicago Gas Rate.

CHICAGO, March 12.—The Illinois Public Utilities Commission today refused permission to the People's Gas Light and Coke Company, which supplies gas to the entire city, to increase its rates 15 per cent.

PLUMBERS' SUPPLIES SOAR.

Convention Reports 400 Per Cent. Increase Since War Began.

Prices for plumbers' supplies in the wholesale trade have jumped between 400 and 500 per cent. since the start of the European war, this entailing an even greater advance to the general public. This development was the outstanding feature of the thirtieth annual convention of the New York State Association of Master Plumbers, which met yesterday at the Hotel McAlpin.

Jeremiah L. Murphy of New York, President of the association, called the 300 members present to order and introduced Dock Commissioner Murray Hulbert, who welcomed the delegates to the city in the absence of Mayor Hylan, who was in Albany.

One of the officers of the association said that, while prices for materials were unprecedented, the master plumbers were not worried. "We simply have to pay the prices asked," he continued, "with the knowledge that the public understands the situation and will share its burden of the additional costs."

There was considerable complaint by members that master plumbers had been ignored by the Government in the letting of contracts for army cantonments, hospitals, and other structures being erected for military purposes. The statement was made that under the existing system of Governmental contracts the general contractor usually employed a mere journeyman plumber to supervise the installation of plumbing fixtures. The master plumbers hold to the view that, as the installation of sanitary plumbing is an engineer's job, recognition of that fact should be given by the Government. A special committee was appointed yesterday to cooperate with the National Association of Master Plumbers in urging the Washington authorities to place the plumbing features of construction work in the hands of master plumbers.

Coal Plan Meets Approval.

The Fuel Administration's announcement concerning Spring and Summer anthracite prices has the approval, the Coal Trade Journal will say today, of all factors in the coal industry. The new plan has the advantage, it is said, of multiplying by five the numbers of consumers who can be supplied with at least part of their annual requirements at the lowest price of the year. It is thought that this will relieve the pressure somewhat in the early months of the discount period, and at the same time forestall complaints of favoritism. Producers will apparently receive about the same average price for their Spring and Summer output as under the old system, while the retail trade will not be affected one way or the other.

UNITED STATES GOVT. BONDS

Inasmuch as the bulk of business in United States Government bonds is done over the counter, and not on the Stock Exchange, THE TIMES gives the following quotations, obtained from bond dealers:

	Bid.	Ask.
2s, registered, 1930	97¼	98
2s, coupon, 1930	97¼	98
2s, coupon, '38, reg	97¼	98
3s, registered, 1918	99	100
3s, coupon, 1918	99	100
3s, registered, 1946	84	85
3s, coupon, 1946	84	88
3s, conversion, 1947	84	85
4s, registered, 1925	104½	105¼
4s, coupon, 1925	104½	105¼
2s, Panama, '38, coupon	97	97½
3s, Panama, '61, reg	84	87
3s, Panama '61, coupon	84	87

NEW YORK CITY BONDS

	Yesterday. Bid.	Yesterday. Ask.	Monday. Bid.
4½s July, 1967	95¼	96¼	96
4½s June, 1963	95½	96%	96
4½s Mar., 1963	96¼	96%	96¼
4½s Nov., 1957	96½	97½	96½
4½s May, 1957	96½	97½	96½
4½s Mar., 1960-30	90	91	90
4½s April, 1958	90¼	90%	90¼
4½s Mar., 1964	90¼	90%	90¼
4½s May, 1962	90	90½	90
4½s Sept., 1960	90	90%	90
4s May, 1950	86½	87%	86½
4s Nov., 1958	86½	87½	86½
4s May, 1957	86½	87%	86½
4s Nov., 1956	85	86	85
4s Nov., 1955	85	86	85
4s Nov., 1936	89	..	89
4s May, 1919	98½	..	98½
4s Nov., 1918	99	..	99
3½s Nov., 1954	77	78½	77

	Yesterday. Bid.	Yesterday. Ask.	Monday. Bid.
3½s May, 1954	77	78½	77
3½s Nov., 1955	..	80	..

The following are quoted on a percentage basis:

4½s 1924-1921	4.90	4.60	4.90
4½s 1921-1923	4.90	4.60	4.90
4½s April, 1920	4.90	4.60	4.90
4½s 1918-1919	4.90	..	4.90
4½s 1924-1932	4.90	4.70	4.90
4½s 1918-1923	4.90	4.60	4.90
4½s 1918	5.00	..	5.00
4½s 1940-1953	4.90	4.75	4.90
4½s 1939-1939	4.90	4.75	4.90
4½s 1922-1929	4.90	4.70	4.90
4½s 1919-1921	4.90	4.70	4.90
3s 1940-1953	5.00	4.70	5.00
3s 1926-1930	5.00	4.70	5.00
3s 1918-1925	5.00	4.70	5.00

PUBLIC UTILITIES

Stocks.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Bid.	Asked.
560	Cities Service	207	201½	204½	206
435	Cities Service pf	74¾	74½	74¼	74½
100	Republic Ry. & Lt. pf	59	59	58½	60

	Bid.	Asked.
Adiron. Elec. Power	15	17
Adiron. Elec. Power pf	72	75
Am. Gas & Electric	40	42
Am. Gas & Electric pf	39½	41
Am. Light & Traction	208	212
Am. Light & Trac. pf	96	98
Am. Power & Light	87	89
Am. Power & Light pf	75	80
Am. Public Utilities	25	30
Am. Pub. Utilities pf	57	62
Am. W. W. & E.	3½	3¾
Am. W. W. & E. coupon	38	61
Am. W. W. & E. partic	12	14
Carolina Power & Light	20	22
Carolina Pow. & Lt. pf	85	90
Colorado Power	27	28
Colorado Power pf	95	100
Columbus Electric pf	71	77
Com. Power, Ry. & L.	34½	35
Com. Pow., Ry. & L. pf	49½	51
Conn. Power pf	80	85
Consumers' Power pf	82	87
Dayton Power & L. pf	79	82
Eastern Texas Electric	53	58
Eastern Texas Elec. pf	73	78
El Paso Electric	87	92
El Paso Electric pf	86	91
Electric L. & P.	91	93
Electric Properties	57	59
Empire Dist. Elec. pf	84	88
Federal Light & Trac.	5	10
Federal Lt. & Trac. pf	27	33
Galveston-Hous. Elec.	19	21
Galveston-Hous. Elec. pf	58	64
Gas & Elec. Securities	250	275

Bonds.

Alabama Water 6s, '20	96½	..	Miss. Ry. Pow. 1st 5s	80½	71
Appalach. Pow. 5s, '32	68	72	Miss. R. G. & E. 5s, '29	76	84
Cincinnati Gas & Elec. Co. 1st 5s, 1956	93½	96	Nor. States Pow. 5s, '41	87	87½
Col. G. & E. deb. 5s, '27	77	81	Nor. Tex. Elec. col. 5s	80	87
Commonwealth Power (Neb.) 1st 6s, 1944	97	100	Omaha & C. B. 5s	89	95
Conn. Power 5s, 1951	82	87	Roanoke W. & L. 5s, '19	96½	99
Dallas Elec. 5s, 1922	85	90	Rochester Gas & El. 5s, 1933	85	92
East. Tex. Elec. col. 5s	85	90	So. Cal. Edison 5s, '39	85	90
El Paso Elec. col. 5s	87	88	Twin States Gas & El. 5s, 1953	85	92
Gt. West. Pow. 5s, '46	78	80	Un. L. & R. 1st 5s, '32	77	82
Gt. West. Pow. 6s, '25	84	89	United Util. cv. 6s, '43	90	95
Int.-M. Ry., Lt. & P. 6s	91½	96	Utah Securities 6s	83	86
Knox. Gas 1st 5s, '38	80	85	Wash. L. W. L. & P. 6s	94	98
Middle W. U. 6s, '25	..	90	Wis. Edison 6s, 1924	88	92

OUT-OF-TOWN EXCHANGES

BALTIMORE.

Stocks.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
150	Alabama Co.	70	70	70
100	Do 2d pf	65	65	65
35	Con. Power	98½	98½	98½
75	Fosdick	7¾	7¾	7¾
50	D. & M. Nat. Bank	195	195	195
75	Elkhorn	28	28	28

Bonds.

$1,500	Balt. & Sus. 5s, '61	94	94
1,000	City 4s, Water Loan	99	99
	Baltim'e	99	99
2,000	Chi. Ry. 5s	85	85
4,000	Con. P. 5 nts	83	83
1,000	Con. Coal 6s	101½	101½
7,000	Cosden 6s, A	80	79¾
4,000	Do 6s, B	82	82

BOSTON.

Mining.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
10	Alaska	1¾	1¾	1¾
18	Allouez	52½	52½	52½
100	Ariz. Com'l	13	13	13
800	Butte & Bal.	76	75	75
32	Cal. & Arizona	71½	69½	70
200	Centennial	13½	13½	13½
960	Davis-Daly	6¾	6¾	6¾
214	East Butte	9¾	9½	9½
200	Franklin	6	5¾	6
60	Island Creek	62	61	61
200	Isle Royale	22	21	21
10	Lake Copper	6¼	6	6
100	Mass Cons.	6¼	6¼	6¼
250	May. Con'l C.	43	43	43
20	Mohawk	63	63	63
100	New Arcadian	2	2	2
470	New Idria	17½	16	17½
50	Nipissing	8¾	8¾	8¾
105	North Butte	15½	15	15

Railroads.

20	Bost. & Alb.	125	125
57	Boston Elev.	44	43½
4	Bos. & Low.	88	88
10	Bost. & Me.	24	24
55	Do pf.	30¾	30
11	Chi. Jct. pf.	81	83
23	Maine Cent.	82	82

Miscellaneous.

30	A. Ag. Ch. pf.	93	92¼
12	Amoskeag pf.	77½	77¼
50	Am. Pn. S. pf.	13½	13½
15	Am. Sugar	105	105
4,200	Am. T. & T.	100½	101¾
10	Am. Woolen	55	55
50	Do pf.	96¾	96
40	A. G. & W. I.	113½	112
5	E. Bost. Ld.	5	5
99	Edison	146	147
55	Eastern S. S.	13	13
25	Do pf.	58	57
87	Gen. Elec.	128	137½
15	Int. Por. Cem.	5¼	5¼

Bonds.

$2,000	A. G. & W. I. 5s	75½	75½
1,000	Swift 5s	94	94
1,000	West. Tel. 5s	90	90

CHICAGO.

Stocks.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
175	Am. Ship'g	98½	97½	97½
275	Chi. C. & C. pf	18	17	17
485	Chi. Pneu. T.	54	54	54
60	Chi. R. I. & P.	60	54¾	54¾
245	Do Series A 2	15	15	15
50	Cudahy	114½	114½	114½
60	Com. Edison	107	107	107
25	Deere pf.	95¾	95¾	95¾
25	Dia. Match.	112	112	112
150	Lindsay L.	20½	20½	20½
25	M. Ward pf.	106	106	106

Bonds.

$3,000	Chi. C. & C. Rys. 5s	57¾	57	57
3,000	C. Ed. 1st 5s	94	94	94
5,000	Met. El. Ry. 1st 4s	58¼	58¼	58½
2,000	Do ext. 4s	48	48	48

PHILADELPHIA.

Stocks.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
3	Am. Gas	83¼	83¼	83¼
88	Elec. Stor.	40¼	40	40
300	Gen. Asphalt	16¾	16¾	16¾
150	L. Sup. Corp.	16	16	16
40	Lehigh Nav.	64¾	64½	64¾

Bonds.

$1,000	El. & P. Tr. 4s	71½	71½
1,000	Keystone Tel. 1st 5s	89½	89½
4,000	L. V. Coal 5s	99¾	99¾
2,000	Penn. gen. 4½s	89¾	89½

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
25	Lehigh Val.	62¾	62	62
472	Penn. R. R.	45¾	45	45
175	Phil. R. T. t. c.	26½	26½	26½
100	Phila. & West.	7	7	7
234	Unit. Gas Imp.	68¼	68	68

Bonds.

$10,000	Phil. El. 1st 5s	94	93½	93½
3,000	Read. gen. 4s	83¾	83¾	83¾
1,000	Lib. 3½s	97.20	97.20	97.20
1,000	Do 2d 4s	96.20	96.20	96.20

MUNITIONS STOCKS

	Yesterday. Bid.	Yesterday. Ask.	Monday. Bid.
Aetna pf.	56	60	59
American Brass	233	234	233
Atlas Powder	168	173	168
Du pf	94½	96	94½
Babcock & Wilcox	111½	113½	111
Bliss	300	420	300
Do pf	..	78	..
Can. Found's pf	140	160	140
Colt's Arms	60	71	68
Du Pont	256	260	256
Hercules	240	249	245
Do pf	112	114	112
Niles-Bem't-Pond	121	124	122
Scovill Mfg	450	480	448
Winchester Arms	760	850	760

CONSOLIDATED EXCHANGE

Weakness marked the closing dealings on the Consolidated Stock Exchange. A period of irregularity at the opening was succeeded by a rally and then by a softening in prices. The action of the railroad stocks, to a large extent, controlled the general movement of the list. Reading, the most active of the rails, early sold as high as 87⅞, which was five-eighths of a point above its closing on Monday, but it subsequently got down to 80½, closing at 80¾. There were some early special upward movements, including advances in the Mercantile Marine shares and Corn Products.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
150	Allis-Chalm.	29½	25¾	25¾
70	Am. Can	40¾	40¾	40½
80	Am. C. & F.	77⅞	76½	76½
50	Am. H. & L.	13⅜	13⅜	13⅜
10	Am. Ice Sec.	13¾	13¾	13¾
110	Am. Linseed	33½	32⅝

THE BUSINESS WORLD

Buyers' Wants

10 Cents per agate line each insertion.

APPAREL Wanted.—Cash better grade suits, coats, waists, dresses. National, Franklin 2412.

APPAREL Wanted.—High-grade suits, coats, dresses, for cash. Gottdiener. Franklin 4133.

BROADCLOTH Wanted.—Spot cash - for K-544, 11050, 15020, 0359, and other makes. Max Leiberthal, 43 West 27th St.

BROADCLOTH wanted, and Velours, Fall shades, for cash. Sol Levine & Co., 12 West 27th St.

BROADCLOTH Wanted.—Velours, poplins; will pay cash. Madison Square 8598.

BURELLA Wanted.—Buckley and Cohen 711 at peacock and busstan; wish to exchange for sammie and rose. Neugass Bros., 71 West 23d St.

BURELLAS Wanted.—All dark shades for Fall, also white chinchilla, at reasonable prices. Eisenberg & Friedman, 57 East 11th St. Stuyvesant 7332-3.

BURELLA Wanted.—All colors and qualities. H. Pantuch. Gramercy 5143.

COATS AND SUITS Wanted.—Cash for immediate delivery; also looking at Winter coats. Call 8 to 10 A. M. all week, 4th floor, rear elevator, 151 West 26th St.

COATS Wanted.—Jobber will place immediate orders on ladies' and children's plush coats. Call with samples immediately, 50 West 22d St., fifth floor.

COATS Wanted.—Big jobber looking at misses' and ladies' coats for the Fall. 22 West 32d, 13th floor.

COATS Wanted.—Will look at better made ladies' and junior Fall coats. 42 West 27th St., 10th floor.

COATS Wanted.—Exclusive jobber placing stock orders in Fall coats. 8th floor, 12 West 27th St.

COATS Wanted.—Jobber looking at Fall coats. Pile Fabric and Cloth, 29 W. 30th, 9th floor.

COATS Wanted.—Jobber placing orders on Fall plush and cloth coats. Ninth floor, 28 West 25th St.

COATS Wanted.—Will look at Fall coats. 145 West 30th St., 11th floor.

COATS Wanted.—Looking at Fall coats. 109 West 26th St., 5th floor.

CORDUROY Wanted.—Open for 9,000 Julliard narrow-wale cord in brown, green, navy and white. Louis Rosenheim & Co., 119 West 24th.

CORDUROY Wanted. — Julliard's 9000, white, 36-inch. L. Chauser, 881 Gramercy.

CORDUROY Wanted.—Open for job any color; must be low price. Greeley 6172.

COTTON CREPE Wanted.—36 inches wide, in colors; any quantity. Chelsea 3650.

COTTON GOODS Wanted.—Repp, gabardines, linens, for cash. Room 411, 25 West 27th.

COTTON GOODS Wanted.—Blue denim, any quantity. Phone Farragut 9295.

CREPE DE CHINE Wanted. — 500 pieces flesh, 68 pink; 85c, 87c cash. N 83 Times.

DELHI Wanted.—Also burellas, broadcloth, plushes, all colors. Farragut 9542.

DENIM Wanted.—Blue, any quantity. Phone Farragut 9295.

DRESSES Wanted.—Large jobber is placing stock orders on new, high-grade models of Georgette and Georgette combinations, also all grades of wash dresses; samples mornings. Wiener, 33 West 36th St.

DRESSES Wanted. — Large jobber placing stock orders on cotton dresses; manufacturer must furnish styles and material. X 229 Times Annex.

DRESSES Wanted.—Manufacturers open for lot of popular priced dresses; cash paid; any quantity. P. P., 276 Times Downtown.

DRESSES Wanted.—Jobber placing orders on gingham, taffeta, and Georgette. Call all week, 4 to 6, 8th floor, 41 West 25th.

DRESSES Wanted.—Jobber placing orders on cotton and gingham dresses. Peristein, 1,123 Broadway.

DRESSES, COATS AND SUITS Wanted.—Open for jobs, spot cash. Handels, 336 6th Av.

FUR Wanted.—Salt's kakara lamb, furtex, Pomeroy, and other fur effects for cash. Eagle Manufacturing Co., 129 West 27th.

GINGHAMS Wanted.—Quantity and quality no object; spot cash. S. Rosenman & Co., 18 West 21st St.

GINGHAMS Wanted.—Plaids, R. & R. Handcherchief Co., 304 Broadway. Franklin 2300.

GINGHAMS and Royal Dresses Wanted.—Jobber placing orders. 20 W. 27th, 4th floor.

GINGHAMS Wanted.—In piece goods; call with samples. I. Frank, 48 West 22d.

GINGHAM PLAIDS wanted for cash. Levin, 149 West 38th.

JERSEY CLOTH Wanted.—All weights and colors. Jonas Finger, 141 West 28th.

MIXTURES Wanted.—Wilson & Lawrence's 651 Copen, and taupe; also white chinchilla. Phone 9535 Chelsea.

PIECE GOODS Wanted.—Staples; will pay cash. Alex. Horvitz & Son, 41 W. 25th St.

PLUSH COATS Wanted.—Looking at pile fabrics; placing orders. 4th floor, 12 West 27th.

POMPOMS Wanted.—Liberal cash price paid for 0816-11. Gramercy 1060.

POPLIN Wanted.—American, shade 966. Sammy, Madison Square 7843.

POPLIN Wanted.—American, navy, 90610. Farragut 3577.

SATEENS, Galateas, Repps Wanted.—Below market price; will pay cash. Cankl 1766.

SERGES Wanted.—Julliard's 54289, open for 100 pieces, spot cash. Rosner Dress House, 106 West 32d.

SERGES Wanted.—Whiteman's Arlington No. 3 colored 208 navy. Telephone 6248 Prospect.

SERGE Wanted.—7301 and 9056, in navy and black. Telephone Gramercy 5174.

SERGE Wanted.—54289, all colors, for cash. Simpson, 39 W. 32d.

SERGES Wanted.—0630, navy and black, for cash. Telephone Madison Square 938.

SERGE Wanted. — Rosenberg's 1106 khaki. Farragut 2980.

SHEPHERD CHECKS Wanted.—Worsted, black and white. Murray Hill 3799.

SILK TAFFETA Wanted.—Changeable and plain, all shades, any quantity; also silk jerseys; spot cash. Write or call after 12. Joseph Rosenberg, 1,123 Broadway. Farragut 5177.

SILVERTONES Wanted.—Holden Leonard's or similar, all colors; $3.50 net. Farragut 9216.

TAFFETAS Wanted.—Open for large quantity of striped messaline, for spot cash. J. Blumenthal & Bros., 14 West 24th St.

TRICTONET Wanted. — American 06062, taupe, navy, reindeer and silvertone, dark shades. Phone Orchard 4278.

VELOURS Wanted.—0360 American woolen, all colors; spot cash. Morris Weinberg, 138 West 25th St. Farragut 3833.

VELOUR Wantod.—American, 0360, buff, tan, and clay. Jacob Chapman & Bro., Madison Square 2947.

VELOURS Wanted. — 0359 and all heavyweight. Chas. Goldman Co., Farragut 5750.

WASH SKIRTS Wanted.—$9 to $24 dozen; large quantities. Syndicate Trading Co., 230 5th Av.

WHIPCORDS Wanted.—Black and navy whipcords and silvertones; spot cash. Madison Square 3121.

WOOLENS Wanted. — Open for McKenny suitings, large or small lots, for cash. The Lester Co., 216 Greene St. Spring 5397.

WOOL JERSEYS Wanted.—All colors, weights; jobs. Lefkowitz, 38 West 18th. Chelsea 5183.

WOOL VOILES Wanted.—Spot and future delivery; open for large quantities. Call 2 to 5 P. M., L. R., care of G. M. E., 11 West 19th St.

Offerings to Buyers

50 Cents per agate line each insertion.

BATHROBES, raincoats, workshirts, waists, nightwear; large quantities; sacrificed. Lewis, 42 East 23d St.

BURELLAS.—High colors, shepherd checks, gabardines and tricotines. Madison Square 3121.

BURELLA.—Buckley-Cohen, style 7-11. Phone Farragut 3885.

CELLULOID MATERIAL of all kinds. D-B-L Products Corp., Woolworth Building, New York City. Phone Barclay 1007.

COATS.—Jobbers only; novelty coats of velours and Delhi, immediate delivery; see our new sleeveless corduroy sport coats. Greenberg & Frechtman Co., 33 East 9th.

COATS AND SUITS.—Good selling numbers on the racks in all wool jerseys, poplins, serges, and velours. N. Hurwitz & Sons, 109 West 26th St.

COATS.—Winter velours, kerseys, broadcloths, plush; infants', children's; cheap. Hutner, 48 West 25th.

COATS.—Complete 1918 Fall line ready; inspection invited. Hutner, 48 West 25th.

COATS.—Hundreds of ladies' and children's coats on the rack for immediate delivery. Michael Bros., 115 West 29th. Farragut 4630.

COATS.—Quantity of high shades poplins, velours, and serge coats, also plaids, to sell at a price. F. Gelfond, 141 West 28th.

COATS AND SUITS.—Few hundred select garments; very reasonable prices; immediate delivery. A. H. Hollander, 28 West 25th.

COATS AND SUITS of the better kind, all the newest and best fabrics, for immediate delivery. J. P. Slater & Co., 22 West 32d St.

COATS.—Poplins, velours, serges, and checks, close out cheap; $4.50 up. Harry Gelfond & Co., 122 West 27th St., New York City.

COATS.—500 coats for immediate delivery, $6.75 to $15; desirable materials and colors. Freed Cloak Co., 36 West 20th.

COATS.—5,000 coats on racks for immediate delivery; also job of sport coats. Louis Magidoff, 40 West 22d.

COATS.—Job of ladies' and misses' Spring coats, to close out. Stock Coat Co., 40 West 18th St. 996 Chelsea.

COATS.—1,000 all-shade poplin coats on racks for immediate delivery. J. Korostoff & Son, 36 West 20th.

COATS AND SUITS.—Exceptional values on rack for immediate shipment. L. Schwartz & Son, 38 West 28th St.

COATS.—Fall line, 1918, for jobbing trade, ready for inspection. I. Zelikow & Son, 19-21 West 24th St.

COATS, SUITS.—Snappy Spring styles, extraordinary values. Talbot Co., 114 West 27th St.

COATS, SUITS.—Spring; will close out at a price. Hutner, 48 West 25th.

COATS. — Flappers for hard - to - fit girls. Julius Goldstein, 153 West 23d.

COATS, SUITS, $5.75-$20; immediate delivery; also jobs. Smith Co., 30 West 32d St.

COATS.—Stout and automobile coats; immediate delivery. J. Durm, 127 West 25th St.

COATS, $6 up; suits, $11.75 up; immediate delivery. Schoen, Weissman, 53 West 24th.

COATS (500) of the better kind; must be sold this week. Louis Noschkes, 37 W. 28th St.

COATS.—Closing out Fall coats of the better kind, cheap. I. Novick, 45 West 27th St.

COATS.—Delivery today; big values; best sellers; from $10 up. I. Novick, 45 W. 27th.

COATS.—Infants', children's coats; close out; low prices. Tannenbaum-May, 19 W. 24th.

COATS.—200 to close out. Eisman & Lifshitz, 40 West 17th St. Chelsea 8846.

COATS.—Spring coats at reasonable prices. A. L. Scamman, 27 West 20th St.

COATS.—For immediate delivery; $6.75 up. T. Weinberg & Son, 38 West 26th.

COATS AND SUITS.—Job to close out. Harry Naidoss, 78 5th Av.

COTTON GOODS.—Mercerized, white poplin, two-ply, one way, 200 pieces, 27 inches wide. O 3 Times.

COTTON GOODS.—Woven striped voiles, candy striped, 39 inches wide, 14½c. Call South 7448.

COTTON PIECE GOODS.—Large assortment, to close out; exporters, jobbers invited. Fairview Mills, 44 East 23d St.

COVERTS.—Five pieces Milford cloth. Call 1636 Chelsea.

CREPE DE CHINE.—All colors, 90c.; immediate delivery. M. Marks Co., 354 4th Av.

DELHI.—Three pieces Wilson and Lawrence 606 Pekin; opening price. Telephone Chelsea 4616.

DELHI CLOTH.—All Spring shades. Phone Mr. Alfred, Mad. Sq. 8102.

DRESSES.—Several hundred silk dresses for immediate delivery at a reduction; also jobs and discontinued samples. Franco-American Dress Co., 56 West 22d.

DRESSES.—Large sizes always on hand, in crepe de meteor, crepe de chine, georgette, foulards, and taffetas; $8.50 to $18.50. Princess Dress, 19 West 24th.

DRESSES.—Marvelous values in wool jersey dresses, $9.75 up; immediate delivery; also silks and serges to close. Lorraine Dress Co., 41 West 25th St.

DRESSES.—Good values to be realized for buyers; large variety popular stuff; immediate delivery. Jacob Holtzman, 134 West 29th.

DRESSES.—Georgettes, net dresses; orders given immediately on good styles. Call with samples, afternoon, Room 1015, 1,133 Broadway.

DRESSES.—1,000 silk and French serge dresses, specially priced $5.50 to $10. National Garment Co., 1 East 28th St.

DRESSES.—3,000 silks, also wool jersey to close out for prices. Gross & Liebowitz, 134 West 26th. 9382 Farragut.

DRESSES.—Wonderful values, immediate shipments; silks, ginghams, serges. Kleva Klad, 1,261 Broadway.

DRESSES. — Wonderful embroidered Georgettes and snappy taffetas; $9.75. Bodow, 145 Madison Av.

DRESSES.—Close out all-wool jerseys, all-wool serge, and silk dresses. I. Rand & Co., 37 West 26th.

DRESSES.—Desirable jobs, including road samples, at reductions. King & Appelbaum, 39 West 32d St.

DRESSES.—Serges, silks, snappy styles; sacrifice to clear racks. Deutsch, 23 West 32d St.

DRESSES.—500 silk and jersey, job 150 serges. Cashman, Wolfenson, 110 Madison Av.

DRESSES.—Wool jerseys, silks, serges, ginghams, of better grade. Glockner, 40 W. 27th.

DRESSES.—Serges, silks; assorted styles; close $6.75 up. Queen, 149 West 36th.

DRESSES.—3,000 taffeta, gingham, voile, on racks; also jobs; low price. 32 West 20th.

DRESSES.—40 better kind taffeta, to close out. 43 East 20th, second floor.

DRESSES.—Uptown showroom, Blate Brothers & Love, 32 East 31st St.

DUVET DE LAINE F. & H. and poplins in all shades; also Shantung and Treco, Copen, and black. 554 Farragut.

FUR SETS.—Coney collars and cuffs, jobs. Winter, 40 East 19th. Gramercy 5559.

GEORGETTES.—White, pebbly, $1.20 quality $1.10, 8 off. Chelsea Silk Works, 303 5th Av. Madison Square 6042.

GEORGETTES.—Slightly imperfect; good quality; all colors. M 114 Times.

GINGHAM.—Treffan and Amoskeag, plaid and striped; also blue chambrays; immediate delivery. Friedman, Wallach Co., 71 West 23d.

GINGHAMS, plaid and check, all widths and qualities; U. S. Textile, 200 5th Av. Gramercy 4356.

GINGHAMS, 8 cases, large plaids, for cash; immediate delivery. Phone Farragut 2420.

JAPANESE CREPE, 25 cents per yard; stripes and plain. A. Goldberg & Bros., 134 West 26th St.

JEANS.—Converse & Co., and white pique for immediate delivery. Friedman, Wallach Co., 71 West 23d St.

JERSEYS.—Wool, all colors, navy and white serge; fancy linings. Farragut 3190.

KHAKI WOOLEN CLOTH, 54 and 56 inches, good for shirtings or children's suitings; reasonable price. Franklin 5622.

KHAKI CLOTH. — Good for children's or boys' suits. Greeley 5121.

LACES.—Venise, shadow, oriental net tops insertions, flounces, allovers; prices below import. S. Katz & Co., 19 West 21st.

LINEN.—White, art finish, heavyweight, 36 inches wide, 700 yards, at 95c. cash. O 4 Times.

LINING.—Full assortment brocaded lining, special prices. J. L. Sachs, 315 4th Av. Gramercy 3445-6.

LININGS.—Printed, fancy, at a price considerably below market. Room 1210, 200 5th Av.

OVERCOATINGS.—200 pieces McKenny, original 014C gray melton. The Lester Co., 216 Green St. Spring 5397.

POPLINS AND DELHI.—Arthur Joel 6500, tan, 9574 rools, American Delhi, Pekin, tan and gray, also high shades and navy poplin, all makes; Jamestown 0900, all shades. Farragut 3377.

POPLINS, American 90610, 6077, high shades, $2.50 net cash. L. Schwartz & Son, 38 West 28th St. Farragut 4471.

POPLINS AND VELOURS.—All colors and makes; also ¾ Melton. Gramercy 4400.

POPLINS.—Scotia, 0302, navy, 25 pieces; also silvertone velours. Farragut 3851.

POPLINS.—American and 0360 Velour Quaker and Pekin. 1624 Stuyvesant.

POPLINS.—American 90610, clay; Gera, 9095; high colors. Madison Square 9087.

POPLINS.—High shades, to close out; Delhi, high shades. Farragut 9752.

POPLINS, American 90610, Pekin, ten pieces. Telephone Greeley 4321.

POPLINS, American 90610 and 06077; all colors. Farragut 2616.

POPLINS to sell, all high shades. Madison Square 8477.

POPLINS, high shades, to sell. Chelsea 9077.

Offerings to Buyers

50 Cents per agate line each insertion.

POPLINS.—American 06077 tan. Chelsea 9824.

RADIUM TAFFETA.—40-in., all colors, $1.35; immediate deliv. M. Marks Co., 354 4th Av.

RIBBON.—White satin No. 40; also flag ribbon No. 7; good quality and quantity; will sacrifice. Goetz, 149 West 36th; 11th floor. Greeley 4028.

SERGES.—All wool and cotton warps, French, storm and mannish trade; also poplins, Panamas, shepherd checks, and American pom pom. Franklin Woolen Co., 11 East 22d St. Gramercy 2091.

SERGES.—W. F., W. F. X., S. C. F. L., C. S. G., 1216, 87, M. D. S. L., S. B. G. L., 0002; also other mannish serges. Gramercy 4475.

SERGES.—7512 Amoskeag, 700 Laussers, 787 and 9056 Gera, 106 Whitman. 5580 Stuyvesant.

SERGES, 0036, navy, black; Bahnsen, 10707, navy; Greer's, 1845. Madison Square 9087.

SERGES.—54240, and 54221, Copen, $1.77½; 2492, or 7002 navy, $1.17½. Gramercy 6983.

SERGE.—Blue manipulated, extra wide, $1 net cash. Alden Woolen Co., 160 Greene St.

SERGE.—Julliard's 4408, 500 pieces, at $1.17½ net cash. Madison Square 4412.

SERGES.—Below market; 704 navy, U. S. 838, 0036, 7301. Spring 4715.

SERGES.—U. S. 838 and 235, Reid's 581, Whitman's 104. Farragut 6759.

SERGES.—1464, tan, khaki, Copen, $1.80. Farragut 2235.

SERGES.—Navy serge Lorraine 3662. 9090 Farragut. Mr. Phillips.

SERGES.—Garfield and botany tan and grey. Chelsea 9867.

SERGES, silk poplins, and woolen poplins. Chelsea 7083.

SERGES.—44-inch tan storm serges cheap. Chelsea 9864.

SERGE.—54289, 3 rooky and 2 Copen. Farragut 9483.

SHANTUNG.—Japanese imported Shantung for sale. Apply Madison Square 2085.

SHANTUNGS. — In quantities, at a price. Utopia Mills, Gramercy 4475.

SILKS at a bargain, way below cost; 33 pieces, 36-inch imported striped taffeta; 17 pieces 36-inch neckwear silk, 18 pieces 40-inch flesh georgette crepe. A. Gluck, 2 East 29th St. Phone Madison Square 2062.

SILK POPLINS.—40-inch, for cloak, suit, and skirt trade; $1.50; all colors; immediate delivery. M. Marks Co., 9380 Mad. Sq.

SILK SKIRTS, $2.75 up; immediate delivery. N. Y. Silk Garment Co., 1,133 B'way.

SILK SKIRTS.—Fancy and plain, $2.25 up. Nivel, 151 West 36th St.

SKIRTS.—Discarded samples, assorted styles, to close; woolens. Ford, 149 West 36th.

SPRING Snap Fastener Machine, 1-0, for sale. X 224 Times.

SNAP FASTENERS, fine quality; 1,000 great gross, $2. X 236 Times Annex.

STROCK FELT in brown and green at reasonable price. Chelsea 9620.

SUITS.—Don't fail to see our sleeveless wool jersey sport suit; it's a wonder; big value; big seller. Ansonia Costume, 56 West 35th. Greeley 5995.

SUITS.—2,000, and coats, popular price, for immediate delivery. Williamsburg Mfg. Co., 1,133 Broadway, New York.

SUITS.—We have serge and poplin suits in all colors for immediate delivery. J. & M. Yellin, 136 West 21st St.

SUITS AND COATS.—2,000 on the racks for immediate delivery. S. & S. Garment Co., 22 West 27th St.

SUITS, $6.90 to $22.50, all shades; also silk suits; immediate delivery. Hirschhorn Bros., 12 West 27th.

SUITS.—On racks, all wool light weight poplin suits at $7.90. H. B. Schwartz, 127 West 26th.

SUITS AND COATS.—Immediate delivery; $8.75 to $22.75. Rosengarten, 11 East 31st St.

SUITS, snappy styles, to close out; also serge suits at $6. D. Gutman Co., 45 West 24th.

SUITS AND COATS.—Spring styles; sample lines, to close out. Lefkowitz, 38 W. 18th.

SUITS and COATS.—For immediate delivery. W. Phillips & Co., 45 West 28th St.

SUITS.—For immediate delivery; $6.75 up. T. Weinberg & Son, 38 West 26th.

SUITS.—On hand for immediate delivery. J. D., 51 West 15th. Chelsea 4655.

SUITS for immediate delivery. Klar Bros., 36 West 20th St.

TAFFETA, charmeuse, satin Duchess, wash satin, silk jersey, and crepe de chine for immediate delivery. Sigmund Heyman, 257 4th Av. Gramercy 1240.

TAFFETAS.—All grades, all colors; immediate delivery. M. Marks Co., 354 4th Av.

TRICOTINES.—Tan, clay, and Copen, to exchange for navy; also tan, Pekin, Copen poplin for sale, and heavy weight Jerseys. Madison Square 8562.

TRICOTINES.—Garfield, all shades, American cotton warp poplins, Bobson 610, poplins, all shades. Md. Sq. 2138.

TRICOTINES 5889, Botany 167, tan, 284 taupe; immediate delivery. Madison Square 9087.

TRICOTINES, tan and navy, Garfield and botany. Chas. Goldman Co. Farragut 5750.

TRICOTINES.—Garfield's 4718, all colors; also American 0360 velours, Farragut 2616.

TRICOTINES AND SILVERTONES. — In high shades. Madison Square 8374.

TRICOTINES.—All colors, 5889, $3 net cash. Tel. Harlem 3447.

VELOURS.—0360 clay, 4281 tan, 2100 rose and clay, checks, fancy and shepherd checks, below market price. Farragut 2980.

VELOURS.—Delhi and Duvet de Laines, in all Spring shades. Telephone Madison Square 8972.

VELOURS, K 544, 11050, 13046, 0360; Serge 6234, 0936; Burella 09057. Gramercy 1807.

VELOURS.—American, 0360, all Spring shades. Phone Mr. Alfred, Mad. Sq. 8102.

VELOURS, gray, tan, American 0300, below market price. Farragut 2357.

VELOURS AND POPLINS.—All shades. Madison Square 7477.

VELOURS.—American 0360, all shades, for cash. Chelsea 4676.

VELOURS.—Light shades, rose and peacock. Farragut 5390.

VELOURS.—0360, $2.50; Whitman's 104, $2. Farragut 5759.

VELOURS.—0360, high shades. Madison Square 8149.

VELOURS, Copen, peacock, tan. Phone 4297 Greeley.

VELVETEENS, imported, Worrall dye, all colors, all widths; immediate delivery. J. L. Sachs, 215 4th Av. Gramercy 3445-6.

VELVETS.—Good Fall colors, 18-inch, suitable for sleeveless coats. Room 1210, 200 5th Av.

WASH SATINS.—Ivory flesh, $1.15; immediate delivery. M. Marks Co., Mad. Sq. 9380.

WAISTS.—$2.25 crepe de chines and $3.75 Georgettes for immediate delivery; also extra size waists. Original Supreme Waist Co., 114 West 29th.

WOOLENS, serges, jerseys, gabardines, tricotines, poiret twill, and Bolivia; will sell below market price. Farragut 4863.

WOOLENS, velour checks, and plaids for skirt trade at low prices. Elias Surut & Sons, 670 Broadway.

WOOLENS.—Gabardines, Poiret twills, velour checks and vigoreaux. Room 1210, 200 5th Av.

WOOLENS.—Hair lined serges, homespuns, coverts, and tweeds. Room 1210, 200 5th Av.

YARNS.—Woolen knitting yarns, khaki, gray, blue, and heather; ask us to quote prices; immediate delivery. Grant S. Kelley, 354 4th Av. Tel. 5525 Madison Square.

YARNS.—Hand knitting wool and worsted; also sock yarns; immediate deliveries. E. P. Bond, 15 East 22d St.

Contracts Offered.

CONTRACTORS on Linen Dresses Wanted.—Bring samples. 5th floor, 135 West 29th.

DRESSES Wanted.—Contractors wanted on gingham, voiles, Georgettes and crepe de chine dresses; good styles; price no object; orders placed on right merchandise. 7th floor, 12 West 32d St.

DRESSES Wanted.—Jobber looking at gingham dresses; furnish our own material. Furman, 39 Union Square.

Help Wanted.

ADVERTISING MAN to solicit advertising in the cloak and suit trade; one who can present a proposition of merit in a forceful manner; salary or commission. National Garment Retailers' Ass'n, 366 5th Av., New York.

EFFICIENCY.—Wanted, assistant in efficiency department of large clothing concern; must have had previous training with efficiency work, including time studies and cost accounting; good opportunity for young man with pleasing personality and ambitions. Give full details as to experience, age, nationality, and salary expected. P 386 Times Downtown.

Offerings to Buyers

50 Cents per agate line each insertion.

Help Wanted.

FASHION SOLICITORS Wanted.—Must be clever, neat appearance; commission only. Call between 3 and 5 P. M., French American Fashion Co., 210 5th Av.

MILLINERY DESIGNER, trimmers and repairers wanted; all year around position. Ideal Millinery Store, 691 East Main St., Bridgeport, Conn.

SALESMEN. — Young men, hustlers; good money to the right men; salary or commission. Apply Room 1,013, 116 Nassau St.

SILK SALESMAN to call on the cutting-up trade on strictly commission basis. Call between 9 and 12 A. M., Commercial Silk Co., 44 East 23d St.

STENOGRAPHER wanted in a Christian house; applicant must have had three years' commercial experience and be quick as well as accurate. N 197 Times.

Situations Wanted.

AUSTRALIA AND NEW ZEALAND.—Young business man, returning to Australia, prepared to undertake commissions, agencies, representations; excellent salesman; references exchanged. S 334 Times Downtown.

EXECUTIVE.—Young man, 28 years of age, at present holding executive position with woolen jobbing business, was for 10 years buyer merchandise and general manager with large manufacturing concern, wishes to better position; arrange interview confidential. M 121 Times.

SALESMAN, live wire; exempt, desires to connect with reliable house that caters to cloak trade; has formerly been connected with large mill. V 27 Times.

COMMERCIAL PAPER.

Yesterday .....6 p. c. for the best names
Monday .....6 " " " "
The quotations are for six months' paper.

***

Retailers Are Reassured.

There were a few retailers in various parts of the country who, since placing their orders for Fall merchandise, had begun to have a slight attack of "cold feet," as one manufacturer put it, over the prospects for business next Fall. But it seems that the briskness with which the Spring business has already set in, in spite of the approach of another call to the colors under the selective draft, has tended to reassure those few doubtful merchants to a large extent.

***

Spring Sales of Women's Shoes.

Reports from retailers in many sections hold out great promise for the Spring business in shoes for women, according to local manufacturers. Women are said to be taking to the new 8½-inch shoes with a patriotic ardor, which is very gratifying to the whole trade, and to an extent quite unexpected by many. Glazed kid seems to be the favorite in most sections. Such shades as light gray, tan, and black seem to be the most generally preferred.

***

Spring Corset Sales Large.

Despite the fact that the Spring lines of corsets show little change from the low bust, flat back, straight front effects dominant in the Fall models, buyers are ordering them very freely. Particularly favorable is their opinion in the case of models in which the natural incurve at the waistline is slightly accentuated by the under arm curve. The favored materials show no change from Fall, but in the colors there is a marked improvement in the demand for pink in corsets retailing at $2 and up. The so-called sports models are doing very well this season. Not only are they being featured for this purpose, but for wear by women war workers as well. They are said to "fill the bill" very acceptably in both cases.

***

Crude Rubber Market Quiet.

Buying of importance continues lacking in the local market for crude rubber, but in spite of this fact prices are holding up pretty well here. Yesterday up-river fine, which is still quoted here well below the level at Para, was held at 50½ cents for spots, while similar lots of up-river coarse and upper Caucho ball were worth 33½ to 34 cents. In the plantations, first latex was quoted at 55½ cents for spots and 52 to 52½ for April-June shipments. For smoked sheets the respective prices for the same positions were 56 to 56½ and 50½ to 51 cents.

***

Smart Suits at Popular Prices.

Several of the large manufacturers of popular priced coats and suits in this city are trimming some attractive late Spring models in the very latest fashions. The pony coat and the Eton jacket, which have proved so popular in the more expensive suits, are well represented in these new offerings and are said to be attracting a great deal of favorable comment from buyers. "There is no reason," said one of these manufacturers, "why the girl who cannot afford to pay Fifth Avenue prices should not be able to get a smart looking suit if she wants it. My designers are constantly working to produce smart garments, which won't cost the working girl a year's wages, and which are at the same time good value."

***

Jersey Weaves Are Well Sought.

The cutting up trades are said to be unusually heavy purchasers of wool jersey cloth. Silk jersey is also reported to be very popular, and the same weave in fibre silk seems to have been more active this year than ever before. It is said by large sellers in this city that the fibre fabric is being used very extensively in Spring suits and coats, and that it is proving to be one of the big hits of the season. Originally used in suits as a substitute for wool, it has come to be looked upon, according to reports, as almost a staple in itself and is now taken on its merits alone.

***

Bandeaux Much in Demand.

Bandeaux come pretty close to be being the "whole thing" in one of the best Spring seasons that the brassiere manufacturers have ever had. One of the best proofs of the excellence of the situation in this field is that it is being invaded by some of the big corset manufacturers. In bandeaux and "regular" brassieres, the bulk of the demand is for garments of wash satins, crêpe de chine and strong cottons in pink, flesh, and white, the last-named hue being the most wanted. As to front and back fastened garments, the call is about evenly divided between them. In many cases where a bandeau is worn for "looks," a brassiere is worn beneath for utility. Naturally, this is helping business.

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Dry Goods Man Given Loving Cup.

George Mount Gray, for many years credit and financial manager for and member of the well-known importing and commission firm of James F. White & Co., 54 and 56 Worth Street, has been presented by his former employes with a handsome silver loving cup as a token of the high esteem in which he is held by them. In accepting the cup, Mr. Gray told of the great pleasure it gave him to know that the sentiment back of the gift was so general, and he said he would cherish in it a memory of the happiest day of his life. Mr. Gray's retirement from active business was announced some time ago, and for the last several months he had been engaged in liquidating the affairs of the old firm. Other members of that firm, both of whom have also retired, were Henry D. Cooper and J. Martin White. The officers of the new firm, which is known as James F. White & Co., Inc., are H. A. Murphy, President; W. S. Kimball, Vice President; C. W. T. Mackelvey, Secretary, and David Elder, Treasurer.

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Gray Goods Buying Slows Down.

Trading slowed up considerably in the local gray goods market yesterday, so far as staples were concerned. Sellers continued unwilling to sell, and, for the first time since that has been the case, buyers seemed unwilling to buy. Among the printcloths' sales were nearby lots of 38½-inch 64-60s, which brought 10¼ cents. There was little of interest in the sheetings. In the twills and sateens, however, contract business for July to January was put through at full prices. This is the way that printcloths closed, most of the prices being nominal for the day:

39-inch, 80-80s	*21c	38½-inch, 64-60s	16¼c
39-inch, 72-76s	19½c	38½-inch, 64-56s	15¾c
39-inch, 68-72s	18c	38½-inch, 60-52s	14½c
38-inch, 68-44s	13¼c	38¼-inch, 60-48s	14c
38¼-inch, 64-64s	16½c	27-inch, 64-60s	13c

*Asked.

DEFINE THE CAUSES OF RECENT STRIKES

Industrial Conference Finds the High Cost of Living Only One Basis of Discontent.

BOSTON, March 12.—Increased cost of living and failure of employers in many cases to anticipate this influence have been among the important contributory causes of recent strikes, according to the report issued today by the National Industrial Conference Board on strikes in American industries in war time.

From April 6 to Oct. 6, 1917, there were strikes at 2,521 establishments, the existence of which was definitely verified by the board. Each establishment was asked to report upon causes, but complete information was received from only 1,156. These plants showed 283,402 men idle and 6,285,519 days of production lost.

The conclusions of the board as to the causes of the unsettled condition of labor are that the following influences were of primary importance:

"Increased cost of living and failure of employers in many cases to anticipate this influence.

"Widespread discontent due to a belief that undue profits had been made by employers out of war business.

"Increased independence of the worker, due in part to a labor shortage and in part to a feeling that the situation constituted labor's opportunity for forcing union recognition or closed shop conditions.

"Inequality between wages paid in plants engaged on private work and Government or private plants engaged on war work.

"The unsettling influence of the 'cost-plus-profit' feature of many war contracts.

"The Federal Administration's virtual indorsement of the eight-hour work day."

The report concludes:

"Indications of improvement in the labor situation in recent months are apparent, but it needs only a cursory reading of the daily press to see that the war industries of this country are still heavily handicapped by labor disputes.

ARRIVAL OF BUYERS.

Arriving Buyers may register in this column by telephoning Bryant 1000.

ALBANY, N. Y.—J. G. Myers Co.; W. A. Findlay, cloaks, suits, waists, furs; 220 5th Av.
ATLANTA, Ga.—Keeley Co.; M. W. Meyer, coats, suits, waists; 1,170 B'way.
BALTIMORE—S. Neuberger & Bro.; S. Neuberger, dress goods, linens; Imperial.
BALTIMORE—Burford, Hood & Co.; W. L. Kennedy, tailors' trimmings; Grand.
BALTIMORE—Hochschild, Kohn & Co.; A. J. Fry, cloaks, skirts, dresses; 220 5th Av.
BALTIMORE—M. D. Becker Corset Co.; A. S. Becker, corsets; Herald Square.
BALTIMORE—Stewart & Co.; Miss S. Jones, infants' wear; 2 W. 37th; Collingwood.
BALTIMORE—Stewart & Co.; J. McKeown, men's, boys' clothing; 2 West 37th.
BALTIMORE—Baltimore Bargain House; B. R. Reid, silks, dress goods; 354 4th Av.
BALTIMORE, Md.—Blankenship & Levinson; J. Blankenship, notions, hosiery, underwear; Herald Square.
BALTIMORE, Md. — Baltimore Bargain House; W. A. Applewhaite, men's furnishings, overalls; H. S. Messersmith, remnants; G. V. Schort, notions; 354 4th Av.
BALTIMORE—Eisenberg's; A. Lustig, notions, leather goods, toilet goods, jewelry; Marborough.
BALTIMORE—H. Sonneborn & Co.; B. Makover, woolens; 200 5th Av.
BALTIMORE—Well-Made Pants Co.; J. A. Pivet, pants mats.; Aberdeen.
BALTIMORE—Schloss Bros. Co.; H. Schloss, woolens; 230 5th Av.
BALTIMORE—Stewart & Co.; C. S. Stackpole, shoes; 2 West 37th.
BALTIMORE, Md.—Siegel, Rochschild & Co.; B. Rothschild, umbrella mats; 126 5th Av.
BALTIMORE, Md.—Baltimore Bargain House; F. Quelimais, dry goods; 354 4th Av.
BALTIMORE, Md.—Baltimore Bargain House; A. A. Dieterle, linens, blankets, comforts; 354 4th Av.
BIRMINGHAM, Ala.—Markstein Millinery Co.; D. Y. Markstein, millinery, flowers; 584 B'way.
BOSTON—Tuttle & Robinson; S. Robinson, silk waists; Latham.
BOSTON—Farrington & Hall; A. Hall, woolens; Algonquin.
BOSTON—C. F. Hovey & Co.; C. S. Stewart, clothing, furn. goods; 243 Church; Breslin.
BOSTON — Magrane-Houston Co.; Miss M. Mitchell, children's wear; Martha Washington.
BOSTON — New England Raincoat Co.; M. Roberts, raincoats; Marlborough.
BOSTON—Gilchrist Co.; Mrs. Hirsch, waists; Mrs. Palmer, waists, basement; F. J. Smith, jewelry, leather goods; Miss Ford, millinery, basement; Mr. O'Rourke, shoes, basement; 200 5th Av.
BOSTON—Wm. Filene's Sons Co.; Mrs. Phillips, women's dresses; Miss Kaleski, neckwear; Mr. Hunting, misses' coats; Miss Murphy, misses' serge, tricotine, tweed; Mrs. Whitbeck, misses' dresses, Basement Buyers: Mr. Rafeld, girls', juniors' coats, dresses; Mr. Levy, waists, sweaters; Mr. Tripp, skirts; Mr. O'Brian, coats, suits; 116 W. 32d.
BOSTON—Jordan-Marsh Co.; Miss B. Armstrong, silk waists; C. Hurd, ladies' hosiery; Miss M. A. Callahan, boys' caps; Miss M. E. Blacken, ladies' gloves; W. L. London, bags, trunks, leather goods; Miss Ludwig, infants' wear; Miss E. G. O'Gorman, braids; Miss G

CALENDARS AND DECISIONS

CASES WILL BE CALLED IN THE ORDER GIVEN BELOW.
(*) This character means *versus* or *against*.

FEDERAL.

Supreme Court.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, March 12.—Henry J. Bigham of New York City was admitted to practice.

914—West End Street Ry. Co., pet., v. J. F. Malley, Collector, &c.—Leave granted to file brief for respondent within ten days, on motion of resp.

178—F. S. Pendleton, pet., v. Benner Line.—Argument continued for resp. and concluded for pet.

284—R. H. Thompson, administrator, &c., appts., v. the U. S.—Argument commenced for aplt. The court declined to hear counsel for appellee.

185—Great Northern Ry. Co. et al., plaint., v. the State of Minn. ex rel. village of Clara City.—Submitted.

186—United Drug Co., pet. and aplt., v. Theodore Rectanus Co.—Argument commenced for pet. and aplt.

Adjourned until tomorrow. Call for March 13: 186, 187, 188, 189, 70, 190, 191, 193, 196, and 198.

Southern District.

CIRCUIT COURT OF APPEALS—Second Circuit—Ward, Rogers, and Hough, JJ.—At 10:30 A. M., in Room 363, P. O. Bldg.

Rund‹Long.
Bates‹Cornell Co.
Gilbert‹SS River Feeder.
N Y C RR‹Ferryboat Lakewood.
Bouchard‹Elzey.

DISTRICT COURT—Hand, J.—Room 235, P. O. Bldg., at 10:30 A. M.—Bankrupt. Discharges:

Washington Pl. Bldg, Adolph Halpern, Chas E Selleck, Augustus C Smith, Isidor Rubinstein, Gerhard & Co‹Foreign & Domestic Transp. Van Heyngian Brokerage Co‹same. Winfield‹Minor. Crandell‹Elsen Rity. Berg‹same. Nield‹Nid. Re Sisson‹Gold. Haber‹Orszag. Hungerford‹Elo Bldg. Wilner & Sons‹Liggett Glover‹Glover. Peake‹Peake.

Preferred cause:
Met Sav Bk‹Gelbwaks

General calendar:
Cosby‹Cosby.

PART IV.—Newburger, J.—At 10:30 A. M. Case on.

PART V.—Platzek, J.—At 10:30 A. M. Case on.

PARTS VI., VII., and VIII.—Not in session.
TRIAL TERMS—Part 10 M.—Cohalan, J.—At

Dyer Co‹White & Co.
Epstein‹Ross.
Angio So Amer Bank‹
R Wexler‹same.

PART III.—Whitaker, J.—At 10 A. M.
Inq—Walker‹Maloney.
Kahn‹Schuyler Arms Corp.
Katz‹Union Ry.
Burl‹42 St & Ry Co. (2.)
Cumberbatch‹
D Rice & Co.
De Palma‹Rockhill Apartments.
Gyomber‹Rhebar.
Corrigan‹Union Ry.
McDwyer‹Wronker.
Hawkins‹Abendschein
Romets‹Simon (2.)
Hyam‹Greenbaum.
Rutter‹N Y Rys.
Malamud‹Greenberg.
Wirth‹Burns Bros.
Costa‹N E S S Co.
Gangi‹same.
Camo‹same.
Ullman‹L I RR.
Chaplin‹same.
Reimer‹Grocers Milk Co.
Bochnik‹Ward Baking Co.
Shapiro‹Kalbach.
Brock‹I R T Co.
Barbita‹Reynolds.
L Feller‹Elias Brew.
B Feller‹same.
Fitzgerald‹I R T.
Scanlon‹B H RR.
Switzky‹Union Ry.
Hartneck‹42d St. & Ry.
Smith‹Lesler.
Fischer‹Bradley Cont.
Smith‹Mid-Crosstown Ry.
Vance‹N Y Rys.
Rosenberg‹N Y Rys.
Weber‹same.
Verlin‹same.
Tuohy‹Dunn.
Durenheimer‹NYC Interborough Ry.
Bernstein‹Klingenstein.
Cardone‹42d St. &c. Ry.
Schwartz‹Liberal Trading.
Aurigemma‹CNY.
Hirsch‹Hudson Mtg.
Thompson‹Terry & Tench.
Schmitt‹N Y Rys.
Modeste‹N Y Rys.
Breitschneider‹Marshall.
Kramer‹Cons Tel & Elec Sub.
Jacobs‹Third Av Ry.

PART XIV.—Greenbaum, J.—At 10 A. M.
F Zittel & Sons‹Sorosi.
Du Pont de Nemours Powder Co‹Wilcox.
Egger‹Troudel.
Economu Ritsos Co‹Texas Rico Prod.
Bauchle‹Bauchle.
Brown‹Actors' Fund of America.
York Bldg Co, Inc‹Astoria Veneer M & D.

TRIAL TERM—Causes assigned from the day calendar to the various parts for trial. See Rule VII., amended Trial Term rules.

PART III.—Whitaker, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.

PART IV.—Goff, J.—At 10 A. M.—Case on.

PART V.—Hendrick, J.—At 10 A. M. Clear.

PART VI.—Donnelly, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.

PART VII.—Giegerich, J.—At 10 A. M.—Case on.

PART VIII.—Dugro, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.

PART IX.—Mitchell, J.—At 10 A. M.

PART X.—Philbin, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.

PART XI.—McAvoy, J.—At 10 A. M.

PART XII.—Hotchkiss, J.—At 10 A. M.—Clear.

PART XIII. — Emerson, J. — At 10 A. M. Case on.

PART XIV.—Greenbaum, J. — At 10 A. M. Case on.

PART XV.—Lehman, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.

PART XVI.—Pendleton, J. — At 10 A. M. Case on.

PART XVII. — Gavegan, J. — At 10 A. M.

PART XVIII.—Not in session.

McAvoy‹Title Water Mill Co.
Brauower & Son‹Walden.
Atlas Assur Co, Ltd‹J. L. Dudley, Jr.
Petty‹King.
Roffman‹Lustgarton.
Sisson‹Pape & Schaar Corp.

Superior Motor Garage Co‹Woods.
Case on.

Trust Co., as admr., &c.—Matter of disposition real estate Ramsey, dec'd Ramsey, aplt., Mt. Vernon Trust Co. et al., respts.—Order affirmed, without costs.

Re Transfer Tax, estate of Rockefeller, dec'd, State Con., aplt., John D. Rockefeller et al., &c., respts.

Re application Schneider for payment award, &c., East 157th St., &c.; Peltz & ano., aplts., City of NY, respts.; Peo., ex rel. Gleason, respt., v. Purdy et al., com'rs taxes, &c., aplts.—Orders affirmed, with costs.

Re Transfer tax, estate of Teller, dec'd; State Con., aplt.; Teller, indiv., &c., respt.—Appeal dismissed, with costs, on the ground that the question certified is not presented by the record.

Nazd, respt., v. King Sewing Machine Co., aplt.—Order affirmed, with costs, first question certified answered in the negative, second question certified answered in the affirmative.

Peo., respt., v. International Bridge Co., aplt.—Judgment affirmed, with costs.

McQuade, &c., aplt., v. Perot, indiv., &c., respts.—Judgment affirmed, with costs.

Re Claim Alpert, &c., respt., v. J. C. & W. E. Bowers, Emp. and Amn. Mutual Comp. Ins. Co., aplts.—Order reversed and new hearing ordered, with costs.

Kavanaugh, &c., aplt., v. Gould, respt., impld., with others, defts.—Judgment reversed, new trial granted, with costs.

Hayman and another, aplts., v. Biggs and another, respts.—Judgments reversed and judgment granted in accordance with opinion of Chase, J., with costs in all courts against defts., the Sea Gate Co.

Reclaim McNally, &c., aplt., v. the Diamond State Fiber Paper Co., alleged emp., and another, alleged ins. carrier, respts.—Order Appellate Division reversed and award of State Industrial Commission affirmed, with costs in this court and in the Appellate Division.

Re application Hickey, aplt., v. Sisson, Commissioner Excise and another, respts.—Order of Appellate Division reversed and that of Special Term affirmed, with costs in this court and in Appellate Division. People ex rel Merrit, respt., v. Tuthill Com'r Treasurer, &c., aplts.—Order affirmed, with costs on authority of matter Hickey decided herewith.

Re Murphy, respt., v. Sisson, &c., aplt.—Order affirmed, with costs on authority of matter of Hickey decided herewith.

Re Galgenat, respt., v. Sisson, Commissioner Excise, &c., aplts.—Order affirmed, with costs.

People, respt., v. Cohen, aplt.—Motion for enlargement of time of argument until April 22. Case down peremptorily for argument April 4.

Nor Bk of NY‹Fullerton.
Jessup‹Smith et al.
Gould‹Fleitmann.
Born et al‹Perkins.

Dehrmann‹Seybel et al.
Lowenfeld et al‹US Fid. & Guar Co.
Burnett‹Chayes.
Wenzel‹Ryan Const.

NEW YORK COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

APPELLATE DIVISION—Clarke, P. J.; Laughlin, Dowling, Page, and Davis, JJ.—At 2 P. M.—Enumerated motions.

Herman & Herman‹Brown.
Haley‹Motley.
Kahn‹Shulman.
Tillman‹Ogren.
Hirsch‹Kaplan.
Re Lent.
Eggleston‹Haskell.

APPELLATE TERM—Bijur, J.—At 10:30 A. M.

SPECIAL TERM—Part I.—Delehanty, J.—Litigated motions at 10 A. M.

United Dist Co‹Bright Direct.
Irving Trust Co‹Breitung.
Nathan‹Stadholz.
Walter‹Walter.
People‹Callahan.
Carmody‹Fleming.
Colodner‹Uptown Talmud Torah Assoc.
Kilgallen‹NY Con RR
Farm Loan & Trust‹Bergeman.
Rosenson‹Cohen.
Re N Eng Equit Insur
Weissberg‹Miller.
Caterino‹Thompson Bros.
Re Andrews Co‹Adler
Cohen‹Beck Amus Co.
Moltz‹Muss.
Kushner‹Williams.
Keckeissen‹Genco Rty
Armour‹Minor.
Litman‹Baker & Co.
Park‹Park.
Meyer‹Adler.
Crouch‹Crouch.
Joy‹Anderson .Galleries, Inc.
Palmieri‹Geissenhainer.
Pu Pietro‹Pu Giuseppe

PART II.—Erlanger, J.—At 10:30 A. M.—Ex parte matters.

PART III.—Weeks, J.—At 10:15 A. M.

Motions:
Saland‹Day Pub Co.
Ginsberg‹Bruckenfeld.
Gerhard & Co‹Foreign & Domestic Transp.
Van Heyngian Brokerage Co‹same.
Winfield‹Minor.
Crandell‹Elsen Rity.
Berg‹same.
Nield‹Nid.
Re Sisson‹Gold.
Haber‹Orszag.
Hungerford‹Elo Bldg.
Wilner & Sons‹Liggett
Glover‹Glover.
Peake‹Peake.

Preferred cause:
Met Sav Bk‹Gelbwaks

General calendar:
Cosby‹Cosby.

PART IV.—Newburger, J.—At 10:30 A. M. Case on.

PART V.—Platzek, J.—At 10:30 A. M. Case on.

PARTS VI., VII., and VIII.—Not in session.
TRIAL TERMS—Part 10 M.—Cohalan, J.—At

Dyer Co‹White & Co.
Epstein‹Ross.
Angio So Amer Bank‹
R Wexler‹same.

PART III.—Whitaker, J.—At 10 A. M.
Inq—Walker‹Maloney.
Kahn‹Schuyler Arms Corp.
Katz‹Union Ry.
Burl‹42 St & Ry Co. (2.)
Cumberbatch‹
D Rice & Co.
De Palma‹Rockhill Apartments.
Gyomber‹Rhebar.
Corrigan‹Union Ry.
McDwyer‹Wronker.
Hawkins‹Abendschein
Romets‹Simon (2.)
Hyam‹Greenbaum.
Rutter‹N Y Rys.
Malamud‹Greenberg.
Wirth‹Burns Bros.
Costa‹N E S S Co.
Gangi‹same.
Camo‹same.
Ullman‹L I RR.
Chaplin‹same.
Reimer‹Grocers Milk Co.
Bochnik‹Ward Baking Co.
Shapiro‹Kalbach.
Brock‹I R T Co.
Barbita‹Reynolds.
L Feller‹Elias Brew.
B Feller‹same.
Fitzgerald‹I R T.
Scanlon‹B H RR.
Switzky‹Union Ry.
Hartneck‹42d St. &c. Ry.
Smith‹Lesler.
Fischer‹Bradley Cont.
Smith‹Mid-Crosstown Ry.
Vance‹N Y Rys.
Rosenberg‹N Y Rys.
Weber‹same.
Verlin‹same.
Tuohy‹Dunn.
Durenheimer‹NYC Interborough Ry.
Bernstein‹Klingenstein.
Cardone‹42d St. &c. Ry.
Schwartz‹Liberal Trading.
Aurigemma‹CNY.
Hirsch‹Hudson Mtg.
Thompson‹Terry & Tench.
Schmitt‹N Y Rys.
Modeste‹N Y Rys.
Breitschneider‹Marshall.
Kramer‹Cons Tel & Elec Sub.
Jacobs‹Third Av Ry.

PART XIV.—Greenbaum, J.—At 10 A. M.
F Zittel & Sons‹Sorosi.
Du Pont de Nemours Powder Co‹Wilcox.
Egger‹Troudel.
Economu Ritsos Co‹Texas Rico Prod.
Bauchle‹Bauchle.
Brown‹Actors' Fund of America.
York Bldg Co, Inc‹Astoria Veneer M & D.

TRIAL TERM—Causes assigned from the day calendar to the various parts for trial. See Rule VII., amended Trial Term rules.

PART III.—Whitaker, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.

PART IV.—Goff, J.—At 10 A. M.—Case on.

PART V.—Hendrick, J.—At 10 A. M. Clear.

PART VI.—Donnelly, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.

PART VII.—Giegerich, J.—At 10 A. M.—Case on.

PART VIII.—Dugro, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.

PART IX.—Mitchell, J.—At 10 A. M.

PART X.—Philbin, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.

PART XI.—McAvoy, J.—At 10 A. M.

PART XII.—Hotchkiss, J.—At 10 A. M.—Clear.

PART XIII. — Emerson, J. — At 10 A. M. Case on.

PART XIV.—Greenbaum, J. — At 10 A. M. Case on.

PART XV.—Lehman, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.

PART XVI.—Pendleton, J. — At 10 A. M. Case on.

PART XVII. — Gavegan, J. — At 10 A. M.

PART XVIII.—Not in session.

McAvoy‹Title Water Mill Co.
Brauower & Son‹Walden.
Atlas Assur Co, Ltd‹J. L. Dudley, Jr.
Petty‹King.
Roffman‹Lustgarton.
Sisson‹Pape & Schaar Corp.

Superior Motor Garage Co‹Woods.
Case on.

Surrogates' Court.

CHAMBERS — Fowler, S.—At 10:30 A. M.

Wills for probate:
Henrynetta Letterman.
Mary G Howells.
Ferdinand Kassler.
Contested wills:
Patrick J. Dunn.

Charlotte N Sundblad.
Maria Reynolds.
Geo W H Passburg.
B Stuart Chambers.
Mary C Cronin.

TRIAL TERM—Cohalan, S.—At 10:30 A. M.

Mary Goldenberg.
Edwin H. Graham.

City Court.

SPECIAL TERM—Part I.—Finelite, J.—At 10 A. M.—Litigated motions.

Donohue‹Jas Everard's Breweries.
Fischer‹Rosenzchein Bros.
Williams‹Keller.
N Y Antique Brass Mfg Co‹Richards.
Ernst‹Goldberg.
Katz‹Friedlander & Co.
Abraham‹Haney.
Kuttner & Raab.
Weigus‹Fleischer.
Little‹MacMillan.
Weltchorn‹Danziger.
Feldman‹Ronsheim.
Miller‹Loewenthal.
Helfman‹Benenson.
Cohen‹Mittelman.
Merkin‹Levy.
Schiffman‹Jaeger.
Piskolczi‹Kerschenbluth.
Koberg‹225 W 69th St Co.
Ritter‹Friedman.

PART II.—Walsh, J.—At 10 A. M.—Ex parte business.

TRIAL TERMS—Part I.—Schmuck, J.—At 9:45 A. M.

Greenberg‹Harlem Co.
Goodman‹Experimental Co.
Greenstein‹Leavitt.
Todd‹Horowitz.
Schwartz‹Y Rys.
Borodkin‹Weil.
Harris‹NY Rys.
Hoohman‹Field.
Horgan‹N Y Rys.
Rosenberg‹same.
Germania Bk‹Wilson & Bryant Co.
Lederer‹Park.
Lloyd‹Int R T.
Kaftens‹Int R T.
Zaphirion‹same.
Brown‹same.
Fitzpatrick‹Av Coach Loyal Bldg Co‹Van Dyck Estates.
Heller‹Int R T.
Otte‹same.
Seigel‹Bascian.
Kriegel‹Hagedorn.
Siegel‹Wunsh.
Hochbaum‹Hyman.
Greenstein‹Rivers.
Sussman‹Pechter.
Punsky‹Int R T.
Wachtell‹Tillman.
Schulman‹Gen Accident F & L Assur.
Albert‹Wachsman.
Brief‹Naughton-Mulgrew Motor Car.
Ghirdi‹Cosmopolitan & Willenbrock Co.

SHORT CAUSE CALENDAR—Cases will be sent to trial Term, Part II., for trial.

Epstein‹Orbach.
Simmons Co‹Rogers.

PART II.—Smith, J.—At 10 A. M. Clear.

PART III.—O'Dwyer, J.—At 10 A. M.—Commercial calendar.

Lovell‹Blood.
Holzman‹Singer.
Bitingon Schuld Co‹Farquharson.
Mortenson Wood Wkg Co‹Raabe.
Greenwald‹Greenwich Savs Bank.
C & M Envelope Co‹Illus Postal C, &c.

PART IV.—Allen, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.

PART V.—Zeller, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.

PART VI.—La Petra, J.—At 10 A. M. Clear.

PART VII.—Valente, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.

PART VIII.—Meyer, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on.

Flicker‹Stampler.
Con Utility Corp‹Benesch.
Marks‹Friedman.
Corn‹Rosenstock.
De Chabenedes‹Leighton.
Weinstock‹Price.
Case on.

Referees Appointed.

SUPREME COURT—Cohalan, J.—Eckerson‹Eckerson—Ferdinand I. Haber.

SUPREME COURT—Delehanty, J.—In re Washington Savings Bank, &c.—Frederick T. Davies.

SUPREME COURT—Bijur, J.—Newman‹Person—Otto C. Sommerich.

SUPREME COURT—Erlanger, J.—Matter of Lee—Charles L. Hoffman. Morris‹Ringer—William M. Hoes. Schumann‹Merkel—N. Taylor Phillips. Union Trust Co.‹Wieder—William A. Sweetzer.

Receivers Appointed.

SUPREME COURT—Donnelly, J.—Charles H. Simpson‹John F. Simpson—Hon. Edward E. Lan.

SUPREME COURT—Erlanger, J.—Munderloh Realty Co., Inc.‹Hannah T. McLaughlin et al.—John F. Lynch. Matter of Samuel Waxman‹Arthur E. Burtis—Leopold Klinger.

KINGS COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

APPELLATE DIVISION—Second Department—Recess.

APPELLATE TERM—Second Department—Recess.

SPECIAL TERM—Part I.—Scudder, J.—At 10 A. M.

Kennedy‹Tidewater Bldg Co.
Cavanagh‹same.
Century Mach Co‹Rothenberg.
Moskowitz‹Davidson.
Malbone Garage‹Rechnitz Bros.
Apitzsch‹Hunter.
Peo State NY‹Caruso.
Scheil‹Scheil.
F P King‹Milkman.
A King‹Milkman.
Danzilo‹Marchant.
Case‹Lyon.
Goldberg‹Ain.
Longworth‹Longworth
Kunert‹Steel-Drake Baking Co.
McLaughlin‹Mierzwinski.
L Cohen‹Ginsberg.
M Cohen‹same.
Weaver‹O'Donnell.

PART II.—Van Siclen, J.—Ex parte business at 10 A. M.

Undefended divorces:
Pearl.
Harrison, Meier, Tuhlen, Boddy, Horstmann, Luca.

PART III.—Callaghan, J.—In re CNY acquiring land on 37th St for R T purposes.

In re same and block between Skillman, Humboldt, Conselyea Sts, and Graham Av.

In re same, (land on Driggs Av, bet Monitor St and Kingsland Av.)

In re same, (land on Driggs Av, N 4th, Roebling, and N 5th Sts.)

Highest number reached on the regular call, 691.

TRIAL TERM—Part I., Jaycox, J.; Part II., Benedict, J.; Part III., Aspinall, J.; Part IV., Fawcett, J.; Part V., Lazansky, J.

Dicom Const Co‹Rumpf‹Spiwack & ano
Siegler‹Huber. Brew.
Sansaverino‹B H RR.
Meyer‹C & B RR.
Schneider‹Neary.
Scranton & Lehigh Co‹Welz & Zerweck.
Grocke‹Underpinning & Foundation Co.
Meisler‹Segalbaum.
Mora‹Travelers Ins.
Fromm‹B H RR.
McGuirk‹Huschle.
Werns‹B H RR.
Williams‹NY Con RR.
Melc‹Doelger Brew Co
Riley‹C I & B RR.
Crespi‹Dwork & ano.
Bruckner‹Goldstein & ano.

The following causes, if marked ready, will be passed for the day, down for a day upon this call:

Erskine‹Berger.
Keogh‹Perimutter.
Feldman‹Blumenauer.
Ahr‹Staten Island Midland Ry.
Markey‹Johnson and ano.
Driscoll Co‹CNY.
Hanson‹Trieb & Brodsky et al.
Rolland‹L I RR and ano.
Halvorsen‹Grace SS Co et al.
Nas RR & ano‹CNY.
Burr‹Burr et al.
O'Brien‹B H RR.
Ettinger‹Cohen et al.
Casillo‹Hettrick & ano
Grandlun‹Nas RR.
Dalulon‹Baessler et al.
Larty‹Mangin.
Jeremias‹Namm & Son.
Robertson‹Wysiecki.
Zessler‹Hentschel.

Highest number reached on regular call 4019.

Surrogate's Court.

CHAMBERS—Ketcham, S.—Day calendar at 10 A. M.

Wills of—
Margaret L. Webster. Accounting of:
John Hayes (2.)
William Flood.
Thomas Haefner.
Laura Galleher.
Marie Stocker.
Harry S Parks.
Martin Will.
Maria Gelston (2.)
Catherine Dowd.
Estates of:

Ellen E Hamilton.
Adeline Schuhmann.
Charles F Green.
Max Kalstein.
Haft infants.
Meta Ringe.
William May.
Transfer tax of:
Frederick W Lade.
Susan E Wanamaker.
Julice E Bennett.
Eugene E Ludlum.
Charles L Molinari.

County Court.

PART V.—Dike, J.

Mestow‹Mitchell.
Gallo‹B H RR.
Powers‹same.
Griffin‹same.
Young‹same.
Lavelle‹Miniottia.

Hartten‹B, Q C & S RR.
Olszewski‹Graham.
Menchen‹N Y Cons RR.

QUEENS COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

TRIAL TERM—Part I., Faber, J.; Part II., Young, J.—At 10 A. M.

McDonald‹B H RR.
Cohen‹Untermyer.
Simendinger‹C I & B R R and another.
Sparadowski, an inf‹Bennett and another.
Risolo‹Griffin Mfg.
Smith‹B H RR.
Perina‹Ely.

The following causes if marked ready will be passed for the day. No cause will be set down for a day on this call.

Reilly‹I R T Co.
Cassidy‹B H R R Co.
Wenzel, an inf‹Kuenn & ano.
Benes, as admx‹Oakes Man Co et al.
Kienzle, as admr‹same
Dauphin, as admr‹same.
Heinlein, an inf‹Bevers.

Highest number reached on the general calendar is 2,205.

Armstrong‹Mergenthal.
Guadagno‹Phoman.
Sutrino‹Carnine.
Gang‹Surut.
Frankel‹Belt L R Cor.
Shepdy‹I R T Co.
Furst‹B H RR Co.

BRONX COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

SPECIAL TERM—(Chambers)—Tierney, J.—At 10 A. M.—Ex parte business.

SPECIAL TERM—Tierney, J.—Motion calendar.

Gants‹Meckes.
Reynolds‹same.
Stern‹Fischer.
Beyel‹Beyel.

SPECIAL TERM FOR TRIALS—Tierney, J.

Lawston‹Lawston.
Esposito‹Esposito.
Conrad‹Conrad.
Smolowitz‹Smolowitz.
Bramer‹Bramer.

TRIAL TERM—Part I.—Guy, J.

Harding‹CNY.
Yantgone‹Rogers & Hagerty.
Kuninsky‹Piedmont Paper Co.
Peaches‹Int R T Co.
Schleainger‹Lederman
Engel‹Int R T Co.
Seligman‹Bode.
Stringone‹Bohle.

Highest number reached in regular order, 1590.

The following causes marked ready by Justice Guy will not be called today, but will be added to the day calendar as required:

Epstein‹So Blvd RR.
Bernicon‹CNY, W & Boston RR.
Conron Bros‹Armour & Co.
Smith‹Ruppert.
Perillo‹Union Ry.
Harston‹same.
Becker‹Schacht.
Rabowsky‹Union Ry.
Sterman‹Minderman.

PART II.—Tierney, J.—Cases to be sent from Trial Term, Part I.

Case on—Yochelson‹G old.

PART III.—Ford, J.—Cases to be sent from Trial Term, Part I.

Odwak‹Harper.
Re Pfaff.
Triesner‹Triesner.
Keck‹Dressel.

Deye‹Deye.
Kaufman‹Kaufman.
Bodie‹Bodie.
Di Pant‹Di Pant.
Hyland‹Hyland.

Stoff‹Benaden Rlty.
Beall Kind Eng Co.
Newmark‹Tower.
Cavanagh‹Union Ry.
Bronx Boro Bank‹Vernaglia.
McCabe‹Cinerey.
Grabinsky‹Pye.
Goodman‹Int R T Co.

Surrogate's Court.

CHAMBERS—Schulz, S.—Ex parte business.

Motions:
Estate of Frank Friedleben.
Joseph Cornceski, or Gergeski.
Leonor L De Amantea, Lawrence Savage, Cornelius Foley, John E Rosendale.

Wills for probate:
Catharine O'Brien.
Annie J Fitzgerald.

TRIAL TERM—Schulz, S.—No day calendar.

SPECIAL TERM—(Chambers)—Gibbs, J.—Ex parte business.

*SPECIAL TERM FOR MOTIONS—Gibbs, J.
Morrell‹Fitzpal.
TRIAL TERM—Gibbs, J.—No day calendar.

Referees Appointed.

SUPREME COURT—Tierney, J.—Kohn‹Kohn et al (2).
SUPREME COURT—Mullan, J.—Smyth‹Smyth et al—Samuel W Levine.

WESTCHESTER COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

TRIAL TERM—Part I., Keogh, J.; Part II., Gorschauer, J.; Part III., Platt, J.—At 9:30 A. M.

English‹NY C RR.
Moulton‹Moulton.
Sunrise St & W‹House Co‹2 cs.
Dubreuil‹Mulholland Co.
Witt‹Purcell & Gilfether.
Niedzwiecka‹West St Ry.
Garfona‹Gilbert.
Havey‹City of Mount Vernon.
Hyatt‹C of N Roch'le.
West Land Exchange‹Halsted.
Inglis‹Anderson.

The following causes must be answered ready or marked over to another day:

Seyford‹So Pac Co.
Rush‹Wagner.
Turpitka‹Phila. & Rdg Coal & Iron Co.
McClintock‹City of Yonkers.

Highest number reached on call, 910.

SPECIAL TERM—Tompkins, J.—For the hearing of motions only.

Walsh‹NY & Stam Ry
Webb‹Dale & Cain.
Yodis‹Leh Val RR.
Davis‹Garofano.
Genoa‹Funk.
Johnstone‹Goebbels.
Griffen‹Rapid Transit Subway Con Co.
Lundy‹Amer Transfer Joy‹James Butler.
Douglas‹Young.
Harrison‹West El RR
Mahoney‹Scott.
Weiss‹Van Cott.
Webb‹Kerwin.

Ross‹Rose.
Shelofski‹Humenay.
De Carmine‹Munson SS Line.
Searles‹New Rochelle Hospital Assoc.

PLAN 3,000-FOOT BRIDGE.

Span from the Bronx to Whitestone, L. I., Under Consideration.

Plans for a bridge 3,000 feet long connecting Whitestone, L. I., with Old Ferry Point in the Bronx were completed in the office of Borough President Bruckner of the Bronx yesterday, and will soon be the subject of consideration by the Board of Estimate. The bridge is designed to accommodate all classes of traffic except steam railroad. An arch over the channel is provided to permit high-masted vessels to pass under, this eliminating a drawbridge.

"The need of such a bridge has long been felt by the people of the Bronx," said President Bruckner. "Of course, I do not expect to get enough money to complete so gigantic undertaking, but the matter is one worthy of serious consideration. Funds are not available, but no harm can come from giving such a proposition a fair start. The nearest ferry to Long Island is at Ninety-ninth Street and the nearest bridge is at Fifty-ninth Street, except the Hell Gate Bridge, which is exclusively a railroad bridge."

Belding Estate Goes to Son.

The estate of Milo M. Belding, Treasurer of Belding Brothers & Co., manufacturers of silk thread, who died on May 23 last at the age of 85 years, was appraised yesterday at $1,126,468 gross and $1,055,000 net, all of which went to his son, Milo M. Belding, Jr. He had $1,053,930 in stocks and bonds, of which $349,328 was the value of 3,119 shares of stock of Belding Brothers & Co., and 174 shares of deferred stock were appraised at $188,568. He had 3,650 shares of the International Salt Company, worth $208,050, and $241,880 in bonds of that company.

Hunter Wants Alimony Annuled.

Supreme Court Justice Delehanty decided yesterday to appoint a referee to take testimony on the application by Frederick W. Hunter, a lawyer, to annul the alimony he was directed to pay to Mrs. Anna Belleville Hunter under her divorce decree, on the ground that she was married a year ago in Florida to John B. Kerfoot, literary editor of Life. Mrs. Hunter denies that she has married Kerfoot, who was named as co-respondent in Hunter's unsuccessful counterclaim for a divorce.

BANKRUPTCY SALES.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of CHARLES ALBERT and SAMUEL GOLDFARB, individually and as copartners, trading as "FORDHAM FURNITURE HOUSE," Bankrupts.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in bankruptcy, sells Wednesday, March 13, 1918, by order of the Court, at 10:30 A. M., at 341 East Fordham Road, Borough of Bronx, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of household furniture, fixtures, &c.

ABNER H. PIKE, Receiver.
BLAU, ZALKIN & COHEN, Attorneys for Receiver, 170 Broadway, New York.

The above sale adjourned until Wednesday, March 20th, at same time and place.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of MADERO BROS., INC., Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in Bankruptcy, sells Tuesday, March 19, 1918, by order of the Court, at 10:30 A. M., at 539 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of Office Furniture, Mahogany Roll Top and Flat Top Desks, Chairs, Filing Cabinets, Arm Chairs, Coat Trees, etc.

SAMUEL STRASBOURGER and NATHAN A. SMYTH, Receivers.
CHARLES A. KALISH, 31 Nassau St., N. Y.; IRVING L. BRNST, 170 Broadway, N. Y., Attorneys for Receivers.

COPARTNERSHIP NOTICES.

March 12th, 1918.

Eleventh Avenue and 25th St., New York City.

We are pleased to announce that we have admitted to our firm as partners

Messrs. Frederick C. Leary and Thomas Blagden

as of January first, 1918.

ICHABOD T. WILLIAMS & SONS.

REAL ESTATE FIELD

Operators Buy Canal Street Lofts—Sale on West Fifty-fourth Street.

Properties of diversified character figured in yesterday's real estate dealings, buyers being found for both business and residential holdings.

The Jules Realty Company, representing Fisher and Irving Lewine, operators, bought from the Kobre Assets Corporation the eight-story store and loft building at 533 to 541 Canal Street, northeast corner of Washington Street, with a frontage of 101 feet on Canal Street, 22 feet on Washington Street, and an irregular depth, the entire plot comprising about 45,000 square feet. The building, which has been held at $140,000, is rented to three tenants for $14,000 a year. William S. Baker negotiated the transaction.

Sale in "Rockefeller Block."

John J. Carle and Howard Willets, as executors of the Willets estate, sold 39 West Fifty-fourth Street, a four-story dwelling on a lot 22 by 100.5, between Fifth and Sixth Avenues, in what is known as the "Rockefeller Block." The property has been in the ownership of members of the Willets family since 1879, and will be altered by the purchaser for his own occupancy.

Deal in Produce Section.

Middendorf & Rohrs, produce dealers, bought from the Cooper estate the three-story building at 3 Little West Twelfth Street for occupancy. The brokers in the transaction were Charles R. Van Valen, Inc., and the Durosa Company. The buyers recently leased the adjoining Hudson Street corner, for a long term, through the Durosa Company.

$240,000 Cash Deal on the Heights.

The Nason Realty Company, Max M. Natanson, purchased from the Ladem Realty Company the two five-story non-elevator apartments 648 to 654 West 160th Street.

The sales were completed last November, on a plot 132 by 100, are fully occupied, and were held at $240,000. Norman Denzer and Joseph Silversen negotiated the sale, which had no trade element in it.

For Women Voters.

Alvin Wachsman sold to the Sagua Democratic Club the three-story dwelling at 517 West 173d Street, now occupied by that organization. After alterations have been made the property will continue to be used as a clubhouse, with additional facilities for the entertainment of the new women voters. The Nehring Company negotiated the sale.

Enlarges Park Avenue Holdings.

Former Borough President Marcus M. Marks, by purchasing the three-story dwelling at 76 East Ninety-first Street, yesterday, enlarges his Carnegie Hill holdings to about 6,000 square feet. Arthur C. Sheridan offered the property at auction and made the sale at $19,000. Mr. Marks is the owner of 1,128, 1,130, and 1,132 Park Avenue, and with the present purchase controls a large plot surrounding the southwest corner of Ninety-first Street. The corner is owned by John G. H. Meyer, who has held the property since 1874, and has steadily refused to sell.

Apartment House Transfer.

The Madison Avenue and Eighty-ninth Street Company, in which F. D. W. Searing and others are Directors, will take over the apartment house at that location known as the Lauriston, a seven-story building, covering a plot 36 by 100.8, adjoining the Beloved Disciple Protestant Episcopal Church. The Realty Company of America recently acquired the property as plaintiff at foreclosure for $239,570.

Bronx Sales.

Edmund Sens purchased for occupancy from Frederick Brown, operator, 2,480 Morris Avenue, a two-story dwelling and garage on a plot 50 by 122. J. L. Greenfield negotiated the sale.

Brooklyn.

Mrs. Annie Mahoney sold to a client of the John Pullman Real Estate Company, for occupancy, 675 President Street, a two-story brownstone dwelling, on a lot 20 by 100.

Westchester County.

H. M. Olcott and F. L. Egger sold the Dean House in Howell Park, Larchmont, to Mrs. Bessie Parker, who will occupy.

Griffen, Prince & Ripley sold the residence of E. H. Ripley, one of the members of the firm, at Pleasantville to A. C. Hovt, Assistant Treasurer of the H. W. Johns-Manville Company. The property was held at $15,000.

Commercial Leases.

The Bowantree-Schley Company leased for Vincent Astor the store, basement, and sub-basement at 145-151 Greene Street, southwest corner of West Houston Street, containing 30,000 square feet, to the Famous Paper Box Company, Louis H. Platt, proprietors, now at 155-157 Wooster Street. The lease is for a term of years at an aggregate rental of about $50,000. Up to Feb. 1 these premises were occupied for many years by L. Spiegelberg & Sons, cotton goods converters, who at one time paid $15,000 per annum. The broker reports that store space in this immediate section has been in demand recently, and of a total of about 100 stores that were on the market prior to Feb. 1, 1918, 70 per cent. of them have been rented, and of the ones still vacant 66 2-3 per cent. are floor areas of 2,500 square feet or less.

The Cross & Brown Company leased the store and basement at 19 East Fifty-ninth Street to Saul and Bertha Scharf for a term of years.

James Kyle & Co. leased to A. Paul Farrier, the Blake Building, the northeast corner of Fifty-eighth Street and Lexington Avenue, for L. C. Blake, also the adjoining building, 725, for a term of years from May 1, 1918.

Baron Astor has leased to Edward Margolies the three-story and basement building at 22 East Thirty-fourth Street. It will be remodeled and sublet.

Hearing Today On Torrens Law.

The Board of County Registers has issued a request that real estate and taxpayers' associations be represented either by delegations or messages at the Senate Judiciary Committee hearing at Albany this afternoon on the Sheridan-Coles bill, better known as the Registers' bill, which amends the Torrens land-title registration law.

Recent Buyers.

The K. & R. Construction Company, composed of Max J. Klein and Ignatz Roth, is the buyer of the two five-story tenements 160 and 164 Sherman Avenue, sold Monday by the Nason Realty Company.

Realty Notes.

A meeting of the Harlem Property Owners' Association has been called for Thursday evening at 147 East 125th Street.

Sommenberg & Leuch

BROOKLYN—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

You-Auto-Buy
A FINE TWO-STORY
GARAGE
80 x 100
Live Business Section of Brooklyn
REASONABLE TERMS
LOUIS GOLD, Builder
44 Court St., Brooklyn. Telephone 7030-31 Main.

Pretty Brick Houses
$5,000—For Sale—$7,000
With or Without Garage—Easy Terms.
We are owners of cozy 7-room homes in Brooklyn on new subway—that will just suit your taste and pocketbook. Some day not far off property adjoining our great subways will cost five times its present price. Let us send you information and photos. We have something to tell you.
ALCO BUILDING CO.
217 Broadway. Barclay 4585.
Property Office, 22d Avenue Station of the Sea Beach Subway.

OPEN STORAGE AND DOCK ON GOWANUS CANAL
340 ft. water frontage; 238 ft. on street. SALE or LEASE for term of years.
J. W. DOOLITTLE.
Woolworth Building. Phone 7294-Barclay.

QUEENS—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

Kew Gardens
Long Island
16 Minutes from the Heart of Manhattan
You cannot find any other section of Greater New York whose conveniences in living and transportation are not as a whole excelled by Kew Gardens. And you cannot find any place of residence whose charm is so wholely complete and whose high character is so fully established and so surely safeguarded.
Edgeworth Smith
Sales Manager
One West 34th St., N. Y.
Phone Greeley 5250
Office at Kew Gardens Station
Phone Richmond Hill 1713

AT CORONA AND ELMHURST
3 1-family detached houses, $3,700 each.
4 at $4,200 each; 6 at $4,500.
10 2-family houses, $4,550 to $5,200.
7 brick 2-family houses at $5,500 to $6,000.
8 2-family houses built on plots 25x100 and larger, $3,500 to $10,000.
Some of these houses have garages and others garage driveways. Can be purchased on payment of $500 to $1,000 cash. Balance on terms to suit. All are heated by steam or hot water heating and have every improvement, and within 3 to 10 minutes' walk of L station. Call any day or Sunday.
THOMAS DALY, BUILDER.
Office Junction and Roosevelt Aves. Junction Av. L station, Corona.

WESTCHESTER—FOR SALE OR TO LET

RYE, N. Y.
300 feet from Town Park and beautiful Oakland Beach
Brick and stucco house, large living room with open fireplace, dining room, butler's pantry and kitchen; 4 master's rooms and bath, servant's room and bath; two-car garage built of same material as house.
PRICE $12,500
Will lease furnished for Summer.
BLAKEMAN QUINTARD MEYER
50 E. 42d St., N.Y. Tels. { Murray Hill 2465 / Rye 523 & 576.

MT. VERNON You can't afford to rent in Mt. Vernon if you have $1,500 in the Savings Bank or in Liberty Bonds. Here is the reason: A Chester Hill house worth $65 monthly can be bought so that carrying charges (rental) will be less than $40 monthly, figuring taxes, interest, insurance, etc.
In the heart of Chester Hill; five minutes New Haven Station; southern exposure. Lot 125 feet deep; tiled bath, 2 extra lavatories between bedrooms. House itself could not be built today for $10,000. Sacrifice price, $6,250. It would pay to buy merely on speculation. Intrinsically worth twice the price.
COOLEY Realty Company
Mt. Vernon, N. Y.
39 PROSPECT AVE. PHONE 3400-01.

SPECIALISTS IN
WESTCHESTER AND NEARBY CONNECTICUT
PROPERTIES.
INSURANCE.
Tish & Marvin 527 5th Av.

AT LARCHMONT
Best environment, between railroad and water, new Colonial home, half brick and frame, 10 rooms and 3 baths; all modern improvements; terraced plot, highest location, shade trees. For particulars communicate with M. D. Keller, 40 West 32d St.

ON THE SOUND
New Dutch Colonial house of 10 large rooms, 3 baths, hardwood floors, latest plumbing, hot-water heat, electric light, gas; ample grounds for garden and shrubbery; bathings, tennis, golf; 5 minutes to Stamford Station.
F. L. FIELD, 18 EAST 41ST ST.

RENT FURNISHED Water front, ½ acre, old shade, 12 rooms, 3 baths; double garage; owner going abroad for three years. Location, New Rochelle. Particulars apply to
H. M. OLCOTT 51 East 42nd St., N. Y. Tel. Murray Hill 2326.

LONG ISLAND—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

AT FREEPORT LI
40 HOUSES & BUNGALOWS FOR SALE
5 to 16 Rooms. $2,500 to $12,000.
Easy Terms. Send for List 15.
JOHN J. RANDALL CO.,
47 W. 34th St., N. Y. Phone Greeley 3325.

FURNISHED COTTAGES.
Complete information of all summer houses in the Huntington Section. Write or phone your definite requirements. Theo. S. Hall, 47 West 34th St., N. Y.

FARMS.

New Jersey—For Sale or To Let.

New York State—For Sale or to Let.

FOR SALE.—On account of death of husband, widow compelled to sell good 74-acre Orange County dairy farm, newly rebuilt 7-room house, 3 large barns, chicken house, pig pen, ice house, milk house, good orchard, brook running through farm, 1½ miles from village high school, creamery, churches, &c., just off State road; price, $4,000; ½ purchase price can remain. R. T. Brown, Pine Bush, N. Y.

Connecticut—For Sale or To Let.

Litchfield, Conn.—134 acres, 95 tillable; good soil, smooth, level fields; 10 acres fruit, 10-room house, 6 barns; on main road, near village; good markets. For particulars address Borgeson, 287 Main St., Bristol, Conn.

NEW JERSEY—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

DO YOU PAY TAXES
on Bergen or Rockland real estate? Protect your titles against any possible future litigation by insurance. We specialize in the above counties, have expert knowledge, and every facility for the examination and insurance of real estate titles. Write or phone for booklet.
N. Y. Rep., Glenn K. Carver, 60 Wall St.
North Jersey Title Insurance Co.,
HACKENSACK, N. J.

EXCEPTIONAL MERIT FARM.
325 acres. 300 acres first-class tractor land, State Road; 45 miles New York. Ideal farm. 80 acres in wheat. Main house on elevated site; 13 very large rooms; second house, 14 large rooms, bathroom. Immense barns, driven well, big silo; 800 fruit trees; two brooks. Healthiest section of State. Specially reduced to only $100 per acre. Good reasons. Matchless grain, hay, cattle and hog farm.
ALLABOUGH & SON Woolworth Bldg., New York.

AT LEONIA.
One glance at this new attractive house will instantly show a saving of $1,000. Reason—built last year. Has no equal for the price: $7,350, easy terms. Seven large rooms, tile bath; living room 13x23; fireplace, bookcases; oak floors. French doors connecting private side verandas. Four sleeping chambers and large sleeping porch. Steam heat. Large elevated corner plot, near train, trolley and schools; 25 minutes to New York. Coover, Leonia Junction. Phone 602-J Audubon.

BEAUTIFUL ESTATE FARM.
Between Morristown and Bernardsville, 120 acres; large Colonial house, every improvement; excellent land; fine timber; 75 acres tillable; rapid brook; picturesque pond; farmer's cottage; big barns; mile station; adjoins high-class estates. Slaughter price. Photos.
ALLABOUGH & SON Woolworth Bldg., New York.

CONNECTICUT—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

IDEAL SHORE FRONT HOME.
One hour Grand Central. 100 feet water front. Superb views across Sound. Stone and Stucco House, finely elevated; rocky site. Good shade. Six master's rooms, two tiled bathrooms; three servants' rooms, bath. Living room 26x32. A charming house. Garage. $25,000. Best shore front bargain on market.
ALLABOUGH & SON Woolworth Bldg., New York.

NEW ENGLAND—FOR SALE OR LET.

A BEAUTIFUL COUNTRY ESTATE
Near Watch Hill, R. I.
New, modern Mansion; 7 acres; high elevation overlooking Watch Hill & L. I. Sound for miles. A Rare Bargain. Owner living Florida, will sell at sacrifice. Call office March 13, 14 or 15. Can show photos and give attractive details. William A. Wilcox, Farm Specialist, No. 489 5th Ave., N. Y.; Room 608.

FURNISHED HOUSES TO LET.

AT FLUSHING
Attractive home to rent, furnished, 14 rooms, 2 baths, all modern conveniences; beautiful location; $125 per month.
J. Albert Johntra,
81 BROADWAY. FLUSHING, L. I.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS.

100,000 Sq. Ft.
In centre of Manhattan
Rent $25,000
MANNING & TRUNK
Real Estate
489 5th Ave. Tel. 6834 Murray Hill

FOR RENT
2,500 to 14,000
Square Feet
EXPORT DISTRICT.
G. M. Pearson & Co., Inc.,
115 Broadway. Rector 5664.

FOR RENT
Owing to the relocation of the business of Messrs. Schorn & Brower we offer, with or without their plant and machinery, including coffee roasters, etc., their building at
548-550 W. 46th St.
4-Story & Basement Building.
25,000 SQ. FEET. RENT $6000.
Electric Elevator. Steam Heat.
For capacity 175,250 lbs.
AMES & COMPANY
26 West 31st Street.

30 STORY OFFICE BUILDING.
Where light, location, price and service cannot be excelled in the midtown section.
108 to 112 West 40th St.
Just East of Broadway.
Corner 2 light rooms, 6 windows overlooking Bryant Park: $65.
SMALL OFFICE, 3 WINDOWS, $45.
Typical office corner, 12 windows, 25th floor.
OTHER VERY DESIRABLE SPACE.
Renting Office on Premises. Phone Bryant 5781.
Ewing, Bacon & Henry, 101 Park Av.
Phone Murray Hill 2500.

OFFICES & SHOWROOMS
Large and Small, especially good light.
347 5th Ave.
Opposite The Waldorf.
CARSTEIN & LINNEKEN, INC.
Agent on Premises.

OFFICE TO SUBLET
BURRELL BUILDING,
Madison Avenue and 33rd Street.
Immediate possession—a corner office 15.3 by 30.5—six windows—$1200 per annum. Light and service included.
LOTON H. SLAWSON COMPANY,
171 Madison Avenue.

EXTRA LIGHT FLOOR
7 to 11 Spruce St., near Nassau.
5,000 Sq. Ft. Immediate Possession
Fireproof building; passenger and freight elevators; no manufacturing.
Wm. H. Whiting & Co.,
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APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished.
MANHATTAN—West Side.

4 LARGE ROOMS AND BATH
409 Edgecombe Ave., Near 155th Street
Block from 8th & 9th Ave. L Stations.
Convenient to subway station at Broadway & 157th Street.
New 14-story apartment house.
Rent. $144.00.

REAL ESTATE.

Westchester—For Sale or To Let.

AT NEPPERHAN.
Owner moving to the West will sell his small, attractive country residence, containing 9 rooms, bath; on a good-sized plot near station; price, $5,000; easy terms. For further particulars apply R-457,
FISH & MARVIN, 527 5th Av., N. Y.

New Jersey—For Sale or To Let.

TELEPHONE ME NOW.—If sold immediately, beautiful new suburban home goes for $300 and small monthly payments, less than rent; 30 minutes from New York; 7 1-3c. commutation fare; 6 rooms, tiled bath, parquet floors, beamed ceiling, brick fireplace, built-in bookcases, bedrooms in white enamel; steam heat, water, gas, electricity, handsome fixtures; near schools and station; 70 trains daily. John A. Baldwin, 80 Maiden Lane. John 5047.

FOR SALE.
Ten room dwelling, lot 68x120, on main street, centre growing village; fine condition; gas; demand for labor Government factories; late owner dead; cost $4,500, sell $2,500, easy terms. Geo. W. Devoe, owner, Spotswood, New Jersey.

A suburban home, all improvements, within commuting distance of New York; 4½ acres of fertile garden land, fruit trees, brick barn, garage; also two small houses on property; must be sacrificed to close estate. D 387 Times Downtown.

Make your rent pay off your home; six-room modern dwelling, all improvements, half hour out; near station and trolley. W. Brady. 21 Park Row.

Florida—For Sale or To Let.

Aviation camp nearby make additional city 6,000. Opportunities Hotels, Stores, Markets, farm products. Ground floor investment, 2 acres, Florida home, gardens, $100; $10 down, $5 monthly. Lots adjoining camp, $25. Payments may be sent to Consolidated Title Co., here, guarantee deed, Title abstract. O. Stevenson, Arcadia, Florida. Agents wanted.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS.

THE MONOLITH BUILDING,
45 WEST 34TH ST.
OFFICES, single or suite; bright, cheerful; good service; $350 up; immediate possession.

LIGHT LOFT TO SUBLET
for two years, where lease may be continued; 11th floor; 25x135; light on four sides; 2 passenger and 2 freight elevators; adapted to showroom or light manufacturing; price $2,500. The Gill Engraving Co., 140 5th Av.

7 EAST 54TH STREET.
25-foot, 4-story and basement house, with 3-story extension; elevator, steam heat, electric light; in the exclusive retail section. WM. A. WHITE & SONS, 46 Cedar St. Tel. John 5700.

GARAGE TO LEASE, 235 WEST 69TH ST.; ACCOMMODATES 20 CARS; ALL CONVENIENCES; ABUNDANT DAYLIGHT; SUITABLE FOR OTHER BUSINESS PURPOSES. TELEPHONE COLUMBUS 4772.

For Rent.—Two beautiful lofts, for commercial purposes; very cheap rent to reliable party. Federal Merchandise Corporation, 5 West 20th St., two doors from 5th Av.

LOFT TO LET,
Size, 50x100; light and airy, elevator service, electric light and power. Greenwald Bros., 3d Av., corner 87th.

DOCTORS' OFFICES, 19 West 54th St.; rentals $1,200 and $2,500. Apply on premises up to WM. A. WHITE & SONS, 46 Cedar St. Tel. 5700 John.

Three very light lofts, 50x82, northeast corner 23d St. and 1st Av.; immediate possession. Apply Mr. Verdi, corner 23d St. and 1st Av.

263 WEST 21ST ST.
Three-story English basement dwelling; 18 rooms; suitable dwelling or business; $1,200.

To Sublet.—Parlor floor on Broadway, below Fulton St. Inquire W. J. Swift, 175 Broadway, one flight up.

140 WEST 14TH ST.—Parlor floor, 25x90. Apply to WM. A. WHITE & SONS, 46 Cedar St. Tel. John 5700.

Store and basement, 1,263 Lexington Av., (86th) express subway station on block.

Attractive, furnished; publisher, advertising, or kindred line. Tenth floor, 450 4th Av.

51st., near 5th Av.—Attractive parlor floor, suitable any business, doctor. Circle 2883.

Part of desirable office with desk and service; rent $12. Room 1117, 299 Broadway.

Parlor floor and front basement; electricity; all conveniences; reasonable. 57 West 52d.

Service Building in Sixties to lease; three stories, 50-foot front. 6765 Columbus.

Two lofts, 45x18; elevator, steam heat. 630 1st Av. Telephone 2015 Morningside.

Sublet part well lighted office suitable for desk room. Room 1302, 452 4th Av.

Desk space to rent. Room 920, 1,133 Broadway.

99 Maiden Lane—4-story building, store, whole or part; rent low.

Private office to rent. Suite 2029, City Investing Bldg., 165 Broadway.

Office and large window privilege for business, electrician preferred. 59 5th Av.

Wanted for Business Purposes.

To sublet, office space about 15 feet square, from responsible concern, beginning April 1, 1918; would like to make arrangements to have occasional telephone messages taken when absent and, if possible, to have stenographer take a small amount of dictation. The Screw Machine Products Corp., Room 410 Fifth Av. Bldg. Phone Gramercy 6196.

Plot between Canal and 34th St., (west side.) Factory Exchange, 43 Cedar St., City. Tel. John 5719.

Dental office wanted, New York City or vicinity; ethical. V 46 Times.

HOUSES FOR SALE OR TO LET.

Queens.

Owner in need of $150 cash at once, will sacrifice 6-room cottage, all improvements, tiled bath, open plumbing, combination gas and electric fixtures, parquet floors, full cellar; price $7,800; worth $8,800; will give deed on first payment, balance very easy terms; within 5-cent fare zone. B. Unedia, 161 West 34th St., New York City.

Westchester.

MOST COMPLETE
list of houses—White Plains, Scarsdale, and vicinity.
For rent unfurnished, $50 to $200 monthly. For rent furnished, $150 to $500 monthly. For sale. A few real bargains. State your requirements fully. We won't bother you then until we can offer you a profitable purchase.
WE KNOW VALUES.
Don't delay. 'Phone, call, or write at once.
EDWARD M. WEST, INC.,
Depot Square, White Plains. 'Phone 413.

Long Island.

Just completed, ideal new 7-room house, on plot 40x100; very high ground; beautiful view; several trees on premises; North Shore, Long Island, 23 minutes from Pennsylvania Station; 4 minutes' walk from station; hip roof, brick fireplace, parquet floors, hardwood finish, beamed ceilings, paneled walls, extra breakfast room with built-in Dutch table and benches; exceptional kitchen facilities; cement cellar; heat; tiled bath; clothes presses and linen closet; open attic; small cash payment down and $45 a month; telephone, call, or write at once. Bayside Homes Co., Inc., 47 West 34th Street, New York City; telephone Greeley 563.

For rent from May 1 to Nov. 1, 7-room, completely furnished house and garage at Belle Harbor, L. I.; waterfront property; $1,000; 40 minutes by train from Pennsylvania Station. For further particulars write N 88 Times.

New Jersey.

Forfeiture Sale.—7-room and tiled bathroom home for $2,000, on easy terms, above first mortgage of $4,000; greatest bargain near New York City; three years old; perfect condition; large tree covered plot; in renowned Montclair-Morristown section; six minutes' walk along picturesque street to express station on D., L. & W. R. R.; 42 minutes out by train; excellent commuting service; near famous golf and country clubs, school, churches, stores, markets; convenient to beautiful lake; 700 feet elevation; was obliged to take this property back after purchaser had paid large amount on it. Address Mortgage, Box 410 Times Downtown.

For sale or rent, furnished, or unfurnished, if long-term lease. Short Hills, N. J., 14 rooms, 5 master bedrooms, 4 baths, 2 living rooms 16x28, 2 porches 14x28; about 2 acres, Summer house, tennis court, 2-car garage, steam heated, man's large room; can be seen by appointment. Telephone Spring 1471.

AT RIDGEWOOD, N. J.
Desirable Suburban Homes.
Rentals $65 to $250 per month.
Full particulars either office.
S. S. VANSTRUM-GORDON & NORMAN,
120 Broadway, N. Y. Ridgewood, N. J.
Rector 7718. Tel. 555.

Summit.—Leaving city, sacrifice for quick sale 6 rooms, bath; hot-water heat; large grounds, 180x475; 2-room bungalow, brooder house, incubating cellar, large laying house, fruit, garden. J. H. Becker, Summit, N. J.

One block from ocean; new 3-story dwelling, stucco on hollow tile walls; 10 rooms, 3 tile baths; garage; will sacrifice on easy terms. Office 805, 71 Nassau St., N. Y.

At Mountain Station, South Orange.—Two houses, 10 rooms each; all improvements; $8,500; rent $60. O. S. Thompson, 257 4th Av., New York. Telephone 3163 Gramercy.

Houses Wanted.

Flatbush.—Convenient; detached; substantial; parquet; 9 rooms; steam; easy terms; equity $8,500; might exchange. Boughton, 364 East 21st, Brooklyn.

Wanted, bungalow, small house, good bathing, moderate price; full particulars. X 249 Times Annex.

HOUSES TO LET—FURNISHED.

Furnished Houses Wanted.

House wanted, within 45 minutes commuting; about eight rooms; rent about $800. N 133 Times.

HOUSES TO LET—UNFURNISHED

Manhattan.

PARK AV. and SIXTY-FOURTH ST.
100 East 64th St., southeast corner of Park Av.; modern private dwelling with garage; exceptionally well located; possession May 1; seen by appointment. Apply to WM. A. WHITE & SONS, 46 Cedar St. Telephone John 5700.

93D, 207 WEST.—FIVE-STORY AMERICAN BASEMENT; 3 BATHS. CARETAKER.

New Jersey.

Montclair house, 9 rooms, 2 baths, near Montclair station; large studio attached; $75 monthly. D 294 Times Downtown.

Unfurnished Houses Wanted.

Wanted to lease with option to buy in Dobbs Ferry, Bronxville, or Scarsdale by Protestant American family, house originally built for owner's use, with four master's rooms, two baths, two maids' rooms, one bath, garden plot, not over half mile from station; not over $100 month. S 333 Times Downtown.

APARTMENTS TO LET.

Furnished—East Side.

50TH, 14 EAST.—Beautifully furnished studio apartment, $85; consider renting unfurnished. Anquinos.

55TH ST., NEAR 5TH AV.—3-room housekeeping apartment; light, clean, beautifully furnished; $135; will sell contents $1,300. Telephone 1381 Murray Hill.

57TH, EAST.—Modern four-room apartment, elevator, electric light, phone. Savage. Phone Plaza 9185.

80TH, 111 EAST.—Handsome suite, room, electricity, hot water; exceptional. Lenox 10241.

APARTMENTS HANDSOMELY FURNISHED
CLARK REALTY, 30 E. 42d. Vanderbilt 1460.
ATTRACTIVE TWO-ROOM APARTMENT for bachelors in private house. Telephone Plaza 2200.

EAST EIGHTIES.—Exclusively furnished 7 rooms, 2 baths; 11th floor; linen, silver, grand piano; excellent cook; immediate possession; long, short lease, 2 334 Times Annex.

ATTENTION!—Apartments, furnished; two rooms and bath; full hotel service; one block from subway; $14 to $17.50 weekly. Hotel St. Louis, 34 East 32d St., and Hotel Seton, 33 East 27th St.

Exceptionally furnished, light, airy, five-room apartment; Lexington Av., near East 65th St.; grand piano; moderate rental. Telephone Plaza 6404.

MADISON AV., NEAR 59TH ST.
5 and 6 room apartments, $200.
Corner, southern exposure; large rooms. REGENT REALTY COMPANY, 33 W. 42d.

MADISON AV., (59-60.)—Sublet, attractive apartment, 2 rooms, bath, linen, maid and tray service. Telephone 6676 Plaza.

Furnished—West Side.

13TH, 106 WEST.—Small housekeeping apartment, electric lights, steam heat, telephone; furniture for sale cheap; rent reasonable; lease until October; can renew. Apartment 7. Chelsea 5070.

45TH, 341 WEST. (just off Broadway.)—New elevator building; 1-2-3 rooms, bath, kitchens or kitchenettes; $50 up monthly; references indispensable. Tel. Bryant 6255.

44TH, 132 WEST. (Felix-Portland.)—Desirable suites, 2 rooms and bath, reasonable; special monthly rates; American, European plan.

48TH ST., 49 WEST, NEAR 5TH AV.—BEAUTIFULLY FURNISHED LARGE SITTING ROOM, ALCOVE BEDROOM, BATH, KITCHENETTE. SEEN ANY TIMES.

57TH, 200 WEST, (Opposite Carnegie.)—Elegant 4-room apartment, with kitchen, pantry, bath; 14th floor; southern exposure, 12 outside windows; exquisitely furnished; silver, linen, Steinway, refrigeration; service and passenger elevators; restaurant; $250 month; subway station in building almost completed. Prescott, 14H.

57TH, 152 WEST.—Exceptionally large studio apartment, one large room and bath, until Oct. 1. Apartment 12.

57TH, 130 WEST.—Two rooms, bath, kitchenette, studio building, furnished or unfurnished.

58TH ST., 57 WEST.—2 rooms and bath, $65 per month. Address B. L., care Douglas L. Elliman & Co., 414 Madison Av., New York City.

59TH, 100 WEST.—Overlooking Central Park; sacrifice small apartment, kitchenette; exquisitely furnished; new building; restaurant, maid service. Mason.

39TH, 36 WEST.—Two rooms, bath, kitchenette, from April to October; Central Park view; inspection 8 and 9 P. M.

69TH, 22 WEST.—Two newly furnished apartments, three rooms, bath, kitchenette, $100-$125.

70TH, 10 WEST.—Exceptional high-class three rooms, bath; suitable dentist, physician; breakfast optional; also large room; private house.

72D, 167 WEST, (near Broadway.)—Attractive 3 rooms, bath, kitchenette; subway express; rent reasonable balance of lease. Whitney, 3d floor, rear.

72D, 124 WEST.—Attractively furnished new 5-room apartment; southern exposure; windows on three sides; April to October.

72D ST., WEST.—Handsomely furnished apartment, 2 large rooms, kitchen, bath, piano, $135. Elberson, 25 West 42d St.

72D ST., 344 WEST.—10 rooms and three baths; rent $450 per month. Apply Apartment 2A.

74TH, 254 WEST.—Studio apartments, one or two rooms, beautifully furnished, with or without private baths; electricity, telephones; maid service.

74TH, 104 WEST.—One large, light room, kitchenette; hot water; private house.

79TH ST., WEST. — Handsomely furnished apartment, 7 rooms, 2 baths, piano, $165; large, light rooms. Elberson, 25 West 42d St.

83D ST., (Near Drive.)—Handsomely furnished elevator apartment, 5 large rooms, 2 baths, $150. Elberson, 25 West 42d St.

85TH, 252 WEST, (near Riverside.)—Exceptionally attractive, very cool, front apartment, five rooms, two baths; living room 18x18; until Oct. 1. Apt. 32.

85TH, 332 WEST.—Beautifully furnished apartment, five rooms rent $125. Poffin, Schuyler 8265.

88TH ST., 251 WEST, (cor. Broadway.)—Two large rooms; use bath and kitchen; southern exposure; non-elevator, but quiet, exclusive. Call Mornings or evenings. Richards.

89TH, 305 WEST.—Private house; 2d floor; 2 large rooms, bath, kitchenette, electricity, service, $100; three-room studio, $45.

90S, (West End.)—Six rooms, two baths, handsomely furnished, reasonable. Columbus 2974.

94TH, 178 WEST.—Artistically furnished 5 rooms; linen; electricity; all cars convenient. Garrett.

118TH, 415 WEST, (Invermere Apartment Hotel.)—Prettily and comfortably furnished suite, southern exposure, sixth floor; exceptionally good meals.

133D, 990 WEST, (Broadway.) — Elevator apartment, five corner rooms, completely furnished; newly decorated; shower; to October reasonable. Superintendent.

APARTMENTS—Beautifully FURNISHED 2 TO 5 ROOMS AND BATH, with or without kitchen; attractive restaurant, table d'hote and a la carte; best food, reasonable prices; complete hotel service; $60 monthly up; near Riverside Drive, Central Park; 2 blocks from 96th subway.
HOTEL SCHUYLER ARMS,
306 West 98th St. Near Broadway.
Telephone Riverside 6100.

APARTMENT Hunting Unnecessary. Consult Mrs. Dingleman, Renting Specialist, 154 West 72d. Columbus 836.

ATTRACTIVE 5-room apartment, bath, good piano, in Washington Square district; terms reasonable. Phone Chelsea 5869.

BREAKING up housekeeping, will completely furnish and rent, parlor six room apartment party desires with my own attractive furniture, curtains, piano, &c. Z 357 Times Annex.

BROADWAY, 2,534, at 96th St. Subway Station, (The Martha.)—One, two, three rooms and bath; maid service and linen; $40 to $80. Tel. 1156 Riverside.

BROADWAY, 3,810.—Attractively furnished apartment, 6 bright rooms, well kept house, $100 monthly; adults; references. Apply Mansfield, Milton Court.

CENTRAL PARK WEST AND 68TH ST.—Seven-room apartment, completely and richly furnished, to let from May 15 to Oct. 15. Apply F. G. Wilson, 150 Lafayette St.

CENTRAL PARK WEST, 302.—Attractively furnished 2-3 room apartments; maid service; restaurant.

CHOICE FURNISHED APARTMENTS.
E. K. Van Winkle, 156 W. 72d St. Col. 1077.

CORNER APARTMENT to sublet, beautifully furnished, 9 rooms, 2 baths, to Sept. 15, 1918, then further lease can be had; all outside rooms; east, west, and south exposure; large foyer hall, 42x94; references and responsible party required; possession April 1, 1918; seen by appointment. Apt. 31, Euclid Hall, Broadway and 95th St.

FURNISHED Apartments a Specialty; Town, Country renting. 200 West 72d. Col. 5565.

HANDSOMELY furnished apartments, choice localities, best buildings, long-short leases. Apply Clark Realty, 30 E. 42d. Vanderbilt 1450.

LADY'S 7-room private apartment, within block of Riverside Drive; rarely beautiful in appointment; exceptional opportunity for adult family desiring home of distinctive atmosphere; references essential. Phone 5078 Riverside.

APARTMENTS TO LET.

Furnished—West Side.

PARLOR, 2 bedrooms, 2 baths, to sublet from March 15 to Oct. 1, preferably unfurnished. Inquire Apartment 1016, Hotel Bretton Hall, Broadway and 86th St.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 420, (114th.)—Bargain, elegantly furnished corner apartment, 12th floor, 9 rooms, 3 baths, all overlooking Hudson; modern; $275 month; lease to October. Phone 672 Morningside. Apartment 12B.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE.—Washington Heights new house, four rooms, overlooking river; sublease to October. Telephone 21, Audubon 8446.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 230.—Furnished, convertible parlor bedroom, living room, kitchen, bath, all outside rooms; couple, bachelors; references. Apartment 5.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 790, (Apartment 10G.)—Choice eight-room apartment; two baths; facing Drive; to sublet furnished or unfurnished; rent reasonable.

SEVEN rooms and bath; elevator apartment; handsomely furnished; five windows facing Central Park West; complete in every detail; silver, linen, Steinway piano; $110 per month; April 1 to Sept. 15; references required. Phone Chelsea 3372.

TWO ROOMS, kitchenette, and bath; completely furnished; will rent to responsible tenant till October or later. Plaza 9537.

UNUSUAL OPPORTUNITIES.
Handsomely furnished sublet apartments. Wickliffe Gray, Agent, 289 W. 73d. Columbus 3974.

WASHINGTON SQUARE section (59 West 10th St.), April 1 to Oct. 1, artistically furnished apartment, two bedrooms, living room, kitchen, and bath; six outside windows, south and west; very convenient location; silver and linen; reference required; no agents; inspection by appointment. Telephone Farragut 4237 before 10 A. M. any day.

WEST END AV., 782, (cor. 98th St.)—Fully and handsomely furnished six rooms, two baths to October or November; eleventh floor; large French window, piano; all outside rooms; view of river; $175 a month. W. M. Haines, Apt. 111. Tel. 7013 Riverside.

WASHINGTON SQUARE SECTION.—Elegantly furnished floor; suitable studio; modern improvements. W 168 Times.

WEST END AV., 575, (corner 88th.)—To sublet from May 1 to Oct 1, five-room, two-bath, apartment; southwestern exposure; newly furnished by interior decorator; linen, china, silver, and baby grand player-piano included. Schuyler 2480.

WEST END AV., 740, (cor. 96th St.)—Furnished apartment, 4 light rooms and bath, from April 1 to Oct. 31; rental $135 monthly. Phone 7487 Riverside.

WEST END AV., (corner 83d.)—Attractively furnished three rooms, bath, with shower, kitchenette, cover; reference required; can be seen by appointment. Phone Schuyler 2385.

WEST END AV., 575.—To sublet, beautiful six-room furnished apartment, from May 1 to Sept. 1; responsible party only need communicate. M. Asinof, 801 Broadway.

WEST END.—Seven rooms, 3 baths, exquisitely furnished; sacrifice. Columbus 2974.

YOUNG LADY will share small first-class apartment with business girl; $5 per week. Address White, 2,045 Broadway.

New York State.

MONTGOMERY ST., 106, Poughkeepsie.—For rent, nicely furnished flat, five rooms, all modern conveniences, in best residence section Poughkeepsie; no children. Phone Poughkeepsie 726 W, or apply Mrs. T. C. Thompson.

Unfurnished—East Side.

27TH ST., 142 EAST.—Elevator apartments, excellent service; central location; 45 rooms.

34TH, 64 EAST, (adjoining Vanderbilt Hotel.)—Unusually large two rooms and bath apartment, $1,000; large front parlor store, $1,000; both on parlor floor; will rent together or separately. Apply Superintendent or Vanderbilt Gown Shop, on premises. Telephone Murray Hill 913.

37TH, 154 EAST.—Newly altered building. Apartments of 2 rooms and bath. Rents $600 to $780, including care of rooms. Door service. Breakfast. Valet. PAYSON McL. MERRILL CO., Inc., Agt. 9 East 44th St. Telephone Murray Hill 8300.

40TH, 21 EAST.—Two rooms and bath; suitable for business, studio, or residence.

78TH ST., 42 EAST.—New elevator apartment, 2 or 3 large, light rooms, with bath. Agent on premises.

Unfurnished—West Side.

16TH, 5 WEST.—Skylight studios, bachelor apartments, $30 to $90. Phone Chelsea 3106.

52D, 57 WEST.—Parlor floor, four rooms, parquet floors, electricity; suitable doctor.

54TH ST., 19 WEST.—Four rooms and bath; will alter to suit tenant. Apply on premises or to WM. A. WHITE & SONS, 46 Cedar St. Phone 5700 John.

57TH ST., 200 WEST, (Opposite Carnegie Hall.)—New building; duplex studio and housekeeping apartment, 2 to 8 rooms, $1,800 to $4,500; studio living rooms, 25x30.
PAYSON McL. MERRILL CO., Inc., Agt.,
9 East 44th St. Tel. Murray Hill 8300.

72D, 240 WEST.—Two rooms and bath, with or without kitchenette, furnished or unfurnished; maid service.

83D, 1 WEST (cor. Central Park West).—Six large outside rooms; possession April 1st; $100 per month. Apt. 3d floor west.

85TH, 252 WEST, (Apt. 1C.)—Modern two-room, bath, kitchenette; $65; seen 11 to 1 only; references.

90S, WEST.—Handsome elevator apartment, 6 rooms; $90. Elberson, 25 West 42d St.

94TH ST., 1 WEST.—Elegant elevator apartment, eight large, sunny rooms, beautifully decorated, facing Central Park; would like transfer lease expiring next September, account going away.

111TH, 518 WEST.—High-class elevator, six rooms; also ground floor seven-room apartment, suitable for physician. Inquire Superintendent.

113TH, 544 WEST.—Two rooms and bath; furnished or unfurnished; rent $600 to $900. R. A. McEntee Co., phone Morningside 1891. Open evenings.

140TH, 202-230 WEST.—Elegant, large, light 5 and 6 room apartments; steam heat, hot water, telephone, electricity, modern improvements; rent very reasonable. Agent, 222 West 140th St.

161ST, 522-528 WEST.—5-room apartments; telephone; all improvements; rent very reasonable. Agent on premises.

CENTRAL PARK WEST, 302, (corner 91st St.)—Apartment hotel, two rooms and bath, overlooking the park; maid service included; immediate possession.
ALEXANDER HAMILTON,
161ST ST., 581 WEST, N. E. COR. BROADWAY.—7 and 8 rooms and 2 baths, steam heat, electric light, night and day elevator and telephone service; possession at once; rentals $70 and $80. Apply on premises or to WM. A. WHITE & SONS, 46 Cedar St. Tel. 5700 John.

FORT WASHINGTON AV., 35, (cor. 160th St.)—Front apartment, five rooms, sixth floor; sublet; $65; possession at once. Phone Audubon 6670. Apartment 6B.

JUST off Washington Square, four-room studio apartment, detached from main house; private yard; to sublet unfurnished for remainder of lease, 1 year 5 months. Telephone Spring 3539 before noon.

LARGE ROOM APARTMENTS.
1 to 5 rooms, elegant modern appointments; rents $1,000 to $2,400.
Premises 25 AND 27 WEST 56TH, or AMES & COMPANY, 26 West 31st.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 244, (Corner 96th St.)—Apartment facing the Drive, six sunny outside rooms; southwestern exposure; $100; immediate possession. Phone 2157 Riverside.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 790.—Eight large rooms, two baths, facing river, near 157th subway, to October, $100 per month. See tenant, 11I, second floor.

Studios.—Washington Square section; all improvements; special Summer rates. Duroma, 2377 Chelsea.

340 RIVERSIDE DRIVE.
Apartments 2, 3, or more rooms; housekeeping or meals served if desired; exceptionally large, with fine view of Hudson. Superintendent, on premises.
EVERETT M. SEIXAS CO.,
4520 Murray Hill. 507 5th Av., (42d.)

APARTMENTS WANTED.

Furnished.

COUPLE and daughter, 14, want furnished apartment 4 rooms, Flatbush, Bay Ridge sections, Brooklyn; telephone, bath; state price monthly. X 283 Times Annex.

LIST YOUR FURNISHED APARTMENT.—Large demand; select clientele. Mrs. Dingleman, Renting Specialist, 154 W. 72d. Col. 836.

ON WEST SIDE, must have 2 bedrooms, rent not to exceed $100; highest references given. N 196 Times.

Unfurnished.

FOUR-ROOM, bath, apartment, April 1, between 73d and 145d, west side; second floor; walk up. Acceptable, S 287 Times Downtown.

FURNISHED ROOMS.

East Side.

45TH, 16 EAST.—Room, with piano; bath adjoining; single room; references; telephone. Phone 3903 Morningside.

53D, 56 EAST.—Large double room; all conveniences. Plaza 2955.

61ST, 27 EAST.—Large, light rooms; steam heat and electricity. Telephone 2328 Plaza.

72D, 60 EAST.—Attractively furnished room, with or without bath; strictly private dwelling.

77TH ST., 60 EAST.—Attractively furnished room, with or without bath; private dwelling; breakfast served if desired.

86TH, 120 EAST.—Pleasant room; newly furnished; elegant, refined; references required, given. Miller.

ATTRACTIVELY furnished room, with, without bath; exclusive residential section. Telephone 4191 Lenox.

MADISON AV., 180, (near 53d.)—Rooms, furnished or unfurnished; telephone; all conveniences.

MADISON AV., 174, (33d.)—Studios, furnished or unfurnished, $25-$

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AUTOMOBILE EXCHANGE.

Miscellaneous.

RIGHT PRICES.

1917 BUICK "4" Roadster.
1917 MAXWELL Sedán, special price.
1917 STUDEBAKER "6," 7-passenger.
1917 HUPMOBILE Roadster.
1917 CHALMERS, small roadster.
1917 REO 3-passenger roadster.
1917 FORD Cabriolet, extra equipment.
1917 REO "6," 7-passenger.
1916 LEXINGTON, 7-passenger.
1915 COLE "8" Touring, like new.
1914 PACKARD 3-38 Touring, exceptional.
1913 MERCER Touring, 5-passenger.

CHOICE OF FIFTY OTHERS.

OPEN DAY, EVENING, AND SUNDAY.

THE BRIGHTON AUTO EXCHANGE, INC., Appraisers to the Trade,
1,077 Atlantic Av., cor. Franklin Av., BROOKLYN.

Automobiles for Rent.

CADILLAC limousine for hire; day, week, monthly preferred; owner drives. Harlem 3698.

FORD 1918 landaulette for rent by month; make offer by letter. Ford Auto Engineers, Broadway-66th St.

PACKARD sixes and twin sixes to hire: hour, day, week, trip; superior service; sensible rates. C. M. and G. V. Williamson, 204 West 43d St. Phone 4219-3530 Bryant.

PACKARD 6 and Twin 6s; rates very reasonable; best of references; monthly preferred. Champion Auto Co., 171 West 89th St., Riverside 5818.

PACKARD for rent; beautiful twin-six landaulet, by hour, day, week, or month; owner drives. Telephone Riverside 5316.

PACKARD, excellent condition, with new limousine body, monthly. Sewell, telephone 8915 Morningside.

PACKARD.—Beautiful 1917 Twin Six limousine, $350 a month; chauffeur in livery. Murphy, 74 West 96th.

PACKARD.—Beautiful Packard Twin Six touring cars; hour, season, trip. Muldoon, Columbus 7261.

PACKARD.—Late model; day, week, month. B'way Packard, 2,523 B'way. River. 1448.

RENAULT.—Latest imported seven-passenger touring; month, season; Frenchman drives. Morningside 3300.

TWO-TON truck for hire; reasonable rates, by day, week, or month. Romlein, 210 West 109th St. Academy 1660.

Automobile Bodies.

PIERCE ARROW touring body, 1917, for "6-38" or "6-48," almost new; complete, with cowl and slip-covers. 1,778 Broadway, care Rippeth. 351 Columbus.

Automobiles Wanted.

BUSINESS MAN will rent landaulet car for country use; might purchase; have excellent chauffeur; responsible. Address Beatcare, V 53 Times.

WANTED—Stutzes, Mercers, Cadillacs, Packards, Hupmobiles, Buicks for cash; all dealers; send in lists. Jandorf, 1,763 Broadway.

1917 FOUR or five passenger; in first-class condition; no agents; price must be attractive. Confidential, S 320 Times Downtown.

WANTED.—I want the best roadster that $700 cash will buy. Address Box M 382 Times Downtown.

BUICK roadster wanted, 1917 or 1918 model, small six. C. G. F., Room 307, 405 Lexington Av.

WILL PAY Highest Prices any make car. Karp, 1,790 Broadway. Columbus 5322.

Automobile Repairing.

AUTOMOBILE welding, repairing, in all its branches; high-class workmanship. Washington Heights Machine Shop, 528 West 162d St. Audubon 8686.

AUTOMOBILE painting and repairing; we build special Victoria tops; try us; it will pay you. C. F. Ault & Eddy Co., 318 West 48th. Telephone Bryant 9340.

Automobile instruction.

STEWART AUTO SCHOOL, 225 W. 57th St. Booklet I explains WHY our course is BEST. Inspect our plant and be convinced. Ladies' classes. "Founded on Honesty at Broadway. 1909. Prospers on Merit."

Auto School WEST SIDE Y. M. C. A., 302 W. 57th St. Largest and best school in the U.S. Send for booklet and pass to school. Telephone Columbus 3200. Special rates for ladies.

ATKINSON AUTO SCHOOL, 225 West 50th St. Superior instructors guarantee you expert knowledge. Inspect equipment or write for booklet. Ladies' classes.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Female

ACCOUNTANT will open, close, systematize, and supervise your books, whole or part time. Newell, 128 West 13th St., New York. Telephone Chelsea 6850.

BOOKKEEPER, CLERK.—Energetic; familiar with general office routine; with chance for advancement; salary $13. Leitgeb, 595 2d Av.

BOOKKEEPER, efficient, knowledge stenography, executive ability, 6 years' experience, desires position reliable concern. S. F., 172 Huntington St., Brooklyn.

BOOKKEEPER'S ASSISTANT, beginner. Telephone Newtown 3061. J. B., 99 Hayes Av., Corona, L. I.

BOOKKEEPER-TYPIST.—Six years' experience capable, reliable; best references; $18. M 399 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, experienced, seeks position in reliable house. "T. L.," 1,152 Myrtle Av., Brooklyn.

BOOKKEEPER'S ASSISTANT.—Six years' experience; excellent references; $18. B., 2,891 Broadway.

COMPANION to lady; young woman will give services, afternoons, evenings, for nominal salary or pleasant surroundings. Box 39, Station W.

COMPANION.—Refined French girl; speaks English, Spanish, Portuguese, Italian. Advertiser, 349 Amsterdam Av.

FILING, librarian, typist, at present with N. Y. Public Library, desires position where above experience can be used. E 96 Times.

HOUSEKEEPER.—Experienced woman wishes position as managing housekeeper about April 1 in high-class home near New York; American, educated, good health, excellent social position; irreproachable character and strictly honest. Address, with full particulars, Z 341 Times Annex.

HOUSEKEEPER. — American, experienced, and especially recommended for business people; full charge home. M 58 Buena Vista Av., Yonkers, N. Y.

HOUSEKEEPER.—Young American woman, capable, reliable, excellent cooking; business people's apartment; references; 45. V 62 Times.

LAUNDRESS.—Swedish; fine family washing done; outdoor drying. Aberg, 311 East 65th.

NURSE, experienced, seeks situation in doctor's office; satisfactory references; morning hours; when answering state salary. M 136 Times.

PROOFREADER; capable young woman; 7 years' proofreading and general editorial experience; $20-$22; permanency chief requisite. V 57 Times.

SECRETARY-STENOGRAPHER.—Mr. Business Man, it is up to you to increase the power of your organization by distributing responsibility; my thoroughly rounded business training, initiative, executive ability equip me to prove myself invaluable. M 383 Times Downtown.

SECRETARY, stenographer; good knowledge bookkeeping; six years' experience; salary $18. E 100 Times.

SECRETARY-STENOGRAPHER, 8 years' experience; capable taking entire charge; $18. M 393 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY. Refined young lady, having some bank experience; excellent references; position in or out of town; salary $25. H. Anderson, 108 West 95th.

STENOGRAPHER - SECRETARY. — High school graduate, primarily an expert, seeks responsible connection affording greater opportunities. Lasarow, 642 East 180th.

STENOGRAPHER-TYPIST. — Seven years' experience; knowledge bookkeeping; neat, efficient; enthusiastic worker; salary, $20. P 353 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY, 5½ years' engineering, commercial experience; capable, efficient; $18. M 398 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER - SECRETARY. — High school graduate, 4½ years' thorough business training; efficient and capable; $20. S., 530 West 136th St.

STENOGRAPHER, Clerical Worker, high school graduate, experienced, competent, desires connection high-class concern; $16. Schmeidler, 28 West 113th St.

STENOGRAPHER, typist, expert, 7 years' experience, familiar with secretarial duties, wishes to better present position. P 395 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, TYPIST, Christian, 5 months' experience; salary $10. S 271 Times Downtown.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Female.

STENOGRAPHER, typist; $9; accurate, neat. Hortense Epstein, 202 West 116th; Morningside 1480.

STENOGRAPHER.—Seven years' varied experience; thoroughly competent; reliable, accurate; $20. S 328 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Three years' experience; American; initiative; bright, ambitious; salary $14. M 391 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER. — First class; excellent reference; salary $20; neat, reliable; Christian. S 322 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, Office Assistant.—Bright, beginner, high school graduate; $10. Goodman, 900 Summit Av., N. Y.

STENOGRAPHER.—Two years' experience; office assistant; references; American; $18. M 378 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—High school graduate; 2 years' experience, competent, reliable; $15. S 324 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER. — Five years' thorough commercial experience; competent; initiative; $18-$20. S 327 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, competent; two years' experience; salary $15. Blum, 120 West 116th St.

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY. — Highest grade intelligent, efficient work; finest references; $22. M 386 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Young lady, 7½ years' experience stenography, desires position with corporation. M 107 Times.

STENOGRAPHER.—High school graduate; Christian; four years' experience; salary $18. M 392 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER - SECRETARY. — Eight years' experience; rapid, accurate; highly recommended; $18. M 122 Times.

STENOGRAPHER.—Experienced, desires position of responsibility; executive ability; high school graduate. M 124 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, five years' experience, neat appearance, not afraid of hard work; $15 to $18. E 98 Times.

STENOGRAPHER.—Capable, ambitious; two years' experience; $12. M 364 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, woman 35; general office worker; $16; references. N 697 Times Harlem.

STENOGRAPHER.—Spanish young lady desires position. M 357 Times Downtown.

TELEGRAPHER.—Young woman wishes position as telegrapher with private concern; knowledge of typewriting; interview desired. V 31 Times.

YOUNG LADY, good general business education and experience, desires position where efficiency will meet with advancement. O 507 Times Harlem.

Employment Agencies.

Houseworkers.—Neat colored girls, investigated references, wish places; other Southern help supplied. Lincoln Industrial Exchange, Agency, 314 West 59th. Phone Columbus 5022. Established 1899.

Ida Kothe's Agency.—First class servants. 229 Lexington Av. 3720 Murray Hill.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Male.

ACCOUNTANT.—High-grade, thoroughly experienced, constructive and analytical accountant and office executive; 10 years with present employers, charge of office, manufacturing, and general accounts, wishes to connect with progressive concern requiring man of more than ordinary qualifications. Exceptional. Box 212 Times, 2 Rector St.

ACCOUNTANT, 30, American, draft exempt, 8 years' experience as bookkeeper, having complete charge, mercantile and manufacturing, 4 years with C. P. A., possessing more than average bookkeeping ability, desires to connect with accounting firm. S 326 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT, experienced auditor, on staff of C. P. A., capable of taking complete charge of audits, draft exempt, seeks permanent connection with C. P. A. S 343 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT.—Organized construction force consisting of accountant, bookkeeper, cost clerks, stenographers, pay roll auditors, material men open for immediate engagement. Phone New Dorp 621.

ACCOUNTANT, 40, American, with broad experience in manufacturing and mercantile accounting and office management; highest credentials. D 310 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT. — Income tax reports, trial balances, $5 monthly, upward; books opened, closed, audited. Friedlander, Tribune Building. Beekman 998.

ACCOUNTANT—PUBLIC.
Books opened, closed, audited; financial statements, &c.; reasonable rates. F. O. Martin, Room 1430, 46 West 24th St.

ACCOUNTANT'S assistant, experienced; accurate, trustworthy; position where employer isn't inconvenienced account applicant being drafted. O., 507 Times Harlem.

ACCOUNTANT-CASHIER.—Full charge of office; purchasing ability; fine years' excellent record; modern systematizer; draft exempt. M 375 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT, 33, thorough mercantile and general experience, executive training, capable, know employed, desire change; salary $35. M 365 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT.—Books opened; system; arrangement firms not employing bookkeepers, $2.50 weekly. 123 Liberty, Room 104. Cortlandt 8868.

ACCOUNTANT, (28,) married, present with large corporation; capable systematizer; A1 references. S 339 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT.—Office manager, 10 years' experience cost accountant, auditor; aged 33. Thorpe, 1,074 Bergen St., Brooklyn.

ACCOUNTANT — 24, cost, pay roll, manufacturing concern preferred. F. B., 210 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT, office executive, correspondent; 15 years' experience; references; draft exempt. E 110 Times.

ACCOUNTANT, 29, married, good education, references, open for position; $2,500. M 374 Times Downtown.

ADVERTISING MANAGER.—Here is an opportunity for you to pick up an energetic and industrious young man who can use his head and get results; I am not an advertising man, but my natural aptitude and latent ability in that direction must be developed; your time spent in interviewing me will not be wasted. S 318 Times Downtown.

ADVERTISING MAN.
Experienced agency service man; also advertising manager of large industrial concern; also New York advertising representative of magazine, seeks suitable connection; capable copy writer, solicitor, correspondent, and executive. N 190 Times.

ADVERTISING MAN SEEKS OPPORTUNITY.—Copy writer and service man, (26,) college graduate, two years' experience, wants broader opportunity. V 58 Times.

AMBITION, EDUCATION, and willingness to work, and work hard, would, I think, embody the young man you desire. Three years' business experience; finest references; below draft age; future; first consideration; salary secondary. M 105 Times.

AM LIQUIDATING own business; have inside and outside experience, executive ability; seeking any good proposition. C 454 Times Annex.

ARCHITECTURAL STUDENT, 4th year Cooper Union, wishes position in architect's office. Bruno, Box 293, 163 East 125th St.

ARE YOUR BAD DEBTS REDUCED TO A MINIMUM?
Perhaps you can use a young credit and collection man, 29, whose method of supervising accounts receivable has proven successful with the wholesale and retail grocery and delicatessen trade; highest credentials furnished. Box 218 Times, 2 Rector St.

ARMY CAPTAIN, 34, honorably discharged; capable executive, experienced manufacturing, metal working, ordnance, building construction, cost accountant; highest references; desires immediate position; capable assistant to executive of munition works. M 109 Times.

ASSISTANT ACCOUNTANT, 26, broad experience here and abroad; cost accounting, bookkeeping, balancing, supervising, stocktaking; English, French, German; draft exempt; wants change responsible position. M 99 Times.

ASSISTANT ADVERTISING MANAGER with one firm for six years, placing advertising for thousands of lines in newspapers; know this field thoroughly; salary secondary. Telephone Tuckahoe 671. E 95 Times.

ASSISTANT, good education, business experience, knowledge handling factory help, a representative man of good selling ability, wants position. N 698 Times Harlem.

ATTENTION OF EXPORTERS.
Young man desires position with exporting concern where initiative and ability are acknowledged by advancement. A 180 Times.

AUSTRALIA AND NEW ZEALAND.
Young business man returning to Australia prepared to undertake commissions, agencies, representations; excellent salesman; references exchanged. S 334 T. D.

BANKERS—ATTENTION!
CAN you use an efficient man with thirteen years' experience? Now a teller and head of department; accounting education; best of references. V 54 Times.

BANK MAN.—Auditor, accountant; 15 years' experience; exempt. M 111 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, expert, (20,) cost accountant, accurate, five years' practical experience, controlling accounts, perpetual inventory; latest methods; render detailed monthly financial and other statements, credits, collections, correspondent, possessed initiative, hard worker; conscientious, ambitious; highest references; start $25. Klotz, 68 East 3d St., New York.

BOOKKEEPER - CORRESPONDENT, (own typist,) at present employed, desires change; 20 years' experience; salary, $25; 13 years' reference one place; American; draft exempt; start any time. E 80 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, accountant, office manager, long and varied experience, open for engagement; competent, active, trustworthy; unquestionable references. H., Box 51, 29 East 29th St.

BOOKKEEPER, understands controlling accounts, statements, trial balances, desires position with advancement; graduate of business institution. M 120 Times.

BOOKKEEPER.—Thorough, accurate, long experience, $28. V 42 Times.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Male.

BOOKKEEPER, 25, exempt; thoroughly experienced, trial balances, statements, controlling accounts; conscientious, efficient, rapid; $30. H 370 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER.—Young man, experienced double entry, controlling accounts; selling and shipping experience; references. Langer, 1,471 Brook Av., Bronx.

BOOKKEEPER, (20,) four years' experience; double entry, controlling accounts, trial balance; accurate and neat; $18. M 394 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER-ACCOUNTANT, (32,) retail experience, desires change to wholesale or manufacturing; operate complete set of books. V 56 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, thoroughly experienced, accurate, reliable; assist executive; knowledge stenography, typewriting. M 380 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, 22, expert, accountancy student; experienced trial balance, controlling accounts, statements; references. M 272 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, manager, correspondent, draft exempt, 10 years' experience, excellent references. O 507 Times Harlem.

BOOKKEEPER, accountant, 25, five years' experience; Y. U. graduate; exempt. M. S., 241 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, accountant, office manager, cashier; 10 years' experience. Williams, 508 West 113th.

BOOKKEEPER.—20, experienced, controlling accounts, trial balances; college student; $18. M 313 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER-OFFICE MANAGER, 25, exempt; systematizer, correspondent; progressive house; $30. M 118 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, 21, experienced, full charge; rapid, accurate, good penman. Edward Brenner, 974 East 170th.

BOOKKEEPER, 15 years' experience; trial balance, controlling accounts; capable of taking full charge. E 99 Times.

BOOKKEEPER and typist, young man, 20, wishes position, $18. Address V. S., M 379 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, (18,) one year's experience double entry, controlling accounts. M 362 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, experienced; trial balance, controlling accounts; $17. M. Abrams, 309 East 10th.

BOOKKEEPER-ACCOUNTANT, competent, wants position; $30. Fischer, Box 61, Jamaica, L. I.

BOOKKEEPER, experienced in controllings, not in draft age. E 76 Times.

BOY, 16, capable, desires position with business concern; references. S 316 Times Downtown.

BUILDER of experience wants position as superintendent of construction; not particular as to location of job; can give references. Address X 220 Times Annex.

BUSINESS MAN, 40, successful in own business, seeks connection with substantial concern or individual, where executive ability and long business experience are desired; principals only; unquestioned references of highest character. V 17 Times.

CHAUFFEUR, MECHANIC,
Swiss, 33, desires position private family, city, country; 12 years' experience, foreign, domestic high-powered cars only; last reference three years; accustomed to travel. Relk, 771 St. Anns Av., Melrose 2086.

CHAUFFEUR.—Single; private position; six years licensed New York; best references from last two employers; city, country or touring. R. E. Smith, 927 Madison Av., Bur.

CHAUFFEUR.—Young man, experienced, careful driver, good mechanic, wishes position with private family; first-class references. N 700 Times Harlem.

CHAUFFEUR-MECHANIC, 33, married, wishes position, private family; honest, reliable, strictly temperate; reference. Lenox 9200, Extension 306.

CHAUFFEUR, Japanese, single, (38,) experience, 15 years; mechanic; excellent driver; prefer Packard, Cadillac; no liquor, smoking; wages $25; good references. Goro, 330 East 57th.

CHAUFFEUR, married, 29, good mechanic, careful driver, wishes private position, city or country; best of references. West J. Ross, 337 East 64th St.

CHAUFFEUR, reliable, experienced on repairs, wishes position; best references. Phone Rhinelander 3826.

CHAUFFEUR.—We have several good men with from 3 to 9 years' reference on last positions; this is not an employment bureau. Society of Professional Auto Engineers, 1,947 Broadway. Columbus 4056.

CHAUFFEUR.—Single, over 6 years' experience, careful driver, and a good mechanic; willing to go anywhere; references. Macki, 152 West 129th St.

CHAUFFEUR, mechanic, 28, married; careful driver; best references; experience Whiting, Cadillac, White; salary $25. Stein, 158 West 101st.

CHAUFFEUR would like position, city or country; best references. Joseph Signorelli, 207 Pennsylvania Av., Brooklyn.

CHAUFFEUR, experienced, wishes position, private, motor boat; best references. William Reynolds, Columbus 5123.

CHAUFFEUR.—Colored, wishes position, private; neat appearance; best references. M 113 Times.

CLERICAL position with advancement desired, young man, 18; A1 references. S 322 Times Downtown.

CLERK, young man, 19, neat, excellent handwriting, accurate figurer, experienced. S 325 Times Downtown.

CLERK, 18, 1½ years' banking experience, desires $15 a week position. M 363 Times Downtown.

COLLECTOR and agent, with cash security, best reference, desires position. N. De George, 2,320 Belmont Av., care Nicoletti.

CORRESPONDENT—EXECUTIVE, (25,)
Qualified to assume important position; varied and successful experience; able correspondent; inherent executive and sales ability; analytical mind; clean-cut and aggressive; adaptable to any line; traveling experience. M 117 Times.

CUTTER, merchant tailoring, with following, is open for engagement. O 501 Times Harlem.

DESIGNER or layout man; 4 years' experience on general machinery, technical education, and machine shop experience; at present employed up State as designing engineer; desires to locate with some responsible concern. Paul, 251 Macon St., Brooklyn.

EMPLOYER!—Have you need of an assistant who can eventually be depended upon in your absence? 29, married, present position ten years as bookkeeper; salary, $2,100. S 338 Times Downtown.

EXECUTIVE.
Young man, 28 years of age, at present holding executive position with woolen jobbing business, was for 10 years buyer merchandise and general manager with large manufacturing concern, wishes to better position; arrange interview. Confidential, M 121 Times.

EXECUTIVE, selling and advertising department, 10 years' excellent experience, young, active, analytical with imagination. E 106 Times.

EXPORT, SOUTH AMERICA.
Competent, reliable American, traveling representative or branch manager for South America or Mexico; ten years' experience; references, bond. S 282 Times Downtown.

GARDENER, single, wishes position, private place, age 37; understands flowers, vegetables, chickens, cows; references. George McA., 657 West 130th St., New York.

HANDY MAN, all around repairs, plumber, carpenter, painting, plastering, mason and cement work; handy with all tools, wants good position. Debrosky, 342 East 121st.

JAPANESE, excellent cook, valet; bachelor's apartment; small family. Kita, 330 East 57th.

MAN, middle-aged, active and efficient, extensive business experience, quick adaptability, good personality, seeks occupation. E 78 Times.

MANAGER. — YOUNG MAN, SUCCESSFULLY OPERATING LADIES' RETAIL SHOP OF THE BETTER SORT, DESIRES CONNECTION WHERE AGGRESSIVENESS AND ABILITY TO PRODUCE COUNTS; SELLING PROPOSITION OF MERIT ON COMMISSION BASIS AGREEABLE; OPPORTUNITY FOR IMMEDIATE COMPENSATION OF ABOUT $3,000 MUST BE PRESENT; PRINCIPALS ONLY. E 102 TIMES.

MASTER SALESMAN
open for meritorious proposition; age 39; accustomed to deal with exclusive men, where personality, tact, and diplomacy insures success. Address E 100 Times.

MECHANICAL AND ELECTRICAL ENGINEER of ability and initiative seeks opening with live concern; highly qualified in invention, design, and development; nineteen years' practical experience; technical graduate. T 176 Times.

OFFICE EXECUTIVE, credit manager, thorough bookkeeper, Christian, aged 35, desires permanent position with future; best credentials. E 82 Times.

OFFICE EXECUTIVE, credit manager, thorough accountant, desires position with future; Christian; age 35; best credentials. V 60 Times.

OFFICE MANAGER, auditor, and bookkeeper, 25, married, 5 years' experience; best references; expert at figures; knowledge of systematizing, handling of help and payroll. M 347 Times Downtown.

OFFICE MAN.—Experienced bookkeeper, correspondent, systematizer, salesman, healthy, reliable, seeks connection where these qualifications and intelligent initiative can be utilized advantageously. S 336 Times Downtown.

PUBLICITY, SALES CORRESPONDENT.—Unusual experience, broad vision, initiative, alertness, strong personality, accustomed to deal with men of affairs; 39; student of business psychology, forceful, compelling talker and writer; foreign languages. Address E 108 Times.

PURCHASING AGENT, executive, capable, systematic worker, analytical mind, and initiative, used to large volumes of work, identified with manufacturer of automobiles and electrical concerns past seven years, fully familiar raw material, tools, machinery, mill, shop supplies, wants to make change. S 330 Times Downtown.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Male.

SALES ENGINEER.—Thirteen years' New York City experience; open for high-class position. V 51 Times.

SALESMAN.—Having a 25 years' acquaintanceship with department stores of New England, I am in a position to handle or introduce some article of merit suitable for this trade; would consider good holiday line if not too large. Howard W. McKay, Malden, Mass.

SALESMAN, 4 years' experience selling dairy products, seeks a connection with a live concern with a future; am 31 years of age, married, fourth class in draft; best of credentials; salary $18 and commission. V 59 Times.

SALESMAN, acquainted with grocery, candy, and tobacco jobbers through New York State, desires to connect with reliable house; nine years with present firm; am capable missionary man; best of reasons for changing. E 112 Times.

SALESMAN.—Chicago resident high-grade salesman desires factory line or specialty lines suitable for jewelry jobbers in Chicago; commission basis; no drawing account. J. J., 202 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN, live wire, exempt, desires to connect with reliable house that caters to cloak trade; has formerly been connected with large mill. V 27 Times.

SALESMAN, (27,) technical graduate, desires good paying position; experienced in automobile, steam and electric specialties. S 319 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN.—Experienced, with references, wishes make change; good line and opportunity more essential than salary. V 48 Times.

SALESMAN, 23, draft exempt; experienced cotton goods and children's dresses. S 313 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN.—Man, 36, has all qualifications, desires to connect with a good company. M 376 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN, &c.—Expert sales, executive, advertising, correspondent, seeks opening with future. V 40 Times.

SALESMAN desires situation; sell any line; city or road experience. E 101 Times.

SECRETARIAL MANAGER.—(33;) American; extensive executive business training; experienced correspondent, stenographer, salesman; unquestionable credentials; compensation secondary. M 366 Times Downtown.

SHIPPING CLERK; 15 years' experience; full charge large shipping, stock rooms; highest credentials; age 33; married. O., 504 Times Harlem.

STENOGRAPHER.—Young man, 24, correspondent, desires position with advancement. Stenographer, 849 Gates Av., Brooklyn.

STENOGRAPHER, American, 3 years' experience; excellent references furnished; $15. S 305 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER - TYPEWRITER.—Experienced, 34, wants few hours work evenings; competent. M 128 Times.

STENOGRAPHER. — Experienced, wants work evenings few nights or all week. S 317 Times Downtown.

TECHNICAL MAN, (32,) American, now with public organization, desires to connect with business concern; familiar with materials of construction, filing, business correspondence; will accept moderate salary to start; best references furnished. M 390 Times Downtown.

TRACER.—Young man, exempt, with thorough knowledge of tracing shipments by freight or express, wishes position as tracer. N. N., 157 East 47th St. Telephone Plaza 9670.

TRANSLATOR. — Six years' experience; Spanish, Italian, Portuguese; operate typewriter; $18. S 315 Times Downtown.

TYPIST.—Young man, college education, and of good character, desires position; can handle correspondence. E 94 Times.

WANTED.—BY AN AMERICAN GENTLEMAN POSITION AS PRIVATE SECRETARY TO LADY, GENTLEMAN, OR COUPLE; TWENTY YEARS' EXPERIENCE AND THOROUGH KNOWLEDGE OF FINANCIAL MATTERS, BONDS, MORTGAGES, SECURITIES AND REAL ESTATE, AND CAN MAKE LEGAL REPORTS FOR ESTATES OR INDIVIDUALS; HIGHEST REFERENCES. "J," BOX 89, STATION W, BROOKLYN.

YOUNG HIGH SCHOOL TEACHER, at leisure after 2:30 P. M., desires to utilize spare time in business capacity, or otherwise. C. S., Box 410 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 28, married, draft exempt, desires position where he can rapidly advance himself through diligent application to his work; resourceful and has had clerical and sales experience; knowledge of banking and automobile business. M 373 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, (23,) college graduate, Chinese, active, experience covering exporting, shipping and executive ability, desires position; best references. E 114 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 26, draft exempt, possessing a general business training of 8 years, desires connection with possibilities for advancement; excellent business judgment, energetic, and has a strong personality to meeting people. M 367 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 23, of good moral character, exempted, high school education, knowledge of bookkeeping and typewriting, five years' business experience, seeks position requiring intelligence and ability; excellent references. M 116 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 28 years, married, desires position; understands bookkeeping, office and clerical work, and can speak Spanish and English fluently; best references. O., 505 Times Harlem.

YOUNG MAN, 24, married, exempt from draft, at present holding a position of trust, seeks change; knowledge of time, production or cashier; best references from present employers. V 68 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 21 years, well educated, energetic, experienced, knowledge of stenography and typewriting, desires position, either inside or out; salary $17. M 341 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 32, married, has ability, health, honesty, energy; would consider a position as manager or any position where character will count. X 243 Times Annex.

YOUNG MAN, (32,) energetic, resourceful, ten years' experience management of high-class properties, seeks advantageous connection. V 55 Times.

YOUNG MAN, possessing initiative and ability; familiar with bookkeeping, office detail; capable assistant to busy executive. M 132 Times.

YOUNG MAN, brains, initiative, pep, three years' business training, high school graduate, age 20, desires position where speed and accuracy is wanted. M 368 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 24, desires position; experienced correspondent, claim, traffic, and stock clerk; selling ability. Schwank, 502 West 148th.

YOUNG MAN, 19, high school graduate, selling experience, desires position where quick results will be rewarded with opportunity to sell; A1 references. M 115 Times.

YOUNG MAN, well versed in French, Spanish, and English, desires junior position as correspondent or translator. S 344 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, college graduate; stenographer, bookkeeper, knowledge French, business experience. E 105 Times.

YOUNG MAN, (22,) exempt, desires position where honesty and ability count; experienced in office details, &c. M 126 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 19, inexperienced, college education, desires position with good business concern; has references. E 84 Times.

YOUNG MAN, college graduate, thorough bookkeeper, &c., wishes position. R. Abrams, 309 East 10th.

YOUNG MAN, intelligent, (19,) desires position evenings after 7. S 342 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 19, charge order experience, knowledge bookkeeping and typewriting. N 699 Times Harlem.

YOUNG MAN, 32, wishes position; long experience handling, purchasing, selling details. E 74 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 20, wishes position at anything with advancement; references. M 112 Times.

YOUNG MAN, (20,) extensive business experience; tackle anything; references. M 106 Times.

YOUNG MAN wishes position at anything; good advancement and good future. Box 80, 324 Rockaway Av., Brooklyn.

YOUNG MAN as assistant bookkeeper; has warehouse experience. M 108 Times.

YOUNG MEN, (2,) (20,) strong, well educated, employed daytime, want work at anything after 7 P. M. R. S. Dairy, 921 Intervale Av., N. Y. C.

Instruction.

GENTLEMAN desires to exchange French lessons for English; references furnished. C 460 Times Annex.

HELP WANTED—Female.

ACCOUNTANT of experience to take charge of office; salary $35 to start, with opportunity for advancement; state qualification and preliminary training. Address Steady, 93 Times.

ACCOUNTANT, experienced in keeping manufacturing cost records and tying up with controls in general ledger; only thoroughly qualified bookkeeper acceptable; salary to start $25 per week. M 384 Times Downtown.

ADVERTISING AGENCY requires experienced order and forwarding clerk; state experience in detail, references, salary expected; permanent. H 105 Times.

ALTERATION HANDS FOR GOWNS; STEADY POSITION; GOOD SALARY. APPLY SHERIDAN, 386 5TH AV.

ATTENDANT.—Wanted, Jewish young woman to act as attendant for girls; must speak English fluently and be prepared to live in institution; high school graduate preferred. Apply by mail only, stating qualifications and experience, to Superintendent, Hebrew Orphan Asylum, 1,060 Amsterdam Av., New York City.

HELP WANTED—Female.

A NEW OCCUPATION
FOR
YOUNG WOMEN
Between 16 and 25 Years.

Enter as a Student
in
AUTOMATIC TELEGRAPHY.

$8.00 PER WEEK WHILE LEARNING.
9.50 PER WEEK In THREE MONTHS.
15.00 PER WEEK IN ONE YEAR.

Apply in Person,
Between 9 A. M. and 9 P. M.,
ROOM 1702, 24 WALKER ST.,
(One block west of Broadway, two blocks south of Canal.)
THE WESTERN UNION TEL. CO.

ASSISTANT IN PHOTOGRAPHIC STUDIO. —Must have some knowledge of fashions; permanent position and advancement for the right party. Call Fashion Camera Studios, 243 West 39th.

ASSISTANT.—YOUNG LADY IN MILLINERY SHOWROOM. FARQUHARSON & WHEELOCK, 724 5TH AV.

BOOKKEEPER. — Efficient double-entry bookkeeper; rapid and neat penman; quick and accurate at figures; must know how to handle an Underwood typewriter for billing and remitting; $15 to begin, with rapid advancement upon demonstration of ability, industry, and conscientious discharge of duties; apply at once in own handwriting, stating age, education, previous connections, and references; only those who can fill the within requirements need apply. Room 1312, 299 Broadway.

BOOKKEEPER AND STENOGRAPHER capable of handling double-entry books and all office details of medium-sized concern; one with waist manufacturing experience preferred; state in first letter experience, reference, &c. X 242 Times Annex.

BOOKKEEPER, WITH STENOGRAPHER EXPERIENCE; CHANCE FOR ADVANCEMENT; STATE EXPERIENCE AND SALARY DESIRED. C. A., 214 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

BOOKKEEPER.—Experienced, for manufacturing concern; must have good references; salary $15; steady position. Foster, 40 West 47th.

BOOKKEEPER.—Experienced; must be good stenographer, typewriter; good opportunity for neat, rapid, accurate worker. Great Eastern Paper, 377 Broadway.

CANVASSER.—Young lady as canvasser; salary and commission. See Mr. Walsh, between 10 and 12, 340 Audubon Av.

CLERICAL.—Large corporation has several openings for refined young ladies, 17 to 22 years, for clerical work; experience not absolutely essential; state qualifications, age, salary expected and religion. S 331 Times Downtown.

CLERICAL WORK.—Young woman in library where compensation is small; surroundings attractive and opportunity given to bring in outside work; wages $6. Address Library, M 103 Times.

CLERICAL WORKERS, preferably with bookkeeping experience, wanted by magazine publishing house; salary $9. 9th floor, 222 West 39th.

CLERKS.—Wanted, first-class experienced clerks for subscription department of large trade paper publishing house; state experience and salary desired; correspondence confidential. Address Box M 150 Times.

COMPANION, cheerful, under 40, good reader, clever needlewoman, for lady alone; must be willing to make herself useful; wages $30; references. V 50 Times.

COMPTOMETER
OPERATOR.

Young lady wanted in office of large textile corporation; excellent opportunity for advancement; state age, experience, and salary desired. S 337 Times Downtown.

COMPTOMETER OPERATORS, (2.)

OUT OF TOWN PLANT; SPLENDID LIVING CONDITIONS; GOOD SALARY AND TRANSPORTATION.

APPLY 244 WEST 23D ST.

COMPTOMETER OPERATORS and machine way bill clerk; experienced only apply; wages $2.85 per day. Apply Employment Car, New York, New Haven & Hartford Railroad, 132d St. and Willis Av., Bronx.

COOK.—For private family of three; experienced, good manager. Harlem 4216, morning, 10 to 12, or O 508 Times Harlem.

DICTAPHONE OPERATORS. $15-$20 weekly, immediately. Miss Kelly, 309 Broadway. Room 209.

DRESSMAKERS wanted in private establishment. Miss M. Cohen, 278 Grand St.

ERRAND GIRLS; WILL ALSO BE TAUGHT TO SEW; RAPID ADVANCEMENT. ROHN & HERENZO, 14 EAST 50TH ST.

FASHION SOLICITORS wanted; must be clever, neat appearance; commission only. Call between 3 and 5 P. M., French-American Fashion Co., 210 5th Av.

FILE CLERK.—Large concern has position as assistant open in busy department for experienced clerk; give education, experience, salary expected. P 393 Times Downtown.

FILE GIRL and help in office; state experience, salary expected. M 370 Times Downtown.

FITTER. — COMPETENT FOR GOWNS, SPECIALTY SHOP; STEADY POSITION; GOOD SALARY. BOX 0.1 TIMES.

GENERAL HOUSEWORKER.—Rare chance for good wages and home, middle-aged woman; modern house on farm near Danbury, Conn.; electric light, baths, all improvements; steady position. Supt., 77 Washington Place.

GIRLS
OF SUPERIOR INTELLIGENCE TO WORK IN SHOP MAKING SCIENTFIC APPARATUS FOR GO

Classified Advertising Rates
The New York Times

Count six words to a line.

Telephone Bryant 1000. Per Agate Line.
Agents Wanted.....40c
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Real Estate and Houses to Let.....45c
Situations Wanted.....35c

OFFICES:
Times Building.....Times Square
Times Annex, 434 St., west of Broadway
Downtown.....7 Beekman Street
Wall Street.....2 Rector Street
Harlem.....2,109 Seventh Avenue
Bronx.....2,914 Third Avenue
Washington Heights.....5,525 Broadway
Brooklyn....Room 605, 367 Fulton Street

HELP WANTED—Male.

BRIGHT BOY, 16-18 years, office or stock room; permanent position; exceptional opportunity for advancement. Reyillon Freres, 26 West 35th St.

BUS CONDUCTORS.
Men, 25 years or over; married men preferred; permanent positions assured; good references required; 27½c. an hour to start; capable men can become drivers within a few months; pay 33c. an hour to start. Apply any weekday from 9 A. M. to 5 P. M.,
Fifth Avenue Coach Company,
10 East 102d St.

BUYER who has had position of purchasing with wholesale grocerie firm; must have excellent references as to ability and honesty. Call Room 116, Grand Hotel, Broadway and 31st St.

CHAUFFEUR.—Packard touring car; no night driving; must also make himself generally useful in shipping department; state age, experience, and salary desired. Apply by letter only, I. C. Herman, 367 Broadway.

CHAUFFEUR for 3½-ton electric truck; must handle goods and be familiar N. Y. shipping points; state experience, wages, etc., by letter. Truck, 46 South St., N. Y.

CIVIL ENGINEER as personal office assistant to resident engineer of Christian firm on out-of-town construction; must be technical graduate, young, active, and able to handle men. Room 1108, 65 Broadway.

CLERKS for traffic work with large concern; must be exempt from draft; must understand all phases of traffic work; state fully experience, age, and salary expected. W. P., P. O. Box 290, New York City.

CLERK.—Young man wanted for mailing and packing newspapers and magazines, one used to working on Dix mailing machine preferred. Apply to Box 1254 New York Post Office.

CLERKS.—Young men, 17-19 years, to do clerical work in accounting department of large publishing house. Apply Mr. Ferrick, 421-425 West 13th.

CLERK, 16 to 20, in office of large wholesale corporation; knowledge of typewriting preferred, but not essential. P 344 Times Downtown.

COLLECTOR Wanted.—Active, middle-aged man as collector of rents from tenement property; experienced man only; wages $15 per week. B. J. Foss, 405 9th Av.

COST ACCOUNTANT WANTED BY A FIRM OF PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS; HIGH CLASS COST ACCOUNTANT, WITH CONSIDERABLE EXPERIENCE IN DEVISING AND INSTALLING MANUFACTURING COST SYSTEMS; PERMANENT POSITION, GOOD PAY AND PROSPECTS; GIVE FULL PARTICULARS. P 390 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

COST ENGINEER, by Christian firm, for out-of-town construction; young, experienced, technical man desired, able to handle work in connection with erection of manufacturing plant and housing development. Room 1108, 65 Broadway.

CREDIT MAN, collection manager, experienced, for furniture installment house; state references and salary. S 316 Times Bronx, 1,914 Av.

CREDIT MAN wanted; an experienced credit man for a bank; best of references required; state salary desired. M 134 Times.

DRAFTSMEN,
mechanical; only those with experience need apply. Call or write, giving age, experience, salary, nationality.

SPERRY GYROSCOPE CO.,
Manhattan Bridge Plaza, Brooklyn.

DRAFTSMAN.—Experienced on store fixtures, cabinet work, details, stock bills, estimating, designing. Rieser, 28th St. and 1st Av.

DIEMAKERS.

EXPERIENCED ON SHEET METAL; STEADY EMPLOYMENT AND GOOD PAY TO FIRST-CLASS MEN; NO MUNITIONS.

AMERICAN EVER READY WORKS,

THOMSON AVE. AND ORTON ST., L. I. C.

ONE CARFARE BY SUBWAY OR ELEVATED TRAINS.

EFFICIENCY.

WANTED, ASSISTANT IN EFFICIENCY DEPARTMENT OF LARGE CLOTHING CONCERN; MUST HAVE HAD PREVIOUS TRAINING WITH EFFICIENCY WORK, INCLUDING TIME STUDIES AND COST ACCOUNTING; GOOD OPPORTUNITY FOR YOUNG MAN WITH PLEASING PERSONALITY AND AMBITION. GIVE FULL DETAILS AS TO EXPERIENCE, AGE, NATIONALITY, AND SALARY EXPECTED. P 386 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

ELECTRICIAN,
union, first class man, on conduit work. 531 West 21st, Employment Department.

ELEVATOR OPERATORS.

SEVERAL NEAT-APPEARING YOUNG MEN REQUIRED TO ACT AS ELEVATOR OPERATORS.

Apply at Superintendent's Office, Fifth Floor.

GIMBEL BROTHERS,
NEW YORK.

ENTRY CLERK.—Young man wanted by large wholesale house as entry clerk and general office assistant; must be good at figures; good chance for advancement to right party; state age, experience and salary expected. P 389 Times Downtown.

EXPORT MANAGER wanted by large house opening up new trade in Far East and elsewhere; applicant must have intimate experience with Eastern market conditions, ability to arrange freights, and handle men; ambitious men now second in command will be considered. Address, stating salary desired, Export, E 116 Times.

EXPORT MAN, American, familiar with South American trade, general export experience; knowledge of Spanish necessary; state age; qualifications and salary expected. V 61 Times.

FOREMAN.—A factory in Jersey City has opening in the metal and alloy manufacturing department for foreman; prefer man about 35, accurate and neat in records, and used to planning ahead. Write, stating experience and experience, X 210 Times Annex.

FOREMAN.—A factory in Jersey City has opening in the metal and alloy manufacturing department for foreman; prefer man about 35, accurate and neat in records, and used to planning ahead. Write, stating references and experience, Z 209 Times Annex.

FOREMAN,
experienced on military overcoats. Answer in own handwriting, stating experience and salary expected. S. R., 115 Times.

GARDENER.—First class, for Greenwich, Conn.; must have excellent recommendations and long experience in taking care of vegetable gardens, as well as experience with flowers and shrubs; write full particulars, giving references and wages expected. M 387 Times Downtown.

HOTEL CLERK for night duty, apartment hotel; hours 9 P. M., 6 A. M. Write, stating age, experience, salary. E 115 Times.

INSPECTOR on small, accurate machine parts; permanent position; good opportunity. Kleinschmidt Electric Co., 243 W. 17th.

INSTRUMENT MAKERS.
First-class men only need apply.
WESTERN ELECTRIC CO., INC.,
57 BETHUNE STREET,
Near West Street, 6 blocks south of 14th.

HELP WANTED—Male.

BUS CONDUCTORS.
Men, 25 years or over; married men preferred; permanent positions assured; good references required; 27½c. an hour to start; capable men can become drivers within a few months; pay 33c. an hour to start. Apply any weekday from 9 A. M. to 5 P. M.,
Fifth Avenue Coach Company,
10 East 102d St.

MACHINISTS, (15.)
FIRST-CLASS, ALL-AROUND MEN, ESPECIALLY GOOD ON FINE LATHE WORK. AMMUNITION PLANT OUT OF TOWN.
APPLY 244 WEST 23D ST.

MACHINISTS.
Lathe screw machine and milling machine operators; must have tools.
WESTERN ELECTRIC CO., INC.,
57 BETHUNE ST.,
near West St., 6 blocks south of 14th.

MACHINIST.—All-around, capable men, able to describe and inventory factory equipment; permanent traveling position; answer in own handwriting, giving all details, salary, &c. M 242 Times Downtown.

MACHINISTS WANTED.
Also boilermakers, signal maintainers, air-brake repair men. Apply Employment Car, New York, New Haven & Hartford Railroad, 132d St. and Willis Av., Bronx.

MECHANIC'S HELPER, experienced on automobile work. Apply 20 West 60th St.

MEN of good repute who have a good following or acquaintance can make big money as a side issue; little work; pay from the start; commission basis. Answer in writing and state present occupation. Manager, C 458 Times Annex.

MERCHANDISE MANAGER.
SUIT AND COAT MAN (LADIES' WEAR) TO ACT AS A MERCHANDISE MANAGER TO ONE OF THE LARGEST CONCERNS IN PHILADELPHIA; ONLY MAN OF HIGHEST ABILITY, INTEGRITY, AND RETAIL EXPERIENCE WILL BE CONSIDERED; MAN BETWEEN THE AGES OF 27 AND 40 ACCEPTABLE; STATE PRESENT FIRM, IF EMPLOYED; ALSO PAST EXPERIENCE. APPLY BY LETTER TO BOX X 216 TIMES ANNEX.

MESSENGER.—Young man about 17 to start as messenger in downtown bank; $40 per month; references required. M 377 Times Downtown.

MILLWRIGHT.—Capable men, able to describe and inventory factory equipment; permanent traveling position; answer in own handwriting, giving all details, salary, &c. M 241 Times Downtown.

MODEL MAKER,
first class. 531 West 21st St., Employment Department.

MOLDERS wanted, experienced in large loam and green sand work. X 241 Times Annex.

OFFICE ASSISTANT.—Splendid chance for young man recently out of high school; no experience required; good salary; mention age, education and qualifications. H 357 Times Downtown.

OFFICE ASSISTANT in cloak and suit house; must be hard worker, accurate at figures, and have good handwriting; salary, $10 per week; state age, experience, and references. N 193 Times.

OFFICE ASSISTANT,
neat, careful worker as general office assistant. A. Sulka & Co., 34 West 34th.

OFFICE BOY wanted in large wholesale house; must be neat in appearance, quick at figures, and come well recommended; salary to start $7 per week, with splendid chance for advancement. Address in own handwriting, giving age and experience, P 374 Times Downtown.

OFFICE BOY.—Wanted, young man, (16 to 18 years,) for work in insurance office; salary $7 week. Apply Room 1350, 100 William St.

OFFICE BOYS wanted; exceptional opportunity advancement. Harry Lindenmeyr Sons, 82 Bleecker St., New York.

OFFICE BOY, 12-15, for general office work, good chance for advancement. X 238 Times Annex.

OFFICE WORK.—Young man, about 18, for general office work in wholesale grocery house; opportunity to advance; state reference and previous employment, if any; wages $12 weekly to start. S 312 Times Downtown.

OPPORTUNITY, MALE OR FEMALE.
SECRETARY.—Absolutely reliable, draft exempted, possessing initiative, executive ability, excellent stenographer and correspondent; must have thorough experience export and import, up-to-date shipping requirements, (Hispanos) knowledge Spanish or/and bookkeeping preferred; only applications in longhand, stating nationality, age, including complete references, requiring salary desired, will be considered. Address letters, Christian Firm, X 235 Times Annex.

PHARMACIST, registered, wanted at the Presbyterian Hospital, 41 East 70th St.

PHYSICIAN.—Have good opening for live, wide-awake physician registered in New York State; advertising office; located outside of New York City; experience unnecessary, but must be quite professional; sober, honest, reliable, and of unimpeachable moral character; state age, whether married or single, and some details as to medical education in first letter. X 231 Times Annex.

REPORTER.—Young man to call on architects and builders; splendid chance New York; excellent opportunity for advancement; salary $12 to start; state complete qualifications in your letter to receive attention. Publisher, Box N 198 Times.

PORTER to attend to packages and trunks; steady position. 33 West 51st St.

PRINTING.—GOOD OPPORTUNITY FOR OFFICE MAN WITH BOOK AND MAGAZINE EXPERIENCE TO WRITE AND FOLLOW UP ORDERS. LARGE NEW YORK HOUSE. OPPORTUNITY, 174 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

SALESMAN.

Prominent manufacturing firm of New Jersey requires the services of a salesman on salary who is fully acquainted with valuations and the markets for the disposition of machinery and metals; must also have executive ability of indisputable character; this is an exceptional opportunity for a man experienced along these lines to join the sales organizations of one of the largest manufacturing concerns of its kind; state age, experience, references, and salary expected to Salesman, care of Brown Advertising Agency, Inc., 110 West 34th St.

SALESMEN AND SALES MANAGER.
A large company, operating branches, requires salesmen of ability, not over 40 years old; we will promote those who can qualify to managerial positions quickly; salesmen on a commission basis can make $100 to $300 weekly, managers $10,000 to $20,000 per annum; please state what you have sold in last five years; we want men immediately; this is a genuine offer and should appeal to wide-awake salesmen. V 14 Times.

SALESMEN.—We are extending our sales force throughout the United States and Canada and require clean-cut, progressive young Americans in our selling force, both in stores and in the field and in executive positions; if you have at least a high school education and some experience as a salesman we can assure you an opportunity to make large income and advancement to executive positions; drawing account against commission to start. Mr. Benson, Encyclopaedia Britannica Corporation, 248 4th Av., 14th floor.

SALESMEN AND SALES MANAGERS.
An investment firm selling high-grade securities, operating and opening new branch offices, requires salesmen of ability over 35 years old; we will quickly promote those who can qualify for managerial positions; salesmen are earning $100 a week and upward; managers are earning $150 a week and upward; commission basis; drawing account when ability is proven; please state what you have sold in last 5 years. Address Wall St., P. O. Box 27, N. Y.

SALESMAN.

SALESMEN.—Leading manufacturer of office specialty wants salesmen, with or without experience; strictly commission basis, with immediate earning; good future for ambitious men. 46 Murray St., 1st floor.

SALESMEN.—Young men, hustlers; good money to the right men; salary or commission. Apply 1013, 116 Nassau St.

SALESMEN WANTED
FOR
GAS IRON CAMPAIGN.
Excellent opportunity for permanent position at good salary. Apply Room 38, Union Gas Company, 148th St. and Courtlandt Av., Bronx. Take Bronx Park subway express to 149th St.-3d Av.

SALESMAN.—WELL-KNOWN CUTLERY FIRM DESIRES A REAL HUSTLER OF UNQUESTIONED ABILITY TO COVER NEW YORK STATE; ONLY A MAN WITH A SUCCESSFUL SALES RECORD WILL BE CONSIDERED; GIVE FULL PARTICULARS, INCLUDING SALARY EXPECTED. C. G., 257 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

SALESMAN.—Exceptional chance for high-class man to connect with large manufacturing concern; permanent position with good income assured; drawing account and commission. Apply Wednesday, 9:30 to 2 P. M., Yu Ess Manufacturing Corp., 200 5th Av.; suite 340-48.

SALESMEN.
A large concern has opportunities for several young Americans of good education and pleasing personality; we will take care of you if you are strictly honest and an active worker, and your future is assured; drawing account against commission to start. S. O., 42 Times.

SALESMAN wanted by New York iron and steel corporation, calling at present on domestic buyers of iron and steel mill products, tool steel, high speed steel, and engineers' supplies as a side line, on commission basis. Address Box M 372 Times Downtown.

SALESMEN to sell Ford cars and commercial bodies; good incomes assured; commission basis; small drawing account; successful salesmen in other lines desired. Write H. K., 153 Times.

SALESMAN wanted for New York City, by one of the oldest established performery houses in the country; commission basis; in answering state fully experience, references, and other lines carried, if any. N 179 Times.

SALESMAN, (18 to 25,) to assist in retail phonograph and jewelry store; one with experience preferred; splendid opportunity. Phone or write L. & C. Mayers Co., 46 Cortlandt St.

SALESMEN.—System, the Magazine of Business, requires specialty salesmen to follow up local advertising campaign; permanent position, liberal commission arrangement. Room 617, 200 5th Av.

SALESMEN, covering jobbing and department store trade, to call on and out of town, to handle men's silk belts and neckwear as a side line; commission basis. P 378 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN wanted to sell Underwood & Underwood's securities; commission basis; only those who can furnish bond need apply. Phone Bryant 2162. Address Room 507, 110 West 42d St., city.

SALESMEN wanted by large food manufacturer for city wholesale work; sales experience desirable, but not essential. Apply, giving age and experience, X 239 Times Annex.

SALESMEN wanted to take as side line an all-wool knitting yarn account; big commission; States traveled; full particulars. N 67 Times.

SALESMEN.—Side line, (two pens, order book,) Keene's new lever self-filling safety fountain pens; commission, new reorders. Chas. A. Keene, 180 Broadway, New York.

SALESMEN.—Winter's cold and fuel scarcity make "Florida Home Gardens" easily salable; liberal terms and commissions. O. Stevenson, Arcadia, Florida.

SALESMAN, experienced, live wire, sell cotton novelties to cutting-up trade; salary or commission. Write S. W., 200 East 23d.

SALESMAN.—SODA FOUNTAIN SALESMAN, 65 5TH AV., NEW YORK.

SENIOR ACCOUNTANT WANTED BY A PROMINENT FIRM OF PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS; MUST HAVE EXTENSIVE RAILROAD EXPERIENCE; GIVE FULL PARTICULARS OF RAILROAD AND OTHER EXPERIENCE; REFERENCES AND SALARY EXPECTED. P 388 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

SERVICE ELEVATOR MAN, steady position; salary $50 month. 33 West 51st St.

SHIPPING CLERK,
experienced misses' and children's blocked hats; good pay, steady position for right party.
VENUS, 37 WEST 37TH.

SHIPPING CLERK.—Hardware experience preferred. Sixth floor, 310 East 22d St.

SILK SALESMAN to call on the cutting-up trade, on strictly commission basis. Call between 9 and 12 A. M., Commercial Silk Co., 44 East 23d.

SODA MAN.—Must be first-class dispenser; good wages. Schrafft's, 11 West 34th St.

SPANISH TEACHER to give lessons; state terms, particulars. Address S. S., 263 West 125th St.

STATIONARY ENGINEERS,
WITH EXPERIENCE ON ALLIS-CHALMERS TURBINE PREFERRED; PERMANENT POSITIONS; APPLY OR WRITE, CURTISS ENGINEERING CORP., GARDEN CITY, LONG ISLAND.

STATISTICIAN.—One experienced in figuring labor and production cost; an opportunity is offered to a man of good judgment and experience to connect with the largest manufactory of its kind in the world; answer, stating age, experience, and nationality. P 394 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER in prominent export firm; young man with some experience—bright beginner considered—to work his way up and eventually go to Manila, P. I.; splendid opportunity to learn business and become salesman when proficient. Address, stating full particulars, M 397 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER and bill clerk wanted; experienced. Call Peerless Light Co., 483 Broadway.

STENOGRAPHER.—Young man, accurate and rapid, high school graduate, desirous of gradually working into selling force; to a young man of ability with determination to succeed an opportunity is offered. Address stating age, experience, reference, and salary desired to start. L 390 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, Spanish-English, who can take dictation in both languages; splendid opportunity for right party; moderate salary to start. Address, stating full particulars, Spanish, M 396 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, expert, experienced, good speller, well educated, for busy export office; state full particulars. W. E., 277 Times Downtown.

STOCK BOY, EXPERIENCED ON CHINAWARE PREFERRED; EXCELLENT CHANCE FOR ADVANCEMENT. APPLY SUPERINTENDENT, A. A. VANTINE & CO., INC., 5TH AV. AND 39TH.

STOCK BOYS for woolen underwear and knit goods, wholesale. M 371 Times Downtown.

STOCK CLERK.—Young man about 19 to manage stock and shipping room; state experience and salary desired. O 5 Times.

TOOL AND GAUGEMAKERS.
Men who like up-to-date, high-grade work on Government contracts, with good wages; 50 miles from New York. Apply 299 Broadway, Room 1011.

TOOLMAKERS.
First-class men only need apply.
WESTERN ELECTRIC CO., INC.,
57 BETHUNE ST.,
near West St., 6 blocks south of 14th.

TOOL DRAFTSMEN
on punches and dies, jigs and fixtures, for small interchangeable work; only men with experience need apply; good pay.
WESTERN ELECTRIC CO., INC.,
203 Broadway.

TRANSIT MAN, experienced, wanted by a New York trust company; apply, stating age, experience, and salary. S 341 Times Downtown.

WINDOW DRESSER'S ASSISTANTS.
Abraham & Straus, Fulton St., Brooklyn, require the services of several experienced young men as second assistants in their window display dept. Apply Supt., subway floor, East Building.

WIREMEN.
Must be experienced on conduit work and hooking up of A. C. and D. C. motors.
WESTERN ELECTRIC CO., INC.,
57 BETHUNE STREET,
Near West Street. 6 blocks south of 14th.

HELP WANTED—Male.

YOUNG MEN
with high school education, $8-$9 start; raise April 1st if satisfactory; excellent opportunity to advance along engineering lines.
WESTERN ELECTRIC CO., INC.,
57 BETHUNE ST.,
near West St., 6 blocks south of 14th.

YOUNG MAN about 19 or older, if exempt from draft, with high school education, business training preferred, for office work; state salary expected; good chance for advancement. Apply, by letter only, L. J. Bamberger, 4th floor, 130 West 46th St.

YOUNG MAN, about 19; honest, strong, as assistant in shipping department and making himself generally useful; splendid chance for advancement; state salary to start. J. D., P. O. Box 1478, New York City.

YOUNG MAN with experience in assisting movie director in staging sets and taste in selecting furniture, &c., desirable, with full particulars. C 461 Times Annex.

YOUNG MAN wanted with experience in the discount and collection department of a bank; state age and salary required. G. O., 180 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN in cost department of large factory; quick and accurate at figures; state references and salary expected. A. E., 267 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN for large clothing concern; permanent position; good future. Call H. Lissner & Company, 28 West 23d.

YOUNG MAN, in shipping room. Queen, 149 West 36th St.

Instruction.

INSTRUCTION DESIRED.
RUSSIAN-PORTUGUESE.
By gentleman possessing fair knowledge of these languages and desiring to continue studies with cultured teacher conversant with literature, commercial correspondence, and conversational idioms; must be native of Russia, Portugal, or Brazil, respectively. Address "E. X. M.," P. O. Box 522, New York City.

BOOKKEEPER.—Get out of the rut; become a certified public cost accountant; go into business for yourself; demand for expert accountants exceeds the supply; our graduates earn over $5,000 yearly; learn at home in spare time by our easy system; send for Booklet T and special offer. Universal Business Inst., 100 Pullman Bldg., New York.

ARE YOU INTERESTED in a well-paying profession? Many of our graduates earn $5,000 to $10,000 yearly. Our method of instruction develops experts. Write for Booklet G. NATIONAL PRACTICAL INSTITUTE, 254 West 34th St., New York City.

SALESMEN.—Experienced or inexperienced, city or traveling; write or call for our free book, "A Knight of the Grip," and list of openings; immediate employment service rendered members. National Salesmen's Training Assn. Suite 1603D, Candler Bldg., N. Y.

THE NEW YORK SCHOOL OF SECRETARIES.
Three months' course. Students on probation. 33 West 42d St., New York. V. M. Wheat.

GOOD ENGLISH PAYS.—Free Booklet 73; "Your English" enables you to test your knowledge and suggests method for overcoming defects. Pace & Pace, 30 Church St., N. Y.

LEARN TO BE A CHAUFFEUR.—Pleasant and profitable work; day and evening classes. Send for free booklet and visitor's pass. West Side Y. M. C. A., 302 West 57th.

ACCOUNTANTS in demand everywhere. Bulletin 23 gives details of training necessary. Pace & Pace, 30 Church St., New York.

Employment Agencies.

AMERICAN
EMPLOYMENT
EXCHANGE,
115 BROADWAY.

C. P. HASSON. J. J. McLAUGHLIN.
CALL 9-2.

URGENT NEED FOR STENOGRAPHERS. Secretaries (2) for Manila, immediately, $150, exempt, Spanish an asset; also French-English, Spanish-English; English, $20-$35. MUTUAL SERVICE BUREAU, 41 Liberty St.

CORRESPONDENTS, $15-$25; Timekeepers, (3,) $80-$100; Stenographer, $15; clerks, $15; Young Man, $10; Boys, $7-$8; others. Business Service Bureau, 309 Broadway.

F. X. GOGGIN AGENCY, 200 Broadway. Register free. Office and technical positions.

SEVERAL attractive propositions, $12-$5,000; accountants, bookkeepers, clerks; investigate. Mighill, Flatiron Building.

ENTRY CLERK, lace house, $25; bookkeepers, $20; clerks, $10-$16; many positions every day. Brody Agency, 239 Broadway.

AGENTS WANTED.

AGENTS.—Our policies cover death from any cause, and pay sick and accident benefits; cost $1 to $3 monthly; liberal agency proposition. New York Safety Reserve Fund, 261 Broadway.

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES.

Business Notices.

A smart millinery shop, with excellent clientele will rent part of store for the sale of gowns or blouses; superb location opposite the Ritz; good window display; large fitting room; facilities for minor alterations if desired; a real opportunity for any woman already established who wishes a fashionable retail location at very modest rental. Apply to Florence Hat Shop, 6 East 46th St.

Wanted—To get in touch with manufacturers not represented in Mexico and Central America; we can sell anything that is marketable in those countries; ask us about anything from those countries. Southern Trade & Commission Co., 809 Alamo National Bank Building, San Antonio, Texas.

Man with $10,000 to buy part interest in concern doing Government work; must be able to take charge of and manage force in factory; this is a going proposition, no debts, a money-maker, and will stand strictest investigation. E 93 Times.

$25,000 cash required immediate investment, legitimate enterprise; no complications; guaranteed profits; money positively secured satisfactorily by real estate; particulars interview principals only. M 381 Times Downtown.

Wanted loan $10,000 for 90 days; will put up ample collateral as security and let party in on profits; doing Government work; this will stand rigid investigation and make you a lot of money. E 92 Times.

Machine shop, fully equipped, will take on general machine construction work, sheet metal specialties, model making, plating, polishing; inventions developed. X 230 Times Annex.

SILENT PARTNER wanted who can put from $10,000 to $50,000 into business as needed; good returns and excellent future; full investigation invited. Write M 350 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, formerly in business, experienced buyer, salesman, also exports, seeks connections; investment if necessary. M 127 Times.

Manufacturer wishes to sell entire plant and 20 machines, also sublease light loft; low rent; good opportunity for dress, waist or skirt manufacturer. 162 West 21st, 6th floor.

Wanted—To get in touch with users and dealers of sisal twine and rope. Southern Trade & Commission Co., 809 Alamo National Bank Building, San Antonio, Texas.

A real estate chance for immediate business; books showing hundreds of thousands worth of property direct from owners; immediate cash sale. Address R. E. C., N 54 Times.

BANKER.—Special partner, with or without service; business extension; $10,000. Box 450, 221 Wyckoff Av., Brooklyn.

Wanted a popular-priced specialty by an established firm with thousands of agents covering the United States. A 179 Times.

HIGH-CLASS fruit business, established 28 years. For information address California Fruit Co., Washington, D. C.

Additional capital secured for merchants and manufacturers; prompt and confidential. N 192 Times.

PRINTERS.—Small printing plant for sale, five presses and other equipment. Telephone Chelsea 1814. Mr. Haslem.

Foundry and machine plant; large orders waiting; sacrifice $1,700. Crowe, Times Building.

FOR SALE.

Private Sale—Handsome mission dining room set, library table, rugs, glass, &c., on Friday and Saturday, March 15 and 16, No. 16 Park Av., Larchmont, N. Y., from 11 A. M. to 4. C. D. Sheldon.

Big Bargains.—Slightly used office furniture, oak or mahogany; desks, chairs, files, tables, leather furniture, typewriters, adding machines, multigraphs, safes. Nathan's, 452 Broadway.

BILLIARD AND POCKET TABLES.
New and second-hand; low prices; easy payments.
THE BRUNSWICK-BALKE-COLLENDER CO., 29 to 35 West 22d St., near B'way.

Motor, 5 h. p., 2 phase, 220 volt, Western Electric. Unit Construction Company, Forest Hills, L. I.

Gasoline engine, 8 h. p., Waterloo, fine condition. Unit Construction Company, Forest Hills, L. I.

WHITE BABY CARRIAGE.—Good condition; cost $80; will sell $7. 46 East 66th.

Purchase and Exchange.

Highest cash prices paid for furnishings, pianos, Oriental rugs. Baisley, 1.5 University Place. Tel. 2298 Gramercy.

Contents houses; pianos, carpets; antiques bought. Miles, 153 East 125th. 1289 Harlem.

WANTED—12-in. Anistagmat lens in bbl., cheap. E 111 Times.

ARMY ORDERS AND ASSIGNMENTS

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, March 12.—The War Department published the following army orders today:

Medical Reserve Corps.

Perkins, 1st Lt. M. J.; Harten, 1st Lt. J. A., and Lautman, 1st Lt. M. F., relieved of previous orders.

Von Deesten, Capt. H. T.; Baines, 1st Lt. W. H.; Faulk, 1st Lt. L., and Baggett, 1st Lt. L., hon. discharged.

Van Horn, Capt. F. T., to Rockefeller Inst. for inst., then to Walter Reed Hosp.

Newell, Capt. E. D., to Rockefeller Inst. for inst., then to Camp Beauregard.

Clark, 1st Lt. S. G., to Rockefeller Inst. for inst., then to Army Gen. Hosp. 1, at Williamsbridge.

Cousins, Maj. W. L., and Deeds, 1st Lt. C. R., to Camp Gordon.

Following to Mass. Gen. Hosp., Boston, for inst.:

McGillicuddy, Capt. C.

FIRST LIEUTENANTS.

Haines, J. B.	Lando, M.
Henkel, H. B.	Turner, W. K.

Murray, Capt. E. F.; Lautman, 1st Lt. M. F., and Hawks, 1st Lt. J. D., to Camp Greenleaf for inst.

Following to Ft. Riley for inst.:

FIRST LIEUTENANTS.

Tarr, G. H.	Breuer, M. J.
Guthrie, G. C.	Nicholson, H. M.
Mahoney, D. L.	Wine, J. W.
Cole, B. C.	

Following to Corpus Christi, Convalescent Hosp.:

Clark, Maj F. H.

CAPTAINS.

Olmstead, B. H.	Doole, T. P.
Jefferson, H. A.	

FIRST LIEUTENANTS.

Cook, J. T.	Dangerfield, V. S.
Dishmaker, D. B.	Downs, A. W.
Faulds, W. S.	Griswold, G. W.
Madden, W. D.	Mellies, W. J.

Schultz, 1st Lt. E. C.; Barickman, 1st Lt. R. I. and Mitchell, 1st Lt. J. M., to Camp Custer.

Following to Hoboken:

Clark, Maj. R.	Chadwell, Capt. O. R.

FIRST LIEUTENANTS.

Moore, B. H.	Roderick, A. J.
Johnson, G. A.	Mullen, H. W.

Following to West. Dept.:

FIRST LIEUTENANTS.

Wilcox, C.	Hedges, W. E.
Whiting, F. M.	Whitney, C. E.
MacCracken, G.	

Holmes, 1st Lt. A. B., and Donohue, 1st Lt. J. J., to San Juan.

Peters, Maj. W. C., to Camps Custer, Grant, Dodge, Taylor, and Sherman, and Ft. Sheridan for inspection, then will report to Surg.Gen.

Following assigned to 309th Cav.:

FIRST LIEUTENANTS.

Allison, H. Q.	Crawford, H. S.
Grannis, I. V. V.	Silverstein, W. I.

Following to Douglas, Ariz., with 308th Cav.:

FIRST LIEUTENANTS.

Druet, A. L.	Edmonds, W.
Voss, C.	Whittaker, J. H.

Following to Ft. Ethan Allen, with 310th Cav.:

FIRST LIEUTENANTS.

Fletcher, R. S.	Freeman, E. E.
Gemmill, J. R.	La Riviere, E. G.

Williams, 1st Lt. C. A. S., and Williams, 1st Lt. D. T., will report to off. in charge of dispensary, Wash.

De Witt, Lt. Col. C.; Ekwurzel, Lt. Col. G. M., and Reynolds, Lt. Col. C. R., will report to Surg.Gen. for consultation, then to their stations.

Cort, Capt. P. M., to Camp Devens as member of Tuberculosis Examining Board.

Craig, Capt. S. S., to Camp Cody.

McDonald, Maj. W. J., to Camp Doniphan.

Howard, Capt. C. N., to Walter Reed Hosp.

Bird, Capt. A. A., to St. Louis, Med. Supply Depot.

Fortin, 1st Lt. H. J., to Base Hosp. 38, at Phila.

Quay, 1st Lt. J. E., orders of Feb. 11 amended to direct him to report at once.

Joseph, Capt. D. R., and Hipps, 1st Lt. A. G. T., to Jefferson Barracks, to conduct a nutritional survey.

Hott, Capt. D., to Ft. Hamilton, with 59th Regt., C.A.C.

Pedersen, 1st Lt. H. C., to Jefferson Barracks.

Brannon, 1st Lt. E. C., to Ft. Benj. Harrison.

Shields, 1st Lt. W. T., Jr., to Ft. Riley, with Evac. Hosp. 11.

Hussey, 1st Lt. E. H., to Ft. McPherson, with Army Hosp. 13.

Hoagland, 1st Lt. B. W., to Camp Johnston.

Barthmaier, 1st Lt. O. F., to Ft. Oglethorpe.

Roberts, Maj. S. R., assigned as Cmdg. Off. of Base Hosp. at Camp Jackson.

Moss, Maj. E., to active duty as Maj. at Camp Travis.

Jewell, 1st Lt. M. D., to Camp Travis, with 513th Engs.

Knox, Capt. W. S., to Camp Lewis.

Heard, Capt. T. M., Jr., to Camp MacArthur.

Newman, 1st Lt. L., to Camp Grant.

Morgan, 1st Lt. I. C., to Camp Sherman, with Aux. Remount Depot 318.

Boone, 1st Lt. J. F., to Camp Bowie.

Ogden, Maj. M. D., to Evac. Hosp. 4, at Camp Greenleaf.

Evans, 1st Lt. A. M., to Evac. Hosp. 5, at Camp Greenleaf.

Sharpe, Capt. N. W., to Gerstner Field, with Av.Sec. of Sig.C.

Hawkins, 1st Lt. D. B., to Neurological Inst. for inst.

Calhoun, Capt. J. G., to Camp Funston.

Clarke, 1st Lt. T. C., to Rockefeller Inst. for inst., then to Camp Dodge.

Signal Reserve Corps.

Following of Av.Sec. to participate in flights:

Ashe, 1st Lt. H. P.

SECOND LIEUTENANTS.

Kaufmann, G. F.	McCarthy, E. J.
Linton, D. D.	Parish, H. C.
Nelson, F. C.	Cabot, T. D.
Strickland, C. J.	Lamkin, W. L.

Following to Kelly Field:

SECOND LIEUTENANTS.

Stocking, C. D.	Mack, D. L.
Meyen, B. P.	Williams, J. G.
Lees, H. G.	Collier, D. C.
Eldred, W. B.	Gallagher, R. T.
McMinn, W. W.	Mills, N. E.
Stell, F. H.	Winkworth, E. H.
Fort, F. B.	Stanton, C. I.

Following to Camp Dick:

SECOND LIEUTENANTS.

Kennedy, D. S.	Kern, F. M.
Kinney, M.	Logah, H. J.
Pyne, M. H.	Roehlk, J.
Snyder, W. H.	Wadsworth, P. T.
Wasson, R. J.	Pond, E. E.
Roby, T. N.	Frost, E. R., Jr.
Kent, G. S.	Gibson, P.
Watters, J.	Stephenson, A. B.
Johnson, J. K.	Hogan, W. A.
Stocking, C. D.	Williams, J. G.
Wright, P. L.	Merry, B. P.
Mack, D. L.	Heydorn, H. G.

Malone, Capt. W. J., and McDowell, 2d Lt. R. N., to Gerstner Field.

Following to Mass. Inst. of Tech., Cambridge:

SECOND LIEUTENANTS.

Keeler, P. B.	Peck, A. H.
Rawley, J.	Bell, F. D.
Clark, C. W.	Harris, A. H.
Kingman, S. S.	Miles, P. K.
Randall, M. C.	Russell, R. H.
Simonson, F. L.	Smith, W. G.
Sultan, W. D.	

Lewis, 2d Lt. O. B.; Smith, 2d Lt. W. W., and Williams, 2d Lt. S. C., to Park Field:

Following to Waco, Texas, with Sig.C. Troops:

Heftye, 1st Lt. W. M.

SECOND LIEUTENANTS.

Healy, W. R.	Verheyden, E. J.
Henninger, R.	Hatcher, R. F.
Lawson, L.	Kronf, W. J.
McQueen, B. A.	Pfaff, L. G.
McCutchieon, M. D.	

Stratton, Capt. G. M., and Sides, 1st Lt. J. S., to Rockwell Field.

McClintock, Maj. J., to School of Mil. Aeronautics, Princeton Univ.

Cudworth, 1st Lt. R. L., to Riverside, Cal.

Starrs, 2d Lt. J. W., to Montgomery, Ala.

Baldwin, 2d Lt. E. F., to Pigeon Sec. of Land Div.

Henmon, Capt. V. A. C., to New York, Cambridge, Mass., and San Diego re Av. Sec., then to Kelly Field.

SAYS LIBERTY MOTOR IS PACKARD PRODUCT

Head of Automobile Concern Asserts His Company Gave Invention to Government.

HAD SPENT $500,000 ON IT

E. S. Hare Tells Sphinx Club He Had Permission to Reveal the Secret.

Credit for the invention of the Liberty aviation motor, adopted by the American Government for its great fleet of airplanes now under construction, was claimed for the Packard Motor Company, in an announcement made last night by Emlen S. Hare, president of that concern, at the monthly dinner of the Sphinx Club, held at the Waldorf-Astoria, where he spoke on "Successful Business Is Our Best Weapon to Win This War." As permission to reveal the secret of the Liberty motor's antecedents before its adoption by the Government was not received until after Mr. Hare had prepared his set speech, the announcement was typed on a separate sheet of paper attached to the proof form of the evening's speech given to reporters.

Mr. Hare had just said in his prepared remarks that it was "absurd for any business man to feel that he must explain his motives are patriotic and unselfish before he expresses himself that successful business is a necessary weapon with which to win this war" when he told of the part played by his company in bringing out the Liberty aviation motor.

"I am now at liberty," Mr. Hare said, "to mention one instance—and there are many—showing the unselfishness of business where the best interests of our Government are at stake. The Liberty aviation motor is the outcome of three years of Packard work and some half million Packard money, and yet we withdrew our name from this motor and, with all designs, gave it over to our Government because they felt this would be best for the furtherance of their war plans.

"You men who understand the value of advertising know just how great this sacrifice was. You can readily imagine what it would have meant to us if the most successful aviation motor was blazoned all over this country and Europe as a Packard 'Twin-Six.'"

In answer to questions put by a reporter, Mr. Hare said that at the time the Liberty motor was taken over by the Government an agreement existed between the company and E. A. Dees, then Chairman of the Air Craft Production Board, to the effect that the identity of the inventor or producer of the motor should not be revealed.

At the time, it was explained, some Government officials feared that if the identity of the Liberty motor was known, other automobile manufacturers might not feel inclined to turn over their plants for its production. There were other reasons, too, why it was thought best to keep the matter a secret. Mr. Hare failed last night to say who the individual inventor of the motor was, or throw light upon the circumstances leading up to its original manufacture by the Packard Company.

From what could be learned from Mr. Hare, permission to make the announcement at this time was given by Howard Coffin, Chairman of the Council of National Defense, Washington.

In speaking of the progress being made by his company in turning out motors for airplanes, Mr. Hare said:

"Because considerable tooling and special machinery is needed for quantity production of aircraft motors, there is a limit to the number of men we can use at present in that department. However, we have quite as many men employed there as can be profitably used. Further, these men have been drawn from our passenger car department, and just as rapidly as we can profitably use more men on aircraft motors these men are in turn drawn from our passenger car department."

The Packard's executive said that by taking men and machinery from the passenger car department for the company's airplane department it had already been necessary to decrease the output of automobiles. Further decrease in the production of pleasure cars was forecast by Mr. Hare, who added that "it may even be impossible to build any automobiles."

MILK PRICE FIXING HALTS.

Commission Fails to Agree with Producers and Distributors.

The conference held by the Federal Milk Commission and representatives of the producers and distributers at the Federal Food Board ended last night with indications that the Federal Milk Commission may not continue to fix the prices of milk after April 1, when the three months period for which it was originally appointed will have expired. The continuance of the commission in office after that time is contingent upon the joint consent of the producers and distributors, which the commission failed to obtain. A final meeting will be held at the McAlpin on Sunday afternoon.

While the farmers or producers are eager to make concessions, it is understood that the distributors are unwilling to agree to price fixing regulations by the commission unless the farmers assume more of the burden of possible loss than they have been willing to assume in the past. The objection of the distributers develops largely out of the fact that the condensed milk industry is being seriously damaged by the lack of bottoms in which to ship condensed milk abroad.

The condensers have already given notice that they will not abide by the commission's rulings after March 31, in view of the changes in market conditions that must result from their having on hand a great quantity of condensed milk which cannot be shipped abroad. Manufacturers of butter and cheese have also given notice of their withdrawal on the ground that they are unable at the present high price of milk to turn it into butter and cheese at a profit.

THANKS FOR 'WILSON BACON'

Belgian Father Gives a Typical Expression of Gratitude.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

THE HAGUE, March 12.—"We are so grateful for our 200 grams of Wilson bacon, which we receive once in a fortnight. We get no other meat or fat."

Thus a Belgian father of a family, writing to his brother interned in Holland, expressed himself. The "Wilson bacon" referred to means American relief supplies.

The same writer tells how children who can leave town without a passport take walks of six hours into the country in order to bring back a few pounds of bread and potatoes for the family. According to all reports, the scarcity of food in Belgium is becoming more acute.

STEFANSSON NO BETTER.

Explorer Suffering from Fever and Delirious at Times.

VANCOUVER, B. C., March 12.—Dispatches from Dawson, Y. T., said fears were expressed in the northern city for the recovery of Vilhjalmur Stefansson, the Arctic explorer now Wintering at Herschel Island, in the Arctic Ocean.

A Royal Northwest Mounted Police patrol arrived at Dawson recently from the Arctic and said that Stefansson was suffering from fever and was delirious at times.

DETECTIVES INDICTED IN SILK ROBBERY CASE

Enright Suspends Two Members of Second Branch Bureau Charged with Burglary and Bribery.

Indictments charging burglary and bribery were returned by the Grand Jury yesterday against Detectives William Heydorn of 290 West 147th Street and Edward C. Burgess of 1,912 Daly Avenue, the Bronx, both of the Second Branch Bureau, and both accused of assisting a gang of loft thieves in disposing of stolen property. Heydorn was arraigned before Judge Mulqueen, in General Sessions, and held in $2,500 bail. Burgess will be arraigned today. Police Commissioner Enright, on learning of the indictment of the two detectives, ordered that they be suspended from duty.

In presenting the indictments against the two detectives, Assistant District Attorney Eder informed Judge Mulqueen that the indictments were only preliminary to other indictments which would be returned in the near future against other police officers who were alleged to have protected and assisted the activities of loft burglars.

Six men were indicted with the detectives as parties to the same operations. Three of them were Jacob Klein of 51 Avenue B, Abraham Schoenfeld of 20 Clinton Street, and Isidor Pendak of 51 East Ninety-seventh Street. The other three have not yet been arrested.

The two detectives and the three men under arrest were indicted in connection with a loft robbery committed at 104 West Forty-second Street, where $8,000 worth of silk was stolen.

HEBREW TRADES AID LOAN.

Big Union Plans Street Meetings All Over East Side.

A campaign in favor of the Liberty loan, as soon as the next issue is announced, will be made by the United Hebrew Trades, the labor organization of 250,000 Jewish workers. The organization will hold street meetings all over the east side and volunteers from among the ranks of the leaders of the various unions will address these meetings explaining the merits of the loan.

A letter will be sent today by the union to the Federal Reserve District, formally accepting the invitation made that the United Hebrew Trades support the next issue of the Liberty loan.

CAPT. FEINLER ON TRIAL.

Chaplain, Sent Home by Pershing, Faces Court-Martial at Honolulu.

HONOLULU, T. H., March 12.—Trial by court martial of Captain Franz Feinler, Chaplain U. S. A., on charges of pro-German utterances was in progress today at Fort Shafter, where Captain Feinler has been stationed since he returned from France at the direction of General Pershing.

Evidence against Captain Feinler, who was arrested a week ago and has since been held incommunicado, was said to have been largely obtained through the use of a phonographic device. Aside from this evidence, it was said, military witnesses would testify concerning lectures delivered by Captain Feinler alleged to have been tinged with pro-German sentiment.

To Train Upton Officers.

Special to The New York Times.

CAMP UPTON, N. Y., March 12.—Lieut. Col. Adolphe H. Huguet, until recently a Major in the 15th Infantry at Panama, has been placed in charge of the training school for officers here. He succeeds Lieut. Col. Walter B. McCaskey, who has been assigned to the division headquarters staff.

CALLS JUDGES REACTIONARY

Prof. Hayes Says Bench Needs Men Not Mediaeval in Politics.

Declaring that the Judges of the country are almost exclusively "conservatives and reactionaries," and that there should be on the bench "a sprinkling of men who are not mediaeval in politics," Alfred Hayes, formerly Professor of Law at Cornell, who was nominated by the Progressive Party for Supreme Court Justice, last night voiced his opposition to a resolution introduced at a regular meeting of the Bar Association, approving of the restoration of the nominating convention for the purpose of nominating candidates for the office of Judge of the Court of Appeals and Justice of the Supreme Court. The gathering of distinguished lawyers was taken aback at the vehemence of Mr. Hayes's remarks, but passed the resolution with only five dissenting votes.

William D. Guthrie, Chairman of the Judiciary Committee, pointed out that next Fall there will be three vacancies on the Supreme Court bench, those of Justices John W. Goff, Francis M. Scott, and Victor M. Dowling. Justices Goff and Scott will have reached the constitutional age limit. Mr. Guthrie said that Justice Dowling, who has served the full fourteen years on the Supreme Court bench, is willing to be a candidate for re-election, and he asked that the association authorize the Judiciary Committee to take such steps as they may deem necessary to assure the renomination of Justice Dowling by all political parties on a non-partisan basis. The resolution was approved.

George L. Ingraham, the Chairman, was of the opinion that the present system of choosing Judges is unsatisfactory, and that there ought to be an improvement in the method. The following candidates for membership were unanimously elected: Thomas Leo Walsh, Edward Jordan Dimock, Sidney S. Bobbe, and James McVickar Breed.

WATCH WOMAN SPY SUSPECT

Although Not Under Arrest She Is Deprived of Her Freedom.

Agents of the Department of Justice refused yesterday to discuss their investigation of a woman of American birth who has been under close observation for some time because of indications that she is a spy in the employ of the German Government and that she used a number of other women in this city to aid her in gathering information.

Officials of the Bureau of Investigation of the Department of Justice asserted that it was doubtful whether any action would be taken in the case in the immediate future. It was learned that the woman suspect, who is said to have prominent connections among Americans of German descent in Chicago, was closely watched in a New York hotel and that, while she had not actually been arrested, she had been deprived of her freedom of action.

One of the associates of the woman spy suspect is a Turkish woman, who is reported to have been questioned closely by agents of the Department of Justice with regard to the activities of the alleged group of spies to which several women are said to belong.

DILLON HEADS NATIONALISTS

Unanimously Chosen to Succeed Redmond as Chairman.

LONDON, March 12.—John Dillon, member of Parliament for East Mayo, was today unanimously elected Chairman of the Nationalist Party, succeeding the late John Redmond. The motion to elect Mr. Dillon was made by Joseph Devlin.

Since John Dillon entered Parliament from Tipperary, in 1880, at the age of 29, he has been considered the understudy of John Redmond. Indeed, before the war his friends said that he actually dictated most of Redmond's policies.

The war, however, brought about differences between the two men, but no rupture. Dillon was opposed, in 1915, to England's raising an additional 1,000,000 troops; he opposed the Military Service Bill; denounced the Government's method in dealing with the Dublin Easter Monday revolt; and finally demanded that the Government disclose its plans for the administration of Ireland, declaring that Ireland was ready for a plebiscitum on the Home Rule question.

On all these ideas, vehemently, sometimes vociferously expressed, Redmond acted as a force of sober second-day reflection and an inspiration in new directions, until last December Dillon actually condemned the Sinn Feiners, saying, in a speech at Dublin, that their actions had alienated the sympathy of the United States from the Irish cause.

WOMEN FOR ARMY WORK.

N. Y. U. to Train Twenty as Assistants to Bacteriologists.

A three months' course to train technical assistants for bacteriologists in army medical corps laboratories will begin in the bacteriological department of New York University, First Avenue and Twenty-sixth Street, on Monday, April 1. The class will be limited to twenty women, and instruction will be given by Dr. William H. Park and Dr. Anna W. Williams of the Bureau of Laboratories of the Health Department, and Dr. Elise S. L'Esperance of Cornell University. Applications may be sent to Dr. Williams in the Research Laboratory at the foot of East Sixteenth Street.

In announcing the course Mrs. Alfred F. Hess gave out a letter written to Dr. Park by Richard M. Pearce, Chairman of the Division of Medicine and Related Sciences in the Council of National Defense, who said there was a great need for trained technicians to assist bacteriologists and added that nurses should not be encouraged to take the course because there was a greater need for them in their own work.

Benefit for Russian Orphanage.

A performance of "Her Country" at the Punch and Judy Theatre, for the benefit of the Russian Orphanage at Springfield, Vt., will be given on Thursday evening, March 14, instead of on March 28, as had been published. The performance will be under the auspices of Bishop Alexander of the Russian Cathedral and the Russian Charity Society.

LOST AND FOUND.

Fifty cents an agate line.

LOST—BLACK POINTED FOX NECKPIECE, on Monday evening, March 11, about 11 P. M., either taken by mistake from ladies' room at Beaux Arts or left in Red Mason-Seaman taxi, between Beaux Arts and 621 West 112th St. Liberal reward and no questions asked, if returned to Apartment G-1, at 400 Riverside Drive.

LOST—Traveling from Park Av. and 86th St. to 5th Av.; then on 5th Av. bus to 34th St.; thence walking to Hotel McAlpin, Monday night, at 7 o'clock, a pear-shaped pearl pendant, three small diamonds in clasp at top; suitable reward. Mrs. E. J. Moon, 103 East 86th St.

LOST—Gold meshbag, rubies and diamonds, containing about $7 cash, Long Island mileage, and gold cigarette case with diamond clasp, inscribed inside "M. D. from D. P. W., 1909"; $100 reward; no questions asked. Room 1133, 116 West 39th St.

LOST—Saturday evening, on 42d St., between 4th and 5th Aves., a diamond bracelet, set in platinum; $50 reward, no questions asked. Return to Mrs. T. N. Holden, Jr., 1,219 Avenue G, Brooklyn. Kenmore 3615.

LOST—March 6, Penn. train arriving from Washington 8:07, knitting bag containing blue fox scarf, black and white knitting on red, white and blue needles; liberal reward. Payne, 145 East 35th St.

LOST—Gold mesh bag containing keys and money in taxicab between 67 East 53d St. and 30 E. 60th St., New York City, evening of March 8. Reward if returned to Miss Wild, 67 East 53d St.

LOST—Bankbook No. 761409, with Liberty Bond No. 1529692, between 40th and 34th Sts., Monday. Finder will be rewarded. Arthur H. Parker, 370 West 58th St.

LOST—Carved ivory watch charm, emblem, Order of Owl; between Centre and Franklin and 135 Broadway. Reward. W. J. Cowley, 197 William St.

LOST—Saturday evening, two rings, large diamond with small sapphire and diamonds, pearl with diamonds, in taxicab, between 203 West 57th St. and 1,000 Park Av.; reward. Telephone Lenox 9487.

LOST—Diamond platinum bar pin, at Churchill's or between Belleclaire Hotel and Churchill's, Sunday evening, March 10; liberal reward. Mrs. Frank W. Baker, Belleclaire Hotel, Broadway and 77th St.

LOST—Bank book No. 761,409, with Liberty Bond No. 13-29692, between 40th and 34th Sts., Monday. Finder will be rewarded. Arthur H. Parker, 370 West 58th St.

LOST.—Fur coat left in taxicab, corner Broadway and 87th St., noon Saturday; have license number. Liberal reward if returned to Mrs. A. T. Chace, Hotel Touraine, 39th St.

LOST—Monday, March 11, at Hippodrome, gold seal ring engraved with coat of arms and motto. $10 reward for return to Theo. B. Starr, Inc., 47th St. and 5th Av.

LOST—On Sunday night, between Lafayette Hotel and 74th and Park Av., or in taxi, diamond lavalliere on platinum chain; $50 reward. Mrs. Rush, 799 Park Av.

LOST—Gold wrist watch, octagon radium dial, in subway from Dyckman to 157th St., Sunday evening; reward. M. H. G., 657 West 161st, Apartment 5A.

LOST—Friday afternoon, gold Belgian watch and bracelet, in Wanamaker's or subway; reward. Box 73, Furnald Hall, Columbia University.

LOST—In Flushing, L. I., on Wednesday, a black enamel bar pin with whole pearl in centre. Return to Miss Proudfoot, 319 West 57th St. Reward.

LOST—Gold Hamilton open-face watch and chain; picture on dial; monogram, "H. S. L.," in back. 401 4th Av., eighth floor.

LOST—Valuable sapphire and diamond bar-pin in Shubert Theatre or vicinity, Feb. 20; liberal reward. Telephone Plaza 2468.

LOST—88th and Broadway, one bar-pin, 3 diamonds, set in platinum; $25 reward return to Apt. 2C, 156 East 79th St.

LOST—Purple silk umbrella, either between Roosevelt Hospital, Waldorf, or 5th Av. bus. Pyler, 650 West End Av.

LOST—Saturday, at 34th St. and Broadway, lady's gold case; diamond initial; liberal reward. Kennedy, 31 West 71st St.

LOST—Saturday, Amsterdam car, gray bag containing wages. Bornstein, 776 Melrose Av.

LOST—Sunday, a pearl and sapphire bar pin; reward. Moorman, 435 West 119th St.

LOST—Sapphire cuff button; finder suitably rewarded. Louis Gans, 204 West 110th.

$100 REWARD

for bracelet, 5 diamonds on platinum chain, sapphire clasp, lost Sunday, 61st St. and Park Av. to St. Thomas's Church, thence to Buckingham Hotel and Hotel Plaza. Return to BLACK, STARR & FROST, 48th St. and 5th Av.

$300 REWARD for scarfpin, lost yesterday afternoon; pear-shaped pearl with diamond set in platinum. Return J. G. W., Broadway Central Hotel. No questions asked.

Lost and Found—Cats and Dogs.

REWARD $150.

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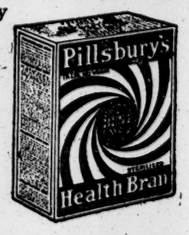

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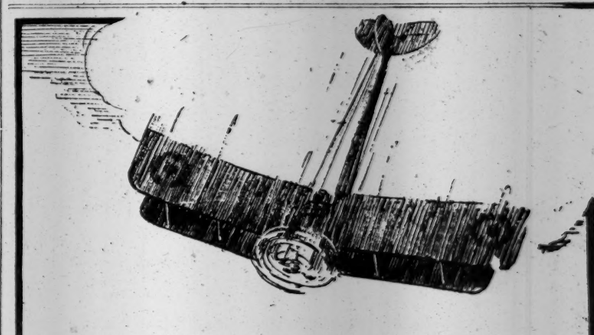

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